ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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THE TIMES, Monday, October 13, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS in BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for Axe and ten years' automatic insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of modern verse the Editor's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau de Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Classified Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

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BIRTHS

CHALMER.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at Inverness, to RINA, wife of COMMANDER A. R. CHALMER, R.N. (Retd.), Little Flushington, Inverness-shire—a son.

CRIPPS.—On Oct. 7, 1930, at a nursing home, Horley, Surrey, to VERA, wife of W. LAWRENCE CRIPPS, F.R.C.S. —a daughter.

CUNNINGHAM.—On Oct. 8, 1930, at Lynwood, Malone Park, Belfast, to Mr. and Mrs. DUNLOP CUNNINGHAM—a daughter.

JEFFORD.—On Oct. 6, 1930, at the Military Station Hospital, Wellington, South India, to DOROTHY (*née* Cowell), the wife of LIEUTENANT J. W. JEFFORD, R.I.M.—a daughter. (By cable.)

LISTER.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at San Remo, to MOLLY, wife of CHARLES LISTER—a boy.

MATHEWSON.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at Vernonholme, Dundee, to Mr. and Mrs. A. MATHEWSON—a daughter.

NOBLE.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at 2, Beverley-road, Colchester, to NELLY, wife of CAPTAIN N. NOBLE, Black Watch—a daughter.

OWEN.—On Oct. 8, 1930, at Karachi, to NORAH (*née* Young), wife of JAMES R. L. OWEN, Royal Engineers—a son.

PRICHARD.—On Sept. 27, 1930, at Nairobi, to IDA MAY CAMPBELL, wife of A. C. PRICHARD—a daughter.

SANDERSON.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at "Summerhayes," Ferriby, York, to EVA, wife of GEOFFREY SANDERSON—a son.

SLESINGER.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at 14, Devonshire-place, W.1, to GLADYS ELEANOR (*née* Trench), wife of F. G. SLESINGER, O.B.E., M.S.—a son.

TUCKER.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at Sussex House, Sutherland-avenue, W.9, to MARGUERITE, wife of WILLIAM ARGENTON TUCKER, of 164, Lauderdale-mansions, W.9—a daughter (Margaret Anne).

WILSON.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at 40A, Frognal-lane, Hampstead, to DORIS, wife of DR. R. MCNAIR WILSON —a son.

MARRIAGES

ANSON : MOORE.—On Oct. 6, 1930, quietly, in London, MAJOR T. G. ANSON, son of the late Hon. Francis Anson, and of Mrs. Anson, to ENID MARY MOORE, daughter of the Rev. Arthur Durrant.

ASHWORTH : GARNETT.—On Oct. 8, 1930, at Christchurch, New Zealand, GERALD PERCIVAL ASHWORTH, of Te Awaite, Martinborough, N.Z., youngest son of the late Henry A. Ashworth and Mrs. Ashworth, to PATRICIA, daughter of the late G. GARNETT and Mrs. Garnett, of Reigate.

BARTLETT : JONES-WILLIAMS.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at Llansaintffraed Church, Breconshire, DOUGLAS BARTLETT, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bartlett, of Weymouth, to NELL, younger daughter of the late COLONEL H. R. JONES-WILLIAMS and Mrs. Jones-Williams, of Cwy Parc, Brecon shire.

BODEN : COPLAND.—On Oct. 9, 1930, in Sydney, N.S.W., TIMOTHY WALTER BODEN, only son of Reginald S. Boden, of Aston Lodge, Derby, and Mrs. Reginald Boden, 28, Pelham-street, S.W.7, to PAULINE ALISON, elder daughter of FRANK COPLAND, of Wagga Wagga and Queanbeyan, Sydney, N.S.W., and Mrs. Frank Copland.

BRUCE : MARTIN-ROW.—On Oct. 8, 1930, at Odiham, FLIGHT-LIEUTENANT TALBOT BAINES BRUCE, M.C., R.A.F., youngest son of the late Hon. Theodore Bruce, M.L.C., of Adelaide, South Australia, and Mrs. Bruce, of Adelaide, to DOROTHY, youngest daughter of CAPTAIN CHARLES MARTIN-ROW, R.N.M.C., and Mrs. Row, of Fleet, Hants. (Australian papers, please copy.)

CLIFFORD : ZINO.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at Westminster Cathedral, LT.-COMDR. W. T. CLIFFORD, R.N.R. (retired), to CECILIA ROSA ZINO, of Madeira.

DENNIS : REDMAN.—On Oct. 4, 1930, at St. Paul's Church, Paul's Cray, by the Rev. E. Gillman, RALPH VINCENT, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. T. DENNIS, late of The Grange, Lydd, to DAPHNE, daughter of PAYN. CAPTAIN E. A. REDMAN, Royal Navy, and Mrs. Redman, of Dymchurch, Kent.

FISHER : BAIRD.—On Oct. 11, 1930, EDWARD RANDENT FISHER, son of Dr. and Mrs. F. H. Fisher, Wembley Park, London, to BARBARA, daughter of JOHN BAIRD, Upper Norwood.

GOODWIN : MOULSDALE.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at All Souls, Langham-place, by Rev A. Buxton, GEOFFREY, son of the late Mr. P. A. GOODWIN, and Mrs. Goodwin, to PHYLLIS, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. W. H. MOULSDALE, of Hoylake.

HAMILL-STEWART : FRANCIS.—On Oct. 8, 1930, at St. Peter's Church, Ardingly, by the Rev. J. L. Buck, assisted by the Rev. Julian Stewart, CHARLES EDWARD HAMILL-STEWART, Royal Artillery, youngest son of the late Mr. R. E. Hamill-Stewart, to JOAN, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. ARTHUR S. D. FRANCIS, of Keymer, Ardingly.

HORNBY : WOODROW.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at the Parish Church, Arundel, by the Rev. Bruce Cornford, JOHN REGINALD HORNBY, son of the late Mr. Stephen Langton Hornby and Mrs. Hornby, of Kokstad, S. Africa, to MURIEL STEVENSON WOODROW, only child of Mrs. Allan and of the late Stevenson Woodrow, of Crosshill, Yorkshire.

KELLY : OAKES.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at Holy Trinity Church, Brompton, ARTHUR HAMILTON KELLY, 3rd Essex Regt., son of the late Colonel Kelly and Mrs. Kelly, of Bedford, to GEORGINA APPHIA MABEL OAKES, only child of Mrs. Sourin, The Abbey, Penally, Pembrokeshire.

KNELL : HARTLEY-SMITH.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at Christ Church, Wanstead, by the Rev. Godwin Birchenough, M.A., REGINALD STEWART, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. KNELL, 12, Methuen-park, N.10, to MARTHA, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. HARTLEY-SMITH, Rycroft, Wanstead.

SENNITT : KEYELL.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at Sarratt Parish Church, by the Rev. F. B. Clarton, M.C., Vicar of All Hallows, Barking-by-the-Tower, assisted by the Rev. G. N. Ryley, Rector of Sarratt, STANLEY E. SENNITT, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Sennitt, of Norwich, to MARY ELSMERE, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. HOWORTH KEYELL, of Sarratt, Herts.

SHARPE : COATES.—On Saturday, Oct. 11, 1930, at St. Andrew's, Drumsheugh-gardens, Edinburgh, by the Rev. J. R. Coates, M.A., Birmingham (uncle of the bride), assisted by the Rev. R. H. Strachan, D.D., ERIC GEORGE SHARPE, M.C., of Rio Tinto, Spain, to MARIE, elder daughter of the late W. A. MACKAY, M.D., F.R.C.S.Ed., of Huelva, Spain, and of Mrs. Mackay, Bentheuse, Tain, Rossshire.

GOLDEN WEDDING

BOSKROW : NICHOLLS.—On Oct. 12, 1880, at the Parish Church, Redruth, Cornwall, by the Rev. J. W. Lace, Rector, THOMAS, son of the late THOMAS BOSKROW, to MARY, daughter of the late ANDREW NICHOLLS, of Redruth. Present address: "Osaka," 39, Ellesmere-road, Chiswick, London, W.4.

DEATHS

ADAMSON.—On Oct. 11, 1930, following an operation, DANIEL ADAMSON, D.Sc., the dearly loved husband of Ailsa Mand Adamson, Lynedale, Hyde, Cheshire, Past President Institution of Mechanical Engineers, also Manchester Association of Engineers, M.Inst.C.E., M.I.E.E., M.A.S.M.E., aged 61 years. Interment Mottram Church to-morrow (Tuesday), 2 p.m.

ATTENBOROUGH.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at his home, Calcesby House, near Daventry, Northamptonshire, HENRY ARTHUR ATTENBOROUGH, J.P., in his 82nd year, last surviving son of the late George Attenborough, of 193, Fleet-street, E.C., and 71 and 72, Strand, W.C. Funeral at Highgate Cemetery to-morrow (Tuesday), at 11.30 a.m.

AYRTON.—On Oct. 8, 1930, at Paignton, HERBERT ALEXDER AYRTON, only surviving son of the late W. Scrope Ayrton, Barrister-at-Law, of Saltburn-by-the-Sea.

BALLARD.—On Oct. 12, 1930, suddenly, at 72, Marina, St. Leonards-on-Sea, FLORENCE, daughter of the late WILLIAM BALLARD, R.I.P. No flowers, by special request.

BARBER.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at Kelvedon, Amersham, BEATRICE ANNIE, wife of SIR FAIRLESS BARBER, third daughter of the late R. B. Hayward, of The Park, Harrow, aged 65.

BEARE.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at Windsor Hospital, CONSTANCE, wife of WALTER BARRINGTON BEARE, late of Surbiton. Cremation at Woking Crematorium to-day (Monday), at 12 o'clock.

BONUS.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at Dingwall Lodge, East Croydon, AGATHA FRANCES, third daughter of the late CHARLES WILLIAM and MARY HARRIOTT BONUS, of Croydon. Dearly loved. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday), 2.30, St. Michael's Church, West Croydon. R.I.P.

BRISCOE.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at Raschurch, ELIZA A. BRISCOE, widow of John Briscoe, of St. Asaph. Funeral at Cefn, St. Asaph, at 2.30 p.m., on Wednesday. No flowers, by request.

COLQUHOUN.—On Oct. 7, 1930, at Pitlochry, ALICE, widow of RODERICK WILLIAM COLQUHOUN (Laird and daughter of William Fuller-Maitland, of Stansted Hall, Essex), aged 82.

COOKSEY.—On Oct. 10, 1930, suddenly, at his residence, Cranford, Richmansworth, JOSEPH E. COOKSEY, formerly of West Bromwich, aged 80. Funeral at Richmansworth to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2.30.

CRAWSHAY.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at Paignton, EVELYNE MARIA, widow of MARTIN CRAWSHAY, aged 78.

CREF.—On Oct 11, 1930, at Brodsworth, Beckenham, Kent, ARTHUR WALKER CREF, of Brodsworth, Beckenham, and 13, Gray's Inn-square, W.C., in his 79th year. R.I.P.

CRITCHLEY.—On Saturday, Oct. 11, 1930, peacefully, after an illness borne with fortitude, HARRY GEORGE CRITCHLEY, M.A., M.D., D.P.H., of 85, Parkhaise, Croydon, and 145, Harley-street, London, dearly loved husband of Martha Stuart Critchley. Funeral at St. Peter's Church, South Croydon, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 12 noon.

DOUGLAS.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at 10, Penywernroad, S.W.5, MALCOLM JAMES ARCHIBALD DOUGLAS, M.A., late R.A.S.C., second son of the late Robert Douglas, M.A., aged 64. Funeral, Brockwood, 2 p.m., Wednesday, Oct. 15. A memorial service will be held at St. Matthew's Church, Great Peter-street, Westminster, on same day. Flowers may be sent to St. Matthew's.

DEATHS (continued)

DRUCE.—On Thursday, Oct. 9, 1930, suddenly, at Bognor, MARY ELLEN, dearly loved wife of CHARLES CAREY DRUCE, of Rokefield, near Dorking, and daughter of the late Rev. Newenham Travers. Funeral service at Westcott Church, 11.45 to-morrow (Tuesday), and afterwards at Woking Crematorium.

FREEMAN.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at Fuidge Manor, Spreyton, Devon, the REV. EDWARD VERE FREEMAN, younger son of the late Archdeacon Freeman, in his 78th year. Funeral at Spreyton Church, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 3 o'clock.

GANDER.—On Oct. 9, 1930, JOHN ALFRED WILLIAM GANDER, of Tring, Hertfordshire, aged 61. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday). Service Tring Parish Church, at 2.30 p.m. Interment in Wiggington Churchyard.

GREIG.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at Cedros Lodge, Tivoli-road, Cheltenham, LYNDA MARSDEN GREIG, the beloved wife of the late Alexander Greig, of Trinidad, B.W.I., and youngest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William B. Bayley, of Bolton-le-Moors.

HALKETT.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at a nursing home in Worthing, from acute appendicitis, JEAN CATHARINE HAYES, the beloved youngest daughter of J. G. and MARY HAYES HALKETT, aged 11 years. Flowers to 110, Regent's Park-road, N.W. Funeral Wednesday at Ruhiven Churchyard, Angus, N.B.

HEADLAM.—On Sunday, Oct. 12, 1930, passed peacefully away at Stakesby-road, Whitby, Yorks, WILLIAM AARON, dearly loved husband of AGNES SHIELD HEADLAM, aged 60 years. Funeral at Lythe, on Wednesday, Oct. 15, following service at St. Hilda's Church, Westcliff, Whitby, at 2 o'clock.

HENDERSON.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at a nursing home in London, JANE ELIZABETH OTTLEY, widow of COLONEL JAMES HONYMAN HENDERSON, of Bilbster, aged 66 years. Funeral from Bilbster House at 2 p.m. to-morrow (Tuesday) to Wick Cemetery.

HODGES.—On Oct. 11, 1930, KATHLEEN, wife of REV. W. G. HODGES, Haverhill, Suffolk. Interment Thursday, 4 o'clock, Holkon St. Mary, near Colchester. Service, Haverhill, 2 o'clock.

HORNIMAN.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at 17, Stanley-crescent, W.11, ROBERT (ROY) HORNIMAN, Author, eldest surviving son of the late Paymaster-in-Chief William Horniman, R.N., aged 62. Funeral at Golders Green Crematorium to-morrow (Tuesday) at 11.30.

HUNTINGTON.—On Saturday, Oct. 11, 1930, at his daughter's residence, 116, Hanover-street, Edinburgh, WILLIAM HUNTINGTON, M.R.C.S.Eng., L.R.C.P. Lond., late of St. Andrews, Fife. Funeral at 2.30 p.m. to-morrow (Tuesday), from the Episcopal Church, St. Andrews, Fife.

JOBERNS.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at Bromley, Parkstone, Dorset, MARY SUSAN, widow of the REV. HENRY JOBERNS, in her 81st year.

JONES.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at 7, Cavendish-place, Bournemouth, MARGARET, widow of the REV. CANON WILLIAM JONES, sometime Vicar of Burnsedde, West-moreland, in her 95th year. Funeral at Bournemouth.

KELSON.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at Hove, EMMA, widow of GEO. M. KELSON, in her 84th year. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday) at Surbiton Cemetery, Marshlane, 2.30.

LAWRENCE.—On Oct. 8, 1930, at the Royal Northern Hospital, WILLIAM FREDERICK LAWRENCE, formerly of 14, St. Faith's-road, Dulwich, aged 67.

MASON.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at Longcross Vicarage, EMILY MARY MASON, last surviving daughter of the late Captain George Mason, aged 92. Funeral at Yateley at 3 o'clock to-morrow (Tuesday).

MILLS.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at No. 1, Combernere-road, St. Leonards-on-Sea, GEORGE KAYE MILLS, former secretary of Great Western Railway, and son of the late Rev. John Mills, Rector of Orton Waterville, Hunts, aged 83.

MOORE.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at Abbotswood, Stanmore, AMY DORA, the beloved wife of THOMAS A. MOORE, aged 64. Funeral, Harrow Weald Church, Wednesday, Oct. 15, at 2.30.

MOULE.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at Worthing ARTHUR JOHN HENRY MOULE, eldest son of the late Archdeacon A. E. Moule and son-in-law of the late Dean Riddall, Belfast. Funeral at Abbotsbury to-morrow (Tuesday). No mourning. (Irish and China papers, please copy.)

PATTERSON PARKER.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at 32, Chepstow-place, W.2, following acute pneumonia, BERTIE PATTERSON PARKER. Funeral at Golders Green Crematorium on Wednesday, Oct. 15, at 3 p.m.

RUDD.—On Oct. 7, 1930, at a nursing home in London, HENRY P. RUDD, 11, Chepstow-villas, London, late of Ceylon.

SCOTT.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at Sutton, Hull, THOMAS ERRINGTON SCOTT, Hon. Canon of Durham, for 34 years Vicar of Norton, Stockton-on-Tees, in his 88th year. Interment at Norton to-day (Monday), at 3 p.m. No flowers.

SPENCE.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at 96, Portland-place, W.1, GIULIA ALICE SPENCE (Cousin JULIET), daughter of the late Dr. Patrick Spence, of Jamaica, and step-daughter of the late Alexander Graham Dunlop, of Gairbraid, N.B., aged 86. Funeral service at Holy Trinity, Sloane-street, Marylebone, on Wednesday, Oct. 15, at 11.30 a.m. No flowers, by request.

STEWART.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at Jessop House, Tewkesbury, MARGARET KATHARINE, widow of the REV. CHARLES EDWARD STEWART, late Rector of St. James's, Higher Broughton, Manchester, and eldest daughter of the late Andrew Davies Bird, Solicitor, of London, in her 80th year.

SWIFT.—On Oct. 11, 1930, suddenly, at his residence, Sunnybank, Clifton, York, HERBERT LEEDS SWIFT, born at Woodhouse, near Ely, Cambridgeshire, on Nov. 5, 1854. Funeral Wednesday. Arrangements later.

TAIT.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at Limpsfield, Woking, ELLEN CATHERINE, widow of DAVID J. TAIT, and eldest daughter of the late General Sir R. B. Kelly, K.C.B., aged 81. No flowers, by request. Funeral arrangements later.

THRESH.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at Speranza, Chelmsford, MARIA, wife of DR. J. C. THRESH, in her 81st year.

TOMSON.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at Court Stairs, Ramsgate, LOUISA ANNE, widow of MARTIN J. B. TOMSON, aged 73. Funeral at St. Lawrence's Church, Thanet, 2.30 p.m., Wednesday, Oct. 15.

TURNER.—On Oct. 10, 1930, suddenly, at 21, Norham-road, Oxford, CUTHBERT HAMILTON TURNER, Dean Ireland's Professor of Exegesis, and Senior Fellow of Magdalen College, Oxford. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday). Requiem at 8.0, Philip and James Church, Woodstock-road, at 11 a.m. First part of the burial service in the Chapel of Magdalen College, at 2.30 p.m. Interment at Abingdon Cemetery about 3.30 p.m.

VINCE.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at 138, Earl's Court-road, ARTHUR, the beloved husband of ETHEL NORTH VINCE, and only son of the late Henry Steele Vince, aged 48. Funeral at Ockhyngs, Eastbourne, Oct. 15.

WEST.—On Oct. 11, 1930, in London, EVELINE AUGUSTA, widow of COLONEL M. R. WEST, R.H.A.

WHITEHEAD.—On Oct. 5, 1930, suddenly in Uganda, E. Africa, OSCAR ERNEST, son of the late ERNEST WHITEHEAD, of Surbiton, and dearly loved husband of Doreen Whitehead, aged 37 years.

WILLIAMS.—On Oct. 10, 1930, EVELYN, wife of T. W. WILLIAMS, of St. Mary's, Uplyme, Devon. Funeral at Uplyme to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2.30 p.m.

WITHERS.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at 15, Lyndhurst-road, Hampstead, LETITIA TENNENT WITHERS, widow of Henry Hartshon, D.L., J.P., of Hollywood House and Ardkeen, Co. Down, aged 90. Funeral, private, at Golders Green, at 12 noon to-morrow (Tuesday), and subsequently at Holywood.

WOLFF.—On Oct. 10, 1930, very suddenly, at 17, Greencroft-gardens, N.W.6, JOSEPH J. WOLFF, aged 50. Funeral leaves above address at 12.30 to-day (Monday) for Golders Green Cemetery. Prayers on Wednesday at 17, Greencroft-gardens, and on Thursday at 140, Sutherland-avenue, W.9, at 9 p.m. No flowers.

IN MEMORIAM
ON ACTIVE SERVICE

BIBBY.—In loving memory of JOHN P. BIBBY, Lieut., 1st Batt. Grenadier Guards, who fell in action Oct. 12, 1917, near Ypres.

BODDINGTON.—In ever-loving memory of OSWALD WILLIAM BODDINGTON, Lieutenant, 15th Battalion North Staffordshire Regiment, killed in the attack upon the Hohenzollern Redoubt, Oct. 13, 1915.

BRASNETT.—To the dear memory of THOMAS JOHN GROSE ("JACK") BRASNETT, B.A. (Christ's College, Cambridge), 2nd Lieut., East Surrey Regiment, officially presumed killed at the Battle of Loos, Oct. 13, 1915, in his 22nd year, elder and greatly loved son of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. C. Brasnett, "Crowlingham," Epsom.

"O true, brave heart, God bless thee, wheresoe'er in His great Universe thou art to-day."

BRUNWIN-HALES.—In loving memory of HENRY TOOKE BRUNWIN-HALES, Lincolnshire Regt., who fell in the attack on Hohenzollern Redoubt, Oct. 13, 1915.

BURNSIDE.—In ever-loving memory of our only son, CAPT. G. B. C. BURNSIDE, killed in action Oct. 13, 1917.

CLIXBY.—In proud and loving memory of EDWARD DENIS CLIXBY, 2nd Lieut., Lincs Regt., killed at the attack on the Hohenzollern Redoubt, Oct. 13, 1915.

DAVIDSON.—In proud and loving memory of my dear son, CHRISTOPHER EDMUND GRANT DAVIDSON, Captain, The Buffs, killed in action at Loos, Oct. 13, 1915.—14, Victoria Park, Dover.

DRUITT.—In ever-loving memory of CHARLES LAMBERT DRUITT, Lieutenant, Seaforth Highlanders, youngest son of the late Robert Druitt, and Alice his wife, of Christchurch, Hants, killed in action on the Somme on Oct. 13, 1916.

Requiescat in Pace.

FAIRE.—To the beloved and honoured memory of REGINALD ALFRED FAIRE, Captain, 4th Battalion (T.F.) Leicestershire Regiment, fell at the Hohenzollern Redoubt, Oct. 13, 1915.

GREENWOOD.—In proud and loving memory of our dear son ERIC, Sergeant, 7th Norfolks, who was killed at Hulluch, Oct. 13, 1915.

GUNNIS.—In most beloved memory of GEOFFERY GEORGE GUNNIS, M.C., Capt. of the 1st or Grenadier Guards, wounded in the Battle of the Somme on Sept. 15, 1916, and died at Rouen, Friday afternoon, Oct. 13, aged 20.

LANGDALE.—In undying memory of my beloved only child, CAPTAIN EDWARD GEORGE LANGDALE, 5th Leicestershire Regt., who fell at the Hohenzollern Redoubt, Oct. 13, 1915. Mentioned in dispatches. Post tenebras lux.

MELLERS.—In ever-living memory of CAPTAIN G. H. R. (REX) MELLERS, 7th Sherwood Foresters, killed in action at the Hohenzollern Redoubt, Oct. 13, 1915.

MORGAN.—In ever-living memory of our most dearly loved only brother, ARTHUR CONWAY OSBORNE MORGAN, Lieutenant, 11th North Midland Brigade, R.F.A., Barrister-at-Law, Lincoln's Inn, who fell leading his men in the attack upon the Hohenzollern Redoubt, Oct. 13, 1915, and lies in an unknown grave upon the Field of Honour.

MORSE.—In proud and ever loving memory of GORDON THOMAS HARCOURT MORSE, Lieut., Middlesex Regiment, killed in action near La Bassée whilst leading his platoon, Oct. 13, 1914.

NICHOLSON.—154th Lincolnshire Regt.—In ever-loving memory of CAPTAIN HAROLD NICHOLSON, killed Oct. 13, 1915, Hohenzollern Redoubt.

NORTHEY.—To the ever-present memory of ALFRED (BOB), Lieut., Worcestershire Regt., dearly loved younger son of the late Rev. A. E. Northey and of Mrs. Northey, of Limeway, Tunbridge Wells, killed in action on Monday morning, Oct. 12, 1914, at Richebourg St. Vaast, aged 28.

"White roses were given unto every one of them."

PARKINSON.—In ever-loving memory of J. A. F. PARKINSON, Lieutenant, 1st Battalion, The Dorsetshire Regiment, fell near Béthune, France, Oct. 13, 1914. "Thou must be true to live."

IN MEMORIAM (continued)

PURSLOW.—In proud and loving memory of GEORGE PURSLOW, 2nd Lieut., 7th East Yorkshire Regiment, killed near the River Selle in the early morning of Oct. 12, 1918.

ROBINSON.—In devoted memory of my darling husband, HARRY INGRAM ROBINSON, Major, 5th Lincolnshire Regt., who gave his life at the Hohenzollern Redoubt, Oct. 13, 1915.

RUSSELL.—In ever-loving memory of GUY EDWARD FRANK RUSSELL, Second Lieut., 1/4th Battn. Leicestershire Regt., killed in action at the Hohenzollern Redoubt, Oct. 13, 1915, aged 22.

SCOTT.—In loving memory of LESLIE SCOTT, Lieut., Household Battalion, killed in action at Poelcappelle on Oct. 12, 1917.

SORLEY.—To the dear memory of CHARLES HAMILTON SORLEY, 7th Battalion Suffolk Regiment, the elder twin son of Professor and Mrs. Sorley, of Cambridge, who was killed in action near Hulluch, in France, on Oct. 13, 1915, aged 20.

SPENCER.—In proud, ever-loving, and glorious memory of CAPTAIN SYDNEY CURTON SPENCER, B.Sc. (Lond.), 4th Royal Berks Regt., killed in action at Hulluch, Oct. 13, 1915, aged 23.

TREWARTHA-JAMES.—In beloved memory of LIEUT. DERRIC TREWARTHA-JAMES, 5th Royal Berks, France, Oct. 13, 1915.

WALTERS.—In ever-loving memory of LIEUT. F. W. WALTERS, 4th Batt. Leicestershire Regt., who fell in the attack on the Hohenzollern Redoubt on Oct. 13, 1915.

COLLINGS.—In lifelong memory of my husband, BRIGADIER-GENERAL WILLIAM AUGUSTUS COLLINGS, late Royal Berkshire Regiment, who died at his home in Reading, Oct. 12, 1929.

"Spes." —ELÉNE.

COLLINGS.—To the faithful memory of BRIGADIER-GENERAL W. A. COLLINGS, a true and loyal Wykehamist, Oct. 12, 1929. "Domum."

COLLINGS.—In memory of my old friend, BRIGADIER-GENERAL COLLINGS, late Royal Berkshire Regiment.—S. S-C.

COLLINGS.—BRIGADIER-GENERAL W. A. COLLINGS. To the memory of an "Old Wykehamist" and "Old Elizabethan," Guernsey.

DENISON.—In loving memory of JOHN DENISON, who died Oct. 12, 1925.—A. M. D. and L. M. D.

FORTESCUE.—In loving memory of my husband, REGINALD NORMAN FORTESCUE, who died Oct. 13, 1929, at Bury St. Edmunds.

HAWKINS.—In ever-loving memory of my darling Wife, who passed away Oct. 13, 1918.—FRED.

JERVOISE.—In proud and ever-loving memory of COLONEL J. F. E. JERVOISE, who passed to the Higher Life Oct. 13, 1923.—MOLLIE PEARSON.

JOSEPH.—In loving and affectionate memory of my beloved son, CYRIL JOHN GEDALIE JOSEPH, who passed away Oct. 13, 1914.

KING.—In ever-living memory of my loving wife, DAME JULIA MARY KING, who was taken from me very suddenly on Oct. 12, 1918, after 43 years of wedded happiness.

Think of me as withdrawn into the dimness,
Yours still, you mine. Remember all the best
Of our past moments and forget the rest.
And so to where I wait come gently on.

KINNELLA.—In ever-loving memory of my dear sister, LOUISE KINNELLA, Oct. 13, 1928.

LE QUEUX.—In ever-loving memory of COMMENDATORE WILLIAM LE QUEUX, who passed away at Knocke, Belgium, Oct. 13, 1927. Never forgotten.

"Until the day break."

SKINNER.—In ever-loving memory of our only son, GUY THORNTON SKINNER, who was killed in a flying accident at Lympne, Oct. 13, 1928.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

MACKINNON.—A memorial to the late GENERAL SIR HENRY MACKINNON, Grenadier Guards, will be unveiled in the Royal Military Chapel, Wellington Barracks, S.W.1, by Field-Marshal the Lord Methuen, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., LL.D., on Sunday, Oct. 19, 1930, during the 11 a.m. Parade Service.

THE GARDEN OF REST, GOLDERS GREEN or WOKING.—Descriptive Booklet from Cremation Office, 23, Nottingham-place, W.1. Welbeck 4168.

LONDON NECROPOLIS Co. — FUNERALS, CREMATIONS, MONUMENTAL MASONRY. 129, Westminster Bridge-road, S.E.1. Hop. 1276. Tels.: Necropolis, London. (Est. 1851.)

J. H. KENYON Ltd., FUNERAL FURNISHERS, CREMATORS, EMBALMERS. 45, 47, Edgware-road, W.2. Padd. 2945. Chapels-of-rest, Kensington. Western 0775. Est. 1830. Telegrams: "Undertaker, London."

FUNERALS and CREMATIONS efficiently carried out in London or any part of the country. Monumental work of every kind arranged for. Telephone: Kensington 5432. Barker & Kensington, W.8. The Firm of John Barker and Company, Limited.

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BOOKS, PRINTS, and AUTOGRAPH LETTERS BOUGHT or SOLD by HENRY SOTHERAN, Ltd. Correspondence invited. 13, Piccadilly, W.1. Tele., Gerr. 7741, T.A.; Bookmen, London. Est. 1816.

LEGAL NOTICES
4 lines 8s. (minimum)

GEORGE JAMES BECKETT deceased. Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 27 (1) of the Trustee Act 1925, that all persons having any CLAIMS or DEMANDS upon or against the ESTATE of GEORGE JAMES BECKETT late of 42 Brookdale Road Walthamstow in the County of Essex who died on the 23rd day of February 1930 and Letters of Administration (with Will annexed) were granted by the Principal Probate Registry to Ellen Jane Beckett the widow and sole Administratrix of his Estate on the 4th day of September 1930 are hereby required to send in particulars in writing thereof to the undersigned Solicitors to the Executors on or before the 31st day of December 1930 and notice is hereby also given that after that date the said Administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have had notice and that she will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debts or claims she shall not then have had notice.

Dated 10th day of October 1930.

STANLEY FRANCIS & Co., 20 & 22, Theobalds Road, Bedford Row, W.C.1. Solicitors for the said Administratrix.

IN the Estate of EDMUND TAYLOR deceased. Notice is hereby given that after the expiration of Eight Days after publication hereof, APPLICATION will be made to the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice, for the SEALING of the PROBATE of the WILL of EDMUND TAYLOR late of the City of Calgary in the Province of Alberta, Canada, which was granted by the District Court at Calgary on the thirtieth day of October 1929.

MOON, GILES & MOON, 24, Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C.1. Solicitors for William Robert Moon the lawful Attorney of Edna Florence Taylor and Edmund Bruce Taylor.

PAUL WILLIAM TURQUAND Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925, Section 27 (as amended) Notice is hereby given:—

1. That all CREDITORS and persons having any claims upon or against the Estate of PAUL WILLIAM TURQUAND late of 79, Woodland Gardens, Muswell Hill Road, London, N.10, Incorporated Accountant (who died on the 10th day of July 1930 and whose Will was proved by Herbert James Turquand of 53, Lyndhurst Road, Hove, Sussex, Secretary and Manager and Frank William Miles of 91 Tyrone Road Thorpe Bay East Bank Cork the Executors therein named, on the 11th day of September 1930, to the Principal Probate Registry) are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims to the undersigned, the Solicitors of the said Executors, on or before the 1st day of January 1931.

2. That after that day the said Executors will proceed to convey and distribute the assets of the Deceased to or among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said Executors shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof, so conveyed or distributed, to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.

Dated this 10th day of October 1930.

STOW PRESTON & LYTTELTON, 12, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C.2. Solicitors for the Executors.

ROAD TRANSPORT
3 lines 9s. (minimum)

PASSENGER SERVICE

THE FINEST CAR HIRE SERVICE IN THE WORLD. Reduced Winter Rates.—Daimler Hire, Ltd., 243, Knightsbridge, London. Sloane 3456.

THE RELIABLE CAR HIRE SERVICE of LONDON. Rolls-Royce and Daimlers. Cheap rates hourly or yearly.—W. J. Smith, Ltd., Pioneers of Car Hiring. Little Cadogan-place, S.W.1. Sloane 4727.

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JOS. MAY'S RETURN LOADS SAVE POUNDS. The only firm with their own large motor pantechnicons and packers arranging removals in both directions to customers' advantage. Write your requirements, giving approximate date, for estimate and testimonials, post free, to include packing, fixing, and insurance. 1 empty from Bognor to London, Oct. 20 and Nov. 7.
6 empty from 8

SHIPPING

P. & O.
BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.
MAIL, PASSENGER, AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.

P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies.

All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

P. & O.
Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	Marseilles.
†Ranpura	17,000	Furlong	—	Oct. 17
†Nevasa	11,000	Morton	Oct. 17	Oct. 24
†Mantua	11,000	Hissett	Oct. 24	Oct. 31
†Rancli	17,000	Brooks	Oct. 31	Nov. 7
†Viceroy of India	20,000	Townshend	Nov. 7	Nov. 14
Maloja	21,000	Browning	Nov. 14	Nov. 21
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Hendlam	Nov. 21	Nov. 28
†Vasuna	15,000	Cartwright	Nov. 28	Dec. 5
†Rajputana	17,000	Ellis	Dec. 5	Dec. 12
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Dec. 12	Dec. 19
†Ranpura	17,000	Furlong	Dec. 19	Dec. 26
†Malwa	11,000	Bithiles	Dec. 26	Jan. 2
†Mantua	11,000	Hissett	Jan. 2	Jan. 9

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.
From London and Marseilles.

Mooltan	21,000	Morton	Oct. 17	Oct. 24	
Shiltral	15,000	Sizzers	Oct. 31	Nov. 6	
Maloja	21,000	Browning	Nov. 14	Nov. 21	
Mantua	17,000	Ellis	Nov. 28	Dec. 4	
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Dec. 12	Dec. 19	
†Mongolia	17,000	Rhodes	Dec. 26	Jan. 2	
Narkunda	17,000	Parker	Jan. 9	Jan. 16	

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.
"One Class" Service at Special Fares. Calling Southampton.

Padua (cargo)	6,000	—	Oct. 24	—
Burdwan (cargo)	6,000	—	Nov. 7	—
Behar (cargo)	6,000	—	Nov. 21	—
†Novara	7,000	Pigot	Dec. 5	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Kalyan	9,000	Cooper	Oct. 16	—
Ranchi	17,000	Brooks	Oct. 30	Nov. 7
†Perim (cargo)	7,648	—	Nov. 1	—
Kashmir	9,000	Mallahue	Nov. 13	—
†Dwarka	17,000	Cartwright	Nov. 28	Dec. 5
Kashgar	9,000	Sudell	Dec. 11	—

Taking Passengers † for Malta. ‡ for Port Sudan.
§ Taking also 3rd Cabin Passengers. ¶ Not Calling Southampton.

BRITISH INDIA.
(Under Contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	LONDON	Antwerp.
*DOMALA	8,441	Harris	Oct. 24	Oct. 26
*HATIMURA	5,666	Nov. 8	Nov. 14	Nov. 16
**MUNDRA	7,275	Nov. 29	Dec. 5	Dec. 7
†WARWICK	11,000	Nov. 29	Dec. 5	Dec. 7

* Cargo steamer. † Calls Southampton.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON
MANTOLA	9,000	—	Oct. 16	—
MASHOBRA	8,324	Oct. 15	Oct. 25	Nov. 1
MANDALA	8,216	Oct. 29	Nov. 8	Nov. 15
MANTOLA	8,383	Nov. 12	Nov. 22	Nov. 29

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON	Marseilles
MAIDA	8,000	Oct. 1	Oct. 11	Oct. 14	Nov. 1
MODASA	9,070	Nov. 1	Nov. 12	Nov. 21	Nov. 29
MADURA	9,077	Nov. 29	Dec. 10	Dec. 19	Dec. 28
MATIANA	9,067	Dec. 27	Jan. 10	Jan. 19	Jan. 24

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Immingham.	LONDON
A STRIMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE,
Manager, F. H. GROSVENOR.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.
City Passenger Office, 122, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3
Strand Office (Passports and Freights), P. E. Cass, Manager)
Australia House, W.C.2; Paris, Société Française P. & O., 41, Bld. des Capucines; Monte Carlo (Col. C. Fane, P. & O. Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.

FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS —
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.

GRAY, DAWES & Co., 2, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
Freight Brokers :—
P. & O., Escombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; R. Cory, Gellatly, Stanley and Co., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; (Middlesbro' to Bombay and Karachi) Gosman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line) Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.
Regular Four-Weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.
Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
*ROTORUA	12,500	Oct. 29
REMUERA	11,500	Oct. 24
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	Nov. 20
RUAHINE	11,000	Dec. 19
TEKAPEHU	9,000	Dec. 19

* Via Suva. † 1st and 2nd Class passengers.
‡ Cabin and 3rd Class passengers only.
Apply the N.Z.S.S. Co., Ltd. (J. Bevan Swaine and Co., Ltd., Agents), 138, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele. Avenue 3220), or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd., W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele. Regent 6724).

UNION S.S. CO. of NEW ZEALAND
LTD., TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA, By any Atlantic Line to Canada or U.S.A., thence via VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

	From ‡ Vancouver.	From † San Francisco.
MAUNGANUI	—	Oct. 29
AORANGI	Nov. 13	—
MAKURA	—	Nov. 26
NIAGARA	Dec. 10	—

‡ Canadian-Australasian Line, via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. † Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington to Sydney.
Apply the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver service any office of the Canadian Railways.

P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE.
FAST STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

Ship.	Tons.	London.	Plymouth
BALLARAT	13,000	Oct. 24	Oct. 25
BENDIGO	13,000	Nov. 7	Nov. 8
*BARADINE	15,000	Nov. 21	Nov. 22
BARRABOOL	13,000	Jan. 16	Jan. 17

*Carrying HIS MAJESTY'S MAILS and calling at Aden.
Also 2nd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	17,000	Nov. 25	Dec. 1
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	17,000	Dec. 26	Jan. 1

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; or Australia House, Strand, London, W.C.2.

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Through Tickets to TASMANIA and NEW ZEALAND.
Tickets Interchangeable with other Lines.

HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON. CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Tonlon.	Naples.
ORAMA	20,000	—	Oct. 17	Oct. 19
ORFORD	20,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 31	Nov. 2
OTRANTO	20,000	Nov. 8	Nov. 14	Nov. 16
ORMONDE	15,000	Nov. 12	Nov. 18	Nov. 20
ORSOVA	12,000	Dec. 20	Dec. 26	Dec. 28
ORONTES	20,000	Jan. 3	Jan. 9	Jan. 11
ORAMA	20,000	Jan. 17	Jan. 23	Jan. 25

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ELLERMAN LINES
CITY HALL

BUCKNALL
FAST AUTUMN PASSENGER SERVICE.
LIVERPOOL, EGYPT, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date.	Destination.
†City of Canterbury	8,421	Oct. 14	Madras and Calcutta
a†City of Portland	10,902	Oct. 14	Bombay and Karachi
b†City of Venice	8,386	Oct. 21	Bombay and Karachi
b†City of Baroda	7,159	Oct. 23	Colombo and Calcutta
a†City of York	7,844	Oct. 29	Bombay and Karachi
b†City of Marseilles	8,386	Nov. 11	Bombay and Karachi
c†City of Lahore	6,988	Nov. 14	Colombo and Calcutta

Calls (a) Marseilles. (b) Port Sudan. (c) Madras. (d) Direct from Marseilles.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

City of Karachi	5,373	Nov. 8	C. Town, Algoa B.
Trafford Hall	5,321	Dec. 6	E. London, Natal.

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application. Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
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LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. " Cent. 9340
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street. " Cent. 9222

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(JAPAN MAIL.)
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
KAMO MARU	10,000	Nov. 7	Nov. 13	Nov. 14
KATORI MARU	10,000	Nov. 21	Nov. 27	Nov. 28
KASHIMA MARU	10,000	Dec. 5	Dec. 11	Dec. 12

Also calling at Gibraltar.

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Through Bookings from Europe.

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THE FIRST CLASS ONLY FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF TWIN-SCREW OIL-DRIVEN MAIL VESSELS TO MARSEILLES, EGYPT, PALESTINE, PORT SUDAN, CEYLON, BURMA, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, and SOUTHERN INDIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing Liverpool.	Sailing Marseilles.
Oxfordshire	14,500	Oct. 11	Oct. 17
Staffordshire	13,000	Oct. 25	Nov. 1
Gloucestershire	12,000	Nov. 14	Nov. 22
Cheshire	13,000	Nov. 28	Dec. 6

BIBBY BROS. and Co., Chapel-street, Liverpool; 22, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 8080, 8081.

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GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL
TO PORT SAID, PALESTINE, SUEZ, PORT SUDAN, and MASSAWA via MARSEILLES.
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES.

	Sails Liverpool.	Sails Marseilles.
"KEMMENDINE"	24th Oct.	1st Nov.
"BEAMISH"	1st Nov.	8th Nov.

Oakhill, Frederick and Co., Ltd., 7, Billiter-square, London, E.C.3; Lamport and Holt, Ltd., 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; P. Henderson and Co., 135 St. Vincent-street, Glasgow, C.2.

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Programme of all Special Cruises or Independent Travel at cheapest rates.
BICKLE, BOHMAN, GRANT and Co., Ltd., 25, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

SHIPPING (continued)

NORTH ATLANTIC SAILINGS
UNITED STATES
TO NEW YORK.

Oct.	Steamer	From	Line
16	OLYMPIC	Southampton	White Star
17	CAMERONIA	Glasgow	Anchor
18	BERENGARIA	Southampton	Cunard
18	ADRIATIC	Liverpool	White Star
18	SCYTHIA	Liverpool	Cunard
18	ALAUNIA	Southampton	Cunard
22	MAJESTIC	Southampton	White Star
24	CALEDONIA	Glasgow	Anchor
25	MAURETANIA	Southampton	Cunard
25	BRITANNIC	Liverpool	White Star
25	MINNETONKA	London	A.T.L.
25	CARMANIA	Southampton	Cunard
29	WESTERNLAND	Southampton	Red Star
29	HOMERIC	Southampton	White Star
31	TRANSYLVANIA	Glasgow	Anchor
Nov. 1	AQUITANIA	Southampton	Cunard
1	SAMARIA	Liverpool	Cunard
1	AURANIA	Southampton	Cunard
1	OLYMPIC	Southampton	White Star
8	BALTIC	Liverpool	White Star
8	MINNEWASKA	London	A.T.L.
8	FRANCONIA	Southampton	Cunard
8	PENNLAND	Southampton	Red Star

a Also calls Boston. b Via Cherbourg. c Via Belfast.
d Via Belfast and Glasgow. e Via Queenstown.
f Via Moville. g Via Havre. h Via Boulogne.

CANADA
TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL.

Oct.	Steamer	From	Line
16	MONTCALM	Southampton	Can. Pac.
17	DUCHESS OF BEDFORD	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
17	MANCHESTER	Liverpool	White Star
17	LETITIA	Glasgow	Anch. Don.
18	AUSONIA	Southampton	Cunard
24	DUCHESS OF YORK	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
25	WESTERNLAND	Southampton	Red Star
25	ANDANIA	Liverpool	Cunard
31	DUCHESS OF RICHMOND	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
31	LURENTIC	Liverpool	White Star
31	ATHENIA	Glasgow	Anch. Don.
Nov. 1	MONTCLARE	Southampton	Can. Pac.
1	ASCANIA	Southampton	Cunard
7	DUCHESS OF ATHOLL	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
8	WESTERNLAND	Southampton	Red Star
8	ANTONIA	Liverpool	Cunard

m Via Belfast and Glasgow. n Via Cherbourg. o Via Belfast. p To Halifax, N.S.

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PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO
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LAND AT PLYMOUTH AND SAVE ANYTHING FROM TWELVE TO SIXTEEN HOURS. (THE MAILS TAKE THIS ROUTE.) EMBARK ALSO AT PLYMOUTH. THE ADVANTAGE IS PRECISELY THE SAME.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
" ILE DE FRANCE " (c)	Oct. 16	Oct. 22
" DE GRASSE " (c)	Oct. 22	Oct. 31
" LAFAYETTE " (c)	Oct. 29	Nov. 6
" ILE DE FRANCE " (c)	Nov. 12	Nov. 18
" DE GRASSE " (c)	Nov. 19	Nov. 28

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HAVRE TO HOUSTON Texas (Cabin Class) MONTHLY.
HAVRE TO
NORTH PACIFIC COAST PORTS.
LOS ANGELES, SAN FRANCISCO, SEATTLE, VANCOUVER. (First Class only.)

PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD, VENEZUELA, COLOMBIA, PANAMA, S.S. PARIA ..... Nov. 5
S.S. "FLANDRE" ..... Dec. 1
Also SERVICES to
CUBA, MEXICO, HAITI, &c.
(Ie, Gie, Transatlantique, Ltd., 20, Cockspur-street, S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
SOUTHAMPTON—NEW YORK.

†NIEUW AMSTERDAM (First Class fare from £35) Oct. 18
ROTTERDAM (First Class fare from £42 10 0) Nov. 1
S.S. STATENDAM (First Class fare from £51 10 0) Oct. 25

CUBA AND MEXICO.
*LEERDAM .. Nov. 1 VOLENDAM .. Nov. 11
* From Boulogne. † Calling at Halifax.
Apply 19, PALL MALL, S.W.1 (Tele. No., Ger. 3440).

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Barbados, Grenada, Trinidad, Demerara.
Six weeks' Round Voyage, £67.

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CUBA MEXICO TEXAS.
OZEAN LINE.

	From Southampton.
HAVANA VERA CRUZ TAMPICO	RIO BRAVO ..... Oct. 14th
GALVESTON	RIO PANUCO ..... Nov. 27th
HOUSTON	Wainwright Bros. and Co., Ltd., 21, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.

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The land of glorious sunshine. Return fare from £50. Regular fortnightly service from London by Steamers of JAMAICA DIRECT PREFERENTIAL LINE.
First-class accommodation and cuisine. Private Bath Rooms, Swimming Pool, Surgeon, Stewardess.
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ANCHOR LINE. LIVERPOOL to BOMBAY & KARACHI.
CALLING AT GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.

*CASTALIA	Oct. 14	*CIRCASSIA	Nov. 28
†CALIFORNIA	Oct. 21	*ELYSIA	Dec. 12

* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† First Class and Third Cabin Passengers.
Vessels recognized by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
New T.S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS.
Carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 23. Managers: ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd. All First Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and with fans. This vessel has exceptionally fine Third Cabin accommodation.

GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.

CAMERONIA	Oct. 17	TRANSYLVANIA	Oct. 31
CALEDONIA	Oct. 24	CAMERONIA	Nov. 14

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CLAN LINE.

CAPE TOWN, MOSSEL BAY, ALGOA BAY, AND EAST LONDON.			
	Newport, Glasgow.		Birkenh'd.
HARMODIUS	—	Oct. 16	Oct. 22
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES AND BEIRA.			
	Newport, Glasgow.		Birkenh'd.
CLAN MACALISTER	Oct. 16	Oct. 23	Oct. 29
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES AND MAURITIUS.			
	Newport, Glasgow.		Birkenh'd.
CLAN MACPHEE	Nov. 6	Nov. 12	Nov. 18
BOMBAY AND PERSIAN GULF.			
	Glasgow.	M'chester.	Birkenh'd.
CLAN MACBRIDE	Oct. 17	—	Oct. 27
Bhavnagar, Porbunder, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, and Tuticorin direct.			
COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND CHITTAGONG.			
	Glasgow.	M'chester.	Birkenh'd.
CLAN ROSS	Oct. 10	—	Oct. 22
CLAN MAHON, MANGALORE, TELLICHERY, CALICUT, COCHIN, ALLEPPEY, TRIVANDRUM, TUTICORIN, AND CHITTAGONG.			
	Glasgow.	Birkenh'd.	London.
HESPERIDES	Oct. 17	Oct. 21	Oct. 29

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Next Sailings from Dover :—

S.S. "COSTA RICA"	Oct. 18
S.S. "SIMON BOLIVAR"	Nov. 1
S.S. "CRYNSSEN"	Nov. 15

DOVER TO DEMERARA SERVICE VIA MADEIRA.

S.S. "ORANJE NASSAU"	Oct. 22
S.S. "STUYVESANT"	Nov. 12
S.S. "COTTICA"	Nov. 26

For passage rates and full particulars apply to :—
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FROM SOUTHAMPTON FORTNIGHTLY
TO ALGIERS AND GENOA
By the luxurious Dutch East Indian Mail Ships of the
NEDERLAND Royal Mail LINE
S.S. JAN PIETERSZOON COEN .. 22nd Oct.
M.S. CHRISTIAAN HUYGENS .. 6th Nov.
D. H. DRAKEFORD, General Passenger Agent for Great Britain, 60, Haymarket, S.W.1. Gerr. 5633-4-5 or Local Travel Agencies.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
FROM MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).

ANGERS	Oct. 25 and Nov. 6	SPHINX
	MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.	
B. DE LA RÉUNION	Oct. 31 and Nov. 12	OPTA, VOLTAIRE
	PIRÉE, ISTANBUL, IZMIR, & BEYROUT.	
PRESSE LOTTI	Oct. 21 and Nov. 4	THÉOPHILE GAUTIER
	EGYPT, PALESTINE, BEYROUT.	
MARSEILLE FACES	Oct. 21 and Oct. 28	ANGKOR

For passages and all particulars apply :—
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SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

†DURHAM CASTLE	Oct. 16	Oct. 17
†EDINBURGH CASTLE	—	Oct. 24
†WINCHESTER CASTLE	—	Oct. 24
†GLOUCESTER CASTLE	Oct. 30	—

‡Via Madeira. † Via Tenerife, Ascension, and St. Helena.
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Special Christmas and New Year TOURS TO SOUTH AFRICA.
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to
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Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hamptn.	From Liverpool.
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	Oct. 24	—
DEMERARA	21,484	—	Oct. 25
*ARLANZA	14,622	Nov. 6	—
*ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Nov. 20	—
DARRO	11,484	—	Nov. 22
*ALMANZORA	15,551	Dec. 4	—
*DESEADO	11,477	—	Dec. 6
*ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	Dec. 18	—

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE
TO
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
CHILE Via PERU
BERMUDA France, Spain. PANAMA CANAL
HAVANA

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
OROPESA (calls Jamaica)	14,075	Oct. 18
ORBITA	15,495	Oct. 30
OROYA (omits Bermuda)	12,257	Nov. 13
OROCOMA	11,580	Nov. 27

TOUR ROUND SOUTH AMERICA.
ORDUNA, January 6, 1931.

CHRISTMAS CRUISE TO MEDITERRANEAN, &c.
BY R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS,"
From SOUTHAMPTON, DECEMBER 19, 19 Days. Fares 38 Guineas and upward.

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From SOUTHAMPTON, JANUARY 22, 45 Days. Fares 97 Guineas and upward.

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PARIS.—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

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BLUE STAR LINE
BRITAIN'S LATEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS
to
LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.

" ANDALUCIA STAR "	From	17	OCT.
" AVELLONA STAR "	London	31	OCT.
" AVILA STAR "	and	14	NOV.
" ALMEDA STAR "	Boulogne	28	NOV.

NO EMIGRANTS—FIRST CLASS ONLY.
ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY.
Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fare from £50.
STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN. Monthly from £60.

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"ARANDORA STAR,"
With Perfect Cuisine and Service.

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FOR 24 DAYS TO
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CHRISTMAS SUNSHINE CRUISE TO MEDITERRANEAN
DEC. 19TH for 19 DAYS to
CHUTA (for TETUAN), PALERMO, NAPLES, VILLEFRANCHE (for MONTE CARLO), MALAGA, LISBON.
38 Gns. and Upwards.

SPECIAL 46 DAYS'
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ONE CLASS ONLY.
Calling at Port Said and Colombo.

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Jervis Bay	14,184 tons	from Southampton	Nov. 26
Jervis Bay	14,184 tons	from Southampton	Dec. 30

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IN
32 DAYS
BY
"MATAROA" AND "TAMAROA,"
(oil burners)
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FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, THE STRAITS AND CHINA.

SARPEDON	8 Nov.	HECTOR	21 Jan.
PATROCLUS	6 Dec.	ANCHISES	14 Feb.
ANTENOR	3 Jan.	AENEAS	28 Feb.

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TO
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A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

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(2) S.S. EURIPIDES	" Liverpool	6th DEC.
(1) S.S. NESTOR	" Liverpool	3rd JAN.

(1) First Class only.
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HAMBURG	..	..	Nov. 1
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1931		Tons.	Days	From
January 20	" Laconia "	20,000	43	92 guineas
January 21	" Duchess of Richmond "	20,000	45	95 guineas
January 23	" Atlantis "	15,000	45	97 guineas
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London, E.C.3, 9th October, 1930.

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Sporting News

RACING NOTES

THE DUKE OF YORK HANDICAP

HOT BUN'S VICTORY

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

The first of the important autumn handicaps, the Duke of York Handicap, was decided at Kempton Park on Saturday afternoon. The weather was fine and the going apparently very good. There was, however, not a very large attendance of visitors.

The race was won by a four-year-old filly named Hot Bun, owned by M. Wittouck, trained by Braime, and ridden by Stephenson, who beat Racedale by a short head. Argonaute II. was third, a length behind Racedale, and the pronounced favourite, Artist's Proof, fourth. After the race the Stewards ordered that a specimen should be taken of Hot Bun's saliva for examination. On this season's form Hot Bun did not appear to hold a winning chance, but on her best form of a year ago she was certainly very well handicapped. Quite early in the Straight she slipped through her field and very quickly deprived Tullycross of the lead, which he had had since making the turn for home. A furlong from the finish it seemed that Hot Bun would win easily, but she was being caught very rapidly in the last hundred yards and in the end only just won. Artist's Proof was running on at the finish, and as this was his first race since the spring it should have done him much good. Lucky Tor was always badly placed behind a group of horses in the Straight and could never get clear to make an effective run.

A year ago Double Life won this race and then went on to win the Cambridgeshire, carrying a 10lb. penalty for that success. Hot Bun's weight for the Cambridgeshire is now 8st. 2lb., and at that weight she should not beat Racedale, who can meet her on 9lb. better terms. Argonaute II. and Racedale can meet at Newmarket on the same terms as they did on Saturday afternoon. If I had to make a selection from the horses that ran in this race for the Cambridgeshire I should, at the weights, take Artist's Proof, who should have gained more benefit from the race than any of the others. He is trained by F. Darling, who also trains the favourite for the race, The Recorder. The two horses are, however, in different ownership. Even if Artist's Proof is not started for the race at Newmarket he will be a very valuable trial horse for the others entered from the stable, and the chosen one is certain to be very difficult to beat. Racedale and The Recorder met at Goodwood, where The Recorder, receiving 3lb., beat the other with great ease by two lengths. Since then The Recorder, being a three-year-old, should have improved by a few pounds, but in the Cambridgeshire The Recorder is set to give Racedale a stone, and a stone for a two lengths' beating seems at first glance a very generous allowance. Still, it was difficult to estimate how much in hand The Recorder had on that occasion. I still consider that The Recorder will win the Cambridgeshire unless F. Darling can produce a better one at the weights from his other entries.

The remainder of Saturday's racing at Kempton Park was very enjoyable. Happy Note, in Mrs. Cocke's colours, was a very easy winner of the opening race, the October Selling Plate, after which she was bought in very cheaply for 210 guineas. She is nicely bred, being by Happy Man out of Document, a Spearmint mare. She might well develop into a stayer, and in due course should be of value to the stud. Sprint ran indifferently, as did Abelard, who had appeared rather kindly handicapped. The Roslina filly almost ran away with the Waterloo Selling Plate for two-year-olds, so easily did she win from Swiss Navy and Haggle. Roslina filly, who is by Winalot, was bought in after the race for 460 guineas. W. Nightingall saddled both Quadrel and Majority Calling for the Kempton Park Plate, a nursery run over five furlongs. The betting on the race suggested that both were expected to run well, with Quadrel, according to the market, holding the better chance. Neither, however, was so good a favourite as Sarragossa, a filly by Vencedor belonging to the Aga Khan. This was the third race in succession for which Sarragossa had started a good favourite, and it was the third time in succession that she failed to run as well as was expected. The best that she could do on Saturday was to finish third, beaten all the way by Majority Calling and Quadrel, the former of whom, after making all the running, won by a length and a half. Majority Calling is the best two-year-old yet got by the flying Diomedes.

There was a very exciting finish to the Rivermead Plate, which was won by Sea Monarch, who, beautifully ridden by H. Beasley, got up in almost the last stride and won by inches from Gay Light, with Land o' Burns, who was a short-priced favourite, close up third. It is to be feared that Land o' Burns is not so generous a fighter as he might be. Lacock, who seemed to be mildly fancied, began slowly and was never in the race with a chance. Mr. S. Tattersall's nicely bred filly Brantwood at last lost her maiden certificate when she was a comfortable winner of the Black Prince Plate, for which Coup de Grace, who was second, started at absurdly short odds.

The totalisator odds throughout the afternoon were generally considerably better than the starting prices as returned from the Ring. The double on the totalisator, which is rapidly growing in popularity, paid out £995 17s. There were two winning tickets, each of which cost 10s., so that the odds for the winning double were very nearly 1,991 to 1. It has apparently been decided that the daily double shall always be on the third and fifth races. I notice in this connexion that the Cesarewitch, which will be run at Newmarket on Wednesday of this week, is the fourth race on the programme. It seems to me a very great pity that such a race should not be part of so popular a thing as this daily double. I would suggest that for next Wednesday, if possible, the third and fourth races should be used.

THE CESAREWITCH

The race for the Cesarewitch should attract an enormous attendance of visitors to Newmarket on Wednesday afternoon. If the present weather holds good the going should be ideal and certainly not soft. In fact the going may be rather more firm than horses such as Brown Jack and Old Orkney, and, I suspect, Richborough, really like. Firm going will be all in favour of Friendship, who cannot go in the mud, and of Show Girl, who also likes the top of the ground to gallop on. Jugo is another who will like firm going.

Recent running suggests that Brown Jack has lost his form, and he has no chance of success on his last running at Nottingham. Further, now that he has a penalty he is not so well handicapped on their Goodwood running as Jugo, and surely he is not good enough now to win this race. Old Orkney's chance appeals to me considerably. On some form he is better in than Brown Jack and he was, in my opinion, a very unlucky horse this autumn in the Newbury Autumn Handicap. His win since tells us nothing more than that he is fit and well, and that being so he is one who must be considered to have a chance. For that reason I shall place him for the moment on one side as one from whom I shall make my final selection. Baytown had done well in a recent gallop, and as he will be ridden by Carslake may run well, but I do not think that, in spite of the fact that he is by Achtoi, he will stay the severe two-and-a-quarter miles over which this race is run. I do not give Arctic Star a chance on form, and, further, no horse has ever won this race twice. Bonny Boy II. is bred to stay the distance, but when he was very much expected to win this race two years ago he failed to stay. Still, that was two years ago, and his stamina may well have improved with age. He is well handicapped with Brown Jack on their York running, and on that form he is at least 7lb. better than Brumeux, who, in turn, is some 12lb. in front of Show Girl and a few pounds better than West Wicklow. So that Bonny Boy II. would appear, on fairly recent form, to be 19lb. in front of Show Girl and about 10lb. in front of West Wicklow, and he has to give them respectively a stone and 6lb. It seems to me, therefore, that Bonny Boy II. should beat Show Girl, and has the same chance as West Wicklow, who, I believe, is not considered to have as good a chance as Richborough.

Yet on their Ascot running Bonny Boy II. has a few pounds in hand of Richborough. In any case it seems that although Bonny Boy II. is nicely handicapped he is no better than that. In addition to that fact I doubt whether he will stay the distance, so I shall leave him out. Ut Majeur with 8st. 3lb. makes considerable appeal to me. I do not know in his case whether he will stay this two miles and a quarter, but I do not see any reason why he should not do so. He is bred to stay. A year ago Bosworth gave Friendship 2lb. and beat him. This year Ut Majeur has to give Friendship 8lb., so that if he is to beat Mr. Joel's horse Ut Majeur will have to be a better three-year-old than Bosworth was, and Bosworth finished second in last year's St. Leger, while the best that Ut Majeur could do was to finish fourth in that race this year. There is, however, this to be remembered, that Ut Majeur was then not long recovered from a cough and that he has since won a race at Newmarket in the style of a very good staying three-year-old. Further, in my opinion, moderate as they may be, this year's three-year-olds are better than last year's. Ut Majeur then has a chance, and if he is started he will be one of the few from whom my final selection will be made.

Coaster has a sort of a chance, but, through Brumeux, he has not so good a chance as Bonny Boy II., so he can go out with the ones that I do not want. Friendship has been a pronounced favourite for a long time. He is as well handicapped now as he was a year ago when he ran second to West Wicklow. Many people then thought that he ought to have won, but I could not see that he met with any misfortune in the race, while over this course Dines, who rode him, is a very strong rider and a good jockey. G. Richards will ride Friendship this week, but I have yet to see it demonstrated on this Newmarket course that Richards is any better a rider than Dines. Still, we know that Friendship can stay the distance of the race; we know that he is as well handicapped as he was a year ago, and we also know that he apparently is, through Bosworth, as well if not better handicapped than Ut Majeur, whom we have placed on one side for further consideration. Friendship must also go into that list. Richborough and Show Girl I have dealt with. Dark Hillock has no chance so far as I can see on this season's form, but Joyous Greeting has a chance because he is certain to stay the distance and will be ridden by C. Richards, an exceptionally good rider over this difficult Newmarket course. At the same time Joyous Greeting should not beat Bonny Boy II., through Brumeux and others who beat him at Newbury. Arctic Light has no chance on form, although I believe that his able trainer believes that he is certain to win.

I do not know where to place Story Teller, who has won her last three races and who, being by Golden Myth, should stay well. She has never been the distance of this race in public, but she is trained by one of the finest trainers of a stayer that there is. She is certainly very much fancied, and if she can stay has a fine chance. I am rather inclined to leave her in the final list. Madcap should not beat Richborough on their Nottingham form, but one of the best judges of racing that I know considers that she is the best outsider in the race. I leave her chance at that. Boldero has a fair chance if he can stay two miles and a quarter. I do not know that he can do so. I have had a tip for Pucka Rance, who won last time out over two miles and a half, so that she should have no difficulty in staying this two miles and a quarter. Both Galette and Auction Pool are nicely handicapped, but they have too little weight. I doubt whether any small rider doing their weight will himself stay the course, and a beaten jockey is worse than, or at any rate just as bad as, a beaten horse. Of the French-trained horses I know nothing, but a well-informed friend, who knows much more than I do about French form, informs me that the best of them in this race will probably be Delate, and that his chance of success is by no means a bad one.

I can deal with this race again on Wednesday morning, but whatever my final selection will be it will be made from Ut Majeur, Friendship, Old Orkney, and Story Teller.

THE SALES

Messrs. Tattersall will hold sales before racing at Newmarket this week, when a number of well-bred yearlings, horses in training, and brood mares will be offered for sale. Mrs. Chester Beatty's yearlings, which will be sold to-morrow morning, should fetch good prices. They are nearly all well bred. On the same day Mr. D. O'M. Leahy is sending up two foals, one by Highborn II., a sire of whom much is to be expected, and the other by Legatee out of Crystalline, who comes from the Lesterlin mare, who was the dam of, among other winners, Amethystine, who won the Kempton Park Jubilee. A recent winner in Pentilla comes up on Wednesday morning, as does Sarragossa. Knight of the Grail, a bay horse by Prince Galahad and a good winner, also comes up on Wednesday morning, as does the disappointing Porthole, three parts brother to Pondoland, who has begun his stud life successfully in France. Other horses to be sold during the week are Sunny Trace, who was backed to win a Derby; The MacNab, a good winner at Ascot and Goodwood this summer; Cacao, who won the Queen's Prize at Kempton Park this spring; and Eileandonan, who has won 10 races.

HAYDOCK PARK RESULTS

2.15 (2.16).—The LOWTON WELTER HANDICAP, a plate of 250 sovs. One mile.

ABBOTS PRIDE, b g, by Abbots Trace—Petite Marmite (Mrs. H. S. Martin), aged, 8st. 4lb. ..... L. Robertson 1
SAUCOR, ch g, by Count Ross—La Santeuse (Mr. B. Dennis), 5 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... G. Topping 2
MOUCHON, b g, by Herodote—Mouchette (Mr. S. W. Olorenshaw), 4 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... L. Tidey 3
Kudos (Mr. H. Arnold), 4 yrs, 8st. 9lb. ..... C. Richards 0
Top Dressing (Mrs. G. H. Peacock), 4 yrs, 8st. 4lb. ..... F. Lane 0
Four Up (Mr. C. Evans), 3 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ..... S. Wragg 0
The Wrecker (Mr. W. de Sellincourt), 4 yrs, 7st. 12lb. ..... T. Weston 0
Argos Lad (Sir R. Hanmer), 6 yrs, 7st. 9lb. ..... W. Nevett 0
Touching (Mr. W. J. Peck), 3 yrs, 7st. 5lb. ..... A. Richardson 0
Longford (Mr. A. R. Heath), 5 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... G. Baines 0

(Winner trained by Gilbert, at Ilsley)

STARTING PRICES.—2 to 1 agst Abbots Pride, 6 to 1 Kudos, 7 to 1 each Saucor and Mouchon, 8 to 1 each Top Dressing, The Wrecker, Argos Lad, and Longford, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 9s.; places, 7s. 6d., 2s. 3d. Total win pool, 7,956 units; total place pool, 8,630 units. Won by two lengths; a neck separated second and third. Four Up was fourth and Kudos last.

2.50 (2.53).—The SATURDAY SELLING HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. Six furlongs.

FILIBUSTER, ch g, by Irishman—Red Bud (Mr. W. Bullen), 4 yrs, 7st. 5lb. (car. 7st. 3lb.) ..... R. Fawdon 1
CRETAN LASSIE, b m, by Tantallon—Polycreta (Mrs. P. Ivall), 6 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... T. Barber 2
DOWNHOLME, b h, by Dunholm—Rawhide (Mr. F. Armstrong), aged, 6st. 5lb. (car. 6st. 6lb.) ..... I. Martin 3
Instalment (Mr. R. Renton), 5 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ..... J. Caldwell 0
Barnabas (Mrs. G. Smith), aged, 7st. 9lb. ..... R. Rook 0
Burgee (Lieutenant-Colonel H. F. Green), 5 yrs, 7st. 6lb. ..... C. Richards 0
Yukon (Mr. E. C. Nolan), aged, 7st. 12lb. ..... S. Wragg 0
Friar's Song (Mr. J. W. Sharples), 6 yrs, 7st. 12lb. ..... R. Colven 0
Twofold (Mr. A. Lowry), 5 yrs, 7st. 9lb. ..... W. Newell 0
Fulham Square (Mr. R. Renton), aged, 7st. 2lb. (car. 7st. 5lb.) ..... H. Gunn 0
Hails (Sir C. Hyde), 6 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ..... H. L. Jones 0
Good Story (Mr. J. E. Cottrell), 4 yrs, 7st. 1lb. ..... R. Robertson 0
Aspenleaf (Mr. T. Green), 3 yrs, 7st. 5lb. ..... G. Baines 0
Black Swan (Mr. W. Seward), 3 yrs, 7st. 5lb. ..... H. Beasley 0
Puccini (Mr. H. M. Martineau), 5 yrs, 7st. 3lb. (car. 7st. 6lb.) ..... T. Weston 0
Captain Desmond (Mrs. S. Hanley), 4 yrs, 6st. 11lb. ..... J. Collins 0
Caros (Mr. D. G. Dickson), 6 yrs, 6st. 10lb. (car. 6st. 12lb.) ..... H. Whitehouse 0
Rath Duth (Mr. B. Bullock), aged, 7st. 1lb. ..... A. Harris 0
Glass Lady (Mr. C. Barlow), 3 yrs, 6st. 7lb. ..... P. Evans 0
Kalepot (Mr. T. Davidson), 3 yrs, 6st. 10lb. (car. 6st. 12lb.) ..... A. Richardson 0

(Winner trained by W. Payne, at Epsom)

STARTING PRICES.—2 to 1 agst Barges, 7 to 1 each Barnabas and Greta Land, 8 to 1 Yukon, 10 to 1 each Good Story and Captain Desmond, 100 to 6 each Downholme, Instalment, and Twofold, 100 to 6 each Fillbuster and Barkham Square, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 201s.; places, 47s. 9d., 8s. 9d., 14s. 6d. Total win pool, 9,093 units; total place pool, 7,599 units.

Won by a neck; a length separated second and third. Barkham Square was fourth and Glass Lady last. There was no bid for the winner.

3.25 (3.26).—The HAYDOCK PARK AUTUMN HANDICAP, a plate of 500 sovs. One mile.

SIX WHEELER, br h, by Tetrameter—Valentia Bay (Mr. H. F. Clayton), 5 yrs, 8st. 5lb. ..... W. Nevett 1
THE PEN, br f, by Cyprus—Kilbrona (Mrs. Hartigan), 3 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..... C. Richards 2
SAINT BASILE, br g, by Sunstar—Virginie (Mr. S. R. Jaggard), 3 yrs, 6st. 12lb. ..... T. McCaffery 3
Elton (Mrs. R. W. Foster), 5 yrs, 8st. 13lb. ..... J. Leach 0
Pictoralus (Sir G. Noble), 5 yrs, 8st. 10lb. ..... C. Elliott 0

(Winner trained by Elsey, at Malton)

STARTING PRICES.—13 to 8 agst Six Wheeler, 2 to 1 The Pen, 4 to 1 Pictoralus, 7 to 1 Elton, 33 to 1 agst Saint Basile.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 4s. 9d.; places, 3s. 3s. 9d. Total win pool, 6,169 units; total place pool, 2,324 units.

Won by a short head; one length separated second and third. Pictoralus was last.

3.55 (3.56).—The CARRINGTON SELLING NURSERY HANDICAP, a plate of 200 sovs; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

MARAQUITA GELDING, by Eshnarch (Mr. L. Arden), 7st. 7lb. ..... G. Baines 1
FIRST VENTURE, br f, by Black Jester—Warspite (Mr. A. Boutall), 7st. 5lb. ..... H. Gunn 2
LISALLEN, b f, by Alfenby—Lisles (Mr. N. Cuddeford), 7st. 4lb. ..... G. Richards 3
Embrace (Mr. Walter Griggs), 8st. ..... G. Skelton 0
Princess Ena f, by Santorb (Captain E. F. Angier), 8st. 3lb. ..... A. Harris 0
Rivelin Valley (Mr. J. T. Downing), 1st. 2lb. ..... F. Braithwaite 0
Usta Flying (Mr. H. Lawson), 7st. 10lb. ..... H. Whitehouse 0
Belamour (Mr. Reid Walker), 8st. 1lb. ..... H. Stone 0
Former (Mr. F. L. C. Plummer), 8st. ..... T. Barber 0
Beggarman (Captain C. F. Elsey), 8st. ..... H. Stubbs 0
Villanova (Mr. J. Bradley), 7st. 8lb. ..... F. Maher 0
Archerol (Mr. G. Stovel), 7st. 13lb. ..... C. Topping 0
Achtemedia (Baron F. de Tuyll), 7st. 13lb. ..... C. Richards 0
Malvern (Mr. H. Sidebottom), 7st. 12lb. ..... W. Nevett 0
Phaeton (Mr. M. Albrecht), 7st. 10lb. ..... W. Nevett 0
Falla (Captain H. F. Thomas), 7st. 10lb. ..... S. Wragg 0

(Winner trained by Leach, jun., at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—2 to 1 agst Malvern, 3 to 1 Leaflet, 7 to 1 Marsquita, 8 to 1 each Usta Flying and Falla, 10 to 1 each Beggarman and Belamour, 100 to 8 each First Venture and Embrace, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 16s. 9d.; places, 5s. 9d., 3s. 9d. Total win pool, 9,670 units; total place pool, 8,076 units.

Won by a length; a length and a half separated second and third. Malvern was fourth and Rivelin Valley last. There was no bid for the winner.

4.25 (4.26).—The ALVASTON NURSERY HANDICAP, a plate of 300 sovs.; for two-year-olds only. Five furlongs.

VINCENT, ch c, by Vencedor—Lady Kitty (Mr. G. W. Hartigan), 8st. 3lb. ..... C. Richards 1
OTTOMODE, b c, by The Visier—Moor Maiden (Mr. H. Hamus), 8st. 3lb. ..... T. Barber 2
ROYAL SAILOR, b c, by Beresford—Royal Missie (Mr. T. Walls), 6st. 10lb. ..... P. Evans 3
Atherton (Sir T. Dixon), 8st. 11lb. ..... W. Nevett 0
Rol des Alpes (Mr. A. K. Macomber), 7st. 6lb. ..... G. Baines 0
Bedmaker f, by King Sol (Mr. W. Harris), 7st. 4lb. ..... R. Fawdon 0
Mascan (Lord Wavertree), 6st. 10lb. ..... A. Roberts 0

(Winner trained by M. Hartigan, at Upavon)

STARTING PRICES.—Evens Rol des Alpes, 13 to 2 agst Vincent, 7 to 1 each Ottomoor and Atherton, 8 to 1 each Bedmaker filly and Royal Sailor, 33 to 1 agst Mascan.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 12s. 6d.; places, 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d. Total win pool, 9,154 units; total place pool, 6,177 units.

Won by a length and a half; a length separated second and third. Atherton was fourth and Mascan last.

4.55 (4.55).—The PARK PLATE of 150 sovs.; for three-year-olds only. One mile and a half.

SANS ESPOIR, br g, by Sansovino—Double Quick (Sir A. Butt), 8st. 10lb. ..... F. Lane 1
KIPPIT LORE, br c, by Torelore—Her Ladyship (Mr. E. Lumsden), 8st. 12lb. ..... J. Caldwell 2
SPLENDIDE MENDAX, ch c, by Golden Myth—Menda (Duke of Portland), 8st. 12lb. ..... H. Stubbs 3

(Winner trained by Marsh, at Ilsley)

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 1 on Sans Espoir, 5 to 1 agst Kippit Lore, 20 to 1 agst Splendide Mendax.

TOTALISATOR PRICE.—Win dividend, 2s. 6d. Total win pool, 7,335 units.

Won by three lengths; six lengths separated second and third.

TOTALISATOR DAILY DOUBLE

SIX WHEELER AND VINCENT.—Dividend, £6 7s. 9d. Pool, £904 10s. 129 winning tickets.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS

DEWHURST STAKES (NEWMARKET HOUGHTON MEETING).—Buchellan, Gallivat.

FIFTY-THIRD GREAT FOAL STAKES (NEWMARKET, 1931).—Nosing.

KENTON SELLING HANDICAP (NEWCASTLE).—Fifty Maid.

READING NURSERY HANDICAP (NEWBURY).—Stephalie filly, Noble Artist.

FOLKESTONE SELLING HANDICAP HURDLE (WYE).—Night Guard.

DUDLEY STEEPLECHASE (WOLVERHAMPTON).—Go Easy.

BILTON HANDICAP HURDLE (UTTOXETER).—Michealmas Day.

HARVILLE HANDICAP HURDLE (WYE).—The Tyke.

MAIDEN OPTIONAL SELLING HURDLE (WYE).—Roscoila, Glenrossdell.

HALL ORCHARDS SELLING HANDICAP HURDLE (WHITSBURY).—Byron.

KEMPTON PARK RESULTS

2.0 (2.3).—The OCTOBER SELLING PLATE of 300 sovs. One mile, on the Jubilee Course.

HAPPY NOTE, b f, by Happy Man—Document (Mrs. E. J. Cocke), 3 yrs, 8st. 8lb. ..... A. Wragg 1
INDIAN FILE, br g, by Grand Parade—Indifferent (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen), 3 yrs, 8st. 8lb. ..... H. Wragg 2
GALA MORN, b f, by Prince Galahad—Karilla (Mr. A. P. Cunliffe), 4 yrs, 9st. 11lb. ..... G. Richards 3
Sprint (Major L. B. Holliday), 4 yrs, 9st. 4lb. ..... C. Ray 0
Lounge Lizard (Lord Lovat), 4 yrs, 9st. 4lb. ..... T. Carey 0
Nuxford (Sir A. Bailey), 4 yrs, 9st. 4lb. ..... R. Perryman 0
Monsieur Neuf (Mr. B. Davis), 4 yrs, 9st. 1lb. ..... J. Dobie 0
Bonanza (Mr. J. Hylton), 4 yrs, 9st. 1lb. ..... R. Jones 0
Freeholder (Mr. E. J. Marshall), 4 yrs, 9st. 1lb. ..... F. Herbert 0
Lambin (Mr. M. Stephens), 4 yrs, 8st. 10lb. ..... S. Magee 0
Contract (Mr. S. H. Darling), 4 yrs, 8st. 10lb. ..... P. Beasley 0
Puella (Major T. Bouch), 3 yrs, 8st. 8lb. ..... K. Dick 0
Abelard (Mr. A. B. Briscoe), 3 yrs, 8st. 8lb. ..... C. Adley 0
Lingerie (Mr. C. V. James), 3 yrs, 8st. 8lb. ..... F. Fox 0
Batt of Traf (Mr. T. Davidson), 3 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ..... J. Evans 0

(Winner trained by Douglas-Pennant, at Upavon)

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 1 agst Gala Morn, 11 to 2 Sprint, 6 to 1 Indian File, 7 to 1 Happy Note, 10 to 1 each Puella and Lingerie, 100 to 8 Nuxford, 100 to 7 Abelard, 100 to 6 Monsieur Neuf, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 43s. 6d.; places, 7s. 6d., 5s. 3d., 3s. 6d. Total win pool, 13,329 units; total place pool, 10,304 units.

Won by a length and a half; one length separated second and third. Lingerie was fourth and Batt of Traf last.

The winner was bought in for 210 guineas.

2.30 (2.35).—The WATERLOO SELLING PLATE of 300 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

ROSLINA FILLY, by Winalot (Mr. D. M. Gant), 8st. 11lb. ..... R. Jones 1
SWISS NAVY, b g, by Salvo—Davos (Lady Cheham), 8st. 6lb. ..... P. Beasley 2
HAGGLE, br f, by Vencedor—Bill's Girl (Mr. M. H. Benson), 8st. 11lb. ..... G. Richards 3
La Fontaine (Mrs. H. E. Beddington), 9st. ..... M. Wing 0
Silver Sound (Captain M. Weyland), 9st. ..... R. Perryman 0
Candover (Mr. M. D. Blair), 8st. 11lb. ..... A. Wragg 0
Tullymore g, by Ybro (Mr. S. Wootton), 8st. 6lb. ..... K. Gethin 0
Happy Climax c, by Gainsborough (Lord Rosebrook), 8st. 9lb. ..... C. Ray 0
Lone Craig (Mrs. P. W. Carr), 8st. 9lb. ..... M. Beary 0
Spearhead (Mr. S. B. Joel), 8st. 9lb. ..... F. Fox 0
Alexander the Great (Mr. Z. Michalinos), 8st. 9lb. ..... J. Sirett 0
Celtic II. (Mr. C. J. Ryan), 8st. 9lb. ..... H. Beasley 0
Desert Fox (Mr. M. O. Springfield), 8st. 9lb. ..... R. Ermer 0
Dark Blue f, by Sansovino (Sir W. Cooke), 8st. 6lb. ..... J. Collins 0
Nance O'Donnell (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen), 8st. 6lb. ..... H. Wragg 0
Dancing Mistress (Lord Penrhyn), 8st. 6lb. ..... C. Adley 0

(Winner trained by W. Lowe, at Ilsley)

STARTING PRICES.—2 to 1 agst Tullymore gelding, 9 to 2 Dark Blue filly, 8 to 1 each Haggle and Roslina filly, 10 to 1 each Cottic II., Spearhead, and Swiss Navy, 100 to 9 La Fontaine, 100 to 8 each Silver Sound, Alexander the Great, and Happy Climax colt, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 23s. 9d.; places, 7s. 3d., 3s. 3d. Total win pool, 16,083 units; total place pool, 11,885 units.

Won by two lengths; one length and a half separated second and third. Dark Blue filly was fourth and Nance O'Donnell last.

The winner was bought in for 460 guineas.

3.5 (3.13).—The DUKE OF YORK HANDICAP, a plate of 1,500 sovs.; second to receive 150 sovs. and third 75 sovs. One mile and a quarter.

HOT BUN, b f, by Magelina—Hard Bake (M. J. Wittouck), 4 yrs, 7st. 3lb. ..... W. Stephenson 1
RACEDALE, b g, by Buchan—Perfection (Dowager Lady Nunburnholme), 4 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... J. Dines 2
ARGONAUTE II., b c, by Helios—Aglavene (Mr. L. Schiff), 4 yrs, 7st. 10lb. ..... R. James 3
Ashford (Mr. W. Barnett), 5 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... M. Beary 0
Artist's Proof (Mr. H. E. Morriss), 4 yrs, 8st. 3lb. ..... F. Fox 0
Lucky Tor (Mr. W. M. G. Singer), 5 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ..... C. Ray 0
Tullycross (Major D. Dixon), 4 yrs, 7st. 8lb. ..... G. Richards 0
N. P. B. (Sir F. Eley), 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. (car. 7st. 3lb.) ..... J. Sirett 0
Horai (Sir A. Bailey), 3 yrs, 6st. 13lb. ..... J. Simpson 0
Gang Warily (Mrs. G. H. Drummond), 3 yrs, 6st. 11lb. (car. 7st.) ..... T. Lowrey 0
Annis (Lord Rosebery), 3 yrs, 6st. 11lb. ..... F. Sharpe 0
Lord Marcus (Sir A. Butt), 3 yrs, 6st. 10lb. (car. 6st. 13lb.) ..... C. Adley 0
Earn Hill (Major F. B. Sheppy), 3 yrs, 6st. 7lb. ..... E. Smith 0

(Winner trained by Braime, at Burbage)

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 2 agst Artist's Proof, 85 to 20 Tullycross, 9 to 2 Lucky Tor, 7 to 1 Ashford, 100 to 9 Racedale, Horai, 20 to 1 each Argonaute II. and Gang Warily, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 66s. 3d.; places, 15s. 6s. 3d., 5s. 3d. Total win pool, 28,377 units; total place pool, 20,455 units.

Won by a short head; a length separated second and third. Artist's Proof was fourth and N. P. B. last.

3.35 (3.41).—The KEMPTON PARK PLATE (nursery handicap) for two-year-olds; of 500 sovs.; second to receive 50 sovs. and third 25 sovs. Five furlongs.

MAJORITY CALLING, ch f, by Diomedes—Miss Majority (Sir P. Newson), 8st. 3lb. ..... R. Dick 1
QUADREL, gr c, by Tetratema—Argil (Lady Ludlow), 8st. 6lb. ..... H. Beasley 2
SARRAGOSSA, b f, by Vencedor—Spain (The Aga Khan), 7st. 7lb. ..... F. Fox 3
Clove Hitch (Mrs. S. Whitburn), 8st. 13lb. ..... M. Beary 0
Chartwood (Mr. A. E. Berry), 8st. 10lb. ..... G. Richards 0
Lucky Michel (Mr. J. Rosenthal), 8st. 2lb. ..... J. Sirett 0
Men Cara (Mr. P. Harmsworth), 7st. 13lb. (car. 8st.) ..... J. Field 0
Spinster (Duchess of Westminster), 7st. 10lb. ..... R. Rutile 0
Hematite (Lord Lonsdale), 7st. 5lb. ..... K. Gethin 0

(Winner trained by W. Nightingall, at Epsom)

STARTING PRICES.—2 to 1 agst Sarragossa, 100 to 30 Quadrel, 7 to 1 Majority Calling, 7 to 1 Clove Hitch, 10 to 1 each Chartwood and Lucky Michel, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 25s. 6d.; places, 5s. 9d., 3s. 3s. Total win pool, 17,458 units; total place pool, 11,672 units.

Won by a length and a half; the same distance separated second and third. Charlwood was fourth and Spinster last.

4.5 (4.7).—The RIVERMEAD PLATE (welter handicap) of 200 sovs. Six furlongs.

SEA MONARCH, gr g, by Grey Admiral—Freedom (Sir A. Bull), 4 yrs, 9st. 4lb. ..... H. Beasley 1
GAY LIGHT, b m, by Beaverbrook—Lone Star (Mrs. D. Crossman), 4 yrs, 9st. 1lb. ..... C. Jones 2
LAND O' BURNS, br c, by Buchan—Campbell Kid (Mrs. Bendir), 3 yrs, 8st. 4lb. ..... C. Richards 3
King Baldwin (Mrs. E. Wallace), 3 yrs, 9st. 3lb. ..... M. Beary 0
Fore-topsail (Colonel R. B. Charteris), 3 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Childs 0
Berlingots (Miss H. Cooper), 3 yrs, 8st. 5lb. C. Ray 0
Story of Eden (Sir M. McAlpine), 3 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ..... H. Wragg 0
Lacock (Mr. J. Baylis), aged, 7st. 12lb. ..... J. Sirett 0
Golden Combine (Major F. W. Duff), 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... A. Wragg 0

(Winner trained by Marsh, at Ilsley)

STARTING PRICES.—6 to 5 agst Land o' Burns, 7 to 2 Fore-topsail, 10 to 1 each Sea Monarch, Gay Light, Lacock, and Golden Combine, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 35s.; places, 6s. 9d., 5s. 6d., 3s. Total win pool, 18,810 units; total place pool, 12,150 units.

Won by a head; half a length separated second and third. Story of Eden was fourth and Berlingots last.

4.35 (4.36).—The BLACK PRINCE PLATE of 200 sovs.; for three-year-olds. One mile and a half.

BRANTWOOD, b f, by Hurstwood—Honora (Mr. S. Tattersall), 8st. 7lb. ..... R. Jones 1
COUP DE GRACE, b g, by Gay Crusader—Grasmere (Mr. J. M. Woodville), 9st. ..... F. Fox 2
RINMARES, b c, by Son-in-Law—Miss Dashwood (Lord Harewood), 9st. 3lb. ..... J. Childs 3
Cassius (Mr. V. P. Miss), 9st. 10lb. ..... R. Dick 0
Crusader's Star (Mr. H. Pulitzer), 9st. 10lb. ..... G. Richards 0
King's Company (Mr. R. L. Short), 9st. 10lb. ..... J. Perryman 0
The Great Pyramid (Major P. Honner), 9st. 7lb. ..... M. Wing 0
Norman Abbot (Mr. T. Walton), 8st. 7lb. L. Buhlers 0

(Winner trained by Lawson, at Manton)

STARTING PRICES.—15 to 8 agst Coup de Grace, 11 to 4 Rinmaher, 9 to 2 Cassius, 6 to 1 Brantwood, 100 to 8 Norman Abbot, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 11s.; places, 3s. 9d., 5s. 6d., 2s. 9d. Total win pool, 15,728 units; total place pool, 10,519 units.

Won by two lengths; one length and a half separated second and third. Crusader's Star was fourth and The Great Pyramid last.

TOTALISATOR DAILY DOUBLE.

HOT BUN and SEA MONARCH.—Dividend, £995 17s. Pool, £2,213. Two winning tickets.

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

KEMPTON PARK

(2s. UNIT—STAKE AND WINNINGS)

2.0.—HAPPY NOTE, WIN 20s., PLACE 5s. 9d.; INDIAN FILE, PLACE 12s. 3d.; GALA MORN, PLACE 2s. 6d.

2.30.—ROSLINA FILLY, WIN 23s. 6d., PLACE 7s. 3d.; SWISS NAVY, PLACE 5s. 3d.; HAGGLE, PLACE 11s.

3.5.—HOT BUN, WIN 51s. 3d., PLACE 17s. 6d.; RACEDALE, PLACE 8s.; ARGONAUTE II., PLACE 13s. 3d.

3.35.—MAJORITY CALLING, WIN 54s. 3d., PLACE 6s.; QUADREL, PLACE 2s. 6d.; SARRAGOSSA, PLACE 2s. 3d.

4.5.—SEA MONARCH, WIN 43s. 3d., PLACE 11s. 6d.; GAY LIGHT, PLACE 6s.; LAND O' BURNS, PLACE 3s.

4.35.—BRANTWOOD, WIN 9s. 3d., PLACE 2s.; COUP DE GRACE, PLACE 2s.; RINMAHER, PLACE 2s.

HAYDOCK PARK

2.15.—Abbots Pride, WIN 11s. 3d., PLACE 3s. 6d.; Saucor, Place 5s.; Mouchon, Place 10s. 6d.

2.50.—Fillibuster, WIN 184s., PLACE 72s. 3d.; Cretan Lassie, Place 9s.; Downholme, Place 37s. 6d.

3.25.—Six Wheeler, WIN 4s. 9d., PLACE 3s.; The Pen, Place 5s., 6d.

3.55.—Marsquita gelding, WIN 16s. 3d., PLACE 5s. 3d.; First Venture, Place 10s. 3d.; Lisallen, Place 6s. 6d.

4.35.—Vincent, WIN 12s. 6d., PLACE 6s.; Ottomoor, Place 12s. 3d.

4.55.—Sans Espoir, WIN 2s. 6d.

WINNING JOCKEYS

The following table shows the positions and percentages of the most successful jockeys to date, together with the result of investing £1 on each of their mounts:—

| | Won | Lost | Total | Per-centage | £1

Sporting News

(Continued from page 4)

RUGBY FOOTBALL

NEWPORT WIN AT BLACKHEATH

FINE PLAY BY A. R. RALPH

(FROM OUR RUGBY FOOTBALL CORRESPONDENT)

Newport won an interesting and remarkable match on the Rectory Field at Blackheath on Saturday by a goal, a dropped goal, a penalty goal, and a try (15 points) to a goal and a dropped goal (9 points).

It is not often that Newport fail to beat Blackheath, even when Blackheath are having a good season. The exceptions nearly always have been due to failure by the Newport pack, or a particularly fine effort by the Blackheath forwards. On Saturday there was another exception to the general rule in recent years, for, on a beautiful afternoon that was simply made for fast back-play, the Blackheath pack, after a slow beginning that helped to lose their side three points, quickly excelled themselves in getting the ball, and yet their backs failed to score a winning number of points.

Newport's share in the breaking of tradition was no less notable, even if it was largely due to one man. The Welsh pack, heavy and experienced, if inclined to be slow, rushed one try and then settled down to do nothing in particular. No amount of imploring shouts to shove enabled them to get the ball, except rarely, either in the scrummages or loose play. Sometimes they did not seem to be trying. Newport, so far this year, have been singularly unlucky in building up a three-quarter back line. Morley has yet to return from the New Zealand tour, and several times, through injury, R. Cullis, a promising young centre, has been unable to play. On Saturday, as against Cardiff, a forward was called upon to fill the gap, and, this time, it was not the athletic, loose-limbed P. C. Hordern, a former Oxford Blue, who did his best in an emergency, but the veteran, R. C. Herrera. Herrera, like his fellows, found it easy to mark and tackle opposing backs who hindered rather than helped each other by the handing on of hip passes, not always straight, but his lack of pace was fatal in attack. In any case, the Newport pack failed to heel the ball out to a scrummage half-back, who was fully capable of handing it on to a stand-off player, who in turn was fully capable of winning the match on his own. As a matter of fact, he did so.

A. R. Ralph was the outstanding player in the London Welsh XV. last season. He kept them an unbeaten side in spite of a moderate pack for several months and received an international trial. Then, unfortunately, he was badly injured and fell right out of the game. Ralph is now a schoolmaster in Newport and apparently well on the way to keeping Newport an unbeaten side, or a side that will not be beaten easily.

The Scoring

Newport nearly scored more quickly than they actually did. Excellent passing and a clever feint by J. R. Edwards, one of the centres, were well backed up by the forwards, but a knock-on pulled up the movement. Soon afterwards A. R. Tovey, the scrummage half-back, showed what he could do in the open and, at the back of the Blackheath defence, S. T. A. Radcliffe made the first of a number of magnificent saves under pressure. Even Radcliffe, however, was overborne by the short, sharp, and determined rush that carried the ball over the Blackheath goal-line for E. J. Shiner to get the touch down of a try. W. A. Everson failed with the place kick, but Newport had drawn first blood.

From then onwards, up to the time when at last a splendid heel out by the Blackheath forwards was amply supported by their backs, Newport were only dangerous when Ralph got the ball and decided to make an opening for himself, while Blackheath were able to develop innumerable passing movements. The second best of these might have ended in a try if Ralph had not dropped back and got Devitt by the heels. The best saw the halves do their work sufficiently well, and Hamilton-Smythe make a daring cut-through that brings a try almost if anyone has backed up quickly. W. E. Tucker was the player up and, although F. W. Hancock, who joined in a few paces late, was not fast enough to reach the goal-line untackled, he, too, gave on a good pass and was supported by an intelligent forward, K. J. McIntyre. It seemed almost incredible that a side who could score such a try could fail to win the match with so many scoring chances. J. T. Kemp converted the try and a few moments later half-time came with Blackheath leading by five points to three.

Loose passing and other bad mistakes cost Blackheath the game in the second half. Newport, who were penalized many more times than their opponents for foot-up in the scrummage, were lucky that none of the penalty kicks was successful, and one of them gave Ralph the chance to drop a goal with his left foot from about 30 yards out. Before this, a run by Edwards had been backed up by Ralph, who did the unexpected thing in slipping across to and down the left wing, from where he cross-kicked in the right manner. K. Watkins, the right wing easily reached the ball first and Everson converted the try.

This and the dropped goal made the score 12—5, and if one of the Blackheath forwards, in the excitement of intercepting a Newport pass, had not fisted it into touch, deliberately according to the referee's decision, and so presented Everson with the chance to kick a penalty goal, the closing stages of the game would have been much more exciting. Blackheath made a final effort, but too late. Hamilton-Smythe's dropped goal was almost as good a Ralph's, but it could not hope to affect the result or wipe out all the disappointments of a match lost by sheer bad back-play. The Blackheath forwards played so well as a pack, and the men who could not be seen must have done invaluable service.

The teams were:—

BLACKHEATH.—S. T. A. Radcliffe, back; Sir T. G. Devitt, A. F. Hamilton-Smythe, F. W. Hancock, and R. E. Morris, three-quarter backs; C. C. Bishop and J. T. Kemp, half-backs; K. J. McIntyre, R. H. Chantler, W. S. Bonaventura, H. R. C. Wilberg, A. G. Cyldlan, J. E. Walker, W. E. Tucker, and W. E. Henley, forwards.

NEWPORT.—W. A. Everson, back; K. Watkins, J. R. Edwards, R. J. Heyers, and R. B. Jones, three-quarter backs; A. R. Ralph and A. R. Tovey, half-backs; E. J. Shiner, P. F. Bunce, P. C. Hordern, W. C. Morgan, H. Pocock, H. F. Day, H. T. Phillips, and J. C. Slade, forwards.

REFEREE.—Mr. J. Hughes.

SCHOOL MATCHES

	Pts.		Pts.
*Sherborne	35	Blundell's	0
Dulwich	11	*Brighton	3
Downside	25	*Bromsgrove	11
*Cheltenham	8	Richmond A	6
Harlequins A	8	*Wellington College	3
Bradford A	24	*Sedbergh	8
Harlequins A	3	*Clifton College	0
*Charlesoe	21	Old Cranleighans A	0
U.C.S. Old Boys A	33	*University College School	0
		*Bishop's Stortford School	19
Yorkshire Captains	29	*Christ's Hospital	3
Old Wykehamists A	14	*Haileybury	3
London Scottish A	20	T. P. Whalley's XV.	13
*Lancashire	20	R.A.F., Cranwell A	16
*King's School, Canterbury	12	Rossall Park A	8
*Wrekin College	14	Sale A	5
*Nautical College, Pangbourne	13	Rossall Park Extra A	8
*Framlingham College	60	Woodbridge School	8
*Ellesmere College	63	Calday Grange School	0
Kelly College	11	*Plymouth	5
*Hereford Cathedral School	38	Worcester B	0
Wye College	16	*Dover College	6
Brighton A	13	*Eastbourne College	12
Merchant Taylors', Crosby	37	Denstone	0
*Beaumont	16	Epsom	0
Rossall Park "A"	27	*Radley	0
Northern	16	*Durham School	0
*Stowe School	26	Rossall Park "A"	16
*Ampleforth College	28	Royal Corps of Signals	6
*St. Bees School	5	Whitehaven	3
Waterloo "A"	11	*King William's (I. of M.)	5
*Christ College, Brecon	14	Penarth County School, Old Boys	10
*Scotus Valencia School	26	Rossall Park Extra A	7
*Haberdashers' School	29	Eltham College	0
Dogai School	29	*St. Edmund's College, Ware	3
*Rydal School	8	Hoylake	0
Old Cheltonians	6	*Hurstpierpoint College	3
Richmond "B"	19	*Herne Bay College	0
*St. George's School, Harpenden	19	Toc H "A"	3
*St. Dunstan's College	25	Caterham School	8
*Chichester's College	13	Petersfield	12
Newbury G.S.	13	*R.M.S., Southampton	8
*Wellington School, (Somerset)	34	Queen's College, Taunton	9
Old Mauritonians	19	*Marlborough O.S.	14
*King's School, Worcester	45	King's Norton	0
London Scottish Extra "A"	34	St. John's School, Leatherhead	6
*Bradford College	14	Worthing "B"	0
G. H. Harston's XV.	15	*Worksop College	9

* Home team.

FIRST MATCH AT CAMBRIDGE

CLEVER BACK PLAY

At Cambridge on Saturday the University defeated Old Leysians by four goals and four tries (32 points) to nil.

As it was Cambridge's first match of the season they did well to win so easily; but it must be admitted that while there were several periods during which the Old Leysians tested the University defence, the weaknesses in the visitors' defence were made particularly apparent by J. A. Tallent and L. H. Collison, who were hard to stop, and made a number of good openings. There were 10 Old Blues in the Cambridge XV., but no places were found for H. E. Carris and G. C. A. Adams, who gained their colours last year in the three-quarter back line after H. M. Bowcott and F. M. Heywood had had to stand down through injuries.

The conditions on Saturday were in favour of a fast game, and although the Old Leysians were beaten pointless, they never slackened in their efforts, and right up to the close they were doing their utmost to get something on the score sheet. But when once the University settled down the clever play by their inside men was more than the visitors could circumvent, and Cambridge scored their tries not so much by methodical passing as by forcing their openings and making their passes at just the right time. Twice sheer force of pace carried men over the line when they were in the throes of a tackle; and it was generally the case of the heavier side gaining the advantage. Even the loss of F. M. Heywood shortly before half-time, and the withdrawal from the pack of G. M. Greenwood, did not greatly handicap the University in the scrummage. J. G. Askew was making some fine lengthy punts at full-back, but missed more than one easy place kick in front of the posts. His opposite number, E. S. Morris, also kicked well, but was badly beaten in defence. With Tallent and Collison so successfully outplaying their opponents, the wing men had fewer chances. A. G. Cross handled and passed well, but at times seemed a trifle too close up on E. B. Pope, who was not always too well served by the heeling of the Cambridge forwards. There were some individual successes among the University pack, but their tight scrummaging needs improvement, and they want to get more control over the ball when dribbling in the loose rushes.

Old Leysians played well for several minutes at the start; but after some 17 minutes' play some clever breaking through by Tallent and Collison made an opening for a clear run for Smeddle over half the length of the field, and Askew kicked a goal. Tallent was an outstanding figure in the attacking movements, and twice evaded his opponents to enable Collison to score. The second of these tries was near the corner flag, but Askew kicked a fine goal. Just before half-time Watherston scrambled over in the loose, and Cambridge led by 16 points. Directly after the interval a cross-kick by Smeddle resulted in a try by Embleton, which Askew converted; and then a breakaway by Tallent and Collison sent Greenwood clear away, and he dragged himself over the line after being tackled. Cross next had the defence guessing when he went through unchecked; and nearing the end Collison scored another clever try, which Askew converted.

The teams were:—

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.—J. G. Askew (Durham and Emmanuel), back; R. W. Smeddle (Durham and St. Catharine's), L. H. Collison (Mill Hill and St. John's), J. A. Tallent (Sherborne and Clare), and F. M. Heywood (Haileybury and Caius), three-quarter backs; A. G. Cross (King's College School, Wimbledon, and Caius) and E. B. Pope (Uppingham and Clare), half-backs; J. A. Embleton (St. Paul's and Caius), F. W. F. Brook (Whitgift and Emmanuel), A. W. Walker (Oundle and Clare), D. M. Marr-Johnson (Caius), S. M. Saunders-Jacobs (Uppingham and Trinity), G. M. Greenwood (Rugby and Christ's), G. E. Valentine (Bishop's Stortford and St. Catharine's), and J. G. Watherston (Sedbergh and Corpus Christi), forwards.

OLD LEYSIANS.—E. S. Morris, back; K. B. Kilner, C. E. R. Taylor, C. M. Wales, and G. M. Philp, three-quarter backs; I. Lindsay and L. H. Lurch, half-backs; C. N. S. Boston, W. W. Sargent, P. W. E. Holloway, J. F. Evans, J. T. Alliston, R. S. Hargreaves, T. E. Morel, and G. M. Spink, forwards.

CAMBRIDGE FRESHMEN'S MATCH

The following will play in the Freshmen's Trial at Cambridge to-day:—

COLOURS.—F. W. F. Blaikie (Loretto and Caius), back; J. W. H. James (Wellington and Clare), T. G. Dawson (Sedbergh and Clare), R. F. Tothill (Tonbridge and St. John's), and I. Thomas (Neville's Court), three-quarter backs; F. W. Simpson (Merchant Taylors' and Trinity Hall) and J. B. Maclean (St. Paul's and Christ's), half-backs; G. W. G. Lee (St. Andrew's, South Africa, and Pembroke), R. M. C. Cumming (Fettes and Caius), T. G. Morton (Caius), G. E. Delafield (St. Paul's and Jesus), A. L. Smeddle (Durham and Emmanuel), W. H. Leather (Sedbergh and King's), and P. W. Reid (Fettes and Jesus), and R. L. Powell (Loretto and Caius), forwards.

WHITES.—C. E. Powell (Oundle and Queens'), back; A. R. Szabo (Haileybury and St. Catharine's), C. E. Malfroy (Wellington, New Zealand, and Trinity Hall), L. H. Garrett (Oundle and King's), and P. H. F. Mermagen (Sherborne and Pembroke), three-quarter backs; T. E. Bowcott (Cardiff High School and St. Catharine's) and B. O. Allen (Clifton and Caius), half-backs; J. F. Austin (Birkenhead and Magdalene), G. E. Hyson (Oundle and Pembroke), E. B. Jones (Uppingham and Clare), G. E. Twine (Hurstpierpoint and St. Catharine's), A. M. Payne (Wellington and Trinity), C. R. Williams (Clifton and Trinity Hall), R. H. A. Squire (Blundell's and St. John's), and T. F. Millard (St. Andrew's, South Africa, and St. John's), forwards.

LONDON WELSH BEATEN

London Irish beat London Welsh at Herne Hill on Saturday by a goal and a try (8 points) to two tries (6 points). The game was fast and open, and there was little between the two sides. No scoring was done in the first half, and after the interval the Irishmen had slightly the better of the argument, but it was merely a goal-kick that decided the game, and it was one of the best games ever played between the two clubs.

The Irish forwards, with W. R. F. Collis, W. Morgan, and V. Smyth always in the thick of the fray, and, the ubiquitous I. M. B. Stuart ever on the alert, played a hard game in the scrummages and in the loose, and gave their opponents plenty to do. J. S. Barry was smart at getting the ball out from the scrummage, and was ably assisted by J. Savage. P. A. Gummer and W. B. Welch made a formidable right wing, and G. M. Ievers again proved a first-class back.

There was little to choose between the two sets of forwards, and the Welsh pack also did well, with R. V. Howell, W. A. V. Thomas, T. Baverstock, and R. Jones about the best. D. E. A. Roberts worked hard at scrummage-half-back and had a useful partner in R. S. Lewis, with the result that the three-quarter backs had plenty of opportunities, of which, perhaps, they might have made more use but for the resolute defence of their opponents. R. Thomas and A. E. Brookes showed good form, while T. J. Davies tackled and kicked well.

London Welsh attacked at the start, R. V. Howell and W. A. V. Thomas heading a forward rush which looked dangerous as G. M. Ievers fumbled the ball, but W. R. F. Collis came to the rescue and saved. D. E. A. Roberts and R. S. Lewis passed well for London Welsh, and then P. A. Gummer showed his pace on the London Irish right wing, but knocked on. W. Morgan and W. R. F. Collis led an Irish forward dribble, but A. H. Jones saved and put in a good run. The Irishmen attacked again, and T. J. Davies saved his line with a long kick. After even play in midfield R. Thomas kicked across and W. T. Lewis ran for the line, only to be bundled into touch by G. M. Ievers. London Irish were penalized for offside and R. V. Howell made an excellent kick, the ball just falling short.

London Welsh were soon on the aggressive again, A. E. Brookes making a good run which gained much ground. F. S. Hodder and P. A. Gummer were dangerous, but T. J. Davies brought Gummer down when he looked like scoring. Another rush by the Irishmen was only saved by R. H. Garbett falling on the ball over the line. The Welshmen took a turn at attacking, but G. M. Ievers found touch far down, and then a run by F. S. Hodder ended in I. M. B. Stuart scoring behind the posts for W. R. F. Collis to kick a goal. London Irish kept up the pressure, and G. M. Ievers made a good attempt to drop a goal from long range. Some of the players were feeling the effects of a strenuous game. London Irish came on again, and good passing by W. B. Welch and J. S. Barry ended in a try by Barry, but this time Collis's kick at goal failed. After F. S. Hodder had made a good attempt to drop a goal from near the half-way line, the Welsh backs made a passing movement, and W. T. Lewis ran in for a try in the corner, but R. V. Howell failed with the kick at goal. After G. M. Ievers had stopped one Welsh rush in fine style, R. S. Lewis initiated another passing movement, and R. Thomas obtained an unconverted try.

The teams were:—

LONDON IRISH.—G. M. Ievers, back; P. A. Gummer, W. B. Welch, F. S. Hodder, and L. B. Chance, three-quarter backs; J. Savage and J. S. Barry, half-backs; W. R. F. Collis (captain), W. Morgan, H. F. P. Anderson, J. McLean, J. B. Wolfe, G. W. Gray, I. M. B. Stuart, and V. Smyth, forwards.

LONDON WELSH.—T. J. Davies, back; A. E. Brookes, R. Thomas, A. H. Jones, and W. T. Lewis, three-quarter backs; R. S. Lewis and D. E. A. Roberts, half-backs; R. V. Howell (captain), R. Ellis, W. A. V. Thomas, T. Baverstock, R. H. Garbett, E. Rees-Jones, S. Williams, and J. Davies, forwards.

REFEREE.—Mr. R. L. Allport (L.S.R.F.U.R.).

LONDON SCOTTISH BEATEN

ROSSLYN PARK'S RALLY

Rosslyn Park beat London Scottish, at Richmond, on Saturday, by two goals and two tries (16 points) to two goals (10 points).

In a fast and open game Rosslyn Park thoroughly deserved their victory. For the greater part of the first half they were the attacking side, and at the interval had secured a lead of 8 points. Smart heeling by their forwards, backed up by swift and clean passing by Woodhouse at the base of the scrummage, gave W. R. Collins chances of which he made the most. Collins several times slipped through a number of the Scottish side, to find, when he got rid of the ball, that two or three of his backs were well up and ready to carry on the movement. On occasion he seemed inclined to try to do too much, and when hemmed in to fling away the ball rather wildly, but generally he did extremely well. On the restart Rosslyn Park received a surprise. The London Scottish side, although they had seemed unable properly to get together, had worked hard, tackled strongly, and made two or three dangerous attacks, which only strong defence had checked. The changes at half-back may have had something to do with the lack of combination in the side, particularly in the early stages of the game. A great change, however, now came about, and the London Scottish rally was a fine effort. The forwards began to get the ball, and Graham sent it out quickly. Anderson, who was making his first appearance in the first XV., showed marked improvement in his passing, and enabled his three-quarters to set up a series of strong attacks.

Much was hoped from the presence of Ian Smith on the Scottish right wing, but for the first 20 minutes of the game the ball only came near him twice. On both occasions he was right on the touch line and had no room to move. He did good work in defence, however, and when he did get a chance showed how fast and dangerous a runner he is. It was during the rally of the Scottish in the early part of the second half that Smith had his chance, and took it. G. M. Cavendish, his immediate opponent, proved a strong tackler and difficult to pass, but at last he was beaten. The Scottish were pressing hard, having already reduced their opponents' lead to three points, though a well-deserved try by Macleman, which Langrish had converted. Immediately afterwards Woodhouse got off-side, and Langrish made a fine but unsuccessful attempt to place a penalty goal. The ball came to Baker, who made almost his one mistake in a splendid game, by failing to hold the ball. From the scrummage which followed, Graham whipped the ball out to the left to Anderson. It went to Harvey, and Henderson drew his man before passing to Smith. Smith was away instantly, and, swerving by Cavendish and Hunt, crossed in the corner. Langrish converted, and put London Scottish two points ahead.

With but a few minutes left for play it seemed that after all London Scottish would win, but Rosslyn Park, aided by Hunt's fine touch-finding, worked to the other end. Collins got the ball in a scramble and ran right into a crowd of opponents. He loosed the ball at the right moment, and Page fell over with a try in the corner. Baker converted with a beautiful kick from the touch line. London Scottish were not done with, and made another strong effort, in which Harvey and Macintosh were prominent, but the latter was smothered by several opponents when near the line. Another penalty kick against Rosslyn Park in good position was taken by Langrish, but the ball went wide. Rosslyn Park had to struggle hard to keep their lead, but ultimately Cavendish made a strong dash for the line, only to be flung into touch by Smith. In the last minute, Forbes-Bassett secured the ball from a line-out on the Scottish line, but the try was not converted. The scorers for Rosslyn Park in the first half were Baker and Kendall, the former player converting one of the tries.

The teams were:—

LONDON SCOTTISH.—R. W. Langrish, back; I. S. Smith, K. M. M. Henderson, C. D. Harvey, and C. E. W. Macintosh, three-quarter backs; C. E. Anderson and K. G. Graham, half-backs; A. F. McLeod, W. N. Roughead, R. E. F. Macleman, D. J. W. Dryburgh, D. J. Macintyre, D. Thom, D. A. Duke, and H. A. Aitchison, forwards.

ROSSLYN PARK.—E. W. F. de V. Hunt, back; J. D. Bradford, R. L. Baker, R. McIntosh, and G. M. Cavendish, three-quarter backs; J. Collins and C. E. W. Woodhouse, half-backs; P. T. Cooper, J. N. Jones, B. R. Thomas, R. K. Page, E. B. Eason, R. G. Forbes-Bassett, E. J. Iliffe, and F. S. Kendall, forwards.

A GREAT RECOVERY BY BRIGHTON

Brighton beat King's College Hospital at East Dulwich on Saturday by three goals, a dropped goal, and a try (22 points) to two goals and two tries (16 points).

The Hospital had had luck midway through the second half when F. C. Mayo, their right centre, had to retire with a badly wrenched knee. Even so, Brighton fully deserved their success, if only for the brilliant recovery they made late in the game when the Hospital led by 16 clear points. Brighton, who were making their first visit to the Hospital ground, are a young and promising side. R. H. Turner was in excellent form at full-back, while J. Plunkett and H. R. Wilcox were the best of a fast three-quarter line. C. A. Lawrence played a fine game at scrummage half-back, and was largely responsible for Brighton's success. The visitors' forwards were better in the tight than in the loose, being slow in following up, but E. Hunter and B. J. Hogg did much good work. For the Hospital, V. F. S. Hall played well at full-back, especially in the first half. The three-quarter backs, notably T. K. Lyle and E. H. Lassen, on the left wing, combined well, and J. H. Easton had a good understanding with his scrummage half-back, A. B. Stokes. G. A. Barker was the best Hospital forward.

The Hospital attacked at the start, but a long kick by Turner took play to the Hospital "25" and Lawrence cut through. His pass to H. Walford-Heilbron, who was unmarked, was, however, forward. Quick passing between Lyle and Lassen took the ball to the Brighton line, and, although Turner successfully tackled Lassen, the ball went loose and J. Clayton followed up quickly to score a try. Lyle and Lassen were soon prominent in another passing movement which ended in Lyle scoring a good try. Just before half-time A. B. Stokes started a passing movement among the Hospital backs and Lyle scored for Lassen to convert. Brighton started the second half in greatly improved form, and E. Hunter, H. W. F. Burleigh, and B. J. Hogg were prominent in a series of strong forward rushes. Soon afterwards the Hospital forwards made a good rush and Easton ran through the Brighton defence and scored between the posts for Lassen to convert. Then came Brighton's amazing rally. From a scrummage near the Hospital line Lawrence sent in Wilcox for a try near the corner flag, Turner converting with a fine kick. A few minutes later E. O. Plunkett scored after a scramble, and Turner again converted. A try by Wilcox from another good pass by Lawrence reduced the Hospital's lead to three points, and, although G. A. Barker led a strong Hospital forward rush, from which Stokes almost scored, Brighton took the lead when Lawrence made an opening for Baxter to score a try which Turner converted. A minute from the end Lawrence secured the ball from a scrummage, feinted to pass, but instead dropped a goal from a distance of 30 yards.

The teams were:—

KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL.—V. F. S. Hall, back; C. H. Bailey, T. K. Lyle, and E. H. Lassen, three-quarter backs; J. H. Easton and A. B. Stokes, half-backs; G. A. Barker, R. D. Harding, G. L. Livingstone, S. O. Jones, J. D. Moore, F. J. Page, E. H. Lyle, and J. Carter, forwards.

BRIGHTON.—R. H. Turner, back; H. Walford-Heilbron, K. Tilbury, J. Plunkett, and H. R. Wilcox, three-quarter backs; Baxter and C. Lawrence, half-backs; E. Hunter, J. Lee, D. Mackay, H. W. J. Burleigh, E. O. Plunkett, B. J. Hogg, N. F. Edwards, and G. Hampton, forwards.

OLD BOYS' MATCHES

	Pts.		Pts.
*Cambridge University	22	Old Leysians	0
Old Alleynians	17	*St. Bartholomew's Hospital	6
*Coventry	29	Old Blues	6
*Old Paulines	19	Old Merchant Taylors'	11
Old Haileyburians	14	*Old Millhillians	13
*Old Alleynians	8	Berkhamsted	0
*Old Whitgiftians	26	Old Stortfordians	3
*St. Thomas's Hospital	14	Old Dunstonians	3
Old Hurst Johnians	17	*Old Citizens	5
*Old Reddingensians	15	Cheshire Regiment	3
*U.C.S. Old Boys	31	University College	0
Old Elthamians	31	*Charlton Park	0
*Barnet	19	Old Berkhamstedians	3
Old Mid-Whitgiftians	23	*Battersea Polytechnic	3
*K.C.S. Old Boys	9	Old Emanuel	5
Old Brightonians	31	*Middlesex Hospital	3
Old Westcliffians	15	*Old Brightonians A	8
Lensbury Extra A	38	*Old Dowgatians	3
*Beckenham	44	Old Dovorians	0
*Metropolitan Police	28	Old Queenians	0
Old Tiffinians	31	*Old Berkhamstedians A	0
*Old Johnians (Leatherhead)	20	Northern Assurance	9

WELSH RESULTS

	Pts.		Pts.
Neath	11	*Aberavon	5
*Abertillery	3	Pontypool	3
*Cardiff	14	Swansea	6
Maesteg	4	*Cross Keys	3
*Llanelly	20	Penarth	0

BIRKENHEAD PARK'S VICTORY

A PENALTY TRY

Playing at Aigburth on the ground of the Liverpool Club on Saturday, Birkenhead Park beat the home side by two goals and two tries (16 points) to a dropped goal and a try (7 points).

The match had been keenly anticipated, as after a lean experience over many years Liverpool had produced a young and vigorous team who, strengthened by the inclusion of the veteran A. F. Blakiston, were expected to prove themselves equal to their more experienced opponents. Unfortunately injuries had robbed Liverpool of H. R. Prothero and G. B. Pearce. The turf was in good condition, and a corner to corner wind exercised considerable influence on the play, giving the home side the score in the first half and the visitors in the second. The game was fast and open, although marred by early season weaknesses. Birkenhead Park owed their advantage, which was less than the score would suggest, to the greater speed of their wing-three-quarter backs. They profited also by the offside play of some Liverpool players, a defect due to ignorance rather than overkeenness.

Liverpool opened with gusto and carried the game into the visitors' "25," and then, after less than five minutes' play, J. F. R. Wynne neatly opened the scoring with a dropped goal. The home side maintained their pressure, the forwards packing well and securing the ball in the scrummages. The backs worked hard and, after 20 minutes' play, a try came far out from N. D. Ryecroft after excellent loose play by the forwards. For the rest of the first half Liverpool remained the better side, playing good football and having most of the game, but just before half-time misfortune overtook them. From a kick in his own "25" G. S. Wilson secured the ball and was racing away downfield when the game was stopped and a penalty try awarded to Birkenhead Park for obstruction. J. V. Richardson succeeded with the kick at goal.

This reverse and the unfortunate manner of it seemed to end the continuity of Liverpool play, and when the game opened in the second half they appeared to have become a collection of individuals with no team cohesion. Birkenhead Park, with the breeze behind them, now began to overhaul their opponents. Their first score came from a three-quarter back movement, the speed of Springman bringing an easy try. J. V. Richardson failed with the kick. The Liverpool forwards were slow in coming back to defend, and shortly afterwards a further try should have been scored, but E. W. Lovegrove preferred a drop at goal, which, however, went wide of the posts.

Liverpool broke through the visitors' pressure with a fine team movement, which carried the ball half the length of the field. Then, however, a free-kick for offside brought them back on the defensive, and after a short period of anxiety E. W. Lovegrove ran through for a try for Birkenhead Park. G. S. Wilson converted. Play continued in favour of the visitors and a last try came, again from Springman's speed. Liverpool kept up strenuous defence until no-side, but they were not the same side as had played in the opening stages of the game.

The teams were:—

LIVERPOOL.—G. S. Easton, back; R. H. Hooper, E. Whitting, M. Rye-Smith, and N. D. Ryecroft, three-quarter backs; J. F. R. Wynne and W. R. Cafferata, half-backs; E. Henshaw, L. G. Lindlow, J. S. Ross, A. F. Blakiston, W. K. Crawford, F. B. Horricks, F. Howard, and T. B. Roberts, forwards.

BIRKENHEAD PARK.—F. C. Cockle, back; H. Springman, S. G. Brabner, J. V. Richardson, and G. S. Wilson, three-quarter backs; E. W. Lovegrove and O. W. Lewis, half-backs; D. E. Law, H. L. Green, G. C. Cutten, J. A. Ludlow, H. T. Wild, C. H. Gibson, G. F. Pirie, and N. Evans, forwards.

OLD PAULINES WIN AGAIN

The Old Paulines retained their unbeaten record on their new ground at Thames Ditton on Saturday, when they beat the Old Merchant Taylors by two goals and three tries (19 points) to a goal, a penalty goal, and a try (11 points).

The Old Paulines thoroughly deserved to win. They played smoothly, with a complete understanding throughout, while Old Merchant Taylors, particularly at back, were out of tune, and too prone to resort to individual effort rather than combined play. Their forwards were up to their usual standard, but their efforts were not well supported. They had a full share of the ball in the scrummages though they were lighter, and held the upper hand in the loose till they tired. When the Old Paulines' forwards tired their backs usually started a movement that made ground, and the excellent passing of the inside three-quarter backs gave the wing players many opportunities. The ball usually travelled to the left wing, as the home team quickly realized that A. Jankel, who was there, could break through more easily than the right wing. Jankel was too fast for W. R. Spragg, and was responsible for four out of the five tries scored by his side. The first was the result of a dash down the touch-line immediately after the kick-off, and caught the Old Merchant Taylors' defence by surprise. J. S. H. King kicked a goal. The Old Paulines pressed, but were penalised several times for infringements in the scrummages, and good kicking by F. F. Spragg brought relief. Old Merchant Taylors' forwards kept the game in their opponents' half, but the backs could make no headway, until a somewhat unorthodox pass from L. Bywater to R. G. Turnbull made an opening for a score in the corner, and R. F. Tebbutt converted. Old Merchant Taylors still held their own, but their defence was caught napping when R. Klemin dribbled over, rather than through, their backs to score far out. King again converted. There was no further scoring in the first half.

In the second half the Old Paulines found the best means of defence was attack. Jankel scored two more tries, and although Old Merchant Taylors got a penalty goal, kicked by F. F. Spragg, and a try by Tebbutt, the Old Paulines continued to attack, and became more dangerous as the game went on.

The teams were:—

OLD PAULINES.—G. L. Ollif, back; E. A. Low, J. H. Salmons, J. Farrell, and A. Jankel, three-quarter backs; J. B. Madsen and R. W. Baily, half-backs; C. H. Dixon, R. Klemin, R. H. B. Nichols, N. Embleton, G. Embleton, J. S. H. King, G. M. Delafield, and K. Burton, forwards.

OLD MERCHANT TAYLORS.—D. M. Parry, back; R. G. Turnbull, L. Bywater, F. F. Spragg, and W. R. Spragg, three-quarter backs; H. D. Heck and J. R. Dothie, half-backs; R. F. Tebbutt, K. M. Wilkins, J. Arnold, F. W. English, E. S. Andrews, M. Vaughan, T. G. Blumson, and E. H. Edmonds, forwards.

GLASGOW ACADEMICALS BEATEN

Glasgow High School F.P. beat Glasgow Academicals at Anniesland on Saturday by a goal and two tries (11 points) to a goal and a penalty goal (8 points).

It was the first of the two meetings between these clubs of the season, and the High School won deservedly. R. Moir and N. Birrell, both three-quarter backs, were absent from their respective sides, and both adopted the bold policy of playing two lads who had not played before in first-class football. Shaw played stand-off last year for the school and Frew was captain of the Academy four seasons ago. Both played as well as any other on the field.

The High School forwards proved the decisive factor. They scrummaged with great vigour, and W. A. Heggie played well at their heels. Neither J. T. Hill nor W. G. Spowart could take their passes, and all movements failed. Then the Academicals scored after having been on the defensive for a long time. The Academicals started passing near their 25 line, and Forrest kicked well ahead. The ball went into touch and slack marking at the line out let Brown away, and he passed to Cree, who scored. Scott kicked a goal. A penalty goal was then scored by the Academicals. Still the High School pressed right up to the interval without being able to break through.

A change came over the High School backs in the second half. They began to take their passes and run with much more courage. After all the backs had handled the ball Shaw ran round after coming up on the outside. He was hemmed in near the line, but his kick across let Douglas gather. Stewart failed to convert. An equalizing try soon followed. Shaw again paved the way. He got the ball outside his own 25, and threaded his way through the Academicals' defence to touch down between the posts. This time Hill got a goal. The Academicals had a chance after that, but Frew, with the line at his mercy, slipped. Two penalty kicks in favourable positions went astray. Losing these opportunities, they were again sorely pressed by the High School, and Shaw again made the opening for Hill to get the winning try.

The teams were:—

GLASGOW ACADEMICALS.—A. S. Dykes, back; J. E. Forrest, W. M. Simmons, J. G. Frew, and E. G. Taylor, three-quarter backs; H. Waddell and J. B. Nelson, half-backs; J. Findlay, G. C. Scott, T. G. Garrow, R. W. Brown, G. W. Cree, A. N. Stephen, R. M. Marshall, and H. C. McAusland, forwards.

GLASGOW HIGH SCHOOL F.P.—R. W. S. Patrick, back; J. McLaren, Ian Shaw, J. G. Spowart, and C. M. Douglas, three-quarter backs; J. T. Hill and W. A. Heggie, half-backs; L. B. Lambie, L. M. Stuart, J. C. H. Ireland, G. C. Langlands, J. Stewart, T. W. Scott, R. Rowand, and Ian MacLaren, forwards.

HARLEQUINS IN FORM

MISFORTUNES OF UNITED SERVICES

The Harlequins played in dazzling form at Portsmouth on Saturday when they inflicted the first defeat of the season on the United Services, who were beaten by two goals, a dropped goal, and three tries (23 points) to a goal and a try (8 points).

United Services have been badly hit by injuries to players this season, and misfortune pursued them again, for they lost their best centre, J. G. Llewelyn, the R.A.F. player, who damaged a thigh muscle early in the game and left the field after 25 minutes. Ten minutes from the end P. H. Penfold went off with a severe cut above the left eye. J. W. Forrest and H. C. Browne also suffered minor hurts.

It was a hard, clean game. While the United Services had a full side play was fairly even, though the Harlequins always seemed the more experienced and polished side. There was a delightful display of team work in everything they did, and they also showed brilliant individualism to vary their efforts. The game was the fastest seen at Portsmouth for many seasons, and the hard ground ideally suited the Harlequins' game.

H. C. C. Laird was in his best form at fly half, and gave them an early lead with a dropped goal, after Llewelyn had missed with a similar effort for the Services. Laird's partner, C. C. McCreight, too, played well at the scrummage, and when the ball came out on his side he was certain to make matters awkward for his opponents once he had avoided the winging tactics of W. A. K. N. Cavaye. McCreight scored the Harlequins' first two tries, and as one of these was converted by Laird they led at the interval by 12 points to three, G. M. Sladen having scored for the Services.

The United Services were frequently played to a standstill in the second half, but they never gave up trying, and they were sometimes dangerous, though they did not have the necessary number of men or speed to carry their attacks to a successful finish. J. C. Gibbs made a few of his best runs, but was not a success, for he had the habit of running backwards to avoid a tackle after being given the ball. Still, he scored the first try in the second half after getting a pass in an unmarked position near the line, and then P. E. Hodge, who was more consistent on the other wing, scored two tries in quick succession. The second was converted by J. C. Hubbard. With the score 23 points to three against them, the Services still tried hard, and just before he had to leave the field P. H. Penfold touched down for a try, after a good dribble by the forwards. G. W. Paine converted.

No one had played better than C. G. Gosling, the Services' full back, who compared favourably with Hubbard, and G. R. A. Elamie, of the Royal Air Force, was good at scrummage half-back.

The teams were:—

United Services.—C. G. Gosling, back; H. E. H. Nicholls, J. G. Llewelyn, G. M. Sladen, and D. St. Clair Ford, three-quarter backs;

Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL

DERBY COUNTY BEAT ARSENAL

Arsenal lost their unbeaten record on Saturday, when they were beaten by four goals to two at Derby by Derby County, after a very fast game.

From the beginning to the end the game was fought out at a terrific pace—Derby County being always a yard faster—without that crudeness and inaccuracy which are sometimes bound up with the idea of speed in football. The Derby County forwards were in great form, and their ball control, powerful shooting, and intelligence in anticipating the move that was to be made by the man with the ball were all splendid. Parker has been playing football for many years now and Hapgood is one of the most promising full-backs in the country, but on Saturday there were occasions when both of them looked as though they were taking part in their first game. Behind them the Derby County forwards had three half-backs who were wonderfully quick on the ball and almost always passed with the best advantage. Cooper, at right back, was the best man on the field.

Against this collective brilliance Arsenal played football that was very nearly as good, so good, indeed, that Wilkes actually brought off more sensational saves than did G. P. Keizer, but there were weak points about Arsenal's play which were absent from that of Derby County. Roberts, at centre-half, for instance, was always finding Bowers and the inside forwards rather too much for him, John could not cope with the speed and cleverness of Crooks, and Jack did not seem wholly to have recovered from his injury. James, on the other hand, was at the top of his form and at one time in the second half he seemed likely to save the game on his own.

The day was fine and sunny and the ground in perfect condition, but there was just enough wind to affect a very light ball. The pace of the game was set from the very first moment, and a movement between Crooks and Mee, the two wing forwards, gave Keizer his first chance to distinguish himself. Derby County seemed to have more men playing than Arsenal and, after seven minutes, they scored. The ball came to Bowers, who held on to it, with Seddon trying to get in a tackle, until he saw Stephenson coming up on his right unmarked, and a gentle pass gave that player the chance to drive in a low shot to which Keizer went down just too late. In another six minutes Derby County scored again as a result of a beautiful movement which was carried out so quickly and flawlessly that the spectator's mind had some difficulty in grasping it. Malloch, the left-half, swung the ball right across to Crooks, who sprinted down the touch-line and his centre was touched back to Bedford, whose shot was altogether too strong for Keizer. The movement was typical of the whole game in its neatness and efficiency. Derby County forced two corners and then, after 25 minutes, they scored again, Bowers meeting a centre from Crooks with his head and steering it past Keizer. Arsenal were now three goals down and it is greatly to their credit that no one could confidently have felt that the match was as good as over. Their forwards began to get a lot of the ball and some passing between James and Lambert seemed certain to lead to Jack scoring. He had no one but the goalkeeper to beat—and that from very close range—but his shot went wide. Still, Arsenal did reduce the deficit against them before half-time, thanks to a brilliant dribble, one of very many, by James. He took the ball with him through a crowd of players until he saw Bastin was perfectly placed for a shot and he then pushed the ball forward so that the outside-left, converging on goal, could take it in his stride and shoot. Bastin shot hard and accurately and gave Wilkes no chance.

The second half did not, perhaps, contain quite such fine football as the first, but the excitement was increased as Arsenal had more of the game, and at times it seemed probable that their unbeaten record would be saved. For a little time, however, Derby County were the more aggressive side, and, after McIntyre had shot very wide following a corner-kick, Keizer did well to save a strong shot from Bowers. A free-kick left Mee beautifully placed, but his shot went very wide, and then gradually the initiative passed from Derby County to Arsenal, who became inspired by the subtlety and perseverance of James. Wherever the ball went he seemed sure to go, or, rather, wherever he went the ball seemed sure to go, and Wilkes earned one of the most enthusiastic cheers of the afternoon when he saved a terrific drive from him. The save, however, did not earn the reward it deserved, for, from the resulting corner, Roberts got the ball and shot through a mass of players into the net. This goal came after 20 minutes' play, and soon afterwards Wilkes made an almost incredible save from Lambert, who, for once, found himself momentarily free from the attentions of Barker. The final goal, however, was scored not by Arsenal but by Derby County, a drive by Stephenson taken on the run going high and hard into the roof of the net.

The teams were:—

DERBY COUNTY.—Wilkes, goal; Cooper and Collin, backs; McIntyre, Bedford, and Malloch, half-backs; Crooks, Bedford, Bowers, Stephenson, and Mee, forwards.

ARSENAL.—G. P. Keizer, goal; Parker and Hapgood, backs; Seddon, Roberts, and John, half-backs; Hulme, Jack, Lambert, James, and Bastin, forwards.

AMATEUR TRIAL MATCH

SOUTHERN COUNTIES' EASY VICTORY

The Southern Counties had an overwhelming victory over the Northern Counties in the Amateur Championship match at Stamford Bridge on Saturday afternoon by 7 goals to 1. There was hardly a position at which the Southern team was not superior. An exception might be made in goal, where A. E. Millington had a hard afternoon and played with great pluck and coolness even when hardest pressed, while G. R. M. Cannon at the other end had hardly a dangerous shot to deal with.

Still, the Northerners' lack of success was chiefly due to the slackness and weakness of their forwards. Presented with chances innumerable they made nothing of them, and once within the space of three minutes they had the ball right in the goal mouth with nothing to do but tap it past the goalkeeper, but somehow or other they contrived to get it over or outside. They were slow, too, in getting back to the ball, and they allowed the opposing half-backs to intercept nearly all the passes that were sent forward to them. That made the Southern half-backs seem to be a stronger trio than they actually were and it gave their forwards a whole host of opportunities of which they were not slow to make the best use. The best of them were the wing players, W. H. Warnes and W. Evans, who were both fast and tricky and repeatedly made ground. Warnes was just a trifle inclined to try too much and often his efforts were not rounded off so well as they might have been. F. J. Gregory and E. H. Gates were sound, reliable backs, Gregory's height, strength, and great kicking powers enabling him to repel any attack without disconcerting himself much.

The Southern Counties scored three goals in the first half, R. E. Wright, the centre half-back, getting the first with a splendid shot from about 25 yards out which went high into the corner of the net out of Millington's reach. A. Morris scored the second with a hard drive from close range after W. W. Dowden had missed a chance. He scored the third from a penalty kick given for a man being brought down within the area. The Northern Counties had many chances at the end of the first half and the beginning of the second, but their inside forwards were wofully weak. Then F. A. Drane scored two goals with his head in quick succession, and Evans followed with the sixth after a long run. The one goal gained by the Northern Counties was scored by Wheeler after one of a series of dashes down the wing by him, and before the end Dowden got his one goal with a terrific shot which was so hot that Millington could not hold the ball and it fell, though it must have been doubtful if it did get over the line. The game was disappointing though it revealed several good attacking players and several as strong in defence on the Southern side.

The teams were:—

SOUTHERN COUNTIES.—G. R. M. Cannon (Hertfordshire), goal; F. J. Gregory (Surrey) and E. H. Gates (Hertfordshire), backs; R. Allan (Berkshire), and Buckingham (Middlesex), R. E. Wright (Essex), and J. C. Burns (Middlesex), half-backs; W. H. Warnes (Surrey), A. Morris (Middlesex), W. W. Dowden (Surrey), F. A. Evans (Essex), and W. Evans (Middlesex), forwards.

NORTHERN COUNTIES.—A. E. Millington (Liverpool), goal; R. Owen (Cheshire) and H. Gibson (Liverpool), backs; S. Goldthorpe (West Riding), R. Woods (Lancashire), and W. Ashton (West Riding), half-backs; A. Goddard (West Riding), T. Jones (Cheshire), J. Wright (Sheffield and Hallamshire), W. R. Brackley (Liverpool), and F. C. Wheeler (Sheffield and Hallamshire), forwards.

TOTTENHAM HOTSPUR WIN AGAIN

A PECULIAR GOAL

Tottenham Hotspur must be accounted fortunate to have beaten Nottingham Forest by two goals to one at White Hart-lane on Saturday, for the visiting team, during the greater part of the match, were playing the more attractive and convincing football.

Nottingham Forest were definitely better as a team, and the manner in which their passes invariably found the men for whom they were intended was an object-lesson to Tottenham, who were able to pull through mainly because the ball ran very unkindly for their opponents. It must be admitted, however, that the latter contributed to their own defeat by weak finishing to some splendid midfield play. Even so they would have won if they had not allowed a most peculiar goal to be scored against them, and if Spiers had not kept out at least three shots which would have beaten any goalkeeper not at the very top of his form.

The game started with both sides finding it difficult to control a somewhat lively ball. Nottingham Forest were the first to find their feet, and were soon attacking. They kept the ball too close, however, and Lyons and Hodgkinson, with some clever tackling, kept them from troubling Spiers. Tottenham Hotspur, when they reached the other end, looked the more dangerous side in front of goal, but they seemed to rely almost entirely on Harper to do the scoring, and as he kept so far forward as to be frequently thrown off-side the movements more than once broke down when the ball reached him. Nevertheless, after half an hour's play the home side took the lead. Davies dashed away on the right, but, in spite of his great pace, Graham, who had set off after him, looked to be running him too close to the corner flag to be dangerous. Somehow or other, when the ball seemed bound to go out of play, Davies got his foot to it and sent across a fine centre. Harper and Dimmock, who had rushed in from the opposite wing, hampered one another and lost their opportunity, but at the same time distracted the attentions of the Nottingham defence. The ball ran loose, and O'Callaghan drove a long, low, left-footed shot into the corner of the net.

From the kick-off Nottingham Forest nearly scored an equalizing goal, when Spiers made a great save at close quarters. Half-time came with no further scoring, and the second half was by far the more interesting, with some very exciting play after Tottenham had scored their second goal 15 minutes from the interval. Nottingham Forest had not been doing so well as in the first half, but at the time of this curious goal they were pressing, when O'Callaghan, who had gone back to help the Tottenham defence, fell rather heavily to the ground, while the ball itself was cleared and pushed up the field to Harper. Whistles certainly came from the crowd, and many of the players on both sides seemed to be confused and to imagine that the referee was about to stop the game. Among them were Thompson and Barrington, who otherwise played finely for Nottingham, so that Harper was allowed to go on with the ball. Harper himself stopped when he had got 10 yards clear, but the referee, seeing there had been no infringement, waved him on, and with plenty of time at his disposal he gave the helpless Dexter no chance of saving a tremendous drive.

Nottingham Forest for a few minutes seemed dismayed by their ill fortune, and O'Callaghan, with a fine long shot which hit the cross-bar, nearly put Tottenham further ahead. Then the visitors recovered and Spiers had to make an amazing save with one hand to stop a hard shot from Dent. A moment later he had to make a similar save from Scott. Nottingham Forest would not be denied, and when a weak attempt to clear by Messer sent the ball to Simpson, the outside-left made no mistake in placing the ball out of Spiers' reach into the corner of the net.

The teams were:—

TOTTENHAM HOTSPUR.—Spiers, goal; Lyons and Hodgkinson, backs; Skitt, Messer, and Meads, half-backs; Davies, O'Callaghan, Harper, Smy, and Dimmock, forwards.

NOTTINGHAM FOREST.—Dexter, goal; Thompson and Barrington, backs; McKinlay, Graham, and Farmer, half-backs; Scott, Stocks, Dent, Loftus, and Simpson, forwards.

LEAGUE NOTES

Arsenal suffered their first defeat of the season on Saturday, and Aston Villa, by drawing their match at Sunderland, profited by the occasion to draw level with them on points. The result was not altogether surprising, for the Arsenal's run of successes has been gained at the expense of the weaker clubs, and Derby County are undoubtedly a strong side. It will now remain to be seen whether the Arsenal's triumphs have given them the confidence to keep near the top of the table. They will undoubtedly be hard pressed not only by Aston Villa and Derby County, but by Leicester City and Sheffield Wednesday, both of whom won finely on Saturday, the Champions at Liverpool.

Another good victory was that of Portsmouth at Manchester against the City team. At the same time Manchester United went still farther down the hill, and they have not had a single success—not even a drawn game in the 10 they have played. The total of 43 goals scored against them seems to point to a weak defence, and the meagre 12 scored by the forwards does not indicate an attack that is any stronger so as to relieve their hard-pressed backs and goal. Chelsea gained a well-earned and creditable point at Huddersfield, and that result should give the side the necessary confidence in themselves and in one another to go on to even better things. Such a powerful side as Chelsea will do better when the team settles down to true and effective combination and each man learns his fitting place. It is unfortunate that Gallagher, the Scottish centre-forward, should have been absent at this time, but his return next Saturday, for his injuries are not so serious as at first thought, should help the side greatly, though there may be a problem for the committee to decide who is to be left out.

Everton could only draw their match at Barnsley, but Preston North End beat Oldham Athletic and thus come up equal with them on points. Both teams have exactly the same record, except that Everton have scored four fewer goals and given away four less, so that they are pretty well matched, to judge by the figures. West Bromwich Albion won finely against Wolverhampton Wanderers and are not far behind, while Tottenham Hotspur's victory over Nottingham Forest has brought them into the fourth place. It is good to find clubs with such fine records from the past doing so well early in the season. It may be that the competition will develop into a struggle among them for return to the First Division. Both Hury and Burnley, who also have been recently in the highest class, stand just below Tottenham Hotspur.

Notts County are now the only unbeaten team in the English League. Five goals was their toll on Saturday against Clapton Orient, and they are now in a strong position indeed with a fine total of goals scored, though Northampton Town, who are second, have given away fewer in 10 matches—only five—which says much for their defence, but the forwards have gained only 14, which rather offsets some of that merit.

There was a strenuous battle for the Glasgow Cup between those old rivals Celtic and Rangers, and McGrory's two goals for Celtic gave them the victory. Rangers appear to have passed their best days and they have none too good a record in the League this season. Motherwell, who remain unbeaten in the competition, Cowdenbeath, Partick Thistle, and Celtic all stand on level terms with them.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

LONDON CHALLENGE CUP—*First Round*

BRENTFORD.—Brentford v. Wimbledon (3.30).

HORNCHURCH.—Arsenal v. Clapton Orient (3.30).

TRAMER DITTON.—Metropolitan Police v. Millwall (3.30).

SHEPHERD'S BUSH.—Crystal Palace v. Walthamstow Avenue (3.15).

WHITE HART-LANE.—Tottenham Hotspur v. Charlton Athletic (3.30).

OTHER MATCHES

OXFORD.—University Seniors' Match.

SATURDAY'S LACROSSE RESULTS

SENIOR LEAGUE

	Goals		Goals
CATFORD	9	*BUCKHURST HILL	5
HAMPSTEAD	8	*LEE	6
*SURBITON	15	WILLOUGHBY	4

JUNIOR LEAGUE

BUCKHURST HILL II.	13	*CATFORD II.	1

CLUB MATCHES

*OLD DUNSTONIANS	7	WALLINGTON	5
*PURLEY	3	LEICESTER	2
*HAMPSTEAD II.	11	LEE II.	7
		WILLOUGHBY II. AND	
*PURLEY II.	7	SURBITON II.	4

WESTERN CENTRE

*WILLS	13	KEYNSHAM	2
*CLIFTON SOUTH	11	CLIFTON NORTH	6
*OLD FAIRFIELDIANS	5	KING'S WESTON	9

* Home team.

CORINTHIANS' FIRST MATCH

A NARROW DEFEAT AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE

The Southern Amateur League beat the Corinthians at the Crystal Palace on Saturday by four goals to three, after once having lost a lead of three goals.

The Corinthians had six of the team that was chosen to represent them in the F.A. Cup last season, and one of them, K. E. Hegan, was making his first public appearance since being injured in the second match against Millwall. He was not quite the Hegan of old, but he did enough to suggest that he will be back in his usual good form after a little more practice. Another player to reappear after a serious injury was M. B. S. Bower, who broke a leg before the University match, and he seemed to have suffered, perhaps not unnaturally, more than Hegan. His kicking was erratic, and as his partner, C. J. Hills, was fully occupied trying to look after the League's right wing, the Corinthians' defence was rather shaky. The half-backs and forwards started shakily, but they combined better as the game went on, and F. N. S. Creek, who was the only forward ever to look like scoring, was rewarded for his persistence with two goals.

The Southern Amateur League team went on to the field knowing that they had everything to gain and very little to lose, and this, together with the fact that they had been playing competitive football for their respective clubs for some weeks, was probably why they played harder and were so much quicker on the ball than their opponents. R. Schofield made some good saves in goal, and he had in front of him a pair of backs who played with the utmost steadiness. G. H. Abbott was rather the better of the two, and it was only justice that his side should score the winning goal after he had given the Corinthians their equalizing goal through a faulty pass back to the goalkeeper.

The Corinthians, with the sun at their backs, nearly scored in the first few minutes when Hegan drew Schofield out of his goal, dribbled past him, and shot towards an empty net. Enright, however, got back in time to kick the ball from under the bar. The League scored soon afterwards. Sugden, taking the ball from a throw-in, hit the post with a cross shot, and N. H. Barber beat H. M. Garland-Wells from close range. The Corinthians replied with a strong attack, during which J. R. Turnbull and Abbott each charged down a dangerous shot, A. G. Doggart hit the post from about five yards out, and Creek twice shot inches wide. In the middle of this onslaught Richards, who had previously threatened danger on the left, slipped away and centred. The ball went out to Punnett, who put it back in the centre for Sugden to hook it cleverly over the goalkeeper's head. Just before the interval Barber took a pass from Punnett and put his side three goals ahead from a very acute angle, Garland-Wells making a somewhat feeble effort to save, and Creek scored for the Corinthians from a pass by Hegan. The League had the better of the play at the beginning of the second half, but Creek scored again after 15 minutes, and then Abbott made his unfortunate mistake to level the scores. Sugden missed a great chance of putting the League ahead again before Bower conceded a corner five minutes from the end, and Woodbridge headed the winning goal from Richards's kick.

The teams were:—

CORINTHIANS.—H. M. Garland-Wells, goal; M. B. S. Bower and C. J. Hills, backs; A. T. Barber, W. H. Wherrell, and H. Rew, half-backs; R. W. V. Robins, C. G. Toppin, F. N. S. Creek, A. G. Doggart, and K. E. Hegan, forwards.

SOUTHERN AMATEUR LEAGUE.—R. Schofield (Carshalton), goal; A. J. Turnbull (Bank of England) and G. H. Abbott (Barclays Bank), backs; A. W. Mander (Midland Bank), E. S. Woodbridge (Old Lyonians), and J. Enright (Civil Service), half-backs; E. Punnett (Barclays Bank), R. F. Barton (Midland Bank), D. Sugden (Midland Bank), D. L. Schofield (Midland Bank), and R. R. Richards (Westminster Bank), forwards.

HIGHGATE v. OLD WESTMINSTERS

The Old Westminsters beat Highgate School at Highgate on Saturday by eight goals to one. Cooper (6), Wingate, and Andrews scored for the visitors and Mahmood for the School. The teams were:—

HIGHGATE.—E. F. Borrill, goal; E. M. F. Jones and D. C. N. Barlow, backs; G. L. Randall, D. N. Broad, and G. L. Weaver, half-backs; T. H. Whitaker, G. E. Simonds, S. E. Mahmood, D. F. Bull, and A. Hatcher, forwards.

OLD WESTMINSTERS.—A. Clare, goal; J. A. Cook and G. R. Kelly, backs; C. Ryland, F. F. Wingate, and F. E. Rattenbacher, half-backs; P. F. Andrews, A. Smith, K. H. L. Cooper, the Hon. J. W. M. Aitken, and G. M. E. Paulson, forwards.

WESTMINSTER v. ARMY CRUSADERS

The Army Crusaders beat Westminster School at Vincent-square on Saturday by six goals to two. Briggs (2), Rampling (2), Masters, and Lloyd scored for the Crusaders, and Milne and Argyle for the School. The teams were:—

WESTMINSTER SCHOOL.—J. E. K. Myers, goal; J. R. Thom and M. H. Matthews, backs; L. P. R. Bingham, C. G. Lonsdale, and G. S. Later, half-backs; C. D. Milne, I. K. Munro, J. D. Argyle (captain), M. Broadhurst, and J. G. Byrne, forwards.

ARMY CRUSADERS.—N. Stevenson, goal; R. O'Callaghan and W. M. Cooper, backs; A. C. Goodwin, J. J. McCulley, and F. Atkins, half-backs; A. O. Robinson, J. Lloyd, W. Masters, T. Briggs, and G. Rampling, forwards.

AMATEUR RESULTS

F.A. AMATEUR CUP—QUALIFYING COMPETITION—

FIRST ROUND

	Goals		Goals
*CHELMSFORD	1	BRENTWOOD AND WARLEY	0
*IPSWICH TOWN	3	BOULTON AND PAUL (NORWICH)	0
ROMFORD	2	*DAGENHAM TOWN	1
BRANTHAM ATHLETIC	6	*WALTHAMSTOW GRANGE	4
GRAYS ATHLETIC	3	*BRENTWOOD MENTAL HOSPITAL	1
*FOOTS CRAY	2	ESSEX AND HERTS	1
WOOLWICH POLYTECHNIC	4	*CALEDONIAN ATHLETIC	2
*R.N. DEPOT (CHATHAM)	4	CATFORD WANDERERS	2
*BECKENHAM	2	U.G.B.M. SPORTS	0
1ST SHERWOOD FORESTERS (SOUTHWELL PARK)	4	*STANDARD TELEPHONES (WOOLWICH)	3
*SUTTON UNITED	4	WALLINGTON	2
*CARSHALTON ATHLETIC	3	TOOTING TOWN	2
*EPSOM TOWN	3	WEST NORWOOD	2
*DORKING	3	REDHILL	2
	(After extra time)		
*REDDINGTON CORNER	4	LEYLAND MOTORS	0
*MITCHAM WANDERERS	7	WANDSWORTH	1
HOUNSLOW	4	*UXBRIDGE TOWN	1
*CIVIL SERVICE	5	OLD LATYMERIANS	0
HAYES	7	*HENDON TOWN	2
*STAINES TOWN	2	LYONS (SUDBURY)	1
*OLD LYONIANS	3	POLYTECHNIC	2
*LEAVESDEN MENTAL HOSPITAL	3	APSLEY	1
*CHESHAM UNITED	6	LEAGRAVE AND DISTRICT	0
*BERKHAMSTED TOWN	8	WALGRAVE AMBER	2
*AYLESBURY UNITED	3	LEIGHTON UNITED	1
SLOUGH	3	*ABINGDON TOWN	2
*WINDSOR AND ETON	4	WITNEY TOWN	1
	(After extra time)		
*OXFORD CITY	3	BICESTER TOWN	1
*TILBURY	3	CUMTON HOUSE	0
*MARLOW	9	BANBURY HARRIERS	0
*HAYWARDS SPORTS (ENFIELD)	9	WELWYN GARDEN CITY	1
*CRESHUNT	4	HODDESDON TOWN	1
WARE	4	*OLD JOHNIANS	1
CHITTALLS ATHLETIC	5	*COLCHESTER TOWN	4
BISHOPS STORTFORD	2	*HERTFORD TOWN	2
*HITCHIN TOWN	2	WOOD GREEN TOWN	0
*TURNHILL PARK	8	WALTHAM COMRADES	0
*GODALMING	1	K.O.Y.L.I.	1
MAIDENHEAD UNITED	3	*COWLEY	0
*CAMBERLEY AND YORK-TOWN	4	ADDLESTONE	3
R.A.M.C. (ALDERSHOT)	7	*HERSHAM	0
*EGHAM	2	1ST BATTN., BORDER REGIMENT	1
*EASTBOURNE	6	EAST GRINSTEAD	3
ISTHMIAN LEAGUE			
WIMBLEDON	2	*KINGSTONIAN	1
*DULWICH HAMLET	2	NUNHEAD	2
*ILFORD	4	*LEATHER	3
*LEYTONSTONE	3	LONDON CALEDONIANS	1
WYCOMBE WANDERERS	1	*WOKING	0
THE CASUALS	5	*ST. ALBANS CITY	4
ATHENIAN LEAGUE			
BARNET	5	*HAMPSTEAD	1
*LEYTON	4	BECKENHAM	1
*ENFIELD	2	BARKING TOWN	1
*WALTHAMSTOW AVENUE	4	SOUTHALL	1
LONDON LEAGUE			
PREMIER DIVISION			
*FINCHLEY	1	WHYTELEAFE ALBION	1
SECOND DIVISION			
CHELMSFORD	2	*ROMFORD	1
*PARK ROYAL	6	MITCHAM WANDERERS	1
*STANDARD TELEPHONES	3	EPSOM TOWN	1
SOUTHERN AMATEUR LEAGUE			
CAMBRIDGE TOWN	4	*CARSHALTON	2
*WESTMINSTER BANK	1	MERTON	1
		* Home team.	

SCHOOL MATCHES

*CHARTERHOUSE	8	H.A.C.	2
HANDSWORTH OLD BOYS	2	*MALVERN COLLEGE	0
ARMY CRUSADERS	6	*WESTMINSTER SCHOOL	2
*REPTON SCHOOL	4	LIVERPOOL RANGERS	2
*BRADFIELD COLLEGE	5	OLD REPTONIANS	1
CASUALS	6	*LANCING COLLEGE	2
OLD WESTMINSTERS	8	*HIGHGATE SCHOOL	1
I. R. RICHMOND'S XI.	9	*WELLINGBOROUGH SCHOOL	2
*CHISWELL SCHOOL	11	OLD CHOLMELEIANS A	2
OLD WYKEHAMISTS	4	*BRENTWOOD SCHOOL	0
TOC H	7	*ALLEYN'S SCHOOL	2

Mr. James Philip, a director of the Aberdeen Football Club, and one of the best known Scottish football legislators, died on Saturday.

Riding a tandem tricycle from London to Worthing and back yesterday, W. F. Gibson and J. W. Dougal (Marlboro' A.C.) covered the distance of 115 miles in 6hrs. 11min. 1sec., and so established a record.

RESULTS AND TABLES

LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP

	Goals		Goals
*BIRMINGHAM (Curtis)	1	BLACKPOOL (Hampson)	1
*BOLTON WANDERERS (Cook, Nuttall, Blackmore 2)	4	GRIMSBY TOWN (Coleman 2)	2
*DERBY COUNTY (Stephenson 2, Bedford, Bowers)	4	ARSENAL (Bastin, Roberts)	2
*HUDDERSFIELD TOWN (Davies)	1	CHELSEA (Russell)	1
*LEICESTER CITY (Hine 3, Chandler)	4	LEEDS UNITED	0
*MIDDLESBROUGH (McKay, Pease, Carrodus)	3	NEWCASTLE UNITED (Cape)	1
PORTSMOUTH (Easson, Cook, Weddle)	3	*MANCHESTER CITY (Marshall)	1
*SHEFFIELD UNITED (Pickering)	1	BLACKBURN ROVERS (Bourton)	1
SHEFFIELD WEDNESDAY (Ball, Hooper)	2	*LIVERPOOL (Hodgson)	1
*SUNDERLAND (Leonard)	1	ASTON VILLA (Houghton)	1
*WEST HAM UNITED (Ruffell, Gibbins 3, Bazzett)	5	MANCHESTER UNITED (Reid)	1

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	A.	Pts.
Aston Villa	10	7	2	1	29	13	16
Arsenal	10	7	2	1	21	16	16
Derby County	10	5	4	1	21	12	14
Leicester City	10	6	2	2	24	15	14
Sheffield Wednesday	10	5	4	1	16	11	14
Huddersfield Town	10	5	3	2	25	17	13
Portsmouth	10	4	4	2	20	18	12
Middlesbrough	10	4	3	3	21	20	11
Sheffield United	10	2	6	2	19	17	10
Newcastle United	10	4	2	4	21	20	10
West Ham United	10	4	2	4	26	25	10
Blackpool	10	4	2	4	26	33	10
Chelsea	10	3	3	4	15	13	9
Liverpool	10	4	1	5	21	24	9
Birmingham	10	2	5	3	16	17	9
Blackburn Rovers	10	3	2	5	20	18	8
Grimsby Town	10	3	1	6	15	16	7
Leeds United	10	3	1	6	20	28	7
Bolton Wanderers	9	3	1	5	14	21	7
Manchester City	10	2	2	6	16	25	6
Sunderland	10	1	4	5	16	26	6
Manchester United	10	0	0	10	12	43	0

SECOND DIVISION

*BARNSLEY (Curran)	1	EVERTON (Johnson)	1
*BRADFORD CITY (Moore)	1	PLYMOUTH ARGYLE	0
*BURTON CITY (Elliott)	1	CARDIFF CITY	0
*BURNLEY (Drinan, Frost)	2	MILLWALL (Cock)	1
*CHARLTON ATHLETIC (Lenney, Horton, Whitlow)	3	BURY (Robbie, Smith)	2
*PORT VALE (Jennings, Griffiths)	2	SWANSEA TOWN	0
*PRESTON NORTH END (Reid)	1	OLDHAM ATHLETIC	0
*READING (Featherby, Eaton, Davies)	3	BRADFORD	0
*SOUTHAMPTON (Cumming, Crates)	2	STOKE CITY (Mawson)	1
*TOTTENHAM HOTSPUR (O'Callaghan, Harper)	2	NOTTINGHAM FOREST (Simpson)	1
*WEST BROMWICH ALBION (Carter, Cookson)	2	WOLVERHAMPTON WANDERERS (Lowton)	1

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	A.	Pts.
Everton	10	7	2	1	28	12	16
Preston North End	10	7	2	1	32	16	16
West Bromwich Albion	10	6	2	2	24	13	14
Tottenham Hotspur	10	6	1	3	29	14	13
Burv	10	6	1	3	25	15	13
Barnsley	10	5	3	2	28	23	13
Wolverhampton Wanderers	10	6	0	4	28	20	12
Southampton	10	4	4	2	12	13	12
Port Vale	10	5	1	4	24	17	11
Oldham Athletic	10	5	0	5	14	18	10
Charlton Athletic	10	4	2	4	17	22	10
Bristol City	10	4	2	4	13	19	10
Swansea Town	10	3	3	4	13	18	9
Nottingham Forest	10	3	2	5	22	25	8
Bradford City	10	3	2	5	15	17	8
Stoke City	10	3	2	5	15	21	8
Barnsley	9	3	2	4	9	16	8
Plymouth Argyle	10	3	1	6	14	17	7
Bradford	10	2	3	5	19	25	7
Cardiff City	11	2	2	7	15	24	6
Reading	10	2	2	6	7	18	6
Millwall	10	2	0	8	19	26	4

THIRD DIVISION (SOUTHERN SECTION)

*BOURNEMOUTH AND BOSCOMBE ATHLETIC (Bedwick, Eyre, Scott, Whitehouse)	4	NORWICH CITY (Williams)	1
BRENTFORD (Lane, J. Hill (own goal), Lane, W.)	2	*TORQUAY UNITED	0
*BRIGHTON AND HOVE ALBION (Nibbi)	1	CRYSTAL PALACE (Clarke)	1
*EXETER CITY (Doncaster)	1	SOUTHEND UNITED (Barnett)	1
*FULHAM (Temple 2, Hammond, Arter, Penn)	5	WALSALL (Hellwell, Cooper)	2
*GILLINGHAM (Death, Lozaby 2, Bethell)	4	LUTON TOWN	0
*NEWPORT COUNTY (Bertolini)	1	BRISTOL ROVERS (Dix)	1
NORTHAMPTON TOWN (Dawes)	1	*COVENTRY CITY	0
*NORTH COUNTY (Keetley 2, Fenner 3)	5	CLAPTON ORIENT	0
*SWINDON TOWN (Richardson, Whips, Mumlings, Jones)	4	QUEEN'S PARK RANGERS (Coward)	1
*WATFORD (Barnett)	1	THAMES	0

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	A.	Pts.
Notts County	11	9	2	0	33	7	20
Northampton Town	10	6	3	1	14	5	15
Torquay United	11	6	2	3	28	19	14
Brentford	11	5	4	2	21	18	14
Fulham	10	5	4	1	20	13	14
Swindon Town	11	6	0	5	23	19	12
Crystal Palace	10	4	3	3	28	18	11
Coventry City	10	4	3	3	21	14	11
Gillingham	10	4	3	3	21	14	11
Southend United	10	4	2	4	21	19	10
Bournemouth and Boscombe Athletic	10	3	4	3	16	15	10
Brighton and Hove Albion	11	3	4	4	15	18	10
Watford	11	4	2	4	13	17	10
Bristol Rovers	11	3	4	4	17	22	10
Queen's Park Rangers	10	4	1	5	18	15	9
Luton Town	11	4	1	5	14	24	9
Clapton Orient	10	3	2	5	17	23	8
Exeter City	11	2	4	5	15	22	8
Walsall	10	3	2	5	16	27	7
Norwich City	10	1	4	5	10	21	6
Newport County	10	2	1	7	11	26	5
Thames	10	2	1	7	10	25	5

NORTHERN SECTION

CHESTERFIELD (Schofield, Baldwin 2)	3	*ACCRINGTON STANLEY (Whyte)	1
*CREWE ALEXANDRA (French 2, Small, Owen 2)	5	YORK CITY (Fenoughty)	1
*DONCASTER ROVERS (Bott 2)	2	NELSON	0
*GATESHEAD (Barkas)	1	DARLINGTON (Vine)	1
*HULL CITY	6	WIGAN BOROUGH	0
*LINCOLN CITY (Dinsdale)	3	HARTLEPOOLS UNITED	0
TRANMERE ROVERS (Watts, Kennedy J., Dixon)	3	*NEW BRIGHTON (Waites)	1

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

GOLF

SCHOOL FOURSOMES AT CAMBERLEY

The Public Schools Scratch Foursomes Tournament was played at Camberley Heath on Saturday and resulted in a victory for the Eton pair, O. C. Bristowe and G. D. Hannay, by the narrowest of margins from Harrow, G. Henriques and R. Straker. The winners' score over 36 holes was two up and they had been one down in the morning. Harrow also returned a three up in the afternoon.

This meeting is always delightful, and on Saturday it was particularly so, for the weather was glorious, with just enough wind to make the golf interesting, and the course was in the most perfect condition imaginable. The greens were of a seaside keenness, as true as a billiard table, and the fairways, which, in other days, were apt to be a little bare and stony, were covered with a fine sole of grass, not lush but sufficient to make the ball lie invitingly. Apart from this the country was at its most beautiful, and the view at sunset over the Flats and towards Wellington was worth travelling a long way to see. There are very few finer inland greens than Camberley, and a round there will produce about every variety of stroke known to the game. Further, several of the approaches invite the all too seldom seen running approach shot, and the ground is good enough to allow of its being made with certainty.

As a broad rule it may be said that any strokes that are to be picked up must be picked up in the first nine holes in which there are four holes within reach for which five strokes are allowed. Coming home it is steady pegging away, and the strokes have an awkward habit of dropping. In the morning the best score returned was the one up of Uppingham (H. R. Beauchamp and A. B. Coote). This pair played very steadily, halving six holes going out, winning the fourth in a fine 3, and, after making a sad mess of the short eighth, one of the most exacting of long-iron shots, recovered well by winning the long ninth in 4. Coming home they won the 10th in 4, could only halve that alarming one-shot 11th in the four strokes allowed, and thereafter halved every hole to the 18th, where they failed to get their 4 for a half. In the afternoon they did not maintain their excellence, and finished three down, which made them equal third with Winchester (Captain A. H. Hornby and Lieutenant-Colonel G. Clark), who were one down on each round, very steady going.

The winners on the day are a combination that has been so well tried that they have the most perfect understanding of one another's play, and the most sublime confidence each in the other. In the morning, however, they did not seem set for a good score, for after sundry vicissitudes and some loose shots, they were two down with four to play. At the 15th Bristowe half-topped his drive, but Hannay played the most superb high iron shot from the crest of the hill right on to the small green. Alas, they failed to get down in two more, and that was three down. At the 16th Hannay cut his tee shot into a bunker, whence his partner magnificently put him on to the green, and that was a brand saved from the burning. They got a fine 4 at the 17th against the wind, and then Bristowe put his pitch right up against the pin at the 18th, and that was another hole regained. After luncheon theirs was an almost blameless progress, except that Hannay had to hole a longish putt for 4 at the long third and one very much longer for a half at the seventh. They failed to get down in 2 after a fine tee shot by Bristowe to the 11th, and took six to the 13th, but thereafter played perfectly until their second to the home hole went into a bunker and they lost the hole. They were round actually in 73 strokes, which is a very fine performance in a Foursome, and they deserve every congratulation on their achievement.

The leading returns were:—

OLD ETONIANS (O. C. Bristowe and G. D. Hannay), 1 down + 3 up = 2 up.

OLD HARROVIANS (G. Henriques and R. Straker), 2 down + 3 up = 1 up.

OLD WYKEHAMISTS (Captain A. H. Hornby and Lieutenant-Colonel G. Clark), 1 down + 1 down = 2 downs.

OLD UPPINGHAMIANS (H. R. Beauchamp and A. B. Coote), 1 up + 3 down = 2 downs.

OLD CLIFTONIANS (C. Risdk and A. Barclay Bryant), 1 down + 2 down = 3 down.

OLD FELSTEDIANS (R. G. Chittenden and H. M. A. Ward), 2 down + 2 down = 4 down.

FOUNDERS' FOURSOMES AT SUNNINGDALE

The Foursomes Tournament for the Founders' Cups was begun at Sunningdale and was continued yesterday, when the second and third rounds were played. Yesterday in the second round there were many close matches, five finishing on the home green and one at the 20th hole. The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Gloucester played together, but were beaten in the second round, having drawn a bye in the first, by F. M. M. Carlisle and K. G. Murray, who had to give them four strokes. One of the strongest pairs left in are D. H. Kyle and Captain G. Hawkins, and they put up an astonishing performance in the first round against Arnold Read and C. H. Mearns. After none too good a start they found themselves several holes down with six holes played, but they then produced such a devastating series of 3's that they won the match on the 15th green. Their figures from the seventh to the 15th deserve to be given. Here they are:—3, 3, 3, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2.

The results were:

FIRST ROUND

G. A. R. Kon and A. Webb (5), A. G. Bayes and Colonel J. W. Clark (5), W. R. Berry and C. M. Buckley (3), and C. L. Ballieu and J. G. Brockbank (10), byes.
F. P. Watson and B. Burton (8) beat P. Q. Bate and G. C. Chesells (4) by 1 hole.
T. A. Roberts and W. St. Q. Long (12) beat R. P. Veach and C. D. Wilson (4) by 4 and 3.
W. D. Robinson and Sir T. Barnes (3) w.o.; Major S. E. Thompson and Sir Frederick Smith (+1) scratched.
Sir R. MacLean and W. R. P. Thursfield (9) beat Colonel H. E. Rowley and P. Lindley (10) by 2 and 1.
A. Turquand-Young and A. M. Burberry (9) w.o.; F. D. Sanger and R. V. Simson (12) scratched.
E. W. Hartley and R. H. Cobbold (1) beat R. P. Needham and F. C. Bull (7) by 3 and 2.
Sir Gordon Campbell and the Hon. J. Borthwick (8) beat W. Johnston and W. L. Mason (6) by 3 and 2.
C. W. Irving and A. Ritchie (6) beat Lord Chesham and T. G. Fergusson (8) by 3 and 1.
H. G. G. Henriques and P. R. Callard (5) w.o.; R. O. McMurtry and W. D. Hooper (16) scratched.
E. N. Clifton and R. W. Nicolson (5) beat R. C. Brooks and H. Tabor Brooks (11) at the 19th hole.
C. H. Pillman and F. L. Stone (scratch) beat H. Russell and Maj. H. Ashfield (5) by 7 holes.
E. Young and C. Martyn (7) beat H. H. Wightwick and Brigadier-General R. Haig (7) by 2 holes.
N. Moore and H. Llewelyn (7) beat C. K. Rose and N. Anderson (13) by 7 and 5.
W. Harris and S. Ovington (14) beat E. F. Cecil and P. Laidlay (6) by 4 and 3.
Chandler R. C. Brayden and R. W. A. Speed (1) beat C. E. Sykes and W. Copping (13) by 6 and 5.
R. R. Boyd and A. G. Vlasto (4) beat C. J. Hemingway and A. A. Edward (6) by 2 and 1.
P. Adlard and R. E. Taylor (1) beat L. S. Falk and P. Mitchell (11) by 3 and 2.
Captain G. Hawkins and D. H. Kyle (scratch) beat A. H. Read and C. H. Mearns (6) by 4 and 3.
V. C. Stratton and J. H. Mansfield (7) beat H. C. Hadderwick and F. C. O. Valentine (11) by 5 and 4.
E. K. Morrison and H. A. Blair (7) w.o.; R. S. Cocken and C. A. Cocken (7) scratched.
E. B. H. Blackwell and Sidney Moore (9) beat C. D. Gray and J. I. Paine (plus 1) by two holes.
A. F. Edgecombe and J. Michie (4) beat L. R. Govett and N. Hamilton Smith (6) by 2 and 1.
W. E. Bayley and E. M. Worsley beat R. W. Howett and C. J. Burnup (5) by 3 and 2.
R. H. de Montmorency and S. A. Baker (1) beat A. B. Croft and J. C. W. MacBryan (4) by 5 and 4.
K. G. Murray and Captain F. M. M. Carlisle (5), the Prince of Wales and the Duke of York (11), A. W. Bebute and D. Tomalin Walter (6), and Colonel A. Christie and F. R. Govett (5), byes.

SECOND ROUND

Raven and Clark beat Kon and Webb by one hole.
Berry and Buckley beat Ballieu and Brockbank by 6 and 5.
Roberts and Long beat Watson and Burton by 4 and 3.
Mackeson and Thursfield beat Robinson and Barnes by 2 and 1.
Turquand-Young and Burberry beat Hartley and Cobbold by 2 and 1.
Campbell and Borthwick beat Irving and Ritchie by 4 and 3.
Clifton and Nicolson beat Henriques and Callard by 6 and 5.
Pillman and Stone beat Young and Martyn by 3 and 2.
Harris and Ovington beat Moore and Llewelyn by one hole.
Bayldon and Speed beat Boyd and Vlasto by one hole.
Hawkins and Kyle beat Ashfil and Taylor at the 20th hole.
Stratton and Mansfield beat Morrison and Blair by one hole.
Edgecombe and Michie beat Blackwell and Moore by one hole.
Bayley and Worsley beat De Montmorency and Baker by one hole.
Murray and Carlisle beat the Prince of Wales and the Duke of York by 6 and 5.
Christie and Govett beat Schute and Walter by 6 and 4.

THIRD ROUND

Raven and Clark beat Berry and Buckley by 2 and 1.
Mackeson and Thursfield beat Roberts and Long by 3 and 2.
Turquand-Young and Burberry beat Campbell and Borthwick by 5 and 3.
Clifton and Nicolson beat Pillman and Stone by one hole.
Bertdon and Speed beat Harris and Ovington by 5 and 4.
Hawkins and Kyle beat Stratton and Mansfield by 3 and 1.
Edgecombe and Michie beat Bayley and Worsley by 4 and 2.
Christie and Govett beat Murray and Carlisle by two holes.

MITCHELL v. LACEY

HALVED MATCH AT SELSDON PARK

A. J. Lacey and Abe Mitchell met in a 36 holes Challenge match at Selsdon Park on Saturday which ended all square on the day's play after Lacey had led by three holes in the morning. When the two met in the recent £1,040 tournament, Mitchell won by 4 and 3, but he played astonishing golf on that occasion. Lacey owed much of his success on Saturday to the excellence of his putting, taking only 28 in the morning and only 32 afterwards, an aggregate for the 36 holes of 12 under 2's. Mitchell from the time he lost the first hole in the morning did not get square until the 36th.

Lacey gained a flying start by winning the first two holes, and though he lost the third he became two up again when Mitchell, half stymieing himself, took four putts at the fourth. Lacey missed a putt of 4ft. for a half—his only mistake on the greens—at the fifth, but he kept his lead of one hole until the 11th, where he became two up again. At the 14th Lacey holed from six yards for a win to be three up, and on the next green, after Mitchell had got down from 20ft. for a 2, Lacey put in a putt of 10ft. for a half. Lacey was bunkered at the 17th and failed to get out at the first attempt, but the hole lost there was regained at the 18th, where he played a beautiful second shot to within 2ft. of the pin for a 3.

In the afternoon it was Mitchell who won the first two holes, and had he hit his putt from just off the green at the third he might have won that too, and, eventually, the match. This escape, however, allowed Lacey to win that hole, and even play followed to the ninth which provided the first half of the second round. Lacey was one up when turning for home, and four more halves came before he increased his lead by winning the 14th, where Mitchell failed to get up in two. At the 15th, however, Mitchell, as in the morning, holed from 20ft. for a 2. Lacey failed to repeat his morning performance, and was only one up. He appeared likely to win until, from the 18th tee, he pushed out his drive, failed to recover with his second, and was still short in 3. Mitchell played the hole well to win it and square the match. Lacey's approximate scores were 72 and 74; those of Mitchell 77 and 70.

CLUB COMPETITIONS

(Figures in parentheses after club indicate scratch score)

BARNEHURST (71).—Monthly Bogey.—Captain C. B. Robertson (10), 2 up.

BEACONSFIELD (77).—Monthly Bogey.—First Division.—W. H. Hutton (4), 2 down; T. H. Sheepshanks (6), 2 down; J. W. Seale (10), 2 down. Second Division.—Dr. F. Thompson (14), 7 down.

BERKHAMSTED (76).—Monthly Bogey.—H. Rance (scratch), 1 down.

BROKENHURST MANOR (72).—Medal Competition.—R. Williams Freeman, 77 – 4 = 73. Ladies' Open Meeting.—Medal.—Division 1.—Miss Pinckney, 85 – 12 = 73. Division II.—Miss Baker, 93 – 25 = 68. Bogey Foursomes.—Miss Rymer and Miss Wright, 1 up. Second Medal.—Division 1.—Miss F. Wade, 88 – 8 = 80. Division II.—Mrs. Blakeden, 93 – 16 = 77; Mrs. Bell, 96 – 19 = 77. Mixed Foursomes.—Mrs. Beard and J. Sandham, 2 down. Mrs. Myers Scratch Cup (36 holes).—Mrs. Hunt, 86 + 84 = 170.

BROMLEY AND BICKLEY (75).—Gold Medal.—Senior.—G. Paton, 76 – 9 = 67. Junior.—L. C. Armstrong, 79 – 10 = 69.

BURNHAM BEECHES (76).—Monthly Medal.—G. C. Stedham, 86 – 16 = 70.

CHIGWELL (77).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—W. P. Nairn (scratch), 4 up. Junior.—E. E. Grayston (15), 1 up.

COOMBE HILL (76).—Weekly Competition.—Bogey.—R. B. Foster (scratch), 2 down.

CROWBOROUGH BEACON (75).—Monthly Bogey.—I. S. R. Bruce (7), 1 down; J. H. H. Whitty (13), 2 down.

CUDDINGTON (76).—Monthly Medal.—S. A. Letts, 87 – 10 = 77, and Dr. R. G. Dainty, 86 – 9 = 77, tied.

DORSET (74).—Monthly Medal.—V. H. Pearson, 79 – 8 = 71; Colonel A. H. Roberts, 83 – 7 = 76; E. G. Allen, 81 – 4 = 77.

ELTHAM WARREN (75).—Gold Medal.—A. P. Day, 79 – 1 = 78.

ENFIELD (74).—Monthly Medal.—M. H. Hawkins, 86 – 10 = 76. Final Gold Medal.—A. Ricketts, 169 – 16 = 153. Final Silver Medal.—V. Saunders, 185 – 32 = 153.

FLACKWELL HEATH (73).—Final Medal.—R. Jenkins, 73 – 2 = 71; P. J. Birch, 75 – 4 = 71.

FOXGROVE (74).—Cator Cup (36 holes).—R. Robertson (13), 147 net.

GERRARDS CROSS (74).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—A. D. Bates, 92 – 12 = 80. Junior.—F. V. Seymour, 96 – 18 = 78.

GOODWOOD (73).—Monthly Medal.—J. R. Newman, 86 – 12 = 74.

GRIM'S DYKE (71).—Greensome Competition.—C. Robertson and A. V. Strange, 85 – 15 = 70.

HAINAULT FOREST (74).—Eves Trophy.—W. H. Clack, 83 – 11 = 72.

HAMPSTEAD (73).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—P. B. Showan, 78 – 8 = 70. Junior.—R. C. Griffith, 93 – 18 = 75.

HANGER HILL (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. Peel, 71 – 2 = 69; S. C. Toy, 81 – 10 = 71. Junior.—Captain W. J. Dicks, 81 – 16 = 65; E. Blackburn, 86 – 15 = 71.

HINDHEAD (75).—Monthly Bogey.—E. N. M. Murray (4), Commander Bostock Hill (9), and C. C. Trollope (9), tied at all square.

ILFORD (73).—Pryan Foursomes Tournament (36 holes final).—A. A. Holyfield and C. E. Davey beat G. H. Gilchrist and A. Barber, by 1 up.

KINGSWOOD (—).—Monthly Bogey.—R. R. Costain (3), 1 down; R. C. Matthew (18), 2 down.

KNEBWORTH (74).—Monthly Medal.—W. L. Lordan, 80 – 11 = 69.

LANGLEY PARK (77).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—H. Richardson, 3 up. Junior.—F. D. Goodchild, all square.

LEATHERHEAD (75).—Cawley Cup.—K. D. Ballantyne, 87 – 15 = 72. Prentice Gold Medal.—R. E. A. Dash, 75.

LETCHWORTH (72).—Monthly Medal.—W. J. Croker, 82 – 10 = 72.

LITTLEHAMPTON (74).—Monthly Bogey.—A. W. Banner (9), 1 up; E. K. Furneaux (0), 3 down; F. L. Blaxiable (4), 2 down; A. L. Furneaux (9), 3 down; M. H. Armstrong (15), 2 down.

MAIDENHEAD (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—W. D. W. Brooks, 82 – 7 = 75. Junior.—C. M. Walton, 94 – 18 = 76.

MANNINGS HEATH (73).—Open Mixed Foursomes.—F. W. Pocket and Miss J. Horrell, 90 – 12½ = 77½. Scratch Prize.—Major T. B. C. Piggott and Mrs. W. H. Ricardo, 80. First nine holes.—R. B. Cook and Mrs. Cook, 37½. Last nine holes.—R. L. Brown and Miss Bingley, 38½. Bogey Competition.—J. Marshall-Thomson and M. R. Blunt, 2 down.

MUSWELL HILL (75).—Monthly Medal.—Second Class.—J. A. Levay, 83 – 17 = 66.

NEVILL (74).—Monthly Medal.—G. H. Blanksby, 80 – 6 = 74; Colonel E. L. Mackenzie, 95 – 18 = 77.

OLD FOLD MANOR (75).—Monthly Bogey.—F. J. Bolton (2), C. Matkin (11), and T. N. Frizzell (12) tied at 1 up.

OXHEY (78).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—J. McKay, 73 – 1 = 72. Junior.—F. Sinclair, 82 – 11 = 71.

PINNER HILL (—).—Monthly Medal.—J. R. A. Evans, 85 – 7 = 78.

POTTERS BAR (75).—Monthly Medal.—A. Grigw, 90 – 15 = 75.

REDHILL AND REIGATE (72).—Ian Cup (Mixed Foursomes).—Mrs. Makovski and C. H. Middleton tied with Mrs. Avery and H. Budgen at 4 down.

ROEHAMPTON (75).—Monthly Bogey.—J. P. Foot, F. E. Hamp, P. H. Thomson, R. P. Hamp and General W. Evans, tied at all square.

ROMFORD (75).—Scratch Gold Medal.—A. P. Simes, 74.

ROYAL EASTBOURNE (73).—Bogey Competition.—First Division.—O. S. Heald (7) and R. B. Parks (8), tied at 1 down. Second Division.—A. Lace (21), 1 down.

ROYAL MID-SURREY (75).—Vickery Challenge Cup (Long Driving, aggregate of two drives).—R. D. M. Wright, 481yds. 1ft. 4in.

ST. LEONARDS (72).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—W. T. Hunter, 76 – 5 = 71. Junior.—C. Gould, 88 – 15 = 68.

SEAFORD (74).—Monthly Medal.—W. G. Jack, 81 – 6 = 75.

SHANKLIN AND SANDOWN (74).—Medal Competition.—H. Seaview, 84 – 15 = 72.

SHERINGHAM (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—C. Pearse (6), all square. Junior.—R. M. Parker (16), 2 down.

SONNING (77).—Founders' Cup.—R. Kemp-Hall, 84 – 18 = 66.

SOUTH HERTS (75).—Woodside Cup (First Round).—A. S. Harding and P. R. Skinner, tied.

SUDBURY (76).—Ladies' Medal.—Senior.—Mrs. G. L. Clough, 91 – 14 = 77. Junior.—Miss C. G. Banister, 98 – 19 = 79, and Mrs. Nisbet, 99 – 20 = 79, tied.

SUNDRIDGE PARK (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—W. Smith, 81 – 12 = 69. Junior.—T. Howard, 90 – 15 = 75.

TYRRELLS WOOD (75).—Monthly Medal.—E. W. Collett, 80 – 10 = 70.

WANSTEAD (75).—Quarterly Gold Medal.—Senior.—T. H. Herd, 83 – 11 = 72. Junior.—Dr. V. O'Toole, 87 – 16 = 71.

WEST ESSEX (74).—Captain's Bogey.—F. S. Clayton (6) and A. McDonald (18), tied at all square.

WEST HERTS (77).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—E. Boys (6), 1 down; J. Docherty (+1), 3 down; R. Burnett (11), 7 down. Junior.—S. B. Barnes (14), 1 down; C. H. Caldicott (18), 3 down; P. Fisher (15), 7 down.

WEST KENT (77).—Monthly Bogey.—M. M. Brown 1 up; D. D. Greenhough, 2 down; H. Brown, 4 down. Leslie Cooper Scratch Prize.—M. M. Brown and A. Cave, tied at 78.

WOODCOTE PARK (Coulsdon) (76).—Late President's Challenge Cup (36 holes).—Bernard Jones (8), 77 + 72 = 149 net. Scratch Challenge Cup (36 holes).—B. Jones, 85 + 80 = 165.

WOODFORD (74).—Mead Cup.—H. Harris, 77 – 3 = 74, and W. J. Sharples, 84 – 10 = 74, tied. Scratch Prize.—H. Harris, 77.

HONOURABLE COMPANY'S MEETING

The autumn meeting of the Honourable Company of Edinburgh Golfers was held over their links at Muirfield on Saturday, when about 90 players competed for the club scratch gold medal and the Musselburgh scratch medal.

The club medal was won by P. C. Smythe, with the good score of 78, 40 out and 38 home. There was a triple tie for the Musselburgh Medal between F. W. Paulin, R. M. Carnegie, and R. A. Gallie at 80.

Other scores were:—

W. Willis Mackenzie, 81; Ian H. Bowhill, 81; S. G. Rome, 81; J. A. Robertson Durham, 83; F. L. M. Tod, 83; R. M. McLaren, 83; A. E. Considine, 83; F. R. Gibson, 84; and W. Thorburn, 85.

MOOR PARK OPEN MEETING

The Open Amateur meeting at Moor Park on Saturday took the form of a 36 holes competition consisting of one round each of the High and West courses. W. Bradford (Sudbury) (handicap 5) won with a net score of 73 + 76 = 149. L. G. Lambourne (Moor Park) (scratch) was second with 78 + 73 = 151, and also won the scratch prize.

SUFFOLK BEAT NORFOLK

Suffolk beat Norfolk in a match by Foursomes and Singles at Aldeburgh yesterday by eight matches to four on the day's play.

SHOTS AT POLICE OFFICERS

STORY OF EARLY MORNING ARREST

The man who is alleged to have fired a revolver at a police-sergeant and a police-constable in resisting arrest at Lee in the early morning of October 4 was on Saturday committed by the Greenwich magistrate for trial on charges of attempted murder and of being in possession of housebreaking implements at night. The prisoner, ARTHUR JOHN COX, 28, a homeless shoemaker, was stated to have lived formerly at New Cross.

Mr. Vincent Evans, for the Director of Public Prosecutions, stated that at about 3 a.m. on October 4 Miss Burr, of Birch-grove, Lee, was awakened by a noise and saw a light shining into her bedroom from the garden. She noticed also that a window had been opened, and getting up she saw a man disappearing over the garden gate. She telephoned for the police, and Police-sergeant Muggridge drove from Lee-road police-station in a car driven by Police-constable Bertram. On arriving at Birch-grove Cox was seen walking towards Newstead-road. Cox started to run away, but Muggridge followed, and when he got within four or five yards of the accused Cox shouted, "Stand back, or I fire," and the sergeant saw a large revolver in his right hand, while in his other Cox held a small toy pistol of the burglar alarm type. He pointed the revolver at the sergeant and fired at him, but missed. Then he ran into Newstead-road. The sergeant, with commendable courage, followed him, and he ran into the garden of No. 34, where Cox turned on him and fired three more shots. As he tried to get over the dividing wall into No. 36 Muggridge succeeded in hitting him with his truncheon, but did not succeed in stopping him.

Bertram left the car to go to the assistance of Muggridge, and confronted Cox as he was leaving the garden of No. 36. Cox pointed the revolver at him, and he heard the click of the trigger, but there was no explosion, and Cox then dropped the weapon into his right-hand coat pocket. Bertram closed with him, and there was a struggle in which Muggridge joined, and the prisoner was disarmed. When searched at the police-station 13 small blank cartridges were found on him which fitted the small pistol, and he also had an electric torch, a black mask, a pair of kid gloves, and over his boots he was wearing a pair of socks. The revolver was found to contain four empty cartridge-cases and one on which there was an indentation of the pin, which had failed to hit the detonator.

Miss Burr, answering the accused, told him she could not swear he was the man she saw in her garden, as he had his back to her.

Police-constable Harris said that while in the detention room at the police station the defendant, speaking to Bertram and others, said of Muggridge, "That sergeant has got guts! There were five live ones, and I meant them all for him."

Police-sergeant Muggridge said that when he confronted Cox the prisoner shouted, "Stand back, or I fire!" and the witness saw a flash. Cox then ran into the front garden of No. 34, Newstead-road, and, crouching behind a tree, fired three more shots rapidly.

The MAGISTRATE (Mr. Griffith-Jones).—What did you do?

The Sergeant.—I went towards him closer.

He added that after trying to stop Cox with his truncheon he climbed over the garden wall into No. 36, Newstead-road after him. Following him out into the roadway he saw him struggling with Bertram, and assisted to restrain him. The revolver was taken from Cox's jacket pocket by Bertram.

Answering Cox, the witness said the first shot was fired from seven to eight yards range as he was running towards him. To fire, the defendant stopped and turned round, so that he stood with his back to the wall. The other shots were fired from 10 to 15 yards.

Police-constable Bertram said that from the car he saw Muggridge chasing Cox. "He put his hand in his pocket," said the witness, "and I suspected something was going to happen. I ducked my head, and then heard a shot." The witness then joined in the chase, and heard three more shots fired from a front garden in Newstead-road. "Cox came out of the garden, and, seeing me, he raised his arm," added the witness. "I heard a click, and tackled him, and we finished up in the middle of the road. Others came to my assistance, and we held him down. While we were on the ground the accused said to me, 'When I come out my one object will be to kill policemen.'"

Police-sergeant Hudson, 126R, said that Cox told him, "That sergeant is a sticker. He followed me into the garden. I fired point-blank at him, but he stuck me."

On this evidence, Cox, who reserved his defence and asked for legal aid, was committed to the Central Criminal Court for trial.

Both Sergeant Muggridge and Police-constable Bertram were commended by the MAGISTRATE, who said he was glad to think that their conduct was fairly common in the ranks of the Metropolitan Police and in other police forces of the country.

AUTUMN MEETINGS

(Figures in parentheses denote scratch score)

ADDINGTON (New Course) (76).—Scratch Gold Medal.—T. A. Torrance, 68. Handicap.—T. A. Torrance, 68 + 2 = 70. Arthur Collins Rose Bowl (handicaps 10 and over).—H. C. Hawkins, 84 – 11 = 73. Scratch Gold Medal (Spring and Autumn Aggregate).—D. R. Johnson, 82 + 83 = 165.

BETCHWORTH PARK (75).—Mortimer Cup (36 holes).—F. Mills (16), 76 + 74 = 150 net; Jr. N. Chapman (scratch), 78 + 75 = 153. Scratch Medal and First Division Handicap Medal.—H. N. Chapman, 78. Second Division Handicap Medal.—F. Mills, 93 – 16 = 76.

DENHAM (76).—Muskett Scratch Medal.—C. R. Chronander, 76. Way Challenge Salver.—R. S. Scott (8), 71. Last nine holes.—R. S. Scott, 36. Bogey Foursomes.—F. H. Peirce and A. Nelson (8), 1 down.

EAST BERKS (75).—Handicap.—Major A. G. Heales, 75 – 3 = 72; G. S. Knowles, 79 – 2 = 77; A. L. Ellery, 82 – 5 = 77. Scratch Prize.—Major A. G. Heales, 75. Last nine holes.—The Rev. J. P. Simeon, 41 – 7½ = 33½. Armstrong Medal.—Major A. G. Heales, 83 + 75 = 157.

FOLKESTONE (72).—Gold Medal (36 holes).—Captain A. C. Bridgland (6), 71 + 73 = 144. Scratch Prize.—W. B. Doyle, 76. Hong-kong Cup.—Captain C. A. Bridgland (8) beat W. J. Hatcher (scratch) by 4 and 3. Club Prize (Bogey).—Captain C. A. Bridgland (5), 3 down. Club Prize (36 holes).—W. Lyne Smith (5), 71 + 72 = 143. Methuen Challenge Cup.—C. J. G. Cleaves (16), 71 + 74 = 145.

HOME PARK (74).—Gold Medal.—C. S. Jeffery, 74 – 1 = 73; S. E. Rampton, 92 – 18 = 74. Club Prize (non-medal winners).—B. Burdett, 87 – 11 = 76, and T. J. Crail, 96 – 20 = 76. Bogey.—H. A. Sabell (9), 1 down; J. C. Bere (2), 2 down.

LITTLESTONE (76).—Club Gold Medal (Scratch).—Captain A. G. Pearson, 76. Coronation Cup and Monthly Spoon.—C. W. Cave, 84 – 10 = 74.

MALDEN (76).—Leonard Hall Challenge Trophy and Prize.—R. Jepson, 85 – 14 = 71. Club Prize.—E. Holbrook, 86 – 13 = 73. Club Tankard (first nine holes).—C. C. Percy, 42 – 6 = 36. Second nine holes.—K. B. Bayliss, 42 – 7 = 35.

NORTH HANTS (78).—Lloyd Challenge Cup.—E. H. Cooper, 77. Major J. M. Rodd (11), and H. F. Day (13) tied at 1 down.

ROYAL ST. GEORGE'S (77).—Franklin Adams Gold Medal (scratch).—R. Harris, 74; A. J. Evans, 75; Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. Moore-Brabazon, 75. Sandwich Corporation Cup (18 holes).—Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Hughes, 77 – 3 = 74; M. F. Harris, 81 – 7 = 74; Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. Moore-Brabazon, 75 scratch. 75 + 75 = A. J. Evans, 75 + 1 = 76; C. S. Fraser, 83 – 7 = 76.

SANDY LODGE (78).—Scratch Gold Medal.—G. M. Hill, 81 + 83 = 163. Founders' Prize.—E. G. McKechnie, 83 – 7 = 76. Afternoon Sweepstakes.—C. C. Anderson, 84 – 9 = 75.

SURBITON (75).—Medal.—J. V. C. Pearson, 82 – 7 = 75; J. W. Young, 84 – 9 = 75; J. D. Hossack, 85 – 10 = 75; F. E. Page, 87 – 12 = 75; Dr. Macdonald, 93 – 18 = 75. Foursomes.—E. I. Scott and F. Storey, 84 – 8½ = 75½.

TANBRIDGE (76).—President's Cup.—M. J. Slattery, 90 – 15 = 75. Club Prize.—H. G. Whitmore, 83 – 8 = 75. Worthington-Evans Scratch Cup.—N. A. Cohen, 76 scratch = 76. Ridgwell Cup (four short holes in 3 or less).—N. A. Cohen and G. J. Childs tied.

WEST BYFLEET (76).—Warter Bowl.—J. C. Connell, 82 – 10 = 72. Bogey.—V. C. Ward (6), 2 up.

DULWICH AND SYDENHAM HILL (77).—Megaw Cup.—C. E. Mander, 90 – 13 = 77. Monthly Medal.—Senior.—A. D. Stedman, 82 – 10 = 72. Junior.—S. Johns, 87 – 22 = 65.

FULWELL (75).—Medal Competition.—H. R. Oswald, 80 – 10 = 70. Bogey.—H. R. Oswald (10), 2 up. Tomlinson Cup.—A. G. Milligan, 68 + 77 = 145. Scratch Aggregate.—L. M. Rosten, 80 + 79 = 159. Scratch Prize (18 holes).—J. R. Lane, 77. First nine holes.—J. C. Wade, 45 – 9 = 36. Second nine holes.—H. R. Oswald, 38 – 5 = 33.

OPEN MEETING AT STOKE POGES

Miss Enid Wilson, Miss Molly Gourlay, and Miss Dorothy Pearson were among the entrants for the St. Dunstan's Cup competition which was decided at Stoke Poges on Saturday. About 70 players took out cards, all the entrance fees being devoted to the funds of St. Dunstan's Hostel and the King Edward VII. Hospital at Windsor. The ladies were given six strokes in addition to their L.C.U. handicaps, and on those terms proved superior to their male opponents, for Miss Gourlay, with a return of 76 – 6 = 70, won the Cup, Miss Pearson was second with 80 – 7 = 73, and Miss Wilson (4) tied with F. Firth (8) for third place at 74 net. The scratch prize was won by A. D. Cave, who went round in 75.

LONDON IRISH MEDICAL G.S.

The Autumn Meeting of the London Irish Medical Golfing Society was held at Prince's during the week-end. The results were:—

CANNY RYALL CUP.—J. Narberry, 88 – 16 = 72.
O'MALLEY CUP.—C. Boyd (14), 1 up.
LETT CUP (Bogey Foursomes).—D. F. Gordon (2) and G. Campbell (16), 3 up.
CAPTAIN'S PRIZE (Scratch).—E. T. Wright, 84 + 79 = 163.
CAHILL TROPHY (Handicap).—T. J. Hollins (18), 77 + 78 = 155.
VETERANS' PRIZE.—E. M. Donahue, 90 – 15 = 75.
ECLECTIC PRIZE.—T. J. Hollins, 84 – 18 = 66.

Royal Eastbourne, playing over their own course on Saturday, beat Cooden Beach by nine matches to one.

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Letters to the Editor

FIFTY YEARS OF ARCHAEOLOGY

IN PALESTINE AND EGYPT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The great civilizations of the East were for ages the fount from which flowed the advance of culture into the wild west of Europe; yet it is only within the last 50 years that they have been seriously studied. The needful methods of systematic archaeology did not exist, and they had to be developed as the attack proceeded.

In 1880, when I began work in Egypt, there was no link with the west before the Greek traditions, there was nothing known in Egypt itself older than the Great Pyramid, and we knew no objects of the most usual material civilization. Our understanding of Palestine and Babylonia was in even worse plight.

Stage by stage our mist of ignorance has been rolled back, and dozens of students have taken part with me in this enterprise. Contact of Egypt with the west has been traced through all the ages of prehistoric Greece. In Egypt itself the whole course of recorded history is now before us, and the beautiful things of the early monarchy are much better known than those of the Saxons in England. Before all written record, four successive civilizations are now known in detail, and a fifth has come to view.

The same widening of our vision has extended into Palestine, whose past history we can now link with three prehistoric ages of Egypt. It may seem incredible, after all this has been done by unpaid work and hardly won resources, that no museum in London can find room for a great subject, and the results from Palestine have to be stored in a cellar, while we are waiting to know if the University will house them, or if they must be given elsewhere.

To further the knowledge of the nature of man has been the purpose of the British School of Archaeology in Egypt, by training students for their present work in many countries. The Governments use the men, but all the means for training, and for excavation, have to be raised by incessant appeals and continuous struggle on our part, which hinders work in the field. The necessity to continue our labours is the more urgent owing to the rapid development of Palestine at the present time.

Your obedient servant,
FLINDERS PETRIE.
University College, London.

COALOWNERS AND THE NATIONAL BOARD

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I see statements are being made that, in refusing to appoint representatives to the proposed National Board, the coalowners are opposing the Act of Parliament. This is not the case, as it is clearly stated in Clause 15 of the Act that the Board of Trade *may* (not *shall*) constitute a National Board. There is no compulsion.

The Mining Association is, I believe, with the exception of "Yorkshire and the five counties scheme," opposed to the control of their mines being handed over to any board not interested in the industry, and they think it will ultimately mean national control, to which they strongly object in the interest of every one concerned. From my own experience I am satisfied that the chief troubles of the trade are owing to the constant interference of politicians in various ways, not to improve the industry, but to obtain the Parliamentary votes of the hundreds of thousands of miners and their families. We have only to look to Australia to see what mischief this has done, and we are drifting into the same position.

I am not surprised that Yorkshire and its colleagues support the Government in its policy, as, owing to the general levy having been struck out of the Bill, under their own scheme they get many advantages over other districts, by being able to make a voluntary levy on their home consumers, who represent about 90 per cent. of their production.

Yours truly,
JOICEY.
Ford Castle, Berwick-on-Tweed.

GOLD AND PRICES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Your leading article on October 4 and your comments of October 7 on Sir Basil Blackett's admirable letter (with every word of which letter I agree) are most bewildering.

You condemn a fall in the general level of prices if due to a "real" scarcity of gold, but bless it when it is due to increased production. Scarcity is a relative term, which clearly must have reference to the purpose for which gold is used—in this case, as a basis of money and credit. But the demand for money and credit—and, therefore, for gold—depends entirely upon the volume of production and trade, and on the monetary transactions to which such trade gives rise. Gold becomes scarce when production increases at a greater rate, other things being equal, than the additions to the monetary gold supply, which is equivalent to saying that gold becomes scarce when its supply increases at a lesser rate than production. How one is to distinguish between the two, and why in the former case a fall of prices should be beneficial and in the latter detrimental passes one's comprehension.

Equally bewildering is the statement that, by writing down the value of their currencies in terms of gold, Germany, France, Italy, Belgium, and other countries have greatly reduced their demand for gold. Surely the devaluation of these currencies produced a corresponding rise in the general level of prices in those countries, and left the need for gold entirely unchanged.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
H. STRAKOSCH.
Princes House, 95, Gresham-street, E.C.2.

CHILDREN OF R 101

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The necessary alterations at Esher Place will be completed by November 1, when it is to be opened by H.H. Princess Helena Victoria as a Shaftesbury Home for girls. We shall then have a few vacancies in that historic mansion. These, with some vacancies for boys on Arethusa Training Ship, we will gladly reserve for any children of R 101 heroes, of suitable age, for whom a home and training may be desired. Yours, &c.,

F. H. CLAYTON, Chairman and Treasurer, Shaftesbury Homes and Arethusa Training Ship.
164, Shaftesbury-avenue, W.C.2, Oct. 11.

INDIAN COURTS

THE ROYAL PREROGATIVE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I read in your issue of October 10 that a Mr. K. F. Nariman has announced, as the decision of the Indian Congress, an intention to set up civil and criminal Courts, "if not entirely to displace, at least to work side by side with Government institutions." The jurisdiction of these Courts is, it seems, to be enforced "by the usual instruments of social and commercial boycott."

How powerfully the setting up of unofficial Courts can undermine the authority of an existing régime any student of the Irish Rebellion cannot fail to appreciate. Indeed, the Congress leaders have decided on a course which, if it goes successful and unchecked, will destroy the British authority, and undo the greatest work of the British in India.

The proposal itself, under the veil of a "National Arbitration movement," barely conceals a flagrant breach of constitutional law, and unlawful interference with the King's prerogative. This is clearly shown by reference to the authorities. To the King, by virtue of his sovereignty, it belongs exclusively to hear and determine disputes, civil or criminal, arising between any of his subjects, and to award the appropriate remedy or punishment. In the words of Blackstone, "He therefore has alone the rights of erecting Courts of Judicature; for, though the Constitution of the Kingdom has entrusted him with the whole executive power of the laws, it is impossible, as well as improper, that he should personally carry into execution this great and extensive trust. It is consequently necessary that Courts should be erected to assist him in executing this power, and equally necessary that, if erected, they should be erected by his authority; and hence it is that all jurisdictions of Courts are either mediately or immediately derived from the Crown. Their proceedings run generally in the King's name, they pass under his seal, and are executed by his officers."

This is unquestionably the law to-day, and was authoritatively declared in 1867 in the case of "the Mayor of London v. Cox." This case went on appeal to the House of Lords. The Judges were summoned to give their opinions. Mr. Justice Willes and Mr. Justice Blackburn, names of the highest authority in the law, attended with others. The former spoke expressing the opinion of all the Judges, with which Lords Cranworth and Westbury expressed their entire approval. I take the following from the judgment as delivered by Mr. Justice Willes:—"All lawful jurisdiction is derived from, and must be traced to, the Royal authority; any exercise, however fitting it may appear, of jurisdiction not so authorized is an usurpation of the prerogative and a resort to force unwarranted by law. Upon both grounds—namely, the infringement of the prerogative and the unauthorized proceeding against the individual—'prohibitions by law are to be granted at any time to restrain a Court to intermeddle with or execute anything which by law they ought to hold plea on; and they are much mistaken that maintain the contrary.'"

From this it is plain that any act done in enforcing a decision of these pretended Courts would amount to a criminal offence—*e.g.*, assault and battery, false imprisonment, criminal conspiracy, and possibly murder. Of all this the "prominent ex-Judges and members of the legal profession," whose co-operation the Congress confidently expects, are no doubt aware; but so wide are the implications of this scheme, and so dangerous its possibilities, that to the Government of India we may well say *Videant consules.*

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
EDWARD MARJORIBANKS.
4, Paper-buildings, Temple, E.C.4, Oct. 11.

CONSERVATIVE LEADERSHIP

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As one who believes in decency and fair play in public affairs I feel that I must draw attention to the latest example of the tactics which the *Daily Mail* has pursued for some months past in order to secure the overthrow of the Leader of the Conservative Party.

Mr. Baldwin's statement of Empire policy, following upon the momentous declarations of the Dominion Prime Ministers at the Imperial Conference, is recognized by everybody as a pronouncement of first-class political importance. The prominence accorded to that statement in nearly all the newspapers in the country clearly shows—what is indeed an obvious fact—that from the point of view of news value it transcended every other event of the day. It is usually understood that the consideration of news value is the predominant factor in the arrangement of a newspaper. What, therefore, was my surprise to find that a statement of this character should have been relegated to an insignificant position in the *Daily Mail*, whereas great prominence was given to the views of industrial associations which, however important, cannot, like Mr. Baldwin's statement of official Unionist policy, directly influence the practical development of the affairs, not only of this country, but also of the Empire.

To those who have observed the policy which the *Daily Mail* has pursued for some time past in suppressing or minimizing declarations of policy by Conservative leaders, the treatment accorded to Mr. Baldwin's statement would hardly seem to be accidental, and it must be repugnant to every lover of fair play to see a great newspaper descending to such tactics in order to pursue a vendetta against any single individual.

Yours faithfully,
ASSHETON POWNALL.
House of Commons, Oct. 10.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I have read with the deepest satisfaction the excellent letters of Mr. S. Morton Rawlinson and Sir Robert Green-Price in *The Times* of October 8. I rejoice at this expression of a feeling which, I am convinced, is held by the vast majority of Unionists throughout the country.

If Sir Martin Conway had been at the rally of Surrey Conservatives at Epsom last July he would perhaps have been saved from pessimism. I give an extract from my diary, which records the event:—"July 2nd. At 7.30 p.m. 8,000 people had assembled in the Paddock to listen to Mr. Baldwin, who made an important fighting speech and received an enthusiastic ovation." Not only was a vote of confidence in Mr. Baldwin carried unanimously, but it was followed by three hearty cheers and the singing of the old English tribute, "For he's a jolly good fellow."

There can be no doubt that Mr. Baldwin has won the hearts of the rank and file of the Unionist Party, who see in him a fine type of an English gentleman and a statesman with a wide and far-sighted view of his country's needs. I do most heartily thank Mr. Morton Rawlinson and Sir Robert Green-Price for their letters.

Your obedient servant,
HARRY BARTRAM, Hon. Canon of Canterbury.
Clavering, Beacon Hill, Hindhead.

R.N.V.R. WAR RELICS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—H.M.S. Crystal Palace, on Saturday, November 15 next, will fly once more the White Ensign, and men of the R.N.V.R. will again tread its decks. It has been arranged that there will be an exhibition of R.N.V.R. (which includes R.N.D.) War relics which it is hoped will cover the work that R.N.V.R. officers and men did in all parts of the world during the Great War.

I have been requested by my Committee to ask any officers and men who have interesting relics, photographs, or literature in connexion with the work of the R.N.V.R. during the War to communicate with the Secretary of this Association at the address given below. If the envelopes are marked in the corner "Relics" it will facilitate their being dealt with promptly.

P. HARRINGTON EDWARDS, Commander, R.N.V.R., Chairman of Committee.
The Royal Naval Division Association, 33, Southampton-street, Strand, W.C.2, Oct. 11.

ASHRIDGE—AN INVITATION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The work of the Bonar Law College, Ashridge, has now been enlarged by the formation of an extension scheme, similar in principle to that of the Universities. The Ashridge Education Committee has entrusted me with this work in the counties of Berks, Bucks, Dorset, Hants and the Isle of Wight, Oxford and Wilts; and many lectures, classes, study circles, and discussions have been arranged for the coming autumn and winter. May I invite all persons living in these counties and interested in this work to communicate with me at Ashridge House, Berkhamsted, Herts?

Yours faithfully,
J. H. BLAKSLEY.

Points from Letters

THE LOSS OF R 101

In a letter which I received on Friday from a German friend, he writes:—"Everybody here in Germany, without exception, regrets with great sincerity the terrible airship catastrophe which has just happened to England."—Mr. J. O. MARTYN, 11, Bartholomew-close, E.C.1.

STUDY OF PORTUGUESE

For an Englishman who wishes to study a Latin language—I do not include French—the language he should study—and he can do so at the London University—is Portuguese. Of the three languages Italian, Spanish, and Portuguese, the last is undoubtedly the most difficult, but knowing Portuguese the student can understand the other two. My experience is that a Portuguese can understand a Spaniard or an Italian, the Spaniard can understand an Italian but not a Portuguese, and an Italian understands neither. Some years ago Senator Marconi gave a lecture, at the Lisbon Geographical Society, on wireless telegraphy in Italian, and there was, I am sure, not a Portuguese present who did not understand all he said. A knowledge of Latin is also of great assistance in learning Portuguese, and Portuguese of all the Latin languages is the one which has the nearest affinity to classic Latin.—Mr. J. N. MARSDEN, 18, R. de S. Bernardo, Lisbon.

MECHANICAL ROAD DRILLS

Some time ago you were good enough to publish a letter from me on the subject of the nuisance caused by the noise of mechanical road-ripping machines. Perhaps as a result of that communication and the subsequent correspondence it created, I am happy to state that the authorities representing the Borough of Holborn have given instructions for provision to be made, in future contracts for road works, for silencers to be used. In the interests of all town workers and dwellers it is to be hoped that the excellent lead given by the Holborn Council will be followed generally.—Mr. GEORGE HOBSON, 11, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

PREACHING ECONOMY

Many people are preaching economy, and undoubtedly there is great need for it, but is it not time that people ceased preaching economy in general and came down to brass tacks by indicating what economies in particular are desirable and possible? Until this is done, to preach economy will be only beating the air—every one will agree and nothing will be done. When, however, specific economies are generally agreed upon they can be pressed on politicians, and the benefits, often indirect, arising from them can be clearly explained to the electorate.—Mr. HERBERT W. H. GREEN, Bidford House, Leamington.

INCOMPETENT ACTORS

I am afraid the remedy prescribed by Mr. Ainley to get rid of our unskilful players is scarcely likely to work. The council of the R.A.D.A. is composed chiefly of actors and managers, who certainly cannot be called incompetent. But the choice of an actor for a part on the English stage depends, primarily, on his popularity, next, on the manager's approval of the actor's appearance in size and looks, and, lastly, on the producer's belief in the player's ability to act the part. I have only once accepted an engagement to act on the West End stage, and that was in the part of Keegan, "the unfrocked priest." Although I thought on the first night I had played him abominably, yet the manager was more than contented. I discovered, indeed, that I had satisfied the management because I was Keegan myself and had not attempted to act him! Until the public realizes that the test of an actor's talents lies in his ability to impersonate a character, it is futile to expect improvement in the profession by any process of elimination. To-day, audiences do not go to the theatre to study a great part, but merely to see a popular actor or actress in it.—Mr. WILLIAM POEL, Howard's-lane, Putney, S.W.15.

A WATERSPOUT IN THE CHANNEL

From the high ground in the vicinity of the Terlingthun War Cemetery near Boulogne, my brother and I on Thursday had the unusual experience of seeing a waterspout in the English Channel. Conditions generally were stormy, and the spout began to form shortly before 4.15, and finally disappeared about 4.20, the column remaining unbroken for a considerable period. It was the more remarkable because, while the upper third remained in shadow, the rest of the column was lit up by the sun.—Mr. KENNETH MILNES, 7, New-square, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.2.

A WATERMAN'S LICENCE

In your issue of October 10 Mr. Genochio refers to the quaintness of the language used by the Corporation of Trinity House. In my opinion the official title of this body is even quainter. I purchased from them as recently as the year 1922 the freehold of Winterton Lighthouse and land on the Norfolk Coast, and in the deed of conveyance the vendors are described as "the Master, Wardens, and Assistants of the Guild, Fraternity or Brotherhood of the Most Glorious and Undivided Trinity and of Saint Clement in the Parish of Deptford Strond in the County of Kent commonly called the Corporation of Trinity House."—Mr. A. H. CHIFFERIEL, 37, Cursitor-street, Chancery-lane, E.C.4.

"THE THREE OLD TOUGHS"

Your article of October 10 reminds me of a letter of Jane Austen, in which she describes three old case-hardened whist players (ladies) as "the three old Toughs." This was at Bath in May, 1801.—Mr. C. WANKLYN, Overton, Lyme Regis.

STREET LIGHTING

While driving at night in and around London I have lately been interested, and at times very much perturbed, by the efforts of some local authorities to obtain better illumination in their streets. In some cases the engineers seem to have given us more light, but in so doing have decreased the visibility. There is one road in a western suburb which, I am thankful to say, I seldom have to travel. On a wet night the mirror-like surface is illuminated in patches by lamps with strangely shaped reflecting covers. The power of the light appears to be terrific, but, on account of the glare and the fact that the light does not appear to fall evenly, the visibility from the driving seat is appallingly bad. The net result is a highly dangerous section of road. Motorists dazzle each other (and the poor pedestrian) quite enough with their own lights. I would beg our street engineers not to make matters worse.—Mr. H. A. COURTENAY, 188, Brent-street, N.W.4.

WOMEN IN MEN'S POSTS

I must apologize to Mr. Gunning if my letter was obscure. The point I was trying to make was (*a*) that some women care for independence and dislike a "dole" as much as some men do; and (*b*) that if you compel a woman by law to surrender earnings on the ground that her husband has means, it is only just and logical to ensure that the woman receives a definite share of those means. I do not myself regard either proposition as practical politics.—LADY BARKER, London, W.1.

GRANITE ROADS

Princes-street, in Edinburgh, is now being relaid with granite in place of wood, which has proved quite unsuitable although laid with all modern precautions upon a massive concrete bed—a bed on which is now being laid the granite setts. When one recalls the large mileage of Scottish streets paved with hard stone or granite it is obvious that much reliable experience must be available as to its wearing characteristics under present-day traffic, and if, as I believe from my own observation, streets so paved are infinitely more durable, there is some hope of less disturbance in our main thoroughfares by the frequent renewal of what is obviously unsatisfactory surfacing material. The only objection that can be urged against stone or granite is noise, but as 95 per cent. or more vehicles using the streets to-day are rubber shod the objection does not now prevail.—Mr. W. R. HERRING, St. Stephen's House, Victoria Embankment, S.W.1.

AIRSHIP AND LINER

Major Oakeley, in his letter headed "Airship and Liner" published in your issue of October 9, while giving the necessary correction to Mr. Geoffrey Lloyd, falls into a minor error himself. The air fare from London to Paris is now £3 12s. 6d., and not £4 4s. 4d. This makes the competitive figures between rail and air travel even more advantageous to the traveller by air.—MAJOR W. T. BLAKE, 199, Piccadilly, W.1.

A STRANGE PERCH

The incident reported in *The Times* of October 9 under the heading "A Strange Perch" recalls a similar experience of my own. While walking this summer on the cliff top near Branscombe I disturbed a young bird which, after a short flight, dropped weakly into grass, and proceeded to set up a harsh, monotonous call. Reaching the spot, I discovered a young red-backed shrike; and, standing perfectly still, I began to mimic its call. A short and most discordant duet ensued, whereupon the bird gained complete confidence, and, flying up to me, alighted on my shoulder. Its subsequent behaviour while passing from rash confidence, through puzzlement, to alarm and flight was most amusing to watch.—The Rev. F. C. BUTTERS, 9, Livery Dole, Exeter.

RURAL ENGLAND

PICKING OF FLOWERS AND SHRUBS

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

WELWYN GARDEN CITY, OCT. 11

The National Conference of the Council for the Preservation of Rural England ended to-day at the Theatre, Welwyn Garden City.

LORD SALISBURY, who presided, said it was terrible to watch the defacement of the countryside. Sometimes one was tempted to say that, however necessary progress might be, progress was profoundly ugly. He agreed that they must have arterial roads, but when they contemplated their unnecessary hideousness, at enormous expense, he confessed that one's confidence in progress was for a moment shaken. Hertfordshire, in which they were assembled, used formerly to be a wonderful place for flowers. He could remember woods a short distance from where he was speaking, carpeted with primroses, where they would find none to-day. In old times Hertfordshire was famed for having in its territory some of the rarest flowers in the country. He believed there were specimens still of very rare flowers; but he would not tell them where they were. He hoped if the secret was carefully preserved something might be saved from the wreck of the flora of Hertfordshire.

LORD ULLSWATER (President of the Society for the Promotion of Nature Reserves) said, with regard to the construction of the big arterial roads, it was a pity that there was so much destruction about them and so little construction. Engineers saw a slight rise in the land and, instead of going over the top and down the other side, they thought it necessary to drive a cutting through it; why, he could not conceive. They were also much too apt to cut down trees that stood on either side of these roads.

With regard to flora, why did so many people feel an urge, when they saw a beautiful flower or shrub, to pull it up or break it? If they went into the public parks and pleasure grounds of big cities they did not find people picking the flowers, and the shrubs were not broken. Could they not educate the people to recognize that the whole countryside was really a public park and pleasure ground and to treat it as such? "People kill the thing they love," Lord Ullswater added. "It is part of our duty to educate them to recognise that it is no use doing that; they will not derive any pleasure from it in the end." He was doubtful whether the collections of wild flowers made by children were really beneficial. They had to be done with care and under the control of those who had knowledge about these matters. If they encouraged children to go about looking for wild flowers and to pick them they would probably collect a good many flowers which were rare and which should be increased rather than destroyed. One did not want to discourage a branch of activity which led in a great many instances to children becoming naturalists and being keen about flowers, but it needed to be carefully watched.

There was a common by-law which ran, "No person shall uproot any ferns or other plants growing in any road, lane, roadside waste, roadside bank, or hedge, common, or other place to which the public have access. Every person who shall offend against the foregoing by-law shall be liable for every such offence to a fine not exceeding, for a first offence, 40s. and for a subsequent offence not exceeding £5. There were 32 county councils which had adopted that by-law.

Mr. J. R. B. MASEFIELD (North Staffordshire Field Club) gave a description of the Hawksmoor Nature Reserve, and said he hoped similar reserves would be formed in other counties.

Mr. FRANK E. LEMON, of the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds, spoke on the work of that society. He said the increase in the number of sanctuaries was of extreme value for the preservation of bird life. He referred to the pollution of the sea by oil from ships, and said there was a great destruction of birds when they were in a mass of oil. Many people thought there was no pollution on the foreshore, but they were mistaken. Bird protection must appeal to all bird lovers, and they had increased in number enormously in late years.

SIR MAURICE ABBOT ANDERSON, of Flora's League, also spoke and emphasized the importance of education with regard to the protection of the countryside.

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ROYAL GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY

A HUNDRED YEARS OF WORK

PLANS FOR NEXT WEEK'S CELEBRATIONS

The Royal Geographical Society will celebrate its centenary next week. Since the society was founded 100 years ago under the patronage of King William IV. its work has been followed with interest by successive Sovereigns and members of the Royal Family. The Duke of York, representing the King, who is patron of the society, will inaugurate the centenary celebrations, and the Prince of Wales, vice-patron of the society, will preside at the centenary dinner. The occasion will also be noteworthy as marking the use, for the first time, of the lecture theatre and library which have been added to the society's house. This is the first lecture theatre of its own that the society has had. There will be present at the various ceremonies in connexion with the centenary representatives of the principal geographical societies throughout the world and delegates from many other scientific institutions.

On the afternoon of Tuesday, October 21, the Duke of York, representing the King, will receive Fellows of the society and delegates from other bodies in the new hall and will inaugurate the centenary celebrations. The delegates of the Société de Géographie of Paris and of the Gesellschaft für Erdkunde of Berlin—societies which have already celebrated their centenaries—will read addresses. The new buildings of the society will then be declared open by the Duke of York. On Tuesday evening the society will hold its centenary meeting in the new hall, when Sir Charles Close, the president, Mr. Douglas Freshfield, Sir Francis Younghusband, and the Marquess of Zetland, past presidents, and Dr. H. R. Mill, vice-president, will speak on the history of the society.

On October 22 a series of short papers on "The Habitable Globe" will be read at a morning meeting by eminent British and foreign geographers. In the evening the president, council, and Fellows of the society will entertain the delegates and official guests at a reception in the society's house. A further series of papers on "The Habitable Globe" will be read on the morning of October 23, and in the afternoon papers on "Incidents in the History of Exploration" will be read by Lord Lugard, Sir Francis Younghusband, Sir Halford Mackinder, Lieutenant-Colonel F. M. Bailey, Mr. J. M. Wordie, and other British explorers. The centenary dinner of the society will be held in the evening at the Connaught Rooms, when the Prince of Wales will preside.

The new buildings of the Royal Geographical Society are an extension to Lowther Lodge, Kensington Gore, and their design was the subject of a special article by the Architectural Correspondent of *The Times* on December 17 last. It was then recalled that the Royal Geographical Society came to Lowther Lodge in 1912 from Savile-row, the house being purchased from Lord Ullswater by the late Lord Curzon, then president of the society—tradition says in a five minutes' conversation at the University Cricket Match. In 1934 negotiations were in progress for letting part of the land and extending the premises on what remained, but, owing to the War, it was not until 1927 that work could be begun. In the article referred to above, our Architectural Correspondent wrote: "The crux of the problem, from an architectural point of view, was how to link the additions to the existing Lowther Lodge without making them seem like an excrescence. The solution can only be called brilliant. . . . So far as it is possible to judge from plans and drawings the result will be the remarkably successful enlargement of a building of historical interest, without prejudice to its character, but with a frank recognition of the interval in time between old and new."

The new lecture theatre will seat 850 people, and arrangements have been made for the display, when necessary, of moving pictures to illustrate travellers' lectures. The books of the society, which form a magnificent collection, have hitherto been distributed in passages and rooms, and even in cellars. In the new library the books will be brought together and room will be available for the collection of maps, which is said to be the finest unofficial collection in the world.

The following is a list of foreign geographical societies, in the order of their foundation, which will be represented at the centenary celebrations:—

Société de Géographie, Paris (1821); Gesellschaft für Erdkunde, Berlin (1828); Verein für Geographie und Statistik, Frankfort (1836); Instituto Historico e Geografico Brasileiro, Rio de Janeiro (1838); Sociedad Mexicana de Geografia y Estadistica, Mexico City (1839); Gosudarstvennoe Russkoe Geograficheskoe Obshchestvo, Leningrad (1845); American Geographical Society, New York City (1852); Geographische Gesellschaft, Vienna (1856); Société de Géographie, Geneva (1858); Reale Società Geografica Italiana, Rome (1867); Geographische Gesellschaft, Munich (1869); Magyar Földrajzi Társaság, Budapest (1872); Sociedade de Geografia, Lisbon (1873); Geographische Gesellschaft, Berne (1873); Nederlandsch Aardrijkskundig Genootschap, Amsterdam (1873); Société de Géographie Commerciale, Paris (1873); Geographische Gesellschaft, Hamburg (1873); Societatea Regală Română de Geografie, Bucharest (1875); Real Sociedad Geografica, Madrid (1876); Société Royale Belge de Géographie, Antwerp (1876); Svenska Sällskapet för Geografisk Forskning, Copenhagen (1876); Société Royale de Géographie, Antwerp (1876); Svenska Sällskapet för Antropologi och Geografi, Stockholm (1877); National Geographic Society, Washington (1888); Sociedad Geografica, Lima (1888); Norske Geografiske Selskab, Oslo (1889); Sociedad Geografica, La Paz (1889); Chicago Geographical Society (1894); Association of American Geographers, Nashville (1904); Geografsko Društvo, Belgrade (1910); Sociedad Chilena de Historia y Geografia, Santiago (1911); Polskie Towarzystwo Geograficzne, Warsaw (1917); Association de Géographes Français, Paris (1922); Instituto Coloniale Fascista, Rome (1927); and the Chinese Geographical Society.

POST-WAR BROTHERHOOD

THE PRINCE'S MESSAGE TO KENNINGTON BRANCH

A branch of the Post-War Brotherhood for Kennington and North Lambeth was started yesterday with a meeting in the Ideal Cinema, Lambeth-road. There was a large attendance, and several representatives of other branches were present to wish success to the venture.

Councillor W. Hunter, the president of the new branch, presided. He said they were setting out on a great adventure and were marching under an ancient banner, the ideal of brotherhood. They were determined to put into that old ideal new life and new meaning. The Brotherhood was a trumpet-call to better and deeper fellowship, to wider and finer service. All classes were finding in it a stimulant and a tonic.

Lieutenant-Colonel Wyndham R. Portal, the president of the Brotherhood, read the following letter sent to him by the Prince of Wales:—"I am delighted to hear that you are starting a branch of the Post-War Brotherhood Federation at Kennington next Sunday, and this is only to say that I wish it the greatest possible success. I know what the movement has done for good in Portsmouth, and I hope, as a result of next Sunday, that London will be linked up in the federation and that the Kennington unit will be a great and lasting success." Lieutenant-Colonel Portal congratulated the branch on having such a fine hall for their meetings, and the men who had been working for the past six months in organising the branch. He wished them, on behalf of the whole of the federation, the best of luck.

Mr. Walter Ward, president of the Portsmouth Post-War Brotherhood, said the movement had passed the experimental stage. It had been tried out in Portsmouth and elsewhere for 11 years, and they knew what it had done in villages, country communities, and industrial centres. If there were a movement that broadened the outlook of men it was the federation. They challenged all narrow-mindedness. They were on the side of all that was good and true. They built on the fact that there was good in every man; that man was built not for the gutter but for God.

Among those present were:—

Alderman G. Brittain, deputy president of the branch, Wing Commander Louis Greig, the Rev. Thomas Tuhdy, Mr. Frank Briant, Councillor W. J. Geary, Aldermen E. Lang Sims, Mr. L. W. Matters, M.P., Mr. C. R. Strauss, M.P., Mr. W. Lockyer, Mr. Cosmo Bartlett, hon. secretary of the branch; and the following representatives from local branches:—Mr. R. A. Pardoe, Captain H. J. Reeves, the Rev. F. W. Bramley, Mr. C. Small, Dr. Bernard Bailey, Superintendent R. Wyatt, Mr. J. C. Hunt, Mr. F. C. Hastings, Mr. G. M. Leaf, and Vice-Admiral E. Reeves.

BRITISH COAL FOR RUSSIA

An order for 10,000 tons of the best Blyth steam coal has been placed on Tyneside by Russian representatives.

UNIVERSITIES AND RELIGION

DR. BARNES AND A SECOND RENAISSANCE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BIRMINGHAM, Oct. 12

A generation ago the University of Birmingham came into being as a development of the Science College founded by Sir Josiah Mason, which was opened in October, 1880. The jubilee of the college and the thirtieth anniversary of the granting of the University Charter are not being allowed to pass without appropriate celebration.

This afternoon the Bishop of Birmingham was the preacher at a service in the Great Hall of the University at Edgbaston. To-morrow there is to be a Degree Congregation, over which the Chancellor (Lord Cecil of Chelwood) will preside. At a luncheon the Chancellor will propose the toast of "The Honorary Graduates," to which Lady Astor and Lord Macmillan will respond. Later in the day Sir Charles Hyde, a former Warden of the Guild of Undergraduates, will open the new headquarters and club of the guild on a site adjacent to the University buildings. The cost of the Union premises has been met out of a generous gift to the University of £100,000 by Sir Charles Hyde.

The Bishop of Birmingham, in his sermon, said that perhaps the greatest difference between the older and the newer universities was that in the former, since they were first established, religion had had an official status, while in the latter it had had no such recognition. Some of the newer universities were deliberately founded on a non-religious basis, not because their founders distrusted religious influences, but because they felt that the differences between the various religious communions of England were so acute that no useful harmony could be reached. Happily of recent years, harmony, of which that afternoon's service was itself an example, had grown up. Inter-denominational faculties of theology, moreover, were arising in connexion with the newer universities. In Birmingham such a faculty could be immediately established if only the necessary endowment could be found. The existence of such a faculty would do more than any other agency to bring about Christian re-union, and the unity which would thus arise would be a unity in and through truth. When teachers of various communions worked together they realized that what was of value in the religious experience which they individually cherished was not of necessity tied to their divergent beliefs.

When theology was thus liberated there was less danger of warfare between it and science. In fact, they must allow that the warfare between science and theology, which since the Renaissance had been so repeated and so regrettable, would not have been bitterly prolonged had men remembered that truth must prevail. We were now passing through a second Renaissance, and its influence on religion would assuredly not be negligible. He hoped that the growth of the scientific spirit, of the results of which we were now justly proud, would free religion among us from contamination by irrational beliefs. Fanaticism and superstition, falsehood and mental cowardice, were closely allied. Whenever they appeared in association with religion they corrupted it grievously. Such corruption was at the present time the source both of our religious controversies and to some extent of that decay of regard for religion which could be observed throughout Western civilization. In the purification and restatement of religious belief which he considered to be urgently necessary at the present time, our universities could give most valuable help.

Many proclaimed that a religious revolution was at hand. He looked rather for religious evolution; for a steady development, as university culture became potent among us, of all that was best in the English religious tradition. He believed that if our universities were guided aright we should see them foster in the community a reverence for science and its achievements combined with a rich and deep religious faith. That faith would show its presence in the enterprises of humane idealism, and especially in attempts to secure international peace and to prevent the existence of social injustice. Might he add that one task of the instructed religious humanism of the future would be the elimination of degenerate human stocks? But the religious faith which he hoped to see created would be also purely spiritual, in that there would be in it something of the passionate sincerity of the martyrs of the Reformation and something of the moral self-restraint of the great Puritans.

LONDON HEAD TEACHERS

PROTEST AGAINST REDUCED STATUS

The Education Officer of the London County Council has notified 171 head teachers in the London area that on April 1 the grade of their schools will be reduced with consequent reduction of salary. Protest against this decision was made on Saturday by the London Teachers' Association at their conference at the Memorial Hall, Farringdon-street, E.C., when a resolution was passed on behalf of the 16,000 members expressing the view that no further down-grading of London schools should take place until the basic principles of grading had been considered.

Mr. F. E. Wolstenholme, moving the resolution, said that the whole question of grading must be altered, and the salaries of head teachers must be stabilized. The London area should have special consideration owing to the peculiar circumstances which had brought about the transference of large masses of the population to outside areas. Over 100,000 children had left L.C.C. schools and gone to schools outside the boundary. It was unfair that head teachers, through no fault of their own, should lose status and salary. The Burnham Committee should take steps to ensure that once a man was promoted his status should not be reduced. Miss Eveline Dicks seconded. Mr. J. T. Mustard asked that the question should be referred back. Whether the teachers liked it or not, they were going to be rationalized as other people had been rationalized. The Treasury had said that they could not afford the money and salaries would have to be cut. This matter was too serious for the conference to decide. The resolution was carried unanimously.

A resolution was passed advocating the raising of the school age to 15, the mover, Mr. H. H. Barnett, stating that it was better for the children and would contribute to the solution of the unemployment problem. Children of working-class people should have the same opportunity of prolonging their years at school as those of the well-to-do. Greater traffic control in the London area was asked for in a resolution, standing in the name of Mr. A. E. Whitlock, which appealed to the L.C.C. to seek the cooperation of the police authorities in the provision of street refuges and crossing points. Resolutions were passed during the afternoon advocating the extension of playing fields for children, the extension of libraries, and the provision of more swimming accommodation and sports grounds.

From The Times of 1830

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1830. Price 7d.

Marylebone Office.—Yesterday afternoon a tall athletic young man, who gave his name as *William Hunt*, was charged before Mr. Griffith and Mr. Hoskins with breaking the peace in Oxford-street. He appeared in a white hat, decorated with the tricoloured cockade, holding in one hand a bundle of straws, and in the other a quantity of ballads, and his hat bore an inscription of gold upon blue, "Hunt and liberty."

Mr. Hoskins.—What are you?

Hunt.—Nothing at all, Sir.

Mr. Griffith.—Don't talk nonsense, man. Why don't you say how you get your living?

Hunt.—I am employed by the nobs of England—they give me a pension.

Mr. Griffith.—The nobs! What does he mean by the nobs?

Chief Clerk.—The great people, Sir.

The magistrates examined his ballads, and found them to consist of "A frog he would a wooing go"—"I'll marry a soldier," and other harmless things, and they discharged him.

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Richard Johnson, 24, of North-street, Prittlewell, a mental patient who escaped on Thursday night from Rochford Hospital (Essex), arrived at Ilford on Friday and stayed with relatives. He was taken back on Saturday. A German girl, Madge Frey, who escaped at the same time, was returned to the hospital on Friday by the police.

ROUND THE SHOPS

FASHIONS IN HOUSE FURNISHING

The claims of the house to new furnishings and additions to its comfort for the coming winter are being met from many quarters this week. There are many additions which can be made to the comfort of a house at no very great expense.

Great interest is being shown in the displays of Empire goods in honour of the Imperial Conference. The Queen has shown her practical interest by placing a large order for Empire provisions with the Army and Navy Stores, where Empire goods occupied the whole range of the windows last week. These provisions are being sent to Buckingham Palace, and it is understood that they will be distributed later among the poor and needy.

Warings, Oxford-street, announce their "Household Event," beginning to-day and lasting until November 1. This autumn opportunity to secure special bargains in household requirements is one of the fixtures that are awaited by those who like to set their houses in order before winter sets in. For three weeks they can choose from the stocks in household goods, from furniture to linens and furnishings, and can add those small comforts in cushions and lampshades, in fireside stools and armchairs which are more attractive when offered at reduced prices. Economies can be effected throughout the house, and there are some special bargains in pianos. A useful booklet, giving items of interest from the various sections of the house, will be sent on request.

Hamptons, Pall Mall East, are showing their winter productions in home furnishings. There is a large selection of colourful cushions, some in new quilted designs, and there are novelties in new lamp-shades, some hand-painted and others in vellum effects with silk braid trimmings and bullion fringe, and in table-runners and accessories of the home. Artistic schemes for autumn window furnishings are being shown in exclusive fabrics, and there are some notable new designs in heavy quality printed linens in rich colour schemes. Their "Restiform" spring mattress is on view and should appeal to lovers of comfort, as it makes reading or breakfast in bed more pleasant for invalids or those who are reluctant to get up sooner than is necessary.

Story's, High-street, Kensington, are showing their new autumn furnishing materials. These are in rich colourings to suit the glow of pleasant rooms when curtains are drawn. Brocatelle is one of the interesting revivals of this season, and this handsome material, with its Georgian dignity, is finding favour for curtains of beauty and richness. Brocaded tapestry is also to be seen again in old-world raised effects. Handloomed damask in dull, soft colours is being asked for for special period rooms, and there is a big choice of the plain, lovely velours which are so warm and comfortable for modern rooms in deep colours. Shot slub materials are constantly in fashion for furnishings, and Story's have a great range of them, 26 shades being stocked in such colours as grenat, autumn leaf, silver birch, sea green, meadow green, tango, cyclamen, ashes of roses, and other shades. A great feature is made at this house of British materials which have solid wearing qualities as well as beauty of colour and texture.

Debenham and Freebody, Wigmore-street, have some very smart coats and skirts. The fashion for broadtail cloth is seen in various styles. There are smart suits in broadtail cloth with slightly "sprung" skirts, and there are others with a coat in the broadtail cloth in brown, made with a skirt matching in colour, in tweed. A very effective suit in fine black cloth is trimmed with broadtail cloth which forms a deep decorative hem on the three-quarter coat and merges into the broadtail of the skirt. Another effective suit in which broadtail is used is in chocolate brown face cloth, the skirt of which has a yoke of brown broadtail cloth, which also trims and lines the facings of the coat. Many smart details are shown in suits which have flared pleats to give the fuller look that is needed without undue width. In this department also there are outfits which would look well on the ice rinks, and are designed to give plenty of freedom of movement. There are also a number of new models by M. Habetin.

Harvey and Nichols, Knightsbridge, are showing some very smart millinery in their salons on the first floor. The small hats that are so fashionable are seen in becoming shapes: there are velour tams draped smartly and comfortable to wear, with big fur collars, and there are pretty chenille berets with a narrow band of petersham to the face and a petersham bow on the crown. These are soft and becoming, and are in useful colours for early autumn. The touch of turquoise sponsored by Agnes on black hats is a change from an all-black hat. There are new designs in velvet hats showing gathered effects with rolled-back brims, and there are copies of many of the most attractive models from the French collections. A special feature of this department is the making of hats to suit customers' individuality.

Harrods, Brompton-road, continue their 10 furnishing days and also call attention to displays of coloured linens and blankets which are being shown on the first floor and give opportunities to carry out colour schemes in winter bedrooms. Other events in the house this week are collections of small-size evening frocks at 7½ guineas in velvet, chiffon pleated net, and lace. The new season's shoes are being shown at prices which are lower than last year. There is also a six days' offer of aluminium kitchen ware at a reduction of 3s. in the pound off usual prices.

Dickins and Jones, Regent-street, are having an "Accessories Week" this week, when all the oddments which are needed to carry out details that originate in the frock or *ensemble* will be offered at specially reduced prices. These are the little things like gloves, shoes, and hosiery, and now the blouse is one of the essentials of the wardrobe. Coatees, too, are among the necessary accessories, and there are new styles at low prices in artificial silk velvet and embossed velvet.

Heals, Tottenham Court-road, are showing modern tendencies in furnishings in the Mansard Gallery, and the work of well-known artists and craftsmen can be seen in design and decoration of all kinds in this interesting exhibition. Their windows are among the most fascinating furniture windows in London, and the colour effects and novelties in practical and beautiful furniture are shown in suitable settings.

Selfridge's, Oxford-street, open their winter sports section to-day. In addition to a display of outfits, there are experts at hand to give advice to those going to Switzerland for the first time, or to those who are about to try a new resort. In addition to the facilities for choosing dress and equipment, there is a service which includes the booking of hotel accommodation and tickets in advance. Owing to the popularity of skating at the home ice rinks there is now a section devoted to this popular sport.

CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST'S DEATH

DOCTOR'S EVIDENCE AT THE INQUEST

At an inquest at Sunbury on Saturday on the body of Miss Joan Blackstock, 45, an accountant employed by the *Christian Science Monitor*, Adelphi-terrace, Strand, who died from tuberculosis at the Christian Scientist Home, Sunbury, Dr. Stuart Gordon said that had he been called to see the woman five weeks ago he could have eradicated the disease.

Miss Blackstock's brother stated that his sister met with an accident in April. At her own request she went into the Christian Scientist Home at Sunbury, and when he last saw her he thought she was looking ill. She was a very strong Christian Scientist and would not see a doctor. Christian Science had pulled her through a very serious illness about 10 years ago.

Miss Mabel Rintoul, an accountant employed with Miss Blackstock, said that on April 26 Miss Blackstock slipped on the polished floor in the office, and apart from being slightly dazed she did not complain of any injury and continued her work.

The matron of the home, Mrs. Rachel Till, said Miss Blackstock was admitted in June, suffering from trouble with her hip.

The Coroner.—What qualifications have you for carrying on this home?—Mrs. Till.—I am a fully trained nurse.

Mrs. Till added that for a time Miss Blackstock got stronger, but she began to lose strength about five weeks ago and died on Wednesday.

The Coroner.—Did you call in a doctor when you found she was getting worse?—Mrs. Till.—No, we are not allowed to, and Miss Blackstock did not wish it.

Dr. Gordon said he found extensive tubercular disease of the right hip, which was the result of the fall.

The Coroner returned a verdict in accordance with the medical evidence, and said that Christian Scientists had a perfect right to their own religious convictions, but in this case it was a pity a doctor was not called in.

SOUTH PADDINGTON ELECTION

SIR HERBERT LIDIARD'S ADDRESS

(FROM OUR PARLIAMENTARY CORRESPONDENT)

The publication of Sir Herbert Lidiard's election address shows that, at last, Conservative unity has been brought about in South Paddington, and that the views now put forward by the candidate are in accord with the official policy of the party. The address contains no direct reference to "Empire free trade," but records enthusiastic support for "any scheme for closer trade relationship within the Empire," and pledges Sir Herbert Lidiard, if elected, loyally to support the Conservative Party in the House of Commons. In a covering letter sent with the address, it is stated:—"In view of the many conflicting statements which have appeared, Sir Herbert Lidiard desires to take the earliest opportunity of giving publicity to his election address, in order that all misunderstandings may be removed. He appeals to all Conservative electors to close the ranks and defeat the Socialist Government, and thus forward the cause of Empire unity."

The following are extracts from the address:—

This by-election, coming as it does at a time of grave industrial depression, has both a national and an Imperial significance. It will afford the electors an opportunity of expressing a clear and emphatic verdict on the disastrous administration of the present Socialist Government, and of declaring their conviction that it is only by a vigorous policy of safeguarding and Imperial development that national prosperity can be restored.

When returned to power, the Conservative Party will immediately embark on a vigorous policy of safeguarding, designed to protect our workers against unemployment and to give this country effective bargaining power with foreign rivals who put high tariffs on goods which we export. The recent declarations of prominent trade union leaders, combined with those of the leading bankers and business men, show that employers and workers alike are realizing that a thoroughgoing policy of safeguarding provides a sure means by which employment can be increased and the workers' standard of living maintained.

Onerous increases in taxation make it more and more difficult for our industries to cope with competition from foreign countries which are far less heavily taxed than Great Britain. It is essential that steps should be taken to stem the reckless extravagance of the present Government. The Conservative Party has in the past done more than any other to improve the lot of the working-man in this country, but I am convinced that any further increase in expenditure on social services at the present time would tend to retard our industrial recovery. Indeed, the time has come when every possible effort must be made to reduce the national expenditure.

TRADE WITHIN THE EMPIRE

I would enthusiastically support any scheme for closer trade relationship within the Empire. To cope with unemployment we must find fresh outlets for our manufactured goods both at home and oversea. Safeguarding provides us with the remedy in our home markets, and the development of the fullest and freest trade within the Empire will secure fresh fields for us oversea. With this object in view the Conservative Party should have a free hand to negotiate with the Dominions, and to make trade agreements whereby we guarantee them a firm and established market for foodstuffs and materials which we need, and in return they will provide us with new markets for our manufactured goods.

The Socialist Government is to be strongly condemned in that it has taken no active steps to prevent the dissemination of hostile and subversive propaganda by the Russian Soviet Government in this country, in India, and in other parts of the Empire, in distinct contravention of solemn covenants entered into. I will support the Conservative Party in any action they may take to ensure that, in future, international undertakings of this description shall not be wantonly and deliberately broken.

I would appeal to all Conservative electors not to allow the great cause which we all have at heart to be endangered by dissensions within our own ranks. If Conservatives—warmly espousing the same principles—allow the party vote to be split, they will be playing directly into the hands of our Socialist and Liberal opponents. The Conservative Party alone stands for a strong Imperial policy combined with safeguarding, and it is the only party by which such a policy can be carried into effect.

I confidently appeal for your support on polling day and will, if elected, loyally support the Conservative Party in the House of Commons.

PRICE OF COAL

MR. SHINWELL AND THE MINES ACT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

DOVER, Oct. 11

The new pithead baths at Tilmanstone Colliery, near Dover (of which a description appeared in *The Times* on September 29), were opened to-day by Mr. Shinwell, Secretary for Mines.

Referring to the Coal Mines Act, Mr. Shinwell said it would, with the accompaniment of wise administration, help the industry to face foreign competitors, fairly and squarely, in the hope that it could command a fair share of international trade. He regretted the attitude of the Mining Association in refusing to respond to his invitation to participate in the work of the National Industrial Board. There might be some reasons for the refusal, but he had not yet heard them, though he might do so in a few days when he was to meet the Association. When a piece of machinery was set up like the National Industrial Board, intended to deal with disputes, it was the right time for the owners to step in and forget the past, and, with representatives of other industries appointed by the State, to prevent strife in the country. The work of the Board must proceed in the highest and best interests of the people. The mining industry wanted higher prices for its products; he could not understand why the industry should be exploited by the rest of the nation. Why should coal be sold at an uneconomic price? In his judgment it was due very largely to competition among the owners themselves. The Coal Mines Act would enable higher prices to be obtained, but that did not presuppose a higher price to the industrial or domestic consumer. It might mean higher prices at the pithead, but not a penny more need be spent by the consumer.

What the Government could do at present was, at least, to guide the industry with its willing consent into its proper channels. The industry wanted cooperation: was there any reason why the mines in Kent, so contiguous and so similar in character so far as product was concerned, should remain apart? There was every reason why amalgamation should be effected. The Kent coal industry should be a unified industry, getting the very best out of it so that the owner could, at all events, get a reasonable return, the men a fair-and-square deal, and the consumer obtain coal at a reasonable price. He hoped that when the Amalgamation Commissioners were appointed they would get to work, and among their first tasks would be to secure some measure of unification in the Kent coal industry.

Regarding the welfare fund, the levy was to continue, and it was possible that they might require to divert the fund into certain other channels just as useful but perhaps a little more practical. He was considering proposals, and would like to provide an additional pension for aged miners and holidays with pay if it could be done economically.

SUNDAY GREYHOUND RACING AT EDMONTON

Protests were made in almost every Edmonton church yesterday against the meeting of the Edmonton Greyhound Racing Club held yesterday morning. At the racing meeting, which was attended by over 1,000 people, there was no demonstration. Racing did not begin until the end of the morning service at St. Alphege Church, which stands in the same field and is divided from the track by a corrugated iron fence. A totalisator was in operation, and several bookmakers were on the course. The vicar of Edmonton, the Rev. R. C. Evill, stated that he was taking advice as to whether the Lord's Day Observance Act could be applied.

REOPENING OF THE LAW COURTS

THE JUDGES' PROCESSION

The Michaelmas Law sittings begin to-day, and the Judges, after attending Divine service in Westminster Abbey, will make their annual procession, headed by the Lord Chancellor (Lord Sankey), through the central hall of the Law Courts. This is the only day on which so many Judges meet together in their magnificent robes, the occasion presenting both an impressive pageant of colour and an outward display of the majesty of the law.

At the front of the procession marches the Tipstaff, carrying an ebony staff about a foot long which is bound with three silver bands and surmounted by a crown of silver-gilt. The duty of transferring to prison persons committed for contempt of court is one, happily, that he is nowadays rarely called on to exercise. Preceding the Lord Chancellor are the Mace and Purse of State. The richly embroidered Purse, with its lining of red silk, is now but a symbol and is no longer burdened with the Great Seal, which weighs 17lb.—a sufficient excuse for not carrying it in the procession.

The Lord Chancellor, the Master of the Rolls, the Lords Justices of Appeal, and the President of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division—who is an *ex officio* member of the Court of Appeal—are robed in black damask gowns, elaborately laced with gold. The Lord Chief Justice, whose indisposition will prevent him from taking part in to-day's ceremony, wears on these occasions the robes of a High Court Judge, scarlet and ermine, with the addition of the distinguishing scarlet shoulder knots and the gold chain, known as the "collar of S.S." The Chancery Judges and the other two Judges of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division who, like the Lords Justices, wear only a plain black robe when sitting to hear and determine cases, appear in the procession in the full glory of scarlet and ermine along with the Judges of the King's Bench Division. Full-bottomed and carefully curled wigs, elegant lace cravats and cuffs, knee-breeches, silk stockings, and buckled shoes are also worn. At the tail of the procession, which takes place about 2 p.m., come the Law Officers of the Crown, county court Judges, and King's counsel.

NEW KING'S BENCH MASTER

The following announcement has been issued from the Lord Chancellor's office:—

"The Lord Chief Justice has appointed Richard Frank Burnand, Esquire, M.A., O.B.E., a practising barrister of 10 years' standing, to be a Master in the Supreme Court of Judicature, King's Bench Division, in the room of Master W. Whateley, retired."

Mr. Burnand, a son of Mr. Richard John Burnand, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, was born in 1887. He was educated at Uppingham and Pembroke College, Oxford, and was called to the Bar at Lincoln's Inn in January, 1919. He served in the Great War from 1914 to 1919, first with the 6th Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers and then with the Machine Gun Corps, attaining the rank of major in 1916. Afterwards Mr. Burnand became chief instructor at the Machine Gun Training Centre at Grantham. In 1928 he was appointed Recorder of Richmond (Yorkshire).

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY ORDERS

The directors of the Great Western Railway Company have decided to place a contract with Messrs. Vickers Armstrong, Limited, for the supply and erection of 13 coal hoists at Barry Docks at a cost of nearly £200,000. Approval was also given to the placing of an order for a new steamer for use in connexion with the ocean liner traffic at Plymouth at a cost of about £40,000. Although satisfactory terms have been agreed with the Government in respect of the proposed new entrance at Swansea Docks and the extension of the breakwater at Port Talbot, the board decided to defer (pending further consideration) the placing of contracts for these works, as they are not at present satisfied that there is a reasonable prospect of the capital expenditure involved, £1,340,000, being ultimately remunerative.

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE

WORK IN RELATION TO PUBLIC HEALTH

Representatives of the National Health Insurance Committees of England devoted the closing day of their annual conference to a visit to the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine on Saturday. At a meeting in the lecture theatre an address was given by Mr. R. W. Harris on the work of the school in relation to public health.

Mr. Harris said that the relationship of the insurance medical service to the other public health services was a question which was occupying the minds of members of the several services and of those concerned in their administration. That post-graduate school was a training ground for medical officers in the health services throughout the world. Members of the National Association of Insurance Committees had unrivalled opportunities of stimulating the interest of the general practitioner in preventive medicine; of helping to bring him into closer relationship with the medical officer of health. Members of insurance committees had also great opportunities of bringing the work of the school to the notice of county and county borough councils.

Speaking of what the school did in public health instruction for post-graduate students, he said that the laboratory work was designed as an aid to the solution of the general problems which would confront prospective medical officers of health. The course of study was so designed that those wishing to do so might proceed to the new academic diploma in public health instituted by the University of London. The aim of those responsible for drawing up the curriculum had been to present the teaching in a logical sequence, and to co-ordinate the teaching of the different departments mainly concerned. A course of education planned in that spirit gave a better guarantee of success than even fine laboratories and eminent teachers could offer.

In applied physiology some interesting researches into such matters as the hearing of school children and the effects of vibration on the human organism had been instituted. Similarly, the lectures on industrial and medical psychology were merely a beginning in the work of the school in relation to industry. This subject was now being explored by a special committee of the board of management, and of the professorial staff. The possible development of the school in relation to the health of the worker must be of peculiar interest to insurance committees.

Excellent relations had already been established with the medical officers of health, who had recently reciprocated with a gift of their whole library, and with the various public health organizations. A valuable liaison had been established with the City Corporation, the London County Council, and some of the great Livery Companies. These things, fostered and promoted by their Professor of Public Health, were establishing the school as a recognized centre for guidance and instruction in public health in this country.

Miss Norah Marsh, secretary of the Health and Cleanliness Council, later gave an address, and in the afternoon a visit was paid to the British Red Cross Clinic for the treatment of rheumatism at Peto-place, Marylebone-road.

OLD BAILEY CALENDAR

There are 85 persons for trial at the October Session of the Central Criminal Court, which opens to-morrow. This number is below the average, and compares with 147 at the September Session. The case of Francis Lorang, 49, a director, is in the list. He is charged with making, circulating, or publishing a false statutory report of the Blue Bird Petrol, Limited, with intent to deceive or defraud shareholders; and, being a director of other Blue Bird companies, fraudulently taking or applying for his own use or benefit or for uses or purposes other than those of the said companies, certain property belonging to those companies. A secretary, engineer, and a waterman have been committed for trial from Southend on a charge of attempting to set fire to and destroy a ship called the Southend Britannia. There are two charges of murder. Robert Frederick Montague, 30, labourer, committed from the South Western Police Court, is accused of causing the death of Jessie Montague, and Albert Allen, 30, coal merchant, is charged with the murder of Phyllis Crummy, and attempting to commit suicide.

News in Brief

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jackson, of Gobowen, Shropshire, yesterday celebrated their golden wedding.

Sixteen police telephone boxes are being brought into operation in the Wimbledon and Malden area to-day.

The National Federation of Sea Anglers festival and the South of England championship began on Saturday at Hastings.

John Jones, 32, and James Qualters, 40, while cleaning out an airway in Askern Colliery, near Doncaster, on Saturday were killed by a heavy fall of roof.

The Lord Mayor of London and the Lady Mayoress on Friday visited the Dockland Settlement at Canning Town and made an inspection of the clubs in full working order.

To celebrate her birthday, the Mayoress of Camberwell, Miss Grace Hateman, gave a party on Saturday at Dulwich Municipal Hall to 1,000 boys and girls. Lord Beatty distributed the 250 prizes.

Free samples of Empire fruit will be given to all visitors to the Empire Marketing Board section of the Imperial Fruit Show, which will be opened by the Minister of Agriculture in Leicester on October 24.

Mr. John Barnett Chapman, Town Clerk of Burton-on-Trent for the past 19 years, died on Friday night, aged 65. He resigned office three weeks ago, and his son was chosen this week to succeed him in January.

When the engine of a heavy express goods train jumped some points between Woking and Brookwood on Saturday 24 wagons were flung across the permanent way and four lines were blocked for some hours.

Mr. F. C. Baldwin, secretary of the American Institute of Architects, will show slides illustrating the growth of Washington before the Royal Institute of British Architects next Monday, October 20, at 8 p.m.

Thomas Charles Morgan, 47, a bank manager, of Wellington-road, Wanstead, was fined £50 by the Stratford Bench on Saturday for having been drunk in charge of a motor-car on Friday night in High-road, Loughton.

At Dover on Saturday Ernest Ivor Fowler, 20, and Arthur McCormack, privates in the R.A.M.C., were sent to prison for four months for stealing a motor-car and for two months for assaulting a policeman. McCormack was also fined £5, with the alternative of a month's imprisonment, for dangerous driving.

The Hindustan, built by Messrs. Swan Hunter and Wigham Richardson for the Indian Navy, successfully finished a series of trials off the mouth of the Tyne, with the acceptance trial on Friday last. She then sailed to Portsmouth under Commander C. B. Swayne, who will take her to Bombay.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

The Port of London Authority give notice that they will cause to be offered for sale by public auction, for recovery of rates, rent, and charges due thereon, sundry parcels of goods which came into their possession between April 1, 1911, and March 31, 1930. (p. 3)

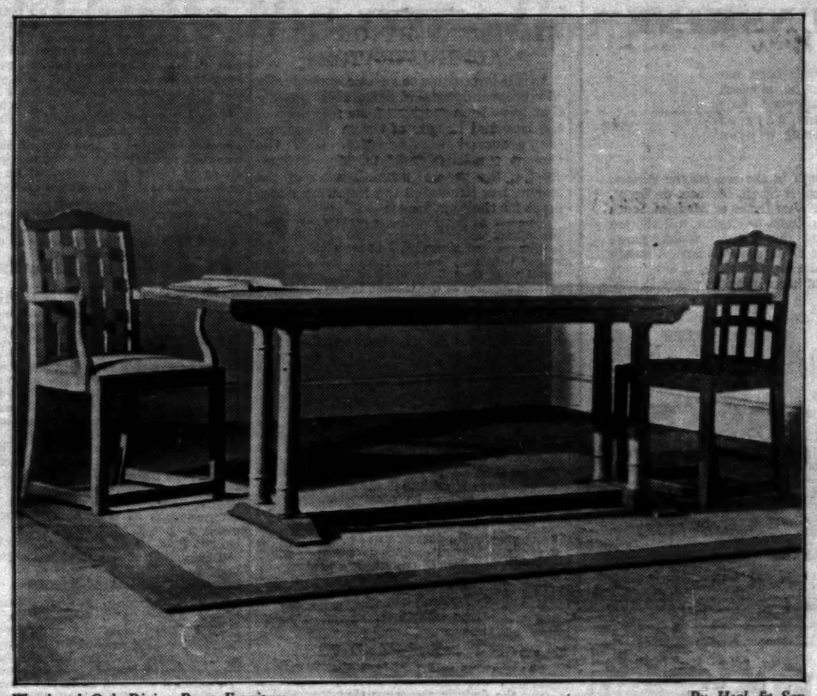
A reward of £10 is offered for a lost diamond brooch. (p. 1)

The London Advisory Committee of the Rubber Research Institute of Malaya invite applications for the appointment of a junior botanist. (p. 3)

The annual post-graduate demonstrations for old students of University College Hospital Medical School will be held on October 16 and 17. (p. 1)

FOUNDERS' NIGHT AT LONDON PRESS CLUB

Five original members of the London Press Club, which was formed in 1882, attended a "Founders" Night" dinner at the club on Saturday night. They were: Mr. E. R. Rahbula, Mr. John Martin, Mr. Alexander Paul, Mr. Alexander Mackintosh, and Mr. R. G. Emery. Mr. A. P. Garland presided. On the proposition of Mr. George Dilnot it was agreed that the five gentlemen named should be elected honorary life members. Mr. Edgar Wallace, responding to the toast of "The Club," said he considered that the Press Club was the only club in London which was really a club. Whether a man was "broke" or wealthy made no difference to his welcome or to the comradeship shown him.



Weathered Oak Dining Room Furniture. *By Heal & Son*

WHAT HEAL FURNITURE CONNOTES

IT IS a characteristic of the furniture which Heal's produce that it takes its place soberly and usefully and is at home in all reasonable surroundings. This is because, in common with the best furniture of any period, it is eminently good and sensible in itself.

Weathered Oak Table, 6ft. 6ins. by 3ft. - £14. 0.0
Weathered Oak Chair covered in hair seating £4. 12.0
Armchair to match - - - - - - £6. 18.0

You are invited to view an Exhibition of
MODERN TENDENCIES IN FURNISHINGS
which is now on show in the Mansard Gallery at Heal's, and comprises the latest designs in Furniture (including examples of the new metal furniture), Curtains, Carpets, Pottery, Glass, Electric Light Fittings, and other decorative furnishing accessories by present day artists and craftsmen. Admission Free

HEAL'S
193-198, TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, LONDON, W.1

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.
(Editorial Room), London.
NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

THE LIVING MIND

By CALLISTHENES

If the life of the mind were guarded by the same imperious instinct as the life of the body the world would soon be transformed. Men who make a frantic effort of self-preservation at the approach of physical danger will let their minds become defunct with never a pang. Their whole being will react at the prospect of losing a finger but they will not have a moment's uneasiness over the death of their imagination.

Yet the mind is the man, and the living body which houses only a withered group of instincts and catchwords instead of a living mind is as great a tragedy as one will come across in a day's journey.

In this House we study to keep our minds alive. That is the youthfulness which we seek with all our skill and watchfulness to preserve throughout the years.

We have much sympathy with the men and women who try to ward off the physical deterioration of age—the stiffening joints, the hardening arteries, the impoverished muscles, the slack nerves. But we would rather ward off deterioration of mind.

New ideas! The dead mind never has a new idea of its own and will never accept those of other people. If we are lazy and let habit eat into the very centre of our mind, living and moving and thinking in a rut, never a thought we have not had before, never a phrase we have not used a thousand times, our power of getting or appreciating new ideas will most certainly die.

But it is possible to take precautions against this, and we here are not too self-satisfied to take them.

If your old experience never stimulates you to a new idea—change your experience. If you find the bus journey uninteresting, take the Tube! If the Tube is dull then walk. If you get no new ideas in the holiday place you have visited six times, go somewhere else. If your favourite newspaper never makes you think, try another one. If your mind is in danger of falling asleep, keep it on the move like a patient who has swallowed too much narcotic! The matter is urgent. The fear of being unconventional must not check us. No effort is too great to preserve the life of the mind.

That is the sort of brisk regimen we would apply if we found the intelligence of this Business becoming fossilized and lichenous.

And not only new ideas. Enthusiasm, ideals, imagination, sympathy, humour—these are as veritably the life of the mind, and we guard them as carefully.

It is the privilege of man that he can keep his mind immune from the destructive influences of time, and we in this House intend to exert our privilege to the utmost.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

"WINTER SUNSHINE"

is a little book, not perfect, but in which are suggested many pleasant ways of shortening winter.

A month in the sun on the Riviera, in Italy or Spain, Morocco or Egypt, in the West Indies or Madeira, South Africa, India or Ceylon, will shorten winter, the winter which grows longer as one grows older. A month in the sun costs little, if any, more than at home and cuts winter in half.

"WINTER SUNSHINE" is published and distributed gratis by

COOK'S and WAGONS-LITS
WORLD TRAVEL SERVICE

"THE TEMPLE OF TRAVEL,"
BERKELEY ST., LONDON, W.1,
& 300 OFFICES.

John McCormack
THE WORLD'S GREATEST TENOR
in
SONG O' MY HEART
EXCLUSIVELY SHOWING AT THE
POLYTECHNIC THEATRE—REGENT STREET, W.1.
DAILY 2·30, 5·30, AND 8·30
BOX OFFICE 10-10 LANGHAM 1744.

JEANNE LANVIN of PARIS will show her new collection of DRESSES, CLOAKS and HATS from the 10th to the 16th October inclusive in London, Hotel Splendide, 195, Piccadilly.

The aristocrat of drinking waters
Perrier

Entertainments

THE THEATRES

VISIT OF FRENCH PLAYERS

More than 5,000 tickets have been sold to pupils in London secondary schools and evening institutes to witness the performances that are to be given this week by the French Players from Le Théâtre Classique Universitaire. The company, which will be under the general direction of M. Georges Toudouze, includes actors from such well-known theatres of Paris as the Comédie Française, the Odéon, the Vaudeville, and the Conservatoire. A very full week lies before them, for they are to act at no less than 11 different schools scattered over London, and to play both in the afternoon and in the evening. The programme includes Molière's *Le Médecin Malgré Lui*, Fables of La Fontaine dramatically represented, Théodore de Banville's *Gringoire*, and Labiche's *La Grammaire*.

To the London French Plays Committee (representing the Modern Language Association, London secondary schools, and evening institutes) is due the pioneer work of arranging this introduction of the French Players into London schools. Although it is only two or three weeks since teachers were informed of the arrangements made, practically every seat has been booked, and the players are assured of an enthusiastic audience. The Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress are to give the players an official welcome at the Mansion House to-day before they appear at any of the schools.

Afternoon performances will be given at Mary Datchelor School, Coopers' Company's School, Parliament Hill County School, Putney County School, St. Dunstan's College, and the King's Warren School. Evening performances will be given at King's College School, Wimbledon, Coopers' Company's School, Archbishop Tenison's Grammar School, St. Marylebone Grammar School, Regent-street Polytechnic, and Wanstead County High School.

The French comedy *Monsieur Brotonneau*, adapted by Miss Ruth Chatterton from the French of Robert de Flers and G. A. de Caillavet, will be produced to-night at the Royalty Theatre, under the title of *Two to One*. This play, which was originally performed in 1914 at the Théâtre Porte Saint Martin, met with considerable success, and was later revived by the Comédie Française with de Feraudy in the title part, that of a little French banker sympathetically torn between the conflicting claims of wife and mistress. Here the part of the banker will be played by Mr. Huntley Wright, with Miss Daisy Markham as his wife. This evening will see the production at the Embassy Theatre of a new comedy by Mr. Dion Titheradge, entitled *Rich Man, Poor Man*. The scenes are laid at Monte Carlo and Cap Ferrat, and the story concerns the adventures of a millionaire whose ambition is to acquire aristocratic friends. The part of the inillionaire will be played by Mr. John L. Sullivan, supported by Mr. Neil Porter, Mr. Michael Hogan, Miss Joyce Bland, Miss Edith Sharpe, and Miss Josephine Middleton. The comedy will be performed for two weeks, and will be followed on October 27 by another comedy, by Goldoni, entitled *The Liar*.

On Wednesday Miss Jean Forbes-Robertson will make her first appearance in an Ibsen play, when she will play the part of Rita in *Little Eyolf*, which is to be presented by Mr. J. T. Grein at the Arts Theatre for six performances. The rest of the cast will be Miss Marie Ault, Miss Dorothy Holmes-Gore, Mr. Peter Penrose, Mr. Robert Speaight, and Mr. Ernest Milton. *Little Eyolf* was written in Christiania during 1894, and published in Copenhagen on December 11 of that year.

The only other production this week is *The Lyons Mail*, which Sir John Martin-Harvey is to stage at the Savoy Theatre on Friday, in succession to *The Devil's Disciple*.

The principal contributors at the Coliseum this week include Miss José Collins, Giovanni, and Mr. Albert Sandler. At the Palladium are Mr. Mark Hambourg, Mr. Will Hay and his company, Mr. G. S. Melvin, and Messrs. Naughton and Gold.

ENGAGEMENTS THIS WEEK

TO-NIGHT.—*Two to One*, Royalty; *Rich Man, Poor Man*, Embassy; *The Deluge*, Rudolf Steiner Hall.
TO-MORROW.—*The Winter's Tale*, Rudolf Steiner Hall.
WEDNESDAY.—*Little Eyolf*, Arts.
FRIDAY.—*The Lyons Mail*, Savoy.

IMPERIAL LEAGUE OF OPERA

STATEMENT BY GENERAL ADMINISTRATOR

As it is impossible to answer individually the great number of letters of inquiry that have been received from members of the Imperial League of Opera concerning the proposed amalgamation with the Covent Garden Syndicate, Mr. Frederic Austin, the general administrator of the league, has circulated the following statement for their guidance:—

There is so far, Mr. Austin states, an overwhelming majority—nearly 20 to one—in favour of amalgamation, but he asks those whose vote may be at present uncertain, or those who may have already signified their non-acceptance of the scheme under some misapprehension, to realize how important it is for the future development of opera in this country that the fullest possible resources of membership and money should be available. Speaking of the advantages and conditions of amalgamation, Mr. Austin says that the amalgamation will bring additional resources, financial and otherwise, without which the league must fail. The Covent Garden Syndicate will contribute £30,000 a year to the scheme, apart from all the other advantages enumerated in the circular of October 3. The contribution of the league can only be known after the ballot is completed. The Covent Garden Opera Syndicate is not a profit-making body. Nor will it be possible for the new organization to work for profit; its articles of association will provide against such a contingency. Its directors will receive no fees. The international summer season, which never formed part of the league's project, will not be included within the scope of the proposed agreement, but will be, as before, an independent enterprise. The privileges of league members will, therefore, not apply to those performances.

PERFORMANCES AND PRICES

The circular and post-card distributed to members, continues Mr. Austin, both contained the definite assurance that the original objects of the league would be preserved. There is complete agreement between Sir Thomas Beecham and the syndicate on this point. This ensures that the performances will be given in English by native or English-speaking singers; they will be of the highest order so far as is possible with due regard to financial considerations; they will be given in regular seasons in all those areas (both in London and the provinces) that have obtained or that do obtain their necessary quota of subscribers; and the prices of the seats will be on as low as possible a scale, comparable with average theatre prices or with those charged hitherto in the provinces for opera as given by the B.N.O.C. or the present Covent Garden Company.

A new organization, the letter adds, will be formed embracing both the league and the Covent Garden Opera Syndicate. The active operations of the new body will be administered by a joint representative board. Sir Thomas Beecham will be one of the members of this board, and will act in particular in connexion with the musical and artistic side of the organization. He will, in addition, appear as conductor during the opera seasons to be given. In short, he has placed his musical and artistic genius at the disposal of the enterprise, and the fullest possible use will be made of this great advantage. On presentation of their cards of membership, which will later be issued, members will be able to obtain a 10 per cent. reduction on the price of their seats in any centre where performances are given. This privilege will apply only to the individual member concerned; the cards of membership will be strictly not transferable. Under the new conditions, which will involve due consideration towards the general public, priority of booking for league members will, it is regretted, not be possible. This, as a matter of fact, will be the only part of the league's benefits which it is contemplated abandoning. Those areas that have not yet obtained their necessary quota will still be allowed an opportunity of adding to their membership. In general terms, if adherence to the league is desired, performances will follow qualification at the earliest date possible to the arrangements of the league existing at that time.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 22

MUSIC THIS WEEK

THE LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

Two series of orchestral concerts begin this week with the London Symphony Orchestra playing to-night under its own auspices and on Thursday and Friday for Mrs. Courtauld. Dr. Mengelberg, who will be in charge of the L.S.O. for most of the season, will conduct at Queen's Hall to-night and also at Albert Hall next Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Courtauld's Concert Club will repeat each of its concerts on consecutive nights, and a certain number of seats is available for the general public at each concert. The first programme consists of three concertos conducted by Dr. Sargent. Mr. Robert Mayer's orchestral concerts for children, also conducted by Dr. Sargent, will be resumed at Westminster next Saturday morning. The scheme has now been extended to half a dozen suburban centres.

TO-NIGHT.—Dr. Mengelberg's programme with the L.S.O. (Queen's Hall, 8.15) includes Brahms's third symphony and Tchaikovsky's violin concerto played by M. Mischa Elman. Miss Winifred Radford will give a song recital at Wigmore Hall (8.30).

TO-MORROW.—The Bach Cantata Club will perform the motets "I wrestle and pray" and "Be not afraid" at St. Margaret's, Westminster, at 8.15; Mr. G. Thalben Ball will play organ solos. Violoncello recitals will be given by Mr. Tony Close (Wigmore Hall, 8.30), at which he will play a new ballade by Cyril Scott, with the composer at the piano, and by Mr. Sheridan Russell (Grotrian Hall, at 8.30).

WEDNESDAY.—Piano recitals will be given by Miss Muriel Elliot (Grotrian Hall, 3) and Miss Sybil Barlow (Wigmore Hall, 8.30). A joint recital of songs and violoncello music will be given (Wigmore Hall, 3) by Mr. Tibor de Machula and Mr. Benjamin Grobani, both from the Curtis Institute of Music, Philadelphia. Miss Harriet Marple, also an American, will give a first song recital at Grotrian Hall at 8.30.

THURSDAY.—The programme of the Courtauld-Sargent concert (Queen's Hall, 8.15) will consist of Beethoven's Grand Triple concerto in C, Bach's fifth Brandenburg, and Brahms's double concerto; the players are Herr Artur Schnabel (piano), Herr Carl Flesch (violin), and M. Gregor Piatigorsky (violoncello). Song recitals will be given by Mr. Alfred Read (Wigmore Hall, 8.30) and by Mr. Cuthbert Reavely, who will include in his programme excerpts from Italian operas (Grotrian Hall, 8.15).

FRIDAY.—The Courtauld-Sargent concert will be repeated at Queen's Hall, at 8.15. Mr. Sidney Sukoenig will give a piano recital (Wigmore Hall, 3). Mr. Florizel von Reuter will give a violin recital at Grotrian Hall, and Miss Thelma Reiss-Smith a violoncello recital at Wigmore Hall, both at 8.30.

SATURDAY.—Mr. Robert Mayer's orchestral concert for children will take place at the Central Hall, Westminster, at 11, when Miss Fanny Davies will play Schumann's piano concerto. The Roth Quartet will appear for the first time here at Wigmore Hall (3) in a programme of string quartets by Mozart (K. 387 in G), Debussy, and Schumann (A minor, Op. 41).

SUNDAY.—The London Symphony Orchestra will play Tchaikovsky's fifth symphony and Haydn's violoncello concerto, with M. Piatigorsky as soloist at Albert Hall at 3.

WEEK-END CONCERTS

MISS PERNEL'S VIOLIN RECITAL

Miss Orrea Pernel, who gave a violin recital at the Grotrian Hall on Saturday, is rapidly fulfilling the promise of her earlier performances. Her playing has developed in assurance, and her tone, if not powerful, is always round and firm even in those *pianissimo* passages where tone so often loses its quality. In the programme began, her phrasing was clean and well-articulated, matching in everything, except perhaps full boldness of style, the unadorned dignity of the music. Any slovenliness here would have shown up badly. Miss Pernel was equally successful in surmounting the greater technical difficulties of Bach's unaccompanied suite in G minor, in which her vigorous and musical performance of the Fugue was wholly admirable. Delius's second sonata, which with a group of modern pieces completed the programme, requires rather more subtle treatment than Miss Pernel gave to it, but this may be as much a criticism of the music as of the performance. Miss Kathleen Markwell played the accompaniments with sympathetic understanding.

MR. SHEPHERD MUNN

Mr. Shepherd Munn began his recital at the Wigmore Hall on Thursday night with a bold and sonorous performance of Bach's Passacaglia as transcribed by Eugen d'Albert. He was inclined to be noisy, but on the whole he kept the proportions right. His playing of the first movement of Schumann's Phantasie in C major increased our favourable impression of him as a thoughtful pianist, but things went to pieces in the second movement, where Mr. Munn substituted a good deal of his own for what his memory had lost of the text. In a group of pieces by Chopin, of which consisted of the Ballade in F minor and four studies, his playing was too arbitrary and erratic. There was, however, evidence of good promise in his performances generally, even though one cannot at present adjudge them as up to concert standard.

THE GUILD OF SINGERS AND PLAYERS

The Guild of Singers and Players has arranged a series of 10 free chamber concerts, to be given on Friday evenings during the autumn in Conway Hall, Red Lion-square, W.C.1. The programmes will be of a high order of excellence and the room is well suited to music. At the first of the series on Friday the Stratton String Quartet played quartets by Mozart and Schubert, and three numbers from Dr. J. B. McEwen's charming suite of small pieces, appropriately called "Nugae" but by no means trifling in merit. The Quartet makes up for a certain lack of breadth and sonority by neatness and fidelity to the composer. Mr. John Goss sang two groups of English songs—one a selection of delightful antiques such as only he discovers, and the other a group of Shakespearian songs by Hubert Foss. Next week the Bronkhurst Trio will play and Miss Sylvia York Bowen will sing.

THE DON COSSACK CHOIR

At the beginning of their concert in the Albert Hall yesterday afternoon the Don Cossack Choir, under Mr. Serge Jarov, sang a Requiem by Tchesnokov in memory of those who lost their lives in the airship disaster. From this they passed on to three other pieces of Church music and so to the Russian traditional songs which made up the bulk of their programme. The qualities of this choir are too well known to need extended comment, and it will suffice to record that yesterday they showed the same superb discipline as ever, the mastery of all the tricks of choral singing, the fine resonance in the basses, who almost seem capable of turning themselves into 32-foot organ-pipes, and the thin stridency in the tenors.

THE NATIONAL SUNDAY LEAGUE

The National Sunday League continues to offer good music at popular prices at the Palladium, where Dr. Malcolm Sargent yesterday conducted the New Symphony Orchestra in a programme consisting of Beethoven's "Leonora No. 3" Overture and 8th Symphony and the second Symphony in F by Brahms. Of these works a lively and vigorous account was given, which set forth the music plainly, even though at some sacrifice of nicety in finish. Between the orchestral works Miss Dorothy Silk sang "Comfort sweet, my Jesu comes" from Cantata 151, to which the "Air on the G string" served as prelude, and two other songs by Bach.

NORWICH MUSICAL FESTIVAL

NEXT WEEK'S PROGRAMME

The thirty-third triennial musical festival will be held at Norwich from Wednesday to Saturday, October 22 to 25. Sir Henry Wood is conductor-in-chief and will take with him his Queen's Hall Orchestra to accompany the choir of 250 voices. Two new works have been specially written for the festival—an orchestral suite by Vaughan Williams and "Morning Heroes," for chorus, orchestra, and orator, by Arthur Bliss. The chief choral works are Elgar's *The Apostles* (with which the festival opens), Delius's *Sea-Drift*, a Slavonic Festival Mass by Janacek which was performed at a recent international festival but is new to England, *Elijah*, Handel's *Solomon*, and the *B minor Mass*. The soloists include Miss Jelly d'Aranyi, Miss Myra Hess, Signor Arturo Bonucci, and Mr. Frederick Lamond; and among the singers Mme. Göta Ljüngberg, who will take part in the Wagner concert. Special railway facilities have been arranged by the L.N.E.R.

NAVAL, MILITARY, AND AIR FORCE

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF NAVAL ORDNANCE

Captain F. A. Buckley is due to relinquish to-day the post of Assistant Director of Naval Ordnance, which he has held since April, 1928. He will join the new term at the Senior Officers' War Course, which opens to-day. His successor is Captain A. F. Pridham, who was recently succeeded by Captain C. G. Stuart, D.S.O., D.S.C., in command of the cruiser Curlew in the Mediterranean. Captain Pridham specialized in gunnery in 1910-11. During the War he was gunnery officer of the cruisers WEYMOUTH and SHANNON, and the battleship MARLBOROUGH. He was promoted to his present rank in December, 1926, after service in the Plans Division, Admiralty, and was among the students at the first course held at the Imperial Defence College.

SENIOR OFFICERS' COURSES

The two principal courses for senior officers of the Navy, the War Course at Greenwich and the Technical Course at Portsmouth, begin new terms to-day. Five flag officers will be among the students at Greenwich. They are Rear-Admirals F. P. Rose, D.S.O., promoted a year ago, and formerly Commodore of Portsmouth barracks; J. K. im Thurn, C.M.G., C.B.E., late Chief of Staff, Mediterranean Fleet; C. W. Round-Turner, C.M.G., late Chief Staff Officer to the Second-in-Command, Mediterranean; H. J. S. Brownrigg, D.S.O., who until May last commanded the aircraft-carrier COURAGEOUS; and W. A. Egerton, C.M.G., late Flag-Captain of the QUEEN ELIZABETH. Two flag officers are to join the Technical Course, Vice-Admiral H. J. Tweedie, C.B., who was Senior Naval Officer in the Yangtze in 1927-29 and is shortly to become Commander-in-Chief on the Africa Station; and Rear-Admiral T. N. James, M.V.O., who was promoted in May, 1929, and last served afloat as Flag-Captain in the QUEEN ELIZABETH.

CHINA COMMAND CHANGE

Revised arrangements have been made since those annpunced in *The Times* on October 4 for the coming change in the command on the China Station. Vice-Admiral W. A. Howard Kelly, C.B., C.M.G., M.V.O., will take passage to the Station in the ss. RAWALPINDI, leaving London on January 23, and due at Hong-kong on February 27. The date of his appointment as Commander-in-Chief has been amended to December 26, a fortnight later than the original date.

EAST INDIES CRUISES

H.M.S. EFFINGHAM, flagship of the Commander-in-Chief, East Indies, is due to leave Colombo to-morrow for Aden, where she is due on the 21st. Here Rear-Admiral E. J. A. Fullerton will await the arrival of the Duke of Gloucester in the Ranpura, on his way to represent the King at the coronation of the Emperor of Abyssinia. The Duke will travel in the EFFINGHAM to Jibuti, in French Somaliland, where the ship is due on October 26. A Royal train will take him to Addis Ababa by October 29. Of the other two cruisers on the station, the EMERALD is cruising in Indian waters, and from October 14 to 21 is due to visit Port Blair. The ENTERPRISE is expected back at Colombo to-morrow, to remain until November 1.

COMMANDER HOARE-SMITH, R.N.

Commander G. W. Hoare-Smith, who was promoted in the midsummer list, and since 1928 had been first lieutenant-commander of the R.N. Barracks at Portsmouth, is appointed from to-day to the MALCOLM, parent ship of the Nore Reserve destroyers. Commander Hoare-Smith was sub-lieutenant of torpedo boat No. 8, and of the destroyer UNITY during the first part of the War, and later served in submarines. In 1926-28 he commanded the river gunboat MOTH in China.

WINTER MOVEMENTS ABROAD

The annual movements of units changing station become general this month, and the arrivals at new stations abroad in October and November will be as follows:—

1st Battalion, The Hampshire Regiment, Mari Indus 10th Royal Hussars, Meerut, October 17.
2nd Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters, Multan, October 22.
1st Battalion, The Queen's Royal Regiment, Tientsin, for Rawmak, October 24.
1st Battalion, The King's Own Royal Regiment, Palestine, October 27.
1st Battalion, The South Wales Borderers, Hong-kong, November 19.
1st Battalion, Grenadier Guards, Cairo, November 27.
2nd Light Brigade, R.A., Egypt, November 28.
2nd Battalion, The Cameron Highlanders, Fyzabad, November 29.
1st Battalion, The Buffs, Razgaon, November 7.
1st Battalion, The Royal Berkshire Regiment, Dinapore, November 12.
2nd Battalion, The York and Lancaster Regiment, Delhi, November 30.
4th Queen's Own Hussars, York, November 13 (from Meerut).

On being relieved at Delhi the 1st Battalion, The Gordon Highlanders leaves for Peshawar, and will occupy the forward station in the Kyber, at Landi Kotal, for a year.

WEST RIDING MAGAZINE

The October number of the *Iron Duke*, the magazine of the Duke of Wellington's Regiment, contains an account of the celebrations marking the twenty-first anniversary of the colonelcy of the regiment being taken up by Lieutenant-General Sir Herbert Belfield. There is an illustration of the statuette presented to him by all units of the regiment, and pictures are given of his visit to the camp of the 147th Brigade at Ripon. The 1st Battalion leaves Devonport this month to join the 2nd Infantry Brigade, in place of the 2nd Battalion, The East Yorkshire Regiment. The magazine contains notes from H.M.S. IRON DUKE, and from The Yorktown Regiment of Saskatchewan. A regimental tie has been approved for other ranks of the 1st Battalion, made up of broad maroon and broad French grey stripes, the regimental colours.

MOVEMENTS OF SHIPS

AUCKLAND, Oct. 9.—Laburnum arrived.
BASIDU, Oct. 8.—Folkestone arrived and left.
CHAMBERA, Oct. 9.—Bee left for Ichang.
CHATHAM, Oct. 10.—Ark Royal arrived.
DEVONPORT, Oct. 10.—Carstairs left for Chiswand Bay and Harebell left for Portland.
FELIXSTOWE, Oct. 9.—Cloud left for Invergordon.
GRUK, Oct. 10.—Scandinavia and Second Destroyer Flotilla (less Vanquisher, Viceroy, and Winchelsea) left for Kotor.
HAMBLE, Oct. 10.—Third Destroyer Flotilla (less Anthony, Acasta, and Arrow) arrived.
HENJAM, Oct. 8.—Folkestone left, and arrived Oct. 9.
HONG-KONG, Oct. 8.—Sterling arrived. Oct. 9.—Seaph left on patrol.
INVERGORDON, Oct. 9.—Courageous, Tetrarch, and Sesame arrived.
KINGSTON, JAMAICA, Oct. 9.—Dragon arrived.
LAM TEMMAR, Oct. 9.—Delphinium arrived.
MARSHANICE, Oct. 10.—Acasta arrived and left for Rhodes.
PORTLAND, Oct. 10.—St. Martin left for Devonport, and Harebell arrived.
PORTSMOUTH, Oct. 9.—Ark Royal left for Chatham; and Alecto and Submarines H 23, H 27, H 31, and H 48 arrived; Oct. 10.—Orpheus and Flinders arrived.
SHARPA, Oct. 9.—Folkestone arrived and left.
SIERSINK, Oct. 10.—Resource left for Grus.
TIVAT, Oct. 10.—Coventry and Second Destroyer Flotilla (less Vanquisher, Viceroy, and Winchelsea) arrived.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments were made by the Admiralty on Saturday:—

CAPTS.—C. V. ROBINSON, to Courageous (Dec. 17), and G. F. B. EDWARD-COLLINS, to Renown (Dec. 20).
COMMRS.—R. A. WARBURTON-LEE, to Victory, for Senior Officers' Technical Course (Oct. 13).
LIEUT.-COMMRS.—E. H. V. ROSS, to Victory, for Tactical Course (Oct. 13).
LIEUT.—L. C. SINCKER, to Effingham II (Nov. 26).
SURGN. LIEUTS.—A. R. EWART, M.B., to Cermatia; and L. J. CORBETT, to Lupin (Oct. 26).
PAYMR. COMMR.—A. E. A. EAGER, to Victory for Victualling Course (Oct. 21).
PAYMR. LIEUT.-COMMR.—W. MCBRIDE, to President, for Gunnery (T.)—L. C. DE VOIL, to Brilliant.

PROMOTIONS

CD. SUPPLY OFFR.—W. DOYLE, to rank of Paymr. Lieut. (S.) (seny. Oct. 11).
WT. SUPPLY OFFR.—A. RICKARD, to rank of Cd. Supply Offr. (seny. Oct. 11).

ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE

SUB-LIEUTS.—H. HAWKER, promoted to Lieut. (seny. Oct. 7); G. R. MOORE, to Vivid (Oct. 11). Version (Nov. 8), and to Royal Oak (Nov. 22); J. O. H. KERRWOOD, to Dolphin (Oct. 18); O. H. CARRW (actg.), and C. J. F. GUELS (proby.), to Vivid (Oct. 18); to Marlborough (Nov. 29); and S. A. HEYWOOD (proby.), to Vivid (Oct. 18), and to Malaya (Nov. 29).
PAYMR. LIEUT.-COMMR.—T. H. CULLUM, to Victory, for R.N. Barracks, Oct. 13.
PAYMR. LIEUT.—H. W. JAMES, to Barham (Oct. 13).

ROYAL NAVAL VOLUNTEER RESERVE

LIEUT.—S. T. PARSONS, to Marlborough (Oct. 18).

WIRELESS FOR THE BLIND

RESPONSE TO B.B.C. APPEAL

The B.B.C. announces that the appeal broadcast by Captain Ian Fraser, after the concert on Thursday last in aid of the Wireless for the Blind Fund, has brought many letters and personal visits to the offices of the B.B.C. and the National Institute for the Blind in Great Portland-street. Individual contributions towards the cost of supplying blind persons with wireless sets have ranged from sixpence to £25, including small sums from unemployed persons. Several widows have sent their pensions for the week. Some listeners, in lieu of monetary contributions, have offered to supply a wireless installation complete to any blind person selected by the Fund.

As Captain Fraser explained in his appeal, about 15,000 blind persons are still in need of wireless sets. Free sets have been distributed to 6,500 persons since the Fund was opened by Mr. Winston Churchill in an appeal broadcast last Christmas night, and it is hoped that the number will be increased to 9,000 by the end of December. More than 10,000 sets will still be needed to supply every blind person in the country with a wireless set.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Matinées, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
"A NIGHT LIKE THIS."
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
TOM WALLS and RALPH LYNN.

APOLLO. (Ger. 6970.) 8.30. Th., Sat., 2.30.
THE OUTSIDER.
ISOBEL ELSOM. "A beautiful performance."—*Dy. News.*
HAROLD HUTH. "Leaps into fame."—*Mr. Post.*
NORMAN McKINNEL. "Acting that thrills."—*Mail.*

CAMBRIDGE. ALL SEATS BOOKABLE.
Evgs., 8.15. Mats., Thurs., Sat., 2.30. (Tem. Bar 6056.)
BEATRICE LILLIE in
CHARLOT'S MASQUERADE.
A Revue by Ronald Jeans and Rowland Leigh.

COMEDY. 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30. Ger. 8978.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARY CLARE. MALCOLM KEEN.
LAST WEEK.

CRITERION. Evgs., 8.30. Tues., Sat., 2.30.
THE IRISH PLAYERS in
THE FAR-OFF HILLS.
A Right Comedy by Lennox Robinson. (Ger. 3844.)

DALY'S. (Ger. 0201.) Evgs., 8.15. Wed., Sat., 2.30.
A NEW MUSICAL PLAY.
ELDORADO.
DESIREE ELLINGER.
MIMI CRAWFORD, OSCAR ASCHE, MAI BACON, DONALD MATHER, JERRY VERNO, MARK DALY.

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
"THE THREE MUSKETEERS."
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

EVERYMAN. EVGS., 8.15. Sat. 2.30. Hamp. 7224.
THE WILD DUCK.
By Henrik Ibsen. Milton Rosmer, Sybil Arundale.

GAIETY. (Tem. 6991.) NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, TUESDAY and FRIDAY, 2.30.
"THE LOVE RACE."
STANLEY LUPINO. LAURIE LUPINO. LADDIE CLIFF.
MADGE ELLIOTT, CYRIL RITCHARD, Connie Emerald.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
"ALMOST A HONEYMOON."
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. 8.40. Wed., Sat., 2.30. Ger. 8724.
In association with MAURICE BROWNE.
LESLIE M. LION presents
"STREET SCENE."
By Elmer Rice.
"Something new—something rather wonderful."—*D. Tels.*

GRAFTON. Tottenham Court-road.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
UNUSUAL VARIETY.
Plays, Opera, Sketches, Ballets, Songs.
Wed. & Fri., at 2.30. Museum 1434. Café opens 6.30.

HAYMARKET. Regent 6030.
EVERY EVG., 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.

HIPPODROME, London.
8.15. WEDS., THURS., SATS., 2.30.
Herbert Clayton and Jack Waller in Association with Moss' Empires, Ltd., present
BOBBY HOWES
In a New Musical Comedy,
"SONS O' GUNS."
With ROBERT HALE and MIRRIELLE PERREY, &c.
Box-office 10 to 10. (Ger. 0648.)

HIS MAJESTY'S. Gerrard 0606.
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
2nd Year of CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production
BITTER SWEET.
An Operette by NOEL COWARD.

KINGSWAY. Hol. 4032. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, WED. and SAT., 2.30.
"HER FIRST AFFAIRE."
Zillah Bateman, Margery Binner, Jack Hobbs, Ellen Pollock, Henry Hewitt.
Transferring to Duke of York's on Wednesday.

LITTLE. (Tem. 6501.) LAST WEEK.
MARY NEWCOMB in
JEALOUSY.
NIGHTLY, at 9. Mats., Tues. and Sat., at 2.30.

LONDON PAVILION. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, TUES. and THURS., 2.30.
CHARLES B.
COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE.

LYCEUM. Temple Bar 7817. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
"TRAFFIC."
By NOEL SCOTT.
"The Thriller that makes you Gasp for Breath."
Mary Glynne and Dennis Neilson-Terry.
Mats., Weds. and Thurs., at 2.30.

LYRIC. Lessee and Manager, Gilbert Miller.
EVGS., 8.40. Mats., Wed., Sat., 2.30. (Ger. 3686.)
TALLULAH BANKHEAD
in
"LET US BE GAY."
A Comedy in 3 Acts, by RACHEL CROTHERS.
"MISS TALLULAH BANKHEAD AMAZES THE TOWN ONCE MORE."—*Daily Herald.*

LYRIC, Hammersmith. EVENINGS, 8.30.
(Riverside 3012.) MATS., WED. & SAT., at 2.30.
MARRIAGE À LA MODE.
By John Dryden, Poet Laureate.
GEORGE HAYES. HERBERT WARING
ATHENE SEYLER. ANGELA BADDELEY
Produced by NIGEL PLAYFAIR.

NEW. (Tem. 3878.) 8.30 sharp. Thurs., Sat., 2.30.
ALICE DELYSIA and RAYMOND MASSEY
in
TOPAZE.
A Comedy from the French of Marcel Pagnol
by Benn W. Levy.

PALACE. (Ger. 6834.) NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, WED. and SAT., 2.30.
FRANZ LEHAR'S New Musical Play.
"FREDERICA."
With LEA SEIDL and JOSEPH HISLOP.

PHŒNIX THEATRE. Temple Bar 8611.
Charing Cross-road and Phœnix-street.
NIGHTLY, at 8.45. Mats., Thurs. and Sat., 2.30.
CHARLES B. COCHRAN presents
GERTRUDE LAWRENCE
and NOEL COWARD in
"PRIVATE LIVES."
By NOEL COWARD.

PLAYHOUSE. Evgs., 8.30. Ger. 5162.
GLADYS COOPER and
GERALD du MAURIER
in
"CYNARA."
By H. M. Harwood and R. Gore Browne.
CELIA JOHNSON
ANN TODD. DORICE FORDRED.
CAMPBELL GULLAN.
Mats., Wednesday and Thursday, at 2.30.

PRINCE OF WALES. 8 sharp. Thurs., Sat., 2.15
SHAKESPEARE'S
RICHARD III.
BALIOL HOLLOWAY. NANCY PRICE.
POPULAR PRICES. (Ger. 7482.)

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
EVGS., at 8.15. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30. (Ger. 9437.)
THE BARRETTS OF WIMPOLE-ST.
By RUDOLF BESIER.
Gwen Francon-Davies.
Marjorie Mars, Scott Sanderson, Joan Barry.
Cedric Hardwicke.

ROYALTY. Ger. 2690. TO-NIGHT, 8.30.
(Subsequently 8.45.) MATS., THURS., SAT., 2.30.
TWO TO ONE.
By Ruth Chatterton.
From the Comedy of De Flers and De Caillavet.
HUNTLEY WRIGHT. DAISY MARKHAM.

ST. JAMES'S. Lessee & Mgr., Gilbert Miller.
EVERY EVG., 8.30. WED., SAT., 2.30. (Ger. 3903.)
FERENC MOLNAR'S COMEDY
THE SWAN.
EDNA BEST, Eva Moore, Henrietta Watson.
C. V. France, Maurice Evans, HERBERT MARSHALL.

ST. MARTIN'S. At 8.30. Tues. & Fri., 2.30.
PETTICOAT INFLUENCE.
NIGEL PLAYFAIR, Robert Holmes, Morton Selten.
Frank Allenby, Jane Millican, ANNA WYNYARD.

SAVOY. EVGS. 8.30. Wed., 2.30. Last 4 Perfs.
Props.: Savoy Theatre, Ltd. Lessee: Exc. of H. B. Irving.
Lessees: Charles Everton Killick & Victor Payne-Jennings.
MARTIN HARVEY in
THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE.
By Bernard Shaw.
Edmund Gwenn, Charles Carson, Mary Rorke, M. Webster.
Fri., Oct. 17, and subsequently at 8.30.
1st Mat., Sat., Oct. 18, 2.30.; subs. Wed., Sat.
THE LYONS MAIL.
MARTIN HARVEY as Lesurques and Dubosc.

SHAFTESBURY. Prop. J. Benson. SMOKING.
EVENINGS, 8.30. Mats., THURS. & SAT., 2.30
BASIL FOSTER and TOM MILLER in
LEAVE IT TO PSMITH.
A Comedy by
IAN HAY and P. G. WODEHOUSE.

STRAND. Tem. 2660. Prop., Kyrle Bellew.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., Thurs. & Sat., 2.30. (Smoking.)
"IT'S A BOY."
A New Farce.
LESLIE HENSON.
Connie Edlin. Austin Melford.
SYDNEY HOWARD.

THEATRES (

Imperial and Foreign News

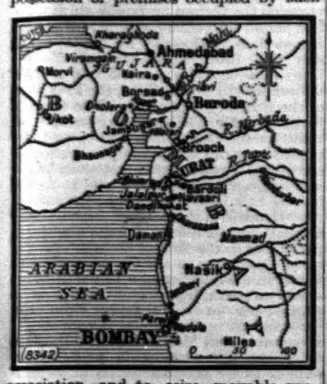
UNLAWFUL BODIES IN INDIA

NEW ORDINANCE ENFORCED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, Oct. 12

The Government of Bombay has issued a long list of associations declared unlawful under the Ordinance which the Viceroy promulgated on Friday. The Ordinance authorizes a Provincial Government to notify any place which, in its opinion, is being used for purposes of an unlawful association, to take possession of premises occupied by such



association, and to seize movable property found there. The Bombay Government's list applies chiefly to Gujarat and the Bombay suburban district, but not to Bombay City. Yesterday police raided Congress *ashrams* [seminaries] at Bardoli, Ahmedabad, and Ville Parel, which is a Bombay suburb.

In those areas of Gujarat where the payment of land revenue for the past year has been withheld as part of the civil disobedience movement, the authorities are now proceeding to effect recovery by distraint sale of movable property and forfeiture sale of defaulters' lands.

A Government Note states that many defaulters have been encouraged to continue to refuse to pay land revenue under the impression, which has been sedulously fostered, that the promoters of civil disobedience will somehow ultimately secure the restoration of distrained property and forfeited lands. The Government, therefore, explains that the present steps to recover dues are not liable to revision, that all sales of land and movable property belonging to defaulters are final transactions, and that the new owners will be maintained in the possession of the lands and property which they have purchased.

The Government also warns village officers who have been persuaded to resign that they have had sufficient opportunity to consider the consequences of their resignation, and that vacant appointments are, therefore, being gradually filled. It is still open to village officers to withdraw their resignations, but the Government will not displace men who have already been appointed, or who will be appointed, to vacancies caused by resignation. Only one or two Government servants other than village servants have resigned, and their resignations have been finally accepted.

Pickets in opposition to Congress pickets, similar to those who have been successful in Calcutta, appeared in Bombay yesterday. They were stationed at provision shops near Crawford Market, and as soon as they appeared the Congress pickets were withdrawn from such shops, but were retained in the neighbouring cloth market.

The police have made many arrests in connexion with Thursday's shooting affair, in which a police-sergeant and his wife were wounded, and have found a motor-car, believed to have been used by the assailants, abandoned at Andheri, outside Bombay. Several houses, including the office of a recently established organization aiming at independence for India, were searched and a quantity of papers, alleged to be of a revolutionary character, has been seized.

An anonymous leaflet which is being distributed by boys in the streets and markets at Ahmedabad and is being conspicuously posted on walls urges a merciless massacre of British and Government officers. It condemns Congress non-violence and appeals to the people to abandon Gandhi and follow Bhagat Singh. Several presses were searched by the police yesterday, but nothing incriminating was discovered.

** Bhagat Singh was, with two others, sentenced to death last week for the murder of Mr. Saunders and a head constable at Lahore in December, 1928. He had previously been sentenced to transportation in connexion with the bomb outrage in the Legislative Assembly.

MEASURES TO CURB THE AFRIDIS

GOVERNMENT'S DECISION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, Oct. 12

The Government of India to-night issued the following *communiqué* on the Afridi situation:—

Though the tribes on the North-West Frontier have now remained quiet for some weeks, and the recent tours of the Chief Commissioner in Malakand and Kurram and the grant of rewards to those who took part in the defence of the Kurram Valley have had an excellent effect, a settlement has still to be reached with the Afridis before settled conditions can be said to have returned.

The Afridis, it will be remembered, accepted without demur during the second fortnight of April the payment of their allowances, but shortly afterwards, and without any justification, certain elements among them attained the upper hand in some sections, and planned and carried out a deliberate attack on Peshawar. In spite of the great restraint shown by the Government on that occasion, and of the restraining influence of Maliks and elders, the same elements carried out a second attack in August with the avowed intention of interference in the internal affairs of British India. Although on both occasions the Afridi *lashkars* [armed detachments] were forced to retire with considerable casualties, their skilful use of the concealment afforded by enclosed country and standing crops enabled them to avoid decisive contact with the troops, and the presence of large numbers of armed tribesmen in the district necessarily caused considerable disorganization of the administration and created a widespread feeling of alarm among the civil population.

So far the Afridis have shown no signs of any desire to make amends for these unprovoked attacks. On the contrary, the hostile party, which is still strong in certain sections, appears to be adopting an even more aggressive attitude than before, and, far from showing any signs of submission, is urging the dictation of terms by the Afridis to the Government and a renewal of attacks if these are not accepted. It is now, therefore, the clear duty of the Government to take such steps as may be necessary to protect the Peshawar district from further similar hostile incursions.

The measures necessary to this end have been under the careful consideration of the Government for some time, and a decision has now been reached which embodies the minimum action for securing the protection of the district border.

The Afridi incursions of the past summer were based upon the caves and refuges on the Kajuri and Aka Khel portions of the Peshawar Plain, in which great portions of the tribe are accustomed to live in the winter. Any repetition of the incursions would be rendered very much more difficult if the tribe were debarred from occupying these with hostile intent. It is accordingly essential that those portions of the Peshawar Plain which lie beyond the district border should be brought under such control as will in future effectively deny their use to hostile *Lashkars*. This, it is considered, could best be done by the continuation across the Kajuri Plain of the present road from Peshawar, which leads as far as Bara Fort, and the construction of subsidiary roads to link up this with the main Khyber road and also, possibly, with the Peshawar-Kohat road. For the protection of these new roads and the general control of the Kajuri and Aka Khel plains one or more fortified points may be required to be held.

A full Afridi *jirga* [tribal gathering] has been summoned by the Chief Commissioner to explain these measures, but, despite ample notice, no reply to the summons has yet been given, nor has the *jirga* even begun to assemble. On the contrary, certain well disposed elements who started for Jamrud in response to the Chief Commissioner's invitation have been prevented and turned back by strong armed detachments sent by the recalcitrant leaders for this purpose.

FALL IN PRICE OF INDIAN COTTON

GOVERNMENT'S REPLY TO APPEAL FOR HELP

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, Oct. 12

The text of correspondence which has passed between the Government of India and the Indian Central Cotton Committee on the question of Government assistance was published last night. The general problem has been engaging the attention of the authorities for a long time, and has taken on new urgency in view of the present low level of cotton prices and the impending arrival on the market of the new cotton crop. It is shown in the correspondence that the Government was urged to fix a minimum price. This the Government declined to consider.

When the matter was first raised by the Central Cotton Committee, the Government at once replied by inviting suggestions for dealing with the situation. The Bombay Sub-Committee of the Central Committee thereupon wrote, on August 11, expressing the view that the Government of India should fix on a reasonable basic figure, and be ready with a scheme to help the grower if the price fell below it.

In its reply the Government declined to agree that the first essential was to discover the minimum price profitable to the cultivator, and said it was practically impossible to ascertain the true figure. Even if the difficulties in that respect were surmounted, the major problem —namely, the formulation of a satisfactory scheme for assisting the cultivator—would remain. The scope for effective Government action was distinctly limited, the reply continued. The fall in cotton prices was part of a general world fall in the prices of agricultural commodities, the immediate causes of which were over-production and accumulation of stocks. "One special factor has been operating in India to reduce the price of cotton —namely, the organized boycott of piece-goods, which has affected consumption, not only by foreign buyers, who normally supply the manufactured product to India, but also by the Indian mills. The Government of India consider that any measures which might be taken by them to deal with the situation would to a large extent be ineffective if this factor continues to operate."

In a further letter on September 15—apparently from the Central Cotton Committee—the Government's general statement that it was impossible to ascertain the true cost of production of cotton was not challenged, but it was urged that the cultivator would be ruined unless measures were taken to save him. The Committee said that adjustment of the situation by the curtailment of cultivation would take time, whereas relief was needed immediately. It proposed that the Government should announce that it would definitely stand by the farmer—a step which would instantly stiffen markets—and then arrange with the Imperial Bank of India to advance 80 per cent. of the market value, or of the cost of production, against cotton deposited with the Bank, the interest charged being the bank rate, with a maximum of 7 per cent. Such advances, the Committee urged, should freely be given to merchants, ginners, traders, individual agriculturists, and cooperative organizations. The Committee also demanded a reduction of 20 per cent. in railway freights, and pressure by the Government to compel the ginners and pressers to lower their charges.

The Government, in a final letter, dated October 6, pointed to the practical difficulties of the scheme. Its fundamental objection was that it involved the fixation of a minimum price, possibly without any relation to world prices, and would encourage cultivators and merchants to hold up stocks speculatively. The Government said it was considering the question of railway freights, and was also communicating with the Imperial Bank. When it had gone farther in this direction, the Government added, it would welcome the Committee's cooperation if a conference seemed useful.

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU RELEASED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 11

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was released this afternoon, after serving his sentence of six months' simple imprisonment for breach of the Salt Laws. He stated that he proposed to unfold his plans at a meeting to-morrow, and that he is going to Mussoorie on Monday to see his father, Pandit Motilal Nehru. The Pandit, who was looking fatigued, has resumed the presidentship of the Congress.

GRECO-BULGARIAN RELATIONS

M. VENIZELOS'S OFFERS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SOFIA, Oct. 12

M. Venizelos, the Greek Prime Minister, on Saturday made important statements to the Bulgarian journalists who are following the Balkan Conference in Athens.

He said that the difficulty about the Bulgar minority in Greek Macedonia must be settled by degrees. He was ready to grant the right to have their own schools if the Bulgars asked for them. He would allow Bulgaria to have her port on the coast of Western Thrace, through which Bulgarian traffic could find an outlet on the Aegean across Greek territory, and, while waiting for Bulgaria to ask for that port, he was ready to let her have a Free Zone at Salonika under the same conditions as those in force for the Yugoslav Free Zone there, and would permit the railway systems of the two countries to be linked up between Petrich in Bulgaria and Siderokastron (Demirhissar) in Greece.

These declarations have produced a favourable impression as auguring well for the success of the Greco-Bulgarian negotiations which are about to be reopened.

** The offer of a Bulgarian port in Western Thrace, with the right to send Bulgarian traffic to it in bond across Greek territory, was made at Lausanne in 1922, but was not accepted by the then Bulgarian Prime Minister, the late M. Stambulinsky. The Bulgarian railway down the valley of the Struma to Petrich is at present narrow gauge. The Greek line at Siderokastron is standard gauge.

THE COUNCIL OF TOLEDO

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, Oct. 12

After an interval of 350 years a Council of Toledo was opened to-day by the Archbishop, Cardinal Don Pedro Segura y Saenz, Primate of Spain.

The Councils of Toledo were famous in their day, chiefly under the Visigothic Kings of Spain. They dealt with political as well as religious matters. The present Council is composed of the five diocesan Bishops of the Ecclesiastical Province of Toledo and other ecclesiastical dignitaries, including Mgr. Don Francisco Muñoz y Izquierdo, Patriarch of the Indies. The language used is Latin. The Council hall has been specially fitted up with valuable ancient silks and tapestries to resemble as much as possible its medieval appearance. The King has arranged to visit the Council. The inhabitants of Toledo regard the occasion as a festival and the city is gaily decorated.

PARTY ISSUES IN FRANCE

THE SOCIALIST-RADICAL CONGRESS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Oct. 12

The twenty-seventh Congress of the Socialist-Radicals, which was concluded at Grenoble to-day, had an importance beyond that of a normal party gathering. The Socialist-Radicals, still numerically the strongest party in the Chamber, have now been in Opposition in the Chamber for more than two years. This is due less to their own choosing than to the force of circumstances. More than any group in French politics they are bound by doctrines and principles which prevent them from cooperating with those of their neighbours who do not happen to think exactly as they do themselves. Thus the value of their cooperation is lost to France through a particularly important period when decisions are being taken that would be better for a more united support. Although the next General Election is still some 18 months ahead, the Congress was held under its impending shadow, and thus, on the eve of the reassembly of the Chamber, it acquired a double importance.

Apart from matters of purely domestic interest the Congress was called upon to consider three main issues: the Parliamentary tactics of the party in the immediate future, its foreign policy, especially in respect of disarmament, and the principles which would guide its policy should it be called upon to take over the responsibilities of government. The discussions showed that all three were closely interrelated.

It was realized that there could be no hope of reviving the old alliance with the Socialists. The Socialist Congress held at Bordeaux made it quite plain that Socialists would take no share in any combination in which they did not hold the leadership, and at the subsequent by-elections Socialist candidates fought the Socialist-Radicals with a fervour hitherto reserved for the Nationalists. The Cartel being thus out of the question, it fell to M. Chautemps to propose a resolution in which the party declared its readiness to assume the responsibilities of power by uniting "all Republicans who would subscribe to the principles of secularism, peace, and social reform on a programme of democratic progress." What is meant is a coalition of those Republicans who do not belong to the Right wing of M. Tardieu's majority. It is precisely the combination which M. Clémentel and M. Chautemps each failed to bring to life, and there does not seem any greater likelihood that it could be accomplished now.

FOREIGN POLICY

It is the less likely, in view of the direction taken by the discussion on foreign policy and disarmament. The original resolution was drafted by M. Pierre Cot, who was formerly one of the French delegates to the Assembly of the League, but was dropped by M. Tardieu when the delegation was re-formed this year. In accordance with the practice of the Socialist-Radicals at their congresses, the resolution was redrafted to secure unanimity, and in the process it became something of a weak compromise. But in the form in which it survived it was still of a nature to alienate any sympathies the Centre groups might entertain towards a coalition with the Socialist-Radicals. With much of its sentiment, especially as revised by M. Herriot, most peacefully-minded Frenchmen might agree. Its outstanding principle, however, was that arbitration, security, and disarmament were not three separate stages, but that each functioned in relation to the other; that a further measure of disarmament would contribute to security, and that France would thereby strengthen the hands of those Germans who are in favour of peace and *rapprochement*. It is an attractive theory, but even when hedged by affirmations that national defence must be maintained up to the standard of the latest scientific discoveries, it is evidently very unpalatable to the groups from which M. Chautemps would seek to form his coalition.

THE BELLONI LIBEL CASE

VERDICT FOR SIGNOR FARINACCI

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MILAN, Oct. 12

The libel action brought by Professor Belloni against Signor Farinacci, which had an exceptional political importance and has been followed with the greatest interest throughout the whole of Italy, and particularly in Milan, ended on Friday at Cremona.

Signor Farinacci, a former Secretary of the Fascist Party and one of the most popular exponents of the party's policy, some time ago made certain charges against Professor Belloni, who used to represent the Fascist Government at the League of Nations in Geneva for economic questions, and was also the first Fascist Podestà of Milan. When the charges were made Signor Mussolini appointed a commission to investigate them, and the commission, presided over by a Judge, ended its inquiries on August 2 last year. It then found that, with one exception, all the charges were true. Professor Belloni, not content with the findings, brought a libel action against Signor Farinacci, but the Court found for the defendant.

The evidence showed that the administration of Professor Belloni as Podestà of Milan was characterized by shameful corruption, and that it was financially disastrous to the ratepayers. Among other things, Professor Belloni raised a loan of $30,000,000 (£6,000,000) from an American bank, although other banks had offered more advantageous terms. The Commune of Milan through this operation lost about 9,000,000 lire (nearly £1,000,000). Another contract which cost the ratepayers over 6,000,000 lire was concluded by Professor Belloni with a Milanese Fascist consortium. Lastly, it was proved that, contrary to the praiseworthy orders of Signor Mussolini, Professor Belloni, while he was Podestà, had accepted directorships of 20 companies, some of which had contracts with the Commune. He was found to have taken advantage of his political position to receive from banks and other institutions sums disproportionate to the services he had rendered, so that from being a man of modest means before the March on Rome, he became very wealthy.

The finding of the Court was received with great rejoicing in Cremona, and particularly in Milan, and Signor Farinacci's public spirit is much applauded.

THE ASWAN DAM

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CAIRO, Oct. 12

This morning Ibrahim Pasha Fahmy, the Minister of Public Works, who is in Alexandria, wrote a letter to Sir John Norton-Griffiths and Co., intimating that the Egyptian Government did not consider it possible to come to an arrangement with the company for its continuation of the work of heightening the Aswan Dam, and that it would take over the work itself until an agreement could be made with some other firm.

BANDITRY IN CHINA

TROOPS DETAILED FOR ITS SUPPRESSION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SHANGHAI, Oct. 12

The Nanking Government reports the occupation of Loyang [Honanfu] and the surrender near Chengchow of 60,000 troops of the Kuominchun [Feng Yu-hsiang's army], who are being reorganized into three new Government divisions. The whereabouts of the main body of Feng's army is unknown, but it is assumed that it is now north of the Yellow River.

Chang Hsueh-liang's assumption of the Vice-Command-in-Chief of the National forces, formerly held by Yen Hsi-shan, appears to imply an obligation actively to support the Government armies in any further operations.

That the Government regards the position as much improved is indicated by the transfer of three divisions from the front for the suppression of Communists and bandits in Hupeh, Hunan, and Kiangsi. It is high time that steps should be taken to remedy the situation on the Yangtze between Kiukiang and Ichang, where foreign shipping is constantly endangered by rifle and artillery fire, the latter luckily not scientifically directed. The lights and beacons have all been removed, and as the staff cannot renew them the result is that navigation has become uncertain and often dangerous.

October 10 was the date on which the Minister of Finance categorically and unconditionally promised that *likin* would be abolished. The 10th has passed and *likin* is more of a curse to trade than ever. The Government has convoked a plenary session of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang for November 12 to discuss this subject, and also foreign policy, the question of holding a people's national congress, and the revision of the programme in force during the period of political tutelage. The last-named point is one on which there has been much public criticism.

SOVIET AND CHINA

CONFERENCE IN MOSCOW BEGUN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, Oct. 12

The Chinese and Soviet delegates appointed for the settlement of the Chinese Eastern Railway dispute have at length begun their sittings.

Karakhan, Deputy Foreign Commissar, opened the proceedings. He disclaimed all blame for delays in opening the conference and expressed the hope that the conference would now arrange a lasting peace in the Far East. Mo Teh-hui, the chairman of the Chinese delegation, who arrived at Moscow last May, in his reply recalled that the Chinese-Soviet Agreement of 1924, though China expected much from it, had not prevented misunderstandings. He reciprocated Karakhan's hopes that a satisfactory settlement would be reached.

The Soviet delegation has asked for the formal confirmation of the Habarovsk Protocol by the conference, and the next sitting will be occupied with the discussion of this question.

KING BORIS'S BETROTHAL

BULGARIAN ECCLESIASTICAL APPROVAL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SOFIA, Oct. 12

Owing to the Government's neglect to inform the Holy Synod of the King's betrothal, some of the Prelates of the Church of Bulgaria became alarmed, the more so when it was learned that the wedding was to be celebrated abroad according to the Latin rite, and that no Bulgarian ecclesiastic would be present. There was talk of calling a special session of the Holy Synod, and the Acting President of that body, Mgr. Neophytos, Archbishop of Vidin, hurried to Sofia and asked for an audience of the King.

His Majesty, instead of granting the audience at the Royal Palace, went next morning to the Holy Synod and personally informed Mgr. Neophytos about his betrothal. He assured his Grace that he was a faithful son of the Church of Bulgaria and that the Constitution would be scrupulously respected in the case of his first son, who would be brought up as a member of the Church of Bulgaria. The Archbishop, while regretting that there would be no wedding according to the Bulgarian rite, yielded to the King's arguments, assured his Majesty that the Church would in no way oppose the match, and bestowed his benediction on the King. In order to make it quite clear that all difficulties were at an end, his Grace returned to Vidin after informing the Press that the Church approved the wedding, and there is now no further suggestion that the Holy Synod need meet.

The King is travelling to Italy *incognito* as Count Rilsky, attended only by an equerry and his private secretary.

The Bulgarian Government has agreed to permit the King's father, King Ferdinand, to return to Bulgaria and to allow his Majesty to reside in this country in future. [King Ferdinand has been an exile from Bulgaria since he quitted the country after his abdication on October 3, 1918.] The Press announces that some 50 Italian Deputies are expected to visit Sofia for the benediction of the King and Queen by the Church of Bulgaria on their arrival from Italy.

ARRIVAL IN ITALY

PISA, Oct. 12.—King Boris, who is to marry Princess Giovanna of Savoy, arrived here by train this evening and drove straight to the Royal Palace of San Rossore, where he was received by the King of Italy and the members of the Royal Family.—*Reuter.*

ENGLAND TO AUSTRALIA FLIGHTS

GOOD PROGRESS

According to Reuter telegrams, further progress is reported by the British airmen engaged on flights from England to Australia. Wing-Commander Kingsford-Smith, who left England last Thursday on a solo flight to Australia in an Avro-Avian (Gipsy engine) machine, reached Bushire, Persian Gulf, at 1.22 p.m. yesterday (Greenwich mean time). He had flown *via* Rome, Athens, and Aleppo.

Flight-Lieutenant C. W. Hill, who left England on October 5 and is flying a Gipsy Moth, reached Karachi on Saturday and Allahabad yesterday afternoon. After effecting repairs to his tank, which had been leaking, he took off at 10 o'clock last evening for Akyab (Burma). He hopes to be at Akyab by daybreak and to reach Bangkok, the Siamese capital, to-night (Monday).

Captain Matthews, who is also engaged on a flight from England to Australia, arrived at Singapore on Saturday. Captain Matthews left Croydon on September 16, but damaged his machine in a forced landing in Siam and was detained for several days while repairing it. He had also had to make a forced landing between Bangkok and Singapore.

After visiting the Trepca Company's mines the King of YUGOSLAVIA has conferred the Grand Cordon of the Order of St. Sava on Mr. Chester Beatty, the chairman of the directors, and decorations of other classes of the same Order on the chief engineer, Mr. Titcomb, and Messrs. Sukolow, Whitehouse, and Howie.

ECONOMY IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA

OPPOSITION PRESSURE ON GOVERNMENT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ADELAIDE, Oct. 12

The Liberal Opposition in the South Australian Parliament is making every effort to reduce the amount of the Appropriation Bill. Mr. Butler, the Liberal leader, was unsuccessful with his motion in the Assembly for a reduction of £600,000, but it is understood that the Legislative Council, which is dominated by the Liberals, will seek to force a substantial alteration.

The Council does not possess the power to amend a money Bill, but it can force a conference between the Houses with a view to a compromise. Mr. Butler contends that the Government has overestimated revenue and that unless substantial reductions are made to the Bill extra taxation, when taxes are already crippling industry, will have to be imposed to make up the deficiency. Mr. Hill, the Premier, insists that the measures the Government is taking are necessary to balance the Budget, which the Government is determined to do.

The Board of Industry, composed of representatives of employers and employees, with the President of the Industrial Court as chairman, has reduced the State basic wage from 14s. 3d. to 12s. 6d. a day. This affects about 33 industries and 20,000 persons.

Mr. Denny, Minister of Railways, has announced that the loss on the State railways is being reduced by one-third by drastic economies and retrenchment.

DR. DRUMMOND SHIELS IN PALESTINE

ADVICE TO THE PRESS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

JERUSALEM, Oct. 12

To-night Dr. Drummond Shiels issued a communication to the Press explaining that his visit was solely in pursuance of the established policy that Ministers for overseas affairs should try to acquire first-hand knowledge. He intimated that the British Government on numerous occasions had made it clear that it accepted without equivocation the full Mandate with all its implications, believing, even with a full knowledge of the difficulties involved, that it would be possible to fulfil it fairly and justly to all interests concerned, and that it intended to carry out all its pledges and obligations.

Dr. Shiels stated that he was glad to learn locally what a good impression Sir John Hope Simpson's obvious capacity and thoroughness had left on all parties which were hopefully awaiting his Report, and also the resultant Government policy. He hoped that the forthcoming changes would eliminate any need for acrid political discussion, and allow people to concentrate on their common economic welfare. He had been impressed both by the patient industry of the Arab *fellah* and by the idealism and remarkable achievements of the Jewish colonists.

Dr. Shiels was pleased to discover that the number of hopeful people on all sides exceeded the expectations which he had based on the reports in the Palestinian Press, and that important and capable forces within the country were working for peace. Palestine, he considered, had suffered from excessive publicity and from being too much in the limelight. He recommended the local Press to cater for the main body of moderates rather than continue to indulge in its present habit of nourishing extremism.

SHOOTING OF RUSSIAN SCIENTISTS

PROTEST BY PROMINENT GERMANS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, Oct. 12

A protest against the persecution of scientists in Soviet Russia, signed by 39 names representative of German science, literature, and art, is published here. It says:—

On September 3 the official Soviet Press announced the arrest of a number of prominent scientists who had put all their strength into the service of their country. Facts are accumulating which seem to prove that any and every scientific activity, even if it claims but the most modest degree of freedom of thought, is impossible in Soviet Russia. According to further announcements of the official Soviet Press, on September 22 and 25 48 other persons, at their head Professors Ryazantseff and Karatygin, have been shot without any judicial procedure and at the decision of the Ogpu [Cheka] alone. The undersigned representatives of science, technics, literature, and art, hold it their conscientious duty to protest before public opinion against such an action, which conflicts with the most elementary principles of human association.

Science and the German universities are represented among the signatories by such names as those of Professors Max Dessoir, Hans Driesch, Fritz Haber, Wilhelm Kahl, and Max Planck; music by Dr. Wilhelm Fürtwangler; art by Herr Max Liebermann; and literature by Herren Heinrich Mann and Jakob Wassermann.

PRESIDENT HINDENBURG AT TRIER

ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, Oct. 12

President von Hindenburg yesterday completed his second visit to the recently evacuated areas. He reached Trier, the oldest German city, in the morning and drove through the historic Porta Nigra to a ceremony in the stadium where a great crowd awaited him. At Trier the President was nearer the frontier than at any time in his tour and he received a tremendous ovation. Numerous delegations from the Saar, the only remaining German territory under foreign control, and the neighbouring Grand Duchy of Luxemburg came to Trier for the occasion.

The District Administrator, in greeting the President, spoke of "the thousand wounds inflicted on the frontier people by the 'dictate' of Versailles." The chief burgomaster said that Trier had been "oppressed by foreign occupation troops for 60 years in the last three centuries, through the fatal French craving for the German Rhine."

The President, in reply, thanked the people of Trier for their loyalty to the Reich through the long occupation. "Liberation is not yet complete," he added, "the Saarlanders, whose delegates we have with us to-day, still await liberation. May the hour of reunion with the Reich soon strike for them, who have so often given proof of their unshakable loyalty. And may the day soon come for all of us when Germany shall be free, united, firm, and strong in her aims, unweakened by political dissensions or economic want."

In the afternoon the President left Trier and motored through the wine-growing districts before leaving for Berlin.

A memorial service was held at the time of the funeral of the victims of R 101 in the Cathedral of BELGRADE. The King of Yugoslavia was represented, and many Cabinet Ministers and delegations from Yugoslav societies and members of the public attended the service. At its conclusion Bishop Mardarye gave an address in English and the president of the Yugoslav Air Club praised the airmen of R 101 for having done their duty in conformity with the best British traditions.

Telegrams in Brief

A statue of Chateaubriand was unveiled at Combourg, in BRITTANY, yesterday by M. François-Poncet, Under-Secretary of National Economy.

Prince Baldwin, the son of the Duke and Duchess of Brabant, was baptized on Saturday in BRUSSELS by the Cardinal Archbishop of Malines.

Four lives are reported to have been lost through the crashing of an aeroplane in the Toulouse-Casablanca service at LARACHE yesterday.—*Reuter.*

An aeroplane belonging to the Bengal Flying Club crashed near DUM DUM, Calcutta, last evening. Mr. W. L. A. Ratcliffe, the pilot, was seriously injured.—*Reuter.*

The body of the master of the Belgian ship Tigris, Antwerp for Alexandria, which has been missing since September 19, has been found cast up by the sea near DUNKIRK.

Signor Leonardo Tullo, an Italian ex-officer and a Fascist, who keeps a shop at Antony, a suburb of PARIS, was seriously wounded by three men, believed to be anti-Fascist Italians, on Friday.

Señor Alejandro Lopez has been appointed Consul-General for the Republic of COLOMBIA in London, and has taken up his duties at the offices of the Consulate in Sicilian House, Sicilian-avenue, W.C.1.

The United States immigration authorities have allowed 14 Soviet Russians to land at NEW YORK and remain for six months to study industrial and commercial conditions under bond of £100 each to leave the United States at the end of that period.

The President of the French Republic left PARIS yesterday for Toulon, where he will embark for an official visit to Morocco. He was accompanied by M. Maginot, the Minister for War, M. Dumesnil, Minister of Marine, General Lasson, his Military Secretary, and a numerous suite.

INTERNATIONAL LABOUR OFFICE

INQUIRY INTO UNEMPLOYMENT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRUSSELS, Oct. 12

The Governing Body of the International Labour Office discussed unemployment yesterday, M. Jouhaux (France), MM. S. L. Gérard and Mertens (Belgium), and Mr. Lawson (British Government delegate) and Mr. Forbes Watson (British employers' delegate) taking part.

Mr. FORBES WATSON said that one thing essential in the prevention of unemployment was uniformity of labour conditions in the industrial countries. They had not made progress in the struggle against unemployment in England. What was needed was a greater will to work on the part of the worker and a greater care for economy in the management of industry.

The Governing Body resolved (1) to proceed to a careful inquiry into unemployment; (2) to entrust this inquiry to its unemployment committee; (3) to increase the number of the committee from three to 12; and (4) to authorize the committee to consult experts.

INCREASED UNEMPLOYMENT IN GERMANY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, Oct. 12

The returns for the second half of September show that at the end of that month 1,966,000 persons were receiving unemployment relief in Germany. This was 19,000 more than at the end of August and 1,055,000 more than at the end of September, 1929.

The total of 1,966,000 includes 1,494,000 in receipt of relief from the Unemployment Insurance Fund, which draws contributions from employers and employed, and 472,000 in receipt of "crisis relief," which is supported by public funds

The returns now regularly give a total of "disposable unemployed," and the figure stated for the end of September is 3,030,000 for Germany, with its population of about 65,000,000. It is not clear what categories of unemployed are included in the 1,074,000 extra persons recorded as "disposable" but not receiving unemployment or crisis relief.

Other Foreign News on following page

'That's the car—the new

SILVER CROSSLEY'

Sensational? If the production of a new car that combines all the qualities most desired by motorists can rightly be described as a sensation, then Crossley's have certainly created one.

Make straight for the Silver Crossley at Olympia. Consider it from every point of view—power, dash, comfort, style, endurance. On a foundation of all the traditional Crossley virtues certain new features and finishing touches have been introduced into this model. Twin-top gearbox, self-energising brakes, chromium plating and safety glass throughout, unusually low petrol consumption—these are but a few of the Silver Crossley's special points. It is also remarkable for the high average speed it will maintain under the most trying conditions. The Silver Crossley is "the car of all the virtues." Worthily it champions the cause of Quality *vs.* Mass-production. It is taxed at £16, and its price is £545.

See also the 20.9 model

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R 101

THE BURIAL SERVICE

LONDON FUNERAL PROCESSION

SALUTE OF SILENT CROWDS

With simple but impressive ceremonial the bodies of the 48 men who lost their lives in the wreck of R 101 were buried on Saturday in one large grave at Cardington within sight of the airship's starting place.

As the coffins were borne in procession with military honours from Westminster Hall to Euston Station great crowds in the streets paid their last silent tribute to the dead; and as the funeral train made its way to Bedford little groups of men, women, and children testified to the sympathy of the countryside.

On Friday night the peace which had been broken, but not marred, by the tens of thousands who, during the public lying-in-state of the victims of the airship disaster, had visited Westminster Hall descended anew upon it and upon the dead. On Saturday morning the doors of the building were opened again, and the bodies were brought out for burial. They were carried from the dim half-light of the hall into the sunshine of an autumn day, and in fair weather borne along by road through London on the first part of their journey to their common grave. And on their way they were saluted once again by tens of thousands who had filled the streets to do them reverence as they passed by.

The procession was formed about St. Stephen's Porch. In composition it was simple; in quality sombre save for the enlivening hues of flowers and the occasional point of colour in a foreign uniform; in significance almost intolerably poignant. Music, giving a voice to sorrow, filled all the air about Westminster and up the crowded length of Whitehall, a thoroughfare habituated now to scenes of mourning about the symbol of national loss and personal memories held dear. And with music the long-drawn line of simple, almost crudely simple, Army wagons bearing beneath flags and flowers the human relics of calamity moved on with a harsh grating of wheels on the sanded roadway and an occasional jingle of harness into the spacious breadth of Trafalgar-square. And who will willingly deny that at the Cenotaph some ghostly salutation passed, some spiritual salute was exchanged where Nelson stands immobile?

A HUSH OF REVERENCE

The procession turned into the crowded Strand. It journeyed by Aldwych into Kingsway, where since early morning thousands had awaited its coming. From every window people looked down. Scores stood upon the roof of Bush House, and on the pavements there was no empty space between the walls of buildings and the kerb. Police lined the route. Their task was simple. The crowd in its emotions and its movements was master of itself. The music now had ceased, and an extraordinary quietness lay upon the heart of London. The subdued talking of the multitude fell to a whisper and died away. Down the length of that wide street the approaching head of the procession could be seen from afar. The sun shone subduedly and a light wind blew. The wheels rumbled on, and the footfalls of men and horses were heard with startling distinctness in the general hush. The great bulk of the Air Ministry dwarfed the mute freight in the garlanded wagons, the dust of some who until so lately had laboured, planned, and hoped behind those walls and windows that sheltered only mourners now.

Behind the walking horses of the mounted police that headed the funeral procession marched a detachment of the Royal Air Force, and immediately after it were carried the Royal wreaths and the wreath of the Air Council. Then came the band of the Royal Air Force, and next 24 wagons each bearing a single coffin. The passing of them seemed interminable, and yet but one-half of those who died had gone by. A detachment of the Grenadier Guards and the band of the Welsh Guards, divided by the Army Council wreath, followed immediately after them and before the remaining four-and-twenty coffins. It was as if the numbers of them, the one indistinguishable from another, would never be counted and never be complete. And then one saw, as the Prime Minister, with members of the Cabinet, and official representatives of the United Kingdom, the Dominions, and India passed along, how truly Imperial was the nature of this processional tribute to the dead, a tribute of which the scope was widened further yet by the presence of German and British airship representatives and the Attachés of foreign Powers. London, the Services, air organizations, and other bodies also were represented. Relatives, some of them on foot, followed their dead. Shoulder to shoulder marched the third watch of R 101, and close to them were the crew of R 100. Some of those who looked on forbore only with difficulty to give voice to some compassionate salutation when these men went by; but whatever sentences may have sprung to their lips were quenched when the first of the long line of tenders laden with flowers followed closely after. These more eloquently said what they had thought to utter; adding their own grace and beauty to the rugged sorrow stirring in men's hearts.

AT EUSTON

At Euston Station was gathered the greatest concourse of people on the processional route. Half an hour before the cortège was expected it was impossible to approach within 100 yards of the station entrance. In the station itself the central hall was draped, and flags hung above the platform from which the funeral train should start. The coffins were soon removed from the road into the rail wagons, which were draped inside with purple, and these in turn were attached to the waiting train. Some minutes after midday, and rather more than two hours after the procession had left Westminster, it moved away. The band of the Royal Air Force played the music of appropriate hymns, and it was with the tune of "Rock of Ages" that London made its final gesture of salute.

THE FUNERAL TRAIN

TRIBUTE OF THE COUNTRYSIDE

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

The last long journey of these men of R 101 was in effect a continuation of their procession through London, a renewal of respectful salutations and farewells. Famous men stood on the platform with bared heads and downcast eyes when the train moved away; unknown men and women, pausing in their labours and duties, took upon them the part of national mourners and stood along 50 miles of railway line, dumb symbols of the country's grief.

The coffins were shut from their sight within big vans. Only the huge wreath on the foremost engine and the black-garbed mourners in the coaches that followed marked this as a funeral train. The bands, the guards of honour, and the wreaths were gone. There was nothing here for the eye to see, but people along the line knew what burden the train carried, and paid their tribute to it. No train perhaps has ever passed through a countryside so plainly moved. The affairs of a Saturday were interrupted. Workmen left their labours and stood in line beside the metals. Women leaned from windows, silent and a little aghast. For 20 miles there was not a window in sight of the railway without its little group, not an embankment railing without its string of people in attitudes of respect.

Engine drivers stopped their trains and removed their greasy caps. Children looked on in awe at this train of the dead. A recreation ground dotted with playing children became suddenly still, and games were forgotten in the passing of this incredible funeral. All the children of a girls' school near Watford were lined up in their playing field. On every station platform a line of people stood still while the train ran by, sometimes an official group headed by a priest, sometimes waiting travellers and station officials, among whom were ex-Service men rigidly at attention. Here a signalman, wearing his medals, came out on to his balcony and stood as if at some bygone parade.

A PERSONAL GRIEF

Presently we were clear of towns and junctions, away on a branch line in quiet country, travelling among the Bedfordshire fields, yet still there were people who had come across country to signal their farewell. Little places like Ridgmont and Lidlington and Millbrook seemed remote from great disaster and almost secure against it, yet this one had touched them. Their populations stood solemnly at the railway's edge. Men in the fields stopped their horses and left their sheep-tending to offer inarticulate sympathy.

So with never a halt and never a break in the line of mourners we brought the bodies of these men into Bedford, the town which had known them all and believed in their mission. The whole town and neighbourhood gave itself up to a personal grief. No business was done, though Saturday is a busy day, and the town was empty. A whole population had moved out to this tiny station of St. John's and to the roads beyond it towards Cardington. Comparatively few people were near the railway line. None could approach the station yard, filled with tenders to receive the coffins and wreaths, and with cars for mourners and official representatives. The quiet through which the train had come from London marked the scene here too. Relatives slowly filed out to their cars; the coffins were borne gently by R.A.F. men to the tenders; wreaths were loaded carefully into other tenders and, so great was their number, were hung upon their sides.

NIGHT OF THE WRECK

ZEPPELIN COMMANDER ON WEATHER CHANGES

An important statement concerning very rapid barometric changes which took place during the night of October 4-5, when R 101 was wrecked, and which probably will help to explain the disaster, was made to *The Times* yesterday by Dr. Hugo Eckener, the commander of the Graf Zeppelin, who attended the funeral of the victims on Saturday as official representative of the German Reich. The Zeppelin also made a short voyage in the early morning of October 5, and when she landed at Zurich after a flight of only four hours her altimeter showed a height of 400ft., though actually she was at the ground level.

In his 30 years of airship operation, said Dr. Eckener, he had never known an area of low pressure come in with such astonishing rapidity. On the morning of the accident he made a journey in the Graf Zeppelin from Friedrichshafen to Leipzig, starting at about 5 o'clock and landing four hours later. When the airship was landed (the mooring mast method is not used in Germany) he found the altimeter was showing a height of 400ft. This was due to a sudden change in barometric pressure, evidently a remarkable drop to cause such a variation in only four hours. The rapid fall in pressure was usually accompanied by squalls and abnormal atmospheric disturbances.

For three days the weather had been changing in a curious way. On the Friday there was high pressure; on Saturday it was lower, and then, during the four hours of his flight, there was another considerable change in pressure, a change more rapid than anything he had known before. It was his intention to give to the Air Ministry a detailed report of his experiences on that flight and of the precise weather conditions he found.

BRITISH INITIATIVE

DR. ECKENER paid high tribute to British work in airship development. He said:—"I am very glad I was able to come over, and I greatly appreciate being allowed to participate in the tribute to the dead. I had so many good friends among them. Major Scott had been a close friend of mine for many years, and in May I made the acquaintance of several others. I was glad to find then that Lord Thomson was so strong a believer in and friend of airships."

The British contribution to the development of airships had been extremely valuable, especially in the matter of construction and in the perfection of new means of handling airships at the mooring mast and on the ground. The latter was an English invention, and airship travel could not be developed without it. An advance had been made in construction. He had examined R 101, and had the utmost confidence in her. "Your airships," he added, "were in many respects stronger, and therefore safer, than ours. R 101 and her crew were first class. Our plans cannot be disturbed by this terrible accident. We have under construction a bigger airship, LZ. 128, bigger because she must be faster."

LZ 128 would have eight engines of 500 h.p. at cruising speed and 560 h.p. maximum, giving 4,000 h.p. against the 2,400 h.p. of the Graf Zeppelin. These engines would be capable of burning petrol or blaugas. The work of development would have to go on, Dr. Eckener concluded: "I cannot believe that Great Britain, which has so much advanced the cause of airships, so largely an international matter for commercial and civil purposes, will give up at this juncture because of this accident, which we so deeply deplore."

FRIENDS' LAST FAREWELL

FALLING SHADOWS AT CARDINGTON

IMPRESSIVE SCENE

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

CARDINGTON, OCT. 11

Nothing in the tributes of the nation to the men of the wrecked airship, expressive as they had been of profound sorrow and heartfelt sympathy, so worked upon the imagination as the final scene at Cardington. Here were the friends and neighbours of the dead, and all the tender pageantry of the funeral could not soften grief which sprang from intimate knowledge of the men and the enterprise on which they were engaged. To most of those awaiting the funeral procession at the roadside R 101 was, as their talk showed, a living thing. If they had not actually helped to build the ship, they had known the men who built her; a year ago that very day they had seen her launched; and a week ago, as she hung at the mooring mast for the last time, they had shared in the bustle of the final preparations for departure. To this ship they had pinned their faith and entrusted their friends; and now her failure left them aghast, a community faced with a catastrophe the full consequences of which they had not yet been able to measure. Realizing that this had been the effect of the disaster on the minds of the people of Cardington, the Bishop of St. Albans was later to interpolate into the service an extemporary prayer that cheerfulness and courage might be vouchsafed to all who mourned, and that they might be helped to play the man and so help others to face courageously whatsoever the morrow might bring.

END OF THE JOURNEY

The October afternoon was approaching the time of twilight when the long funeral procession drew within sight of those who were waiting in the cemetery. The rooks which had been foraging in the autumn fields were going home to the trees that cluster about the cemetery of St. Mary's, and the song of a lark, which had been coming at intervals from the meadowland behind the church, suddenly ended. Its joyous notes were still fresh in the memory when the elegiac music of the funeral procession was first heard in the distance. Across the fields the tenders with their burden could be seen moving slowly between what seemed dark hedges, but were in reality the crowds on either side of the winding roadway. Unbroken, these crowds stretched along the three miles of road to Bedford, and in many places were six deep. It was still many minutes before the van of the procession swung into the empty space of road commanded from the cemetery—a detachment of the Royal Air Force, with rifles reversed, slowly pacing ahead of the band. Behind the band marched the firing party, and then came the tenders, with two coffins covered by the Union Jack in each, and those relatives who were able to walk so far, the representatives of the Air Ministry and aeronautical societies, the Air Council, the third watch of R 101, and then a long line of cars conveying the rest of the relatives and officials. There were nearly 3,000 wreaths—a striking testimony to the widespread sympathy called out by the disaster—and these were brought on tenders, which completed a procession that must have been fully a mile long. It had left Bedford in bright sunshine, receiving its last salute from a blue sky as two squadrons of bombing machines circled over the town in arrow-head formations.

When the end of the journey was reached the sun was losing its warmth and beginning to redden in the west. Shadows fell over the cheerful fields and only the high windows of the two great sheds catching the last rays gave off a hard glitter. These immense structures, with their air of being deserted, and the empty mooring mast beside them, seemed to deepen the melancholy mood of the landscape which they dominate. While the tenders halted in the road which separates the cemetery from the little modern church of St. Mary the mourners were escorted across a field between double lines of a Royal Air Force guard to the other side of the cemetery. Within the cemetery they gathered beside a grave almost as big as the lounge of the airship itself, a shallow grave hung at the sides with artificial grass on which were scattered bronze chrysanthemums, carnations, and gladioli. Into this hollow an inclined trench had been dug, and down the trench the 48 coffins, each covered with the Union Jack and strewn with rose petals, were carried by comrades of the dead men. At the same time the band played softly a number of familiar hymn tunes. The great mound of earth beside the grave glowed with masses of flowers, and at the edge of the grave on the same side stood soldiers holding the Royal wreaths. Behind them was the firing party, leaning on reversed rifles. More flowers were on the side of the grave nearest to the road, and at the other two sides were the clergy and the mourners and the representatives of the three Services, Mr. Alastair MacDonald, representing the Prime Minister, and Dr. Eckener, representing the Reich, and the third watch of R 101.

A PRAYER FOR COURAGE

There were four services—Anglican, Presbyterian, Wesleyan, and Roman Catholic. The opening sentences of the Anglican service were said by the vicar of Cardington (the Rev. W. S. C. Secoombe). The psalm "The Lord is my Shepherd" was followed by a lesson taken from I. Thessalonians and read by the Chaplain-in-Chief of the Royal Air Force (the Rev. R. E. V. Hanson). The remainder of this service was taken by the Bishop of St. Albans, who interpolated the following prayer:—

Grant, we beseech Thee, to all that mourn a spirit of cheerfulness and courage. Help them to play the man and so to help others to face courageously whatsoever the morrow may bring. Let not these shadows depress their spirits and darken the light by which others have to live.

Prayer on behalf of one who was a member of the Presbyterian Church was then said by the Presbyterian Staff Chaplain (the Rev. Archibald McHardy); and by the Wesleyan Staff Chaplain (the Rev. S. H. Keen) on behalf of a member of the Wesleyan Church. Then followed the Doxology, sung to the music of the band, and the Bishop of St. Albans pronounced the Benediction. Four of the crew were members of the Roman Catholic Church, and on their behalf Bishop Keatinge, formerly principal Roman Catholic Chaplain to the Forces, conducted a service. There was silence, for some a silence so laden with emotion that when it was shattered by the volleys of the firing-party they found themselves suddenly at the end of their endurance. Trumpets at the graveside sounded the Last Post; and from the fields outside the cemetery the call was answered by the triumphant notes of the Reveille.

A memorial service for the dead of R 101 was held yesterday at St. George's Church, Lisbon.

NEW GERMAN REICHSTAG

PROSPECTS OF STABILITY

CABINET'S FIRMNESS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, OCT. 12

The new Reichstag meets to-morrow under conditions which, although several awkward possibilities must constantly be borne in mind, have far more promise of the successful Parliamentary execution of the Government's programme than was conceivable immediately after the general election on September 14. The plans for retrenchment and reform are as certain to be carried through as political calculations can render them, and, further, their passage is most unlikely to be accompanied by hasty and dangerous experiments in either foreign or domestic politics. I have had opportunities of confirming the impression that all those in whose hands the conduct of German affairs rests are convinced that this task must be accomplished at all costs, and are ready to proceed with it unhesitatingly.

The determination of the Cabinet to take and keep the lead in disregard of the short-sighted group tactics which hampered previous Governments has been illustrated by the recent action of Herr Schiele, the Minister of Agriculture. Herr Schiele, having already refused to take a seat in the Reichstag although elected on no fewer than six regional lists of the Agrarian Landvolk Party, has now resigned the associate presidency of the Land Union, which he had only retained formally since taking office. Henceforth, therefore, he is entirely independent of both the Parliamentary and the extra-Parliamentary agrarian organizations, which, for a variety of reasons, have been taking part in the agitations against the Government's foreign policy and making impracticable demands for the immediate cessation of reparation payments.

Again, Herr Curtius, the Foreign Minister, has once more outridden a storm within his own party (the German People's Party), and there is now understood to be no further question of his resignation. The subsidence of this storm may be attributed partly to the firm support of Herr Curtius's colleagues in the Cabinet and partly to the plain speaking of Dr. Luther, the President of the Reichsbank, who has good reason to know and value the confidence which Herr Curtius, as the friend and successor of Stresemann, enjoys abroad. Whatever may have been felt about the adequacy of Herr Curtius's speech at Geneva after the elections, it is beyond doubt that the whole Cabinet, including Herr Schiele and Herr Treviranus, the Conservative Minister without portfolio, were in agreement on the general line of foreign policy to be pursued under Herr Curtius's guidance, and that the attacks of certain party organs were not inspired from within the Cabinet.

SOCIALIST SUPPORT

While the Cabinet has thus demonstrated its solidarity, the Socialists, upon whom depends the Parliamentary execution of the reform programme as at present conceived, have given further signs of their inclination to help. Herr Otto Braun, the Socialist Premier of Prussia, who visited the Chancellor again last night, has made a statement published in *Vorwärts* to-day calling upon the party in the strongest terms to cooperate. In the cause of democracy and the preservation of the Constitution, he says, the Socialists must clench their teeth and, conscious of their responsibility, have for once the courage to pursue a policy which is not popular and not so attractive as the dreams of the demagogic "mouth heroes." *Vorwärts*, in a leading article yesterday, gave a clear interpretation of a recent resolution of the Parliamentary group to the effect that the Socialists would not support a motion for the immediate revocation of the Government's decrees.

If all goes well in the Reichstag the Government's decrees will be referred to a Committee, where the Socialists will be able to introduce their amendments. As long as the main structure is preserved the Government will doubtless be able to agree to changes here and there, designed to remove hardships which have become apparent. The motions of no confidence could be countered with indirect Socialist cooperation. The most dangerous motion is that of the Communists for the cessation of Reparation payments, but the latest news from certain hitherto undependable middle parties is encouraging. The conclusion of an agreement for the transitional credit of 500,000,000 marks which, I understand, will be signed within the next few days on the terms mentioned on Friday is an additional steadying factor.

THE EXTREMISTS

For these reasons the Parliamentary prospects are not discouraging. Setbacks there may well be; trouble at the outset over the presidency of the Reichstag would surprise nobody. The threat of the National-Socialists to appear in the forbidden brown shirts and the counter-threat of the Communists to wear the forbidden Red Fighting Front uniform have led to the fixing of an adjustable programme for the coming week. The extremists may need a couple of days to let off steam.

A really serious setback would be the failure of the Socialists to come up to the scratch. Even then all Parliamentary possibilities might not prove to have been exhausted. It is most unlikely, in any event, that the National-Socialists would enter the Government. But there are the best of reasons for believing that in no circumstances would they be included in a Government under conditions which would render even faintly possible a reversal of foreign policy or the preparation of an overthrow of the State from within. It is, however, beyond doubt that there is plenty of sound and eager, though unclaimed, material in the great movement which has attached itself to the comparatively small band of Nazi fanatics. What the bulk of the 6,000,000 wanted when they voted for the Nazis was strong government. That to all appearances they are going to have. There are many shrewd people in Germany who think that a realization of hard facts and a desire for responsible cooperation will develop sooner than might have been expected.

INVALIDS

Earl Buxton was stated yesterday to be making satisfactory progress.

It was stated yesterday that Lord Brotherton had had a very good night and that his improvement was maintained.

Sir Guy Stephenson was reported last night to have had a comfortable day and to be going on satisfactorily.

THE BRAZILIAN REVOLT

GOVERNMENT'S CONFIDENCE

INSURGENTS' CLAIMS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RIO DE JANEIRO, OCT. 12

The position of the Federal troops, according to official reports, is maintained unchanged. Telegrams to-day announce that the insurgents have been defeated in all sectors and that the Federal forces are advancing in pursuit and are clearing the worst elements from the frontiers of the State of São Paulo. It is reported from Itararé, on the frontier between São Paulo and Paraná, that the Federal troops which revolted in these two States have been defeated with a loss of about 2,000 men.

At Jacarezinho, in Paraná, defeated insurgents are approaching the mining areas in that State. In Goyaz Constitutional forces have defeated groups of insurgents and have taken 60 prisoners. Insurgents from Minas Geraes, who attacked Caravellas, in the State of Bahia, have been defeated. Persons arriving from Bello Horizonte and the mining areas in Minas Geraes report that the insurgents are beginning to get discouraged and that the moral of their forces is declining, as the insurrection is generally condemned by the public.

The situation in the last 24 hours appears to have improved considerably. There are indications that the insurgents are disappointed because their plans were calculated on the achievement of complete victory within a maximum time of 10 days, and the results up to the present are insignificant.

The Ministry of Justice has issued a statement to the effect that patriotic battalions are being formed in Rio de Janeiro. In São Paulo the Paulist Legion consists of 1,500 men. In Rio de Janeiro and the States of São Paulo, Espirito Santo, Bahia, Sergipe, Alagoas, Goyaz, and Matto Grosso, all the Federal forces, police and military, continue to be completely loyal to the Republic, and the public has full confidence in the Federal Government. In the States of Santa Catherina and Rio Grande do Sul many loyal garrisons have fought heroically. Military operations continue with success. Within a short time the Federal Government counts on being perfectly equipped for the struggle to restore peace. No advantage has been gained by the insurgents since the first revolt. Opportunity is taken to repeat that the wireless reports sent out from the interior of the country have given most absurdly false news. The situation in Rio de Janeiro is perfectly calm. Ourofino is in the power of the Federal forces.

In order to facilitate commerce and the importation and clearing of merchandise, and in particular foodstuffs, the Bank of Brazil is working on a rate of exchange of 5.516 pence to the milreis.

INSURGENTS' CLAIMS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, OCT. 12

According to reports received in Rio de Janeiro on Friday night, Federal forces had captured the important railway junction of Barbacena, in Minas Geraes, from the insurgents.

The insurgents claim to have repulsed an attempt by General Costa at Florianopolis, supported by the destroyer Maranhao, to land a force on the adjacent mainland of the State of Santa Catharina. The insurgents also announce that they have occupied Imbituba and won over to their cause 200 marines at Joinville. It was reported yesterday at their headquarters in Porto Alegre that the Federal garrison at Santa Cruz, in the State of Rio de Janeiro, had mutinied.

According to information circulated by Lloyd's, foreign shipping has been advised by the Brazilian Federal authorities to avoid ports in Rio Grande do Norte, Parahyba, Pernambuco, Paranagua, Rio Grande do Sul, and Piauhy.

BRITISH CRUISER SAILS FOR BRAZIL

H.M.S. cruiser Delhi, flying the pennant of Captain W. E. C. Tait, left Port of Spain, Trinidad, on Friday night for Brazil. This is a precautionary measure in case British lives or property should be endangered by the fighting in the Brazilian insurrection.

The St. John del Rey Mining Company, of Blomfield-street, E.C., owners of the Morro Velho mine, near Bello Horizonte, in the State of Minas Geraes, have received a message from their mine manager stating that all is well there.

WAGE REDUCTION IN GERMANY

A SIGNIFICANT AWARD

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, OCT. 12

A wage award which is regarded as a signal for a general downward movement has been made in the Berlin metal industry. The employers demanded a 15 per cent. wage cut; the unions demanded a retention of the present rates and the introduction of short time. The arbitrator, who was specially appointed by the Ministry of Labour, has awarded a wage cut of 6 to 8 per cent.

The award is clearly connected with the Government's avowed intention to endeavour to bring private industry into line with the public services, upon which the Government's programme imposes wage and salary reductions. The employers are earnestly advised by responsible commentators to do their part by making an early reduction in prices. The hope was entertained that if prices were reduced as well the question whether Herr Stegerwald, the Minister of Labour, should declare the award binding might not arise. Employers and unions were given until next week to reflect before accepting or rejecting it and the present rates remain in force until November. The union officials, without awaiting further developments, met to-day and hastily passed a resolution to reject it. The final decision will, however, be made by ballot among the men. If the employers accept and the unions reject the award the responsibility will rest with the Minister, and it is expected that he will declare the award binding.

It will probably be found that in some industries which do not work for export opportunities will be found for the Socialists' remedy for unemployment—short-time—to be tried out. The remedy is regarded as impossible in the export industries, because Germany's success in export markets is held to be due to prompt deliveries.

UNREST IN SPAIN

MANY AGITATORS ARRESTED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, OCT. 12

The Cabinet has followed up the warning it issued a few days ago by taking energetic measures against the agitators who are creating unrest among the workpeople and threatening law and order in Spain. Many arrests were made yesterday in several provincial towns, notably in Barcelona, where ringleaders of the Communist, Syndicalist, Republican, and Separatist groups were imprisoned. Among the arrested men is Señor Companys, a former Republican Deputy and the editor of *Solidaridad Obrera*. Captain Sancho, of the Royal Engineers, has been arrested at Barcelona, and Major Ramon Franco, the well-known airman, in Madrid. These officers were arrested for breaches of discipline.

A general strike which was threatened at Seville has been prevented by energetic measures taken by the Civil Governor. Leaflets were distributed yesterday at Barcelona calling upon the workers to observe a general strike on Monday.

Speaking to Press representatives about the strikes, the Minister of Justice said that the Cabinet was obliged to show energy because otherwise the powder mine Spain appeared to be sitting on might explode. Only a spark was necessary. However, General Berenguer, the Prime Minister, in conversation with representatives of the newspapers, denied that any sort of conspiracy had been discovered. There had only been, he declared, "some indiscreet and imprudent interventions. Nothing more."

In conversation with Press representatives a few days ago General Berenguer read the text of an intercepted telegram, sent by the correspondent of a British and an American news agency, which contained news of a supposed conspiracy to overthrow the Government and instal a new dictatorship.

The message spoke of the arrest of two colonels, and made other statements of an alarmist nature. General Berenguer said that the Foreign Minister was taking the necessary measures to find the correspondent, and that the least that could be done to him would be to expel him. He explained further how, the censorship having been raised, the telegram, instead of being suppressed, as would have occurred under the Dictatorship, was forwarded after a note had been taken of its contents.

FOREIGN TRADE IN SEPTEMBER

EFFECT OF FALL IN PRICES

The trade returns for September show heavy decreases both in the value of imports and exports, but the actual quantities are in some cases larger. Imports amounted to £78,651,726, a decrease of £19,764,496 on the same month of last year, and of £9,026,781 compared with September, 1928. Exports amounted to £48,134,015, a decrease of £13,706,240 on last year and £15,341,661 on 1928. Of the decrease in exports £12,363,620 was in British goods and £1,342,620 in re-exports. The heavy decline, however, may be attributed largely to the fall in prices, which are nearly 18 per cent. lower than they were a year ago, a figure which corresponds roughly to the decreases for the nine months ended September 30.

It is worthy of note that the decreases as compared with August are quite small, and appreciably smaller than the decreases shown in September in the two previous years. For instance, exports last month were less than £1,000,000 below the August figures, whereas in 1929 September showed a decrease of over £10,000,000 compared with August. The figures for October may be expected to show seasonal increases on those for September.

For the nine months the total of imports is £785,193,510, a decrease of £111,959,750. Exports were £508,793,840, a decrease of £119,055,196. Imports of bullion and specie have amounted to £87,056,958 in the same period, an increase of £25,334,146. On the other hand, exports have declined £12,954,011 to £56,976,059.

RESIGNATION OF THE SOLICITOR-GENERAL

REASONS OF ILL-HEALTH

The Press Association states:—Sir James Melville, K.C., M.P., has resigned his office of Solicitor-General for reasons of ill-health. Sir James and Lady Melville are going abroad for some time. Sir James Melville will resume his Parliamentary duties and his practice at the Bar after Christmas, so that no question of a by-election arises.

Our Parliamentary Correspondent writes:—

Sir James Melville's resignation of the office of Solicitor-General will come as a considerable surprise to his Labour colleagues in the House of Commons, who had expected that he would take a leading part in helping to secure in the coming Session the passage of the Bill designed to amend the Trade Disputes Act. In the first Session of the new Parliament Sir James did little in the House of Commons, but it was generally expected that his big opportunity would come with the Bill which, according to Mr. Henderson's promise to the Labour Party conference, will be a prominent feature in the next King's Speech.

The Prime Minister now has two offices to fill in his Ministry, those of Secretary of State for Air and Solicitor-General.

JACK DIAMOND SHOT IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Oct 12.—Jack Diamond, the gang leader who recently went to Europe but was sent back by the German authorities, was shot and seriously wounded in a New York hotel to-day. He was taken to hospital, but the surgeons state that his condition does not permit of an operation. Diamond is wounded in the right side, chest, scalp, and left side.

Diamond states that he was shot by three or four men, who burst into his room and opened fire as he sat partly dressed on the edge of the bed. He denied that he knew them.—*Reuter.*

ARCHBISHOP EXPELLED FROM PERSIA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

TEHERAN, OCT. 12

The Persian Government has ordered Mgr. Mesrop, the Armenian Archbishop for Persia and India in Ispahan, to leave the country within 24 hours as having intrigued with the Soviet. There is strong feeling both for and against his Grace among the Armenian community here.

THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

DOMINIONS' OFFER

BRITISH STATEMENT TO-DAY

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

A meeting of the Heads of the Delegations to the Imperial Conference has been called for 10.30 this morning, when the discussion on inter-Imperial economic relations will be continued.

It is understood that the British Government will be prepared to give a general indication this morning of its views on the various proposals which were laid before the plenary session of the Conference last Wednesday by Mr. Bennett and the other representatives of the Dominions, and this task will probably be undertaken by Mr. Graham, the President of the Board of Trade. It will be remembered that Mr. Thomas, the Secretary of State for the Dominions, who opened the proceedings, did not give any indication of the Home Government's proposals, but it was suggested that plans would be forthcoming at a later stage after the views of the Dominions had been heard. Mr. Bennett put forward a definite plan for a preference to the Mother Country and the other Dominions in the Canadian market based on the addition of a 10 per cent. increase on prevailing general tariffs, and he pressed for an early reply from the Government in the United Kingdom. It is expected that Mr. Graham will indicate that the Government is prepared to explore every possible means of increasing inter-Imperial trade, but it is not likely that at this stage he will make any definite reply to Mr. Bennett's specific proposal.

The Government is anxious that the position of every industry should be examined on its merits in order to discover, for instance, what help the Dominions can give towards the revival of the iron and steel and coal industries in this country. Reports have been prepared for the use of the Imperial Conference on such matters as bulk purchase, the standardization of prices, and import boards, but Mr. Bennett has already stated that the Canadian Government does not consider that the suggestions which have been placed before the Conference can be considered as an alternative to a development of Imperial preference. Mr. Forbes has also stated that New Zealand is opposed to any extension of State trading or of interference by the Government in commerce such as a system of bulk purchase would presumably imply.

COST OF LIVING

The Government is desirous that the Conference should consider whether it is possible to conclude commercial treaties between different parts of the Empire on somewhat similar lines to those now in existence between this country and Germany and Argentina. The negotiations for the conclusion of the Anglo-German Treaty were begun by Lord D'Abernon in Berlin when the first Labour Government was in office. The members of the Dominion Delegations are already aware of the fact that the Government in the United Kingdom regards two conditions as essential to any discussion on the economic relations of the Empire—that any proposals brought forward must not increase the cost of living in this country and that there must be no sudden interference with existing commercial treaties with foreign nations. Mr. Bennett expressed the opinion on Wednesday that under his scheme proper safeguards for the consumer could be devised.

Arrangements have been made for Lord Sankey's Committee on certain constitutional aspects of inter-Imperial relations to meet to-morrow and on Thursday and Friday. Though final decisions have not been taken, it is understood that good progress has been made, and that a number of difficulties has already been overcome.

Mr. Bennett is to broadcast a review of the work of the Conference at 10.5 p.m. on Wednesday, and arrangements have been made for the speech to be heard in Canada by means of the 16 stations of the Canadian National Radio Service.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 10)

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	8.15
Apollo	THE OUTSIDER	8.30
Cambridge	CHARLOT'S MASQUERADE	8.15
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	THE FAR-OFF HILLS	2.30
Daly's	ELDORADO	8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	8.15
Everyman	THE WILD DUCK	8.15
Gaiety	THE LOVE RACE	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	STREET SCENE	8.40
Grafton	UNUSUAL VARIETY	8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	8.30
Hippodrome	SONS O' GUNS	8.15
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	8.30
Kingsway	HER FIRST AFFAIRE	8.30
Little	JEALOUSY	9
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	TRAFFIC	8.15
Lyric	LET US BE GAY	8.40
Lyric, Hammersmith	MARRIAGE A LA MODE	8.30
New	TOPAZE	8.30
Palace	FREDERICA	8.15
Phœnix	PRIVATE LIVES	8.45
Playhouse	CYNARA	8.30
Prince of Wales	RICHARD III.	8
Queen's	THE HARRETTS OF WIMPOLE STREET	8.15
Royalty	TWO TO ONE	8.30
St. James's	THE SWAN	8.30
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	8.30
Savoy	THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE	8.30
Shaftesbury	LEAVE IT TO PSMITH	8.30
Strand	IT'S A BOY	8.30
The Old Vic	THE TEMPEST	7.45
Vaudeville	THE BREADWINNER	2.45 & 8.45
Victoria Palace	VICTORIA VANITIES	8.15
Whitehall	THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN	2.30 & 8.30
Winter Garden	FOLLOW A STAR	8.10
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	8.30

VARIETIES

Collseum	2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire	6.30 & 9
Maskelyne's	3 & 8
Palladium	6.30 & 9

CONCERTS

Queen's Hall	LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA	8.15
Wigmore Hall	MISS WINIFRED RADFORD	8.30

EXHIBITIONS

Crystal Palace	10 to 10
Tussaud's	10 to 10
Zoological Gardens	9 a.m. to sunset

PICTURE THEATRES

Alhambra	KING OF JAZZ	1 to 11
Astoria	THE GREAT GAME	1 to 11
Capital	THREE FACES EAST	12 to 11
Carlton	THE BIG POND	2.30, 6, & 8.30
Dominion	TWO WORLDS	2.30 & 6.30
Empire	FORWARD MARCH	12 to 12
Kensington	ROOKERY NOOK	2 to 11
Marble Arch Pavilion	ESCAPE	2 to 11
New Gallery	HOLIDAY	2 to 11
Plaza	FOR THE DEFENSE	11.45 to 11
Polytechnic	SONG OF MY HEART	2.30, 5.45, & 8.15
Regal	KING OF JAZZ	1 to 11
Rialto	ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT	12 to 11
Stoll Picture Theatre	ROOKERY NOOK	12 to 11.45
The World's News Theatre	ROUND THE WORLD IN 80 MINUTES	12 to 11
Tivoli	RAFFLES	12.30 to 11

THE TIMES

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Winds becoming fresh to strong southerly or south-westerly; cloud increasing and lowering, some rain; moderate temperature.

Further Outlook.—Some rain or showers in most districts. (p. 14)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

The last tributes were paid to the victims of the airship R 101 on Saturday, when their bodies were borne in procession from Westminster Hall to Euston, taken by train to Bedford, carried in procession again to Cardington, and there buried together in one large grave. (p. 12)

The Prince of Wales was present last night at a dinner given at the Spanish Club, Cavendish-square, in celebration of the 438th anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus. (p. 14)

The Royal Geographical Society will celebrate next week the hundredth anniversary of its foundation. Representatives will attend from geographical societies in all parts of the world. (p. 9)

The fourth of our special reports on British crops reveals a critical position in the industry. (p. 18)

Captain Boyd and Mr. Connor, who flew from Newfoundland to the Scilly Isles last week, arrived at Croydon on Saturday afternoon. (p. 14)

The Bishop of Birmingham was the preacher yesterday at a service which marked the opening of the celebrations in connexion with the thirtieth anniversary of the granting of the Charter to the University of Birmingham and the jubilee of its forerunner, the Science College founded by Sir Josiah Mason in 1880. (p. 9)

His Majesty's Judges will attend Divine service in Westminster Abbey at noon to-day and afterwards will proceed to the Law Courts for the opening of the Michaelmas Law Sittings. (p. 9)

A new block of science workshops and a new Quadrangle, at Christ's Hospital, Horsham, will be opened by the Prince of Wales to-morrow. (p. 15)

POLITICS

Sir James Melville, Solicitor-General, has resigned for reasons of ill-health. He will retain his seat in Parliament. (p. 12)

In his address to the electors of South Paddington Sir Herbert Lidiard appeals to all Conservative electors to close the ranks and defeat the Government. He says that if elected he will loyally support the Conservative Party in the House of Commons. (p. 9)

Mr. Graham, President of the Board of Trade, speaking in Edinburgh on Saturday, said that the Government, in view of present unemployment, would do everything to develop the home market. He was satisfied that there was no remedy in tariffs. (p. 17)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

A meeting of the Heads of Delegations to the Imperial Conference will be held this morning. It is understood that the British Government will give a general indication of its views on the proposals submitted at the last plenary session by Mr. Bennett and other Dominion representatives. (p. 12)

The German Reichstag reassembles to-day. The prospect of the Government's carrying through its programme of retrenchment and reform is thought now to be far better than appeared likely after the General Election. (p. 12)

The Viceroy's new Ordinance dealing with unlawful associations has been enforced in Bombay Presidency, where the police have raided a number of Congress centres. (p. 11)

The Nanking Government has transferred three divisions of troops from the front for use in the suppression of Communists and bandits in the provinces of Hupeh, Hunan, and Kiangsi. Our Correspondent says that shipping on the Yangtze between Kiukiang and Ichang is constantly endangered by rifle and artillery fire. (p. 11)

Many arrests have been made in Spain of persons accused of stirring up trouble among the workpeople. The Prime Minister declares, however, that there is no sign of any conspiracy. (p. 12)

SPORT

The Kempton Park October Race Meeting was concluded on Saturday; a meeting was concluded at Haydock Park. (p. 4)

Newport beat Blackheath by 15 points to nine in a Rugby football match on the Rectory Field on Saturday; Rosslyn Park beat London Scottish at Richmond by 16 points to 10. (p. 5)

Derby County beat Arsenal at Derby on Saturday by four goals to two; Tottenham Hotspur beat Nottingham Forest at White Hart-lane by two goals to one; the Corinthians played their first match of the season at the Crystal Palace, where they were beaten by the Southern Amateur League by four goals to three. (p. 6)

The International Club of Great Britain beat the International Club of France in a lawn tennis match at Queen's Club on Saturday by nine matches to six. (p. 4)

The hockey match played to mark the opening of the new Irish hockey ground at Dublin on Saturday between the Anglo-Welsh and Irish-Scottish was drawn. (p. 5)

An Old Etonian pair won the Camberley Heath Scratch Foursomes competition at Camberley on Saturday; the challenge match between Mitchell and Lacey at Selsdon Park was halved; the first three rounds of the Sunningdale Founders' Foursomes were played during the week-end. (p. 7)

Ted Phelps retained the World's Sculling Championship on Saturday when he again beat Bert Barry. (p. 4)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—The Trade Returns; the German Financial Difficulty; Gold and Prices; Brazilian Finance; an Argentine Railway Report; and Freight Index for September. (p. 20)

Loanable funds were in abundant supply on Saturday, new day-to-day loans being on offer at from 1 to 1½ per cent. Discount rates were almost without change. The New York exchange fell to $4.85 27-32; the Argentine dollar showed further weakness, closing about ¾d. lower at 37½d. Silver fell 1-16d. to 16¾d. per ounce. (p. 20)

RUSSIA'S TWO FACES

An increasing number of Englishmen and Englishwomen are finding time to visit Russia in the endeavour to acquire some direct and personal impression of the working of the great Communist experiment. There is no subject on which accurate knowledge is more desired by every student of social and political development, and unfortunately none of which a sound understanding—as distinct from casual impressions or isolated items of information—is more difficult to obtain. While the curiosity which takes so many tourists to Leningrad and Moscow is wholly commendable, there can be very few of them who possess the equipment necessary to make their observations of any real value. Few of them know any Russian, few of them have any knowledge of the country under previous conditions to give them a standard of comparison, and few are able to break away from their official shepherds. They see only what these shepherds want them to see, meet only the people whom the officials want them to meet, and hear only those things it is thought good for them to hear—all of which, of course, does not deter them from being convinced, on their return, that they have really seen Russia and know the true conditions of life there. Happily there are exceptions, though few in number—men who, speaking Russian fluently, have been able to dispense with official guidance and surveillance and to travel unostentatiously about the country seeing things with their own eyes and gathering information from people of all classes whom they met, and who, from previous familiarity with Russia and with the Russian character, have been the better able to interpret what they saw and heard. One such traveller, recently returned, has set out—in a series of articles of which the first is printed on this page to-day—the impressions he gathered during his visit. While they make no pretence to be an exhaustive analysis of the present state of Russia, his accounts do help one to realize the conditions of everyday life under the Soviet régime; and they confirm the conclusions drawn in the more recent authoritative studies of the Bolshevist experiment by HERR ARTHUR FEILER and others.

What impressed our correspondent more than anything else was the contrast between the small ruling class, with whom alone the ordinary tourist comes into contact, and the remaining 90 per cent. or more of the population. He bears witness to the zeal and energy of the active Communists, who, though a tiny minority in the country, exercise an absolute control over every kind of activity, political, economic, social, literary, and artistic, and, through the terrorism practised by the political police, the dreaded Ogpu, keep every other section of the population in a state of cowed subjection. He describes them as animated by a "religious fervour and "optimism" akin to that of the Fascists or of the Salvation Army. They are eager, he says, to hasten the complete socialization of Russia, and firmly believe in the inevitability of a world revolution and of war between the capitalist countries and the Soviet Republics. But in spite of their faith and their persistent and intense propaganda, and in spite of the success which they have undoubtedly achieved in some directions, the rulers have not succeeded in impressing the ruled with their own optimism. Behind the façade which touring parties to Leningrad and Moscow are invited to contemplate and to admire, he is impressed by the discontent, steadily growing in intensity, prevalent in all parts of the Soviet Union. Some idea of the evidence which forced that impression upon him is given by the extracts which he quotes in succeeding articles from conversations with typical peasants and workmen. The depression and anxiety which they disclose might be disregarded if they were merely a few isolated instances. They became significant when he found them expressed by all manner of people met at random in many different parts of the country. His account of the general feeling has received confirmation since his visit in the increased activity of the Ogpu and the frequency with which it now announces the shooting, generally without any sort of trial, of people accused of working against the revolution. There would be no need for this ruthless terrorism—a terrorism which may not improbably end by defeating its own object—if there were not widespread throughout the land a bitter and profound discontent with Communist rule.

As to the future, our correspondent, like all who know Russia, declines to prophesy. Deep as is the prevailing discontent, it is not, he thinks, likely to lead to the overthrow of the party and the system which have Russia in their grip. Any movement in that direction would be immediately and relentlessly suppressed by the Ogpu, which has its spies everywhere and exercises arbitrarily the power of life and death. The Red Army is a class army, and the greatest care is taken in its recruiting and training, and in looking after its food supply, to keep it loyal to the Communist Party. The utmost that he thinks likely to happen is that the Right wing of the party may gain strength and insist upon following a slower and more cautious policy in the collectivization of agriculture and the suppression of private trading. As regards relations with foreign countries, he believes that for the present the Soviet Government really desires peace, and that the war scares it engineers through its Press, and the hatred it preaches of foreign countries, are chiefly designed to rally national sentiment to the Communist cause. He is more doubtful of the situation when, if ever, the Five-Year Plan is completed, especially as a generation is growing up in the Communist Party which knows nothing of conditions in foreign countries and is being indoctrinated with a fanatical devotion to the cause of world revolution. It is a depressing picture which he draws of a country in which freedom of every kind has ceased to exist, in which everything done or written must follow the direction laid down by the Government, and in which it is dangerous to speak, or even to think, in opposition to that direction. Complaints are sometimes made that so many British newspapers, including *The Times*, do not maintain accredited correspondents in Moscow. But in Russia to-day there is no place for a responsible correspondent of an independent newspaper. When *The Times* sends a correspondent to Russia it will be to supply its readers with honest and unbiased information, and such information can clearly be neither gathered nor telegraphed by a correspondent working under an arbitrary censorship and an all-pervading system of espionage. There is no discrimination in this matter, as is sometimes supposed, between Russia and the rest of the world. If similar conditions were ever to prevail in Italy, for instance, or in Turkey, the correspondent of *The Times* would instantly be withdrawn, as correspondents have sometimes been withdrawn from foreign countries in the past. It is not the least significant indictment of the present régime in Russia that its leaders are afraid to let the world know the truth.

In Relief of Agriculture

The contents of the fourth and last of our Special Crop Reports for this year fully support and account for the conclusion of our Agricultural Correspondent that the lot of the British farmer, and of the arable farmer in particular, is critical to the point of despair. On that point the hundreds of reports and estimates that he has received from representative and enlightened farmers and landowners throughout the country—all, he says, of known and unquestionable repute—leave no room for doubt. Their testimony can be neither denied nor ignored. Except in a few favoured localities, and even there only in subsidiary branches of the industry, the promise of midsummer has ended in dismal disappointment. What might have been a fair harvest has been seriously damaged or almost entirely ruined by the rain and by the sunless days of the last three months. Not since the deplorable season of 1879 have the conditions been so bad. But that, unhappily, is only a part of the tale. British farmers have often before suffered from bad harvests, and even from successions of bad harvests, without going under. This season the most severe blow that the industry has received at the hands of the weather for perhaps half a century—more particularly in the harvesting of corn and late hay crops—has fallen upon them at a time when their economic position is so desperate that many of them have little or no chance of weathering the present crisis. Disaster stares them in the face. In some districts acres of hay are still ungathered, a large percentage of the corn is sprouting and rotting in the stooks, cattle bought in the spring are selling out at a loss of several shillings a hundredweight, and many dairies cannot sell their milk. "Half my "remaining arable," writes one farmer, "will "go down to grass next year, and I have paid "off already eight men. Others will follow and "my labour bill each week will come down from "£70 to under £50. I cannot go on paying "wages out of capital."

This statement—that wages are being largely paid out of capital or borrowed money, and that the farmer is no longer able to foot the bill—is repeated in a letter printed in another column over the signatures of MR. E. G. PRETYMAN and MR. CHARLES ADEANE. Their long and extensive experience of practical farming in the Eastern Counties gives them the right and the power to speak with exceptional authority. In comparison with skilled labour in many sheltered industries the agricultural labourer, they say, is poorly paid and no one connected with the land wishes to see his wages reduced. But the fact must be faced that in appointing boards to fix the rate of his wages, without at the same time fixing the price to be paid for the produce of his labour, Parliament has to a large extent fixed the cost of production, and is therefore chiefly responsible for the disastrous position in which agriculture, and more particularly arable agriculture, has been placed. There is, of course, another factor which partly accounts for the present state of the markets, which, as our Agricultural Correspondent points out, is even worse than that of the harvest fields. Other countries, in which the hours of labour are longer and the rate of wages lower than is legally permitted in Great Britain, and in which agricultural production is subsidized by the State, have not unnaturally seized the opportunity of dumping their surplus produce here at prices with which the British farmer, with one hand tied by the law behind his back, is unable to compete. These are the two great causes of the existing depression in British agriculture, and both are directly due to the action of Parliament. Something has been done, and may still be done, by means of cooperation, improved systems of marketing, research, and education, to check the rate of the decline of the industry and to improve its prospects in the dim future. But none of these expedients can, it is certain, be of immediate relief. Until that relief is forthcoming—and it is only by the action of Parliament that the chief causes of the decline can be removed—the state of the industry must go from bad to worse. More and more farmers will be forced to give up the unequal struggle, more and more acres of arable land will be laid down to grass, more and more agricultural workers will be driven out of employment and into the towns, and not only the physical strength of the manhood of the country but also its supplies of the home-grown food on which it would have to depend in time of war will be more and more reduced.

The one ray of hope is that, though the mass of the urban population are still blind to the appalling difficulties of the farmers and to the dangers that lie ahead, the politicians are beginning to realize that in the interests of the whole community agriculture must by some means be made to pay. Rival schemes of relief have been prepared and laid before the public. DR. ADDISON goes up and down the country preaching the gospel of marketing boards, small-holdings, and demonstration farms, leaving the question of import boards for future consideration. MR. BALDWIN has given his approval to the policy of some form of wheat quota, combined with guaranteed prices. For DR. ADDISON'S demonstration farms, provided that they are run on strictly commercial lines, there may be something to be said. On the other hand there are in many quarters strong objections to what he calls the element of compulsion in his marketing scheme, and the costly failure of previous experiments with small-holdings—the creation of which has been condemned by MR. C. S. ORWIN in his book on "The Future of Farming"—is not an encouraging omen for their repetition. But the main trouble about DR. ADDISON and his policy—as was suggested by "Midland Farmer" in a letter published on Saturday—is that the whole tone of his recent speeches shows a lack of sympathetic understanding of the real difficulties with which farmers are confronted. They are much more likely to believe in and to be helped by the policy of the wheat quota. It is opposed by some people on the ground that the wheat crop must in any case represent a very small proportion of the products of British farming. Some even hold that it would be better to lay the whole country down to grass and concentrate upon the raising of live stock. To this course there are two grave objections. The first is that in the essentially arable counties the elimination of the pivotal crop would undermine the principle of rotation; the second is that any further increase in grazing land—much of it thoroughly unsuitable for the purpose—would inevitably lead to the over-production of milk, with a fatal reaction on its price and on the incomes of the existing dairy farmers without in any way benefiting the arable farmer. On the other hand the wheat quota, free from this particular drawback, seems to offer a better chance than any other expedient yet suggested of making it possible for the arable farmer to earn a decent living and pay a decent wage.

A Romance of the Thames

A copy of an eighteenth-century waterman's licence was published in our correspondence columns last Wednesday and was buttressed on Friday by the very words of the Elizabethan statute under which it was issued. The documents show what pains the authorities in those far-off days took to see that those who worked on the Thames should conduct themselves in a proper manner. If all the watermen of those days acted up to the standard set by the terms of this decorous and pious licence, the Thames must indeed have been a very decent place on which to travel. It may be that the predecessors of DAVID MILLS, mariner, who was licensed at the mature age of fifty, had no such guidance from a higher power to refrain from acts and words which should offend the susceptibilities of the purest tastes; or SAMUEL PEPYS would never have said so many unkind things about watermen. He was overcharged on one occasion when he wanted to get to a State function, and, though he had his revenge in putting the Press Gang on to the profiteers and having them sent to sea, that unforgivable sin has come down through the ages to goad watermen, and to guide those who may have dealings with watermen against the rapacity of a class that did not shrink from making the best terms they could even if they had to bully and beat their unfortunate passengers into submission. It is due to the "most wise discreet and "best sort of watermen" that these disgraceful evils were cured. First the passenger rates were put upon a uniform basis, and then licences were issued to men who had served their apprenticeship, and the terms of those licences took the righteous and godly form characteristic of the one to which our correspondent has drawn attention.

In perusing the indentures of the apprentices who come to the river even to this day it would seem that this desire to inculcate the principles of honesty and sobriety is still the chief motive. The proviso of the eighteenth-century waterman's licence that he should "not "sell Fruit or Strong Waters" concerns trade as well as morals; the twentieth-century indenture asks more: that he shall not keep lewd company nor "contract Marriage within the "said Term" of his apprenticeship. "He shall "not play at Cards, Dice, Tables, nor any other "unlawful games whereby his said Master may "have any Loss"; neither shall he "haunt "Taverns nor Play-Houses." In only one particular does the old waterman seem to have had an advantage over his successor of to-day, inasmuch as DAVID MILLS should not "Work on the Lord's-day." The modern apprentice must not "absent himself "from his Master's Service Day nor Night, un-"lawfully," but there seems to be no embargo on Sunday duty. Populated by such good men the Thames ought to be the cleanest river in the world.

A VISION OF THE AIRSHIP

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Sir James Dodd's tribute to Victor Hugo is timely. Writing in 1859, Victor Hugo foretold the airship, but Victor Hugo was anticipated by Dr. Erasmus Darwin, an English medical man and poet (1731-1802). Dr. Darwin was the intimate friend of James Watt and of Matthew Boulton, and carried away by the possibilities of their great invention, the steam engine, he wrote:—

Soon shall thy arm, unconquer'd Steam! afar
Drag the small barge, or drive the rapid car;
Or on wide waving wings expanded bear
The flying-chariot through the fields of air.
Fair crews triumphant, leaning from above,
Shall wave their fluttering kerchiefs as they move;
Or warrior-bands alarm the gaping crowd,
And armies shrink beneath the shadowy cloud.

I am, &c.,
G. BUCKSTON BROWNE, F.R.C.S.
80, Wimpole-street, Oct. 10.

A PIONEER'S SPIRIT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Tributes to the distinguished officers who perished with R 101 have emphasized the religious fervour with which they held their ideals. They saw in their work a vital contribution to the progress of civilisation and they gave to it an intensity of faith which impressed every one with whom they came into contact. Not only did they successfully defend that faith in official quarters but they imparted the fire of their convictions to every member of their staff down to the humblest mechanic.

One evening, a month ago, a discussion started in a village inn not far from Cardington. Local pride forbade any definite condemnation of airships, but doubts were expressed as to the usefulness and safety of air travel, and the general opinion seemed to be that public money was being wasted on a speculation for which the company could see little future. At this point a young man entered the rather one-sided debate. In ten minutes he had conquered the wiseacres with a string of facts and figures to which there was no reply. But he did not stop there; he went on to talk, in simple language, of the possibilities of airship research and of its relation to Imperial and world politics. His quiet, unrhetorical earnestness and the romantic breadth of his vision transcended the cheap, uninformed, but homely arguments of the bar, and when he stopped, with an embarrassed laugh, to finish his pint there could have been none in his spellbound audience who had failed to glimpse something of that pioneer spirit which so obviously moved him deeply.

That young man was a rigger on R 101 and now sleeps with his fellow enthusiasts. Let us hope that their bright torch will be taken up and carried on and that it will light other torches in more prosaic but not less important fields of activity.

Yours faithfully,
BEDFORDIAN.
October 10.

COURAGE FOR ECONOMY

A WANT IN MODERN POLITICIANS

ABILITY TO SAY "NO"

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—For over a year I have been engaged on writing, from original sources, a biography of Cardinal Alberoni. Whatever may be the ultimate verdict of history upon his foreign policy, the evidence is irresistible that he was a master administrator. The first Earl Stanhope, who had seen Spain in the evil days of her Charles II., declared publicly in 1718 that if Spain "went on as at present and had the same success in other departments, there was no power on earth would be able to resist her." Stanhope was a practised observer, but by no means a partial witness, yet he generously recorded that Alberoni's reforms really did him great credit.

Faced by maladministration and profusion, by pluralities, by an entrenched and swollen bureaucracy, by the tenderness of Spaniards for historical survivals, Alberoni was untiring, unfaltering, indomitable in the pursuit of economy and reform, a Minister in whom the spirit of thrift and efficiency was incarnate. In the last analysis his talent for administration rested upon two virtues, common sense and a very great power of refusal. His favourite author was Tacitus and his chosen motto *Magnum vectigal est parsimonia*, which my friend Dr. Page cites in his piercing diagnosis of our own malady published in your issue of to-day.

It is precisely in an inability to say "No" that all our party leaders have so lamentably failed since the War. The remedy of Mr. MacDonald's party is frankly irrational; it is to assuage our misfortunes by exceeding our income; but *non tali auxilio* shall we emerge. Mr. Lloyd George employs his enforced leisure on costly schemes of illusory compensations and dazzling expedients, but happily the day when his magic music could enchant has passed and gone. Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Churchill sounded the need for economy with no uncertain voice in their election manifesto of 1924, yet no sooner were they seated in office than the difficulties of retrenchment were somewhat light-heartedly dismissed, and heavy fresh commitments were incurred.

You have published many letters about hungry sheep. What we really want is a shepherd who will give his life for the sheep, and not run away before the wolf of public extravagance. You have published much about the need for political honesty. Dr. Page and you, Sir, are now introducing the fresh theme of political firmness and courage.

Yours faithfully,
ALWYN PARKER.
Foldsdown, Thursley, Godalming, Oct. 10.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—To a dispassionate observer Conservatives who apply the phrase "Hungry Sheep" to Mr. Baldwin's leadership seem to betray a lack of the sense of reality and humour. Mr. MacDonald and his friends must be watching their misapplied activity with mingled amusement and relief. What are we to say of *this* shepherd to whom his two million sheep look and are not fed?

Cannot Conservatives cease these unedifying complaints in the face of a none too scrupulous enemy and of the very real threat to the country, and combine in applying the phrase where it rightly and even tragically belongs—to Mr. MacDonald and his blundering Socialist leadership? Then they would have a united country behind them, and not a bewildered country not knowing where to look for guidance.

Meanwhile your readers will be interested to compare Miss Lawrence's apology for the Government's present feebleness in action with her confident and assured promises of earlier days. Mr. Baldwin, speaking at the Women's Unionist Organization last year at the Albert Hall, said:—"If I had to give a prize for the best promise made I should give it to Miss Susan Lawrence. In the House of Commons on May 1 last year (1929) she said: 'Human misery which is almost impossible to contemplate has resulted from that policy (our policy), and that is what will continue to happen to the unemployed if by any misfortune the present Minister of Health (Mr. Chamberlain) and the present Government are allowed to remain in control. But if we come back (Miss Lawrence) we will end the misery, the hunger, the starvation. I know that to bring in a proper unemployment measure would take months, and to start everybody who is unemployed on schemes of work would also take months. We will do these things: but we will not only look to the curing of unemployment, we will deal with the people who are suffering from hunger and cold, from want of boots, from want of milk, from want of clothes. These are things which a Labour Government can cure within three weeks of coming into office. These things, as I say, can be done in three weeks.'"

Not three weeks but 18 months have passed, and still the sheep look to their shepherds and are not fed.

Your obedient servant,
H. J. MARSHALL.
Hampstead.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The letter of Dr. T. E. Page comes as a breath of fresh, sound sense to many wavering followers of Mr. Baldwin. The simultaneous appearance of Mr. Bennett's speech and Mr. Baldwin's acceptance of the principle of Imperial preference helps us considerably. Mr Baldwin, like Barkis, is willing, but does not hesitate to say so. Most of us would like to know that he is as willing to pledge the party to a campaign of the most rigid economy if returned to office.

Imperial preference is a fine and noble ideal which can, and must, be made a reality. But we have no right to ask the other members of the Commonwealth to conclude an economic alliance with us unless we can give them a definite assurance that we are able to fulfil our part of the bargain. The purchasing power of this country, which is to-day being forced into bankruptcy by the utter disregard of its politicians for the first principles of economy, must necessarily be on the decrease. Only drastic reductions in expenditure can restore us to a position where we can give the Dominions full value for their tariff concessions. And the Conservative Party alone is capable of making such reductions.

Mr. Baldwin should, therefore, strengthen not only his support of Imperial preference but also his personal power in the party by a definite pledge that he will practise the most harsh economy if returned to office; he should tell the electorate exactly how bad is the financial state of the country; and he should produce a practical scheme for the annual reduction of expenditure. It can be done; it has been done before; and it must be done now. We know that the first principle of electioneering is *ars est celare partem*, and that the unpleasant part. But we surely can believe that the electorate of Britain are sufficiently sound at heart to follow and support someone who will give them their only chance of salvation. Temper the wind to the shorn lamb, and the wavering sheep will follow whoever saves their fellows.

Your obedient servant,
IVOR LAMBE.
28, Chepstow-place, W.2, Oct. 10.

PICKPOCKETS ON THE UNDERGROUND

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—My experience of last week may be of interest and a warning to others compelled to use the Underground at rush hours.

I entered the Tube at the Tottenham Court-road station at about 5.45 p.m., finding, as usual, that the train was packed, compelling me to stand in the gangway opposite one of the doors. On reaching Waterloo I found myself surrounded by from four to six men; those in front pushed back on me and those at the side pushed inwards, with the result that I could neither move forward nor use my hands in any way. Just as the gates were about to be closed I was suddenly pushed out on to the platform, and at once discovered that my buttoned-up hip pocket had been emptied of two separate lots of money and yet still left buttoned, while my notebook containing my season ticket, &c., had been removed from my vest pocket. Unfortunately for me I was carrying, for a special purpose, an unusual amount of cash.

Only a gang of experts, working together, could have carried out the manœuvre. I was wearing a buttoned-up overcoat and, although aware that I was being roughly pushed, I was never conscious of my pockets actually being picked.

Yours faithfully,
ARTHUR G. MORRISH.
Parleigh House, 97-99, Cheapside, E.C.2.

THE TWO RUSSIAS

I.—RULERS AND RULED

BELOW THE SURFACE

The brief series of articles begun below records impressions recently gathered by an unshepherded visitor to Russia who was able to collect at first hand some rank-and-file opinion on the régime and its policies.

(From a Correspondent)

Visitors to Tsarist Russia often returned to England impressed with the apparent loyalty of the whole population to the Emperor and entirely unaware of the rapidly growing discontent which was seething beneath the surface. To-day history is repeating itself. Groups of tourists, biased from the very beginning in favour of the "workers' paradise," are being shown by competent and charming guides the façade of Soviet Russia and leave the country enthusiastic over the success of the Socialistic experiment. Not possessing the slightest knowledge of the language, and meeting few people other than active Communists, they leap to the conclusion that the majority of Soviet citizens are ardent supporters of the present régime. The politeness of Communist officials, and their willingness to spare no trouble in impressing their guests, disarm criticism and leave the foreign delegations blissfully ignorant of the hunger, discontent, opposition, and hatred which in the last few months have been steadily growing in intensity and are spreading through all parts of the Soviet Union and through all sections of the community.

Few observers of Soviet Russia are worthy of credence unless they can understand and speak Russian, unless they have carefully studied the Bolshevist Press, and have had contacts not only with that numerically insignificant section the Communist Party, but also with peasants, miners, factory workers, clerks, private traders, priests, nobles, restaurant workers, Civil servants, and engineers. In estimating the importance of the opinions expressed by Russians the character and position of the speakers should be taken into consideration, on the presumption that a miner escaping from the Donetz Basin, where there has been a serious breakdown in food supplies, is far more likely to exaggerate the gravity of the situation than a well-paid specialist working in the electrical industry, which is making great progress. The following estimate of the state of affairs in Russia has been made on these methods during a recent visit to the Soviet Union, and the conversations quoted in the following articles were all written down at the earliest possible moment after the Russian had left the writer's presence.

THE TWO VIEWS

In a vast country under the "dictatorship of the proletariat" where the ballot box plays little part, it is difficult to draw a conclusion as to the exact amount of support which the régime has from the population, especially when that support varies according to such considerations as the quantity of meat or grain received in a certain town or the price of butter in a certain market. The population seems, however, to be divided into two sections, the "active," that is "the rulers," composed of less than 10 per cent., and the "non-active," that is "the ruled," composed of more than 90 per cent. of the total. Whereas most of the "active" section, consisting of the members of the Party and of youth organizations, are filled with an enthusiasm, a religious fervour and an optimism unknown in any other group of people save perhaps the National-Socialists of Germany, the Fascists and the Salvation Army, the "non-active" 90 per cent. are thoroughly disillusioned, have lost faith in the Five-Years Plan, and dread the return in the coming winter of the conditions which reigned in 1918 and 1919.

Most of the active minority are young in age and young in spirit. Many of them who are now 20 were only seven years old when the October Revolution broke out, and have no conception of life in a capitalist country. Having passed through the Communist training grounds of the Pioneers (the Communist Boy Scouts) and the *Komsomol* (the League of Communist Youth), they have had Leninism stamped upon them and have been educated to believe in the inevitability of the world revolution and of the forthcoming war which, they are taught, the capitalists will wage on Soviet Russia. Many are impatient with what they consider the slow progress of socialization in Russia. As a working woman said:—"The old people think that the Five-Years Plan is going along too quickly, but for the young people it is not going quickly enough." The millennium must come at once and every remnant of capitalism must disappear. The Party, in their view, must not be guilty of any leniency either towards the class enemies at home or towards the Imperialists abroad. A conversation with a young Red Army commander will best illustrate the attitude of the rulers of Russia:—"We must be strong and show no mercy. We are not a tender-hearted set of people. We must not hesitate, for example, to crush the kulaks and send them to cut wood in the forests of the north."

THE FIVE-YEARS PLAN

The active minority firmly believes that ultimately Communism will be victorious. To attain this victory in Russia their method is the Five-Years Plan (October 1, 1928, to September 30, 1933), which has a threefold object—rapid industrialization, complete collectivization of agriculture, and the elimination of all capitalist elements in the country. The State Planning Commission, in collaboration with the local authorities, prepares a vast plan for the whole country, for each district and for each factory. Thus the economic system is highly centralized, and the means of production in industry are already almost entirely in the hands of the State. The whole energies of the ruling body are concentrated upon the execution of the Five-Years Plan, and all national activities, from education to art, are subordinated to one object, the rapid and complete socialization of the Soviet Union.

One of the main weapons in the hands of the active section of the population is, of course, propaganda, from which one cannot escape wherever one may go. In the tram one reads in large letters:—"Let us reply to the furious arming of the capitalists by carrying out the Five-Years Plan in four years." Across streets large red and white banners are stretched upon which are inscribed:—"The capitalists of the West are preparing war on the Soviet Union," or "Let us destroy illiteracy." Sitting in any co-operative restaurant one sees on all sides pictures of Lenin, Stalin, and Kalinin, and such appeals as:—"On May 1 remember the oppressed workers of the capitalist countries." In a factory, besides excellent posters on health and accidents, there are such notices as:—"God and the drunkard are the enemies of the Five-Years Plan," or "All, all, all, come to a meeting on August 1 to hear a report of a comrade of the Third International who has come from Germany and other countries." Outside the Tretyakovskaya Art Gallery in Moscow the following slogan strikes the visitor:—"Art is a weapon of class warfare." Upon the House of Soviets

the following words are written upon a banner:—"To capitalism the international revolutionary movement brings not peace but the sword." Finally, upon the china in the Hotel Metropole, mainly frequented by foreigners, are the words, "Workers of the world, unite."

Besides posters there are other and more effective propaganda methods. The theatre is an implement for the socialization of the country. The film industry, of whose success the U.S.S.R. is justly proud, has as its aim the spreading of Communism. The museums, which are artistically arranged and admirably kept, all teach one lesson, the evil of capitalism and the glories of revolution. Even such a minor institution as a shooting range must have its political use; thus the targets are the Tsar, a priest, a kulak (a peasant owning more than three cows), a Chinaman, and a drunkard.

THE SHOCK BRIGADES

To speed up production and to carry out the Five-Years Plan, two important methods are the shock brigade and socialist competition. The shock brigades are groups of energetic and enthusiastic Communists who offer their services free of charge to the State and who rally the other workers to carry out or to exceed the plan of the factory or mine. Many thousands of them have been sent to the villages, where they aroused the enmity of the peasants by their vigour and ruthlessness in forcing the households too rapidly into collective farms. Socialist competition, by which factories or workshops enter upon a contract to race each other in production, has come to play the same part among Communist workers as football rivalry in Great Britain.

How far have these attempts to convert Russia into an industrialized country succeeded? In some branches of industry the boasts of the Communists are fully justified. The power developments of the electrical industry are tremendous and the quality of the materials used and of the products is far better than in other industries. The telephone system, for example, works well. The increased sales of Russian oil testify to the development of the Baku district. Aviation is progressing rapidly and a trans-Siberian air route is being planned which will bring London within a few days of Japan and thus revolutionize postal services. New factories, mines, and furnaces are being constructed everywhere. The State Publishing Company has created a network of bookshops throughout the country with vast sales of books at low prices.

TRUTH AND STATISTICS

There are many things, however, which the Soviet figures do not show. Statistics conceal the poor materials used in many factories, such as the Putilov tractor factory, the bad quality of the boots and clothes and other goods produced, the incorrect way in which some of the figures are compiled, and the failure to provide some factories with raw materials, with transport facilities, or with engineers. Much expensive imported machinery is ruined by being treated with recklessness. Moreover, there is a great waste of brain power, since a man's political keenness is often more important than his business ability, and an expert may lose his post because of his bourgeois parents. To counter balance many of these drawbacks are the unbounded faith, energy, vigour, and ruthlessness of the Communists.

In spite of successes attained in some branches of Soviet industry, Russia remains a poor and discontented country. In the last few months the Five-Years Plan has met with a check, and in many districts, especially in the Donetz Basin, there have been breakdowns. Food difficulties, arising from the slaughter of animals which followed the violent collectivization campaign in January and February, and from the Soviet policy of exporting foodstuffs to obtain credit at all costs, are already putting a brake on the progress of industrialization, as is proved by the decision to postpone the beginning of the Third Year of the Plan from October to January. This winter the difficulties confronting the Five-Years Plan will be greater than ever, for thousands of workers are already returning from the towns to the villages and many will be too weak to work.

The optimism of the active Communists and their belief that Russia will in one or two years be prosperous cannot be justified. Far nearer to the truth are the views of the rank and file, of the non-active workers and peasants. The next article will show by quotations from actual conversations how great is the gulf between the rulers and the ruled and how widely their expectations of the future differ.

(To be continued)

THREE PARISHIONERS EXCOMMUNICATED

SEQUEL TO LEGAL ACTION

At Felton Church, Chester-le-Street, Co. Durham, yesterday morning the vicar, the Rev. E. A. Merryweather, announced the "excommunication" for three years of two men and a woman who gave evidence in the Consistory Court on October 5, when the vicar was admonished to remove certain ornaments placed in the church without a faculty. It was stated that the case was the outcome of a petition signed by 360 communicants and 250 parishioners.

At the beginning of the service the vicar said he had an unpleasant duty to perform, and referred to the Consistory Court and to witnesses who gave evidence. After making allegations with regard to their evidence, he said:—"They have also disturbed the congregation of the faithful. The Reformation went back for authority to Holy Scripture and the Primitive Church. Now in the Primitive Church there was godly discipline which, it says in the Prayer-book, must be restored. We cannot go on in a parish like this being disturbed by these godless people. There has got to be discipline, and so after this morning I shall have to place the ban of excommunication on those two men and one woman, and I shall have to expel them from the congregations of the church for three years. I ask all Christian people, all Church people especially, to treat these men and that woman as heathens and publicans. If they enter the church after this morning the service will be stopped until they go. In that way it seems to me the discipline of the Church can be restored, and so I must ask them not to come within the church or enter this building for three years. They are excommunicated for three years; they are denied all rights, privileges, and sacraments of the Church. That is my unpleasant duty which I have to perform, and I have done it, not in the spirit of vengeance or malice, or anything of that sort, but with a view of restoring the order and discipline of the Church."

The three excommunicated parishioners attended the church last evening, and the vicar turned off the lights, refusing to carry out the service. The excommunicated members and other protesters sat in the darkened church until 8 o'clock, and then dispersed.

SAFE STOLEN AT SECOND ATTEMPT

An attempted safe robbery a fortnight ago from 33, Norland-road, Notting-hill, a butcher's shop belonging to Mr. A. Pearce, had a remarkable sequel yesterday morning. On that occasion three men were seen by a policeman as they were putting into a motor-car a large safe which they had taken from the shop. The policeman ran towards them and struck one of them on the shoulder with his truncheon, but the man's accomplices dragged him into the car and escaped, leaving the safe on the pavement. Yesterday, however, five men, in a saloon car, broke into the shop and stole the safe, which contained £360. They were seen driving away, but not in time to prevent their escape.

COLUMBUS DAY CELEBRATION

FIESTA DE LA RAZA

PRINCE OF WALES ON MODERN SPAIN

The Prince of Wales was the guest of honour at a dinner at the Spanish Club, Cavendish-square, last night on the occasion of the "Festival of the Race" (La Fiesta de la Raza), which is observed in all Spanish-speaking countries as the anniversary of the discovery of the New World by Christopher Columbus on October 12, 1492. The Spanish Ambassador, Marques de Merry del Val, presided, and the gathering also included the Ambassadors and Ministers of the Ibero-American Republics at the Court of St. James's.

Proposing the toast of the health of King George, the SPANISH AMBASSADOR said that by that yearly celebration which commemorated the discovery of America the Spanish race proclaimed its unity unimpaired by the variety and independence of the several States which recognized Spain as their common cradle. Whatever their respective situations, circumstances, and interests they all met and agreed in their friendship to Britain. The Prince of Wales was well aware of the traditional cordiality of Spain's relations with this country, to which she was so closely bound by her Sovereign's friendship, her Queen's origin, and her people's sympathy, while his travels in Spanish America had shown him that those sentiments were common to every nation where their language was spoken. They all felt that his Royal Highness's coming visit to Argentina was a compliment to the whole race of which that great Republic was so conspicuous a member. As far as Spain herself was concerned, he might say that her sons were full of admiration for the Prince's patriotic activities so similar to those of her own great King, whose life had been fruitful of peace, prosperity, and progress deserving of eternal gratitude.

Concluding in Spanish, the Ambassador said:—"When your Royal Highness appeared among us this evening we all recalled in our memory that other Prince of Wales, the first to take for his crest the three ostrich feathers and for his motto that beautiful promise of service, the finest that a man can make to his country, which you, Sir, have kept so well. That prince, as his father before him, and now your Royal Highness, lived full of friendship for Spain and clearly showed it during his lifetime. He was a warrior prince in accordance with the demands of his day. You, who have also won your spurs on the battlefield, are nevertheless a prince of peace in harmony with the conditions of our time. This is precisely why your Royal Highness commands our affection in a yet greater measure. Thereto is added our sincere gratitude for your presence at this celebration of one of humanity's most notable feats. It is held by a race united by blood, language, religion, and customs, the four strongest ties which can bind men together. The first brings us brotherhood, the second assures us eternal unity, the third contains the truth, and, completing all three, there arises therefrom a mode of life, a form of expression, so similar in all the peoples of Spanish descent that they seem more akin to provinces of one country than so many nations, for we fain must recognize that there is no greater difference between their respective manner of speech than between the divers parts of the Peninsula itself. Unanimous in their ancient and sincere friendship for Britain and the British people, whose qualities they appreciate and admire, we their sons resident in this country salute your Royal Highness with respect and gratitude while we drink to your lasting happiness and good fortune."

The PRINCE OF WALES, in responding to the toast, said:—In thanking you for the warmth of the welcome you have extended to me, let me assure you that I feel no stranger in this world of Iberia into which I have stepped. It gives me special pleasure to be with you to celebrate the Fiesta de la Raza which, commemorating as it does the discovery of America by Columbus, is held all over the Spanish-speaking world. The Fiesta not only commemorates a most important historical event, but it proclaims the unity of the Spanish race, recalling its past glories and encouraging the present generation to re-establish by peaceful means the great position which its ancestors once held in the world.

Some of us are perhaps inclined to regard Spain as a land of traditional conservatism—a land where the tendency is to delay everything to a remote *mañana*; but those who know Spain are conscious of the reservoir of virile energy still stored within the race, and it would be surprising if the spirit which enabled Spaniards to add America to the world had completely died out with the days of great adventure. That energy is at present being directed into industrial channels. That spirit is being devoted to working out Spain's economic salvation, as any recent visitor to the country can testify. Cities full of life and animation, magnificent new roads, and ambitious industrial enterprises bear witness to the fact that Spain is still sound and vigorous at the core. Her character remains chivalrous as of old, flexible as a Toledo blade, a blade of independence and tenacity.

You have spoken, your Excellency, of the friendship and esteem existing between our two countries. I can assure you that it is a very genuine friendship on our side, and is based not only on a long-established good understanding but also on our appreciation of the personality of King Alfonso. His Majesty embodies much of what we admire in the Spanish character. His work for his country and the remarkable advance in industry and general culture during his reign should leave us in no doubt as to Spain's future progress, security, and stability.

VISIT TO ARGENTINA

Thanks to the King's hospitality a few years ago I was able to see something of Spain, a visit full of pleasant memories, the greater part of which was spent at Seville. To a Spanish audience I will not rhyme Sevilla with Maravilla, but I would remind you of the Spaniard who, when asked what he would do if he came in for a fortune, replied, "Give half to the poor and with the other half buy a house in Seville and spend the spring there." I have other memories, too—the Coto Donana, the Bodegas, and the Jerez, the beauty of Granada, and the wonders of the Prado. It was from Seville that Columbus sailed on the eventful voyage of discovery we are celebrating to-night. And in the presence of so many representatives of those new lands my thought turns to that larger Spain beyond the ocean. There, too, I have experienced Castilian hospitality to the full—in Argentina, Chile, and Uruguay, countries each with its own national spirit, but imbued with those characteristics that date back from the golden age of Spain's history.

Of my experiences in Spanish America time will not permit me to speak, but I am looking forward to revisiting that continent with the chief object of opening the British exhibition in Buenos Aires, an exhibition which I am convinced will prove of inestimable benefit to the mutual trade and prosperity of Great Britain and Argentina. Your Excellency is aware that I have made attempts from time to time to acquire a smattering of the Castilian tongue. I am out of practice, but you will forgive me if in conclusion I offer a few remarks in Spanish.

The Prince said in Spanish that he looked back on the happy memories of his visit to Spain three years ago and was looking forward to his visit to South America, where he had already spent a happy visit five years ago.

The health of the Prince of Wales was drunk in sherry sent to London from Jerez de la Frontera and drawn from a cask autographed by him during his visit to Southern Spain and dated the year of his birth. The health of the guests was proposed by the PRESIDENT of the CENTRO-ESPAÑOL.

A list of guests appears on page 15.

A DORCHESTER LIVE STOCK SALE

At the sale of the stock of Southover Farm, near Dorchester, by direction of the executors of the late Colonel F. L. Livingstone-Learmonth, conducted by Messrs. Hy. Duke and Son, of Dorchester, the following record prices were established:—Registered Dorset Down flock of 313 breeding ewes averaged 96s. 6d. a head, and 130 ewe lambs averaged 70s. a head. Individual prices were:—Six-teeth ewes, 82s. to 98s.; four-teeth ewes, 145s., 110s., 109s. to 95s.; two-teeth ewes, 117s., 114s. to 90s.; ewe lambs, 68s. to 74s. The demand for really good carthorses was strongly emphasized, the prices ranging to 51, 54, 56, and 59 guineas. Messrs. Hy. Duke and Son record a very good trade for milk-recorded dairy cattle. At a recent sale conducted by them at Langton Farm, near Blandford, cows with calves ranged from £58 5s. 6d., £55 2s. 6d., £51 19s. 6d., and many others to £35 3s. 6d. There has been a ready sale, too, for agricultural implements and machinery.

ATLANTIC AIRMEN AT CROYDON

CAPTAIN BOYD ON THE CROSSING

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

CROYDON, OCT. 11

Captain Erroll Boyd and Mr. Harry Connor arrived at Croydon at 3.54 this afternoon, in the monoplane Columbia, and so completed the Atlantic crossing from Harbour Grace, Newfoundland, which they began at 4.15 p.m. (G.M.T.) on Thursday.

After 23¼ hours in the air they had been forced down yesterday at Tresco, in the Scilly Isles, through a failure in the petrol supply of their machine. The failure had been discovered five hours earlier. It meant that of the 420 gallons of petrol with which they had started, the 100 gallons remaining in the rear tank were unavailable. The supply in the forward tank, all that they had left, was virtually exhausted when they reached Tresco. "We were counting the drops," said Captain Boyd this afternoon. Before attempting their forced landing they dumped the useless rear tank in the sea. A seaplane from the Royal Air Force station at Mount Batten, Plymouth, took them a fresh supply of petrol this morning, and the Columbia left Tresco at 1.5 p.m.

Some hundreds of onlookers greeted the airmen on their arrival at Croydon, and they were welcomed officially by Mr. A. G. Attride, on behalf of the Directorate of Civil Aviation of the Air Ministry. The first to speak with them was Mr. C. A. Levine, the American who owns the Columbia, in which he flew from New York to Germany in 1927 with Mr. C. Chamberlin. Captain Boyd, who served in the Royal Naval Air Service during the War, is a Canadian. Mr. Connor, the Columbia's navigator, was formerly a lieutenant in the United States Navy.

Captain Boyd, describing the flight, said that they met head winds soon after starting. With darkness coming on they ran into rain squalls and did not know whether to stay below the clouds or climb above them. They stayed below as long as they could stand it. At their first attempt to surmount the clouds they reached 7,000ft., and then came down, fearing that ice would form on the machine. They were flying "blind," because Mr. Connor could not take observations. They had hoped on coming down below the clouds again to see some of the ships on the steamer lane, but did not do so.

After flying for five hours, they climbed to 12,000ft. They flew along thus above the clouds until dawn—the wildest-looking dawn he had ever seen. They had been flying by dead reckoning most of the night, and although he understood that it was a difficult matter to pick up one's position after once losing it, the navigator did so. They had been driven southward by storms, and were probably 400 miles south of the course which Mr. Connor had mapped out.

When the airmen sighted Tresco and landed on the beach, it was high tide. All of the beach that was uncovered was a winding strip of sand a few yards wide. The wind was blowing at 50 or 60 miles an hour.

COUNTY CHESS

SEMI-FINAL WIN FOR LANCASHIRE

(FROM OUR CHESS CORRESPONDENT)

The semi-final match for the County Championship of England, 1929-1930, was played at the City of London Chess Club on Saturday afternoon, Lancashire having come to London to meet Surrey. The match ended in a win for Lancashire by six and a half games to four and a half, with one for adjudication, though this cannot affect the result. Lancashire will now meet Nottinghamshire in the final round of the championship on the second Saturday in December.

The following is the full score:—

LANCASHIRE		SURREY	
W. A. Fairhurst	1	C. F. Cornwall	0
R. J. Broadbent	0	R. P. Michell	1
G. Abrahams	—	R. C. J. Walker	—
E. Spencer	1	H. Griffith	0
A. Eva	½	F. L. Alexander	½
H. G. Rhodes	1	W. Gooding	0
Dr. H. Holmes	1	J. Butland	0
A. R. B. Thomas	1	A. Fletcher	0
A. Caplan	0	L. Alexander	1
E. A. Greig	0	H. G. Felce	1
W. R. Thomas	½	G. Tregaskis	½
D. N. Simon	½	R. H. Newman	½
	6½		4½

(—) For adjudication.

Sussex met Essex at St. Bride Institute, E.C., on Saturday afternoon, the full 50 boards played counting for the Amboyna Shield Division of the Metropolitan Counties' Championship, and here Sussex won by 33½ games to 16½. On the first 20 boards, counting for the Southern Counties' Championship, Sussex won by the bare majority of one game. The following is the full score, with the Sussex names first:—

G. M. Norman ½, C. Maxwell ½; E. M. Jackson 1, E. W. Osler, 0; E. Macdonald 0, W. O. Woodfield 1; J. A. Drewitt 1, J. G. Hayes 0; G. D. Self ½, F. W. Markwick ½; W. Atkinson ½, F. A. Sidey ½; J. Storr Best ½, R. H. Bayley ½; G. V. Butler 1, Ayrmer Maude 0; J. H. Jones ½, F. J. Whitmarsh ½; J. A. Watt 1, H. L. Bryceson 0; C. H. Stacey 0, V. B. Hall 1; W. W. Brougham 1, B. G. Bannington 0; C. F. Chapman 0, E. J. Randall 1; A. T. Watson 1, R. C. Harvey 0; A. Mortlock 0, A. W. Daniel 1; W. H. Whicker 0, D. Love 1; D. H. Caw 1, J. H. Allchin 0; H. L. Crawford 1, W. G. Elsmore 0; H. E. Dobell 0, E. Gare 1; Castle Leaver 0, W. A. Simkins 1. TOTAL.—Sussex 10½, Essex 9½.

The Empire Social Chess Club was formally opened last Monday afternoon by Lady Margaret Hamilton-Russell. The club meets in the lounge of Messrs. Whiteley's premises at Queen's-road, W., from 10 a.m. until 6 p.m. daily. Mr. A. Firth, the hon. secretary, states that about 400 members have already joined, which augurs well for the success of the project.

The London Four-Handed Chess Club began their winter season on Tuesday at 4, Parkplace, St. James's, S.W.1, and will welcome any players interested in this form of the game.

The following is the full score of the game between W. A. Fairhurst and C. F. Cornwall in the County Championship:—

QUEEN'S PAWN OPENING

WHITE W. A. Fairhurst (Lancashire)	BLACK C. F. Cornwall (Surrey)	WHITE W. A. Fairhurst (Lancashire)	BLACK C. F. Cornwall (Surrey)
1. P–Q 4	Kt–K B 3	15. P × P	Kt × P
2. P–Q B 4	P–K 3	16. P–B 3	Q–Kt 3
3. Kt–K B 3	P–Q 4	17. B–Kt sq	K R–Q sq
4. Kt–B 3	Q Kt–Q 2	18. K R–Q sq	P–Q R 4
5. B–Kt 5	B–K 2	19. Kt–Kt 4	P–Kt 5
6. P–K 3	Castles	20. Kt × Kt ch	B × Kt
7. R–B sq	P–B 3	21. R × R ch	R × R
8. Q–B 2	P–Q R 3	22. Kt–R 4	Kt × Kt
9. P–Q R 3	P–R 3	23. Q–R 7 ch	K–B sq
10. B–Kt 4	P–P	24. R–R 7	Q × R
11. B × P	P–Q Kt 4	25. B × Q	R–Q 2
12. B–R 5	P–Q B 4	26. B × P	P × P
13. Castles	B–Kt 2	27. B–Kt 4 ch	Resigns
14. Kt–K 5	Q R–B sq		

The following is the full score of the game between R. P. Michell and R. J. Broadbent:—

FRENCH DEFENCE

WHITE R. P. Michell (Surrey)	BLACK R. J. Broadbent (Lancashire)	WHITE R. P. Michell (Surrey)	BLACK R. J. Broadbent (Lancashire)
1. P–K 4	P–K 3	16. R–Q Kt sq	P–B 3
2. P–Q 4	P–Q 4	17. Castles	Castles
3. Kt–Q B 3	Kt–K B 3	18. Q–K 2	Kt–B 3
4. B–K Kt 5	B–K 2	19. Kt–K 5	Kt × Kt
5. P–K 5	K Kt–Q 2	20. Q × Kt	Kt–R 4
6. B × B	Q × B	21. Q–B 2	Kt–B 5
7. Kt–Kt 5	Kt–Kt 3	22. Kt–R 4	B–Q B 3
8. P–Q B 3	P–Q R 3	23. P–K B 5	Q–Kt 4
9. Kt–R 3	P–Q B 4	24. P × K P	B × P
10. Kt–B 2	Kt–Q B 3	25. Kt–Kt 6	R–K sq
11. P–K B 4	P × P	26. Kt–B 4	Q–K 2
12. P × P	B–Q 2	27. Q R–Q sq	K–Q B 2
13. Kt–B 3	R–Q B sq	28. B–Kt sq	Q–Kt 4
14. P–Q R 3	Kt–R 4	29. R–Q 3	Kt–Kt 3
15. B–Q 2	Kt(Kt3)–B 5	30. R–K Kt 3	Resigns

For Black must play the queen back to K 2 or Q sq, and then Kt–Kt 5 wins for White.

LORD JELLICOE IN DUBLIN

Lord Jellicoe, president of the British Legion, arrived in Dublin from Belfast yesterday, and was enthusiastically welcomed at a meeting of ex-Service men at the Mansion House. The attendance was so large that the spacious Round Room could not hold all, and hundreds of ex-soldiers had to remain in the corridors and in the streets, unable to gain admission. Loud-speakers were requisitioned so that those outside were able to follow the proceedings. Mr. A. P. COSGOLLY, chairman of the Dublin branch of the Legion, read an address of welcome to Lord Jellicoe, who, in his reply, dealt with various matters connected with the work of the Legion. At the conclusion of the proceedings the ex-Service men sang the National Anthem and gave three cheers for Lord Jellicoe. This evening Lord Jellicoe will be entertained at a dinner in the Plaza Restaurant.

POACHER'S STORY OF R 101 CRASH

EXPLOSION AFTER IMPACT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, OCT. 12

The poacher who was believed to have seen R 101 crash on the Beauvais Ridge has been found and questioned by the police. He is Eugène Rabouillé, aged 57, an employee in a button factory, and he lives in the outskirts of Allonne. At first he denied any knowledge of the disaster, but when the police promised not to bring any charge against him he admitted that he was out snaring rabbits that night. Of the various versions of his statement which have been sent from Beauvais, the following appears the most trustworthy:—

"I left my house about 2 a.m. A gale was blowing. I saw R 101 over Beauvais, about a mile to the north. I crossed the Méru road and reached the plateau above. The airship seemed to be in difficulties. It made a wide curve over Beauvais. I thought it was going to turn back. I did not lose sight of it from that time on. I walked on towards the Bois des Coutumes (where the airship fell), and I thought: 'In this weather it will not go far.' When R 101 arrived over the Bois des Coutumes it was about 150ft. up. It was moving very slowly, and the wind was forcing it towards the east. I clearly saw the passengers' quarters, well lit, and the green and red lights on the right and on the left of the airship. Suddenly there was a violent squall. The airship dipped by the nose several times, and its fore part crashed into the north-west edge of the Bois des Coutumes. There was at once a tremendous explosion, which knocked me down.

"Soon flames rose into the sky to a great height—perhaps 300ft. Everything was enveloped by them. I saw human figures running about like madmen in the wreck. Then I lost my head and ran away into the woods."

The poacher was sure that the first explosion occurred directly after the airship touched the ground. There were two more explosions, he said, about a quarter of an hour later. In some accounts he is made to say that the stern half of the airship, behind the place where the airship broke her back, remained almost vertical at first and sank down gradually as the fire consumed it. He is also reported to have said that the engines, or some of them, ran for a few moments after the airship struck the ground. This might be possible in view of the fact that they were heavy oil engines, without delicate carburettors or electrical ignition systems to be disturbed by the crash; but if Rabouillé was two or three hundred yards away he would in any case hear the engines for a second or two after they had stopped.

On the whole, the poacher's statement reads like that of an intelligent and observant man. He seems to have guessed the height of the ship reasonably well; he placed her navigation light correctly; and he noticed her drift. His statement that the first explosion (which was heavy enough to knock him down) came from the fore part of the ship fits in well with the state of the wreckage, although one of the survivors (Mr. Disley) thought the first explosion occurred astern. Most of the gas valves were not much damaged; they had simply dropped from the fabric as it burnt. But at least one of them, which lay among the bushes a few feet from the starboard forward engine, showed unmistakable signs of having suffered the blast of an explosion from within. The gas bag to which that valve belonged—presumably the one over the forward engine-cars—had evidently blown up, not burnt gradually. In any case the forward engine-cars, as the first to strike the ground, would be the most likely to start the fire (unless it was started by the breaking of electrical connexions to the control car).

An unofficial report sent from Beauvais yesterday said that Mr. Disley, the second wireless operator, told the experts in his evidence that he was awakened just before the crash by a man from the control-car, who rushed into the switch-room and said "We're down!" A few hours after the crash Mr. Disley told me that his first warning was the sound of the gongs signalling to the engine-cars to reduce speed. If this new version is correct, it suggests that those in the control-car had definitely lost control of the airship before the crash.

FRENCH SPIRIT OF BROTHERHOOD

CANON ALEXANDER'S TRIBUTE

Canon Alexander, who preached at the afternoon service at St. Paul's Cathedral yesterday, made a reference to the sympathy and support given to this country by France in our loss by the disaster to R 101.

He said that the spirit of sacrifice enshrined in the heart of Christianity had been recalled to us in very moving and tragic ways by the touching scenes of the last week. When our great airship left these shores in the dead of night for its far-off destination, all on board must have realized that they were embarked on a somewhat perilous adventure. They were more than content to have it so; and, as was said in the service in the Cathedral on Friday, they had indeed given up their lives for their country. That charred and broken flag laid upon the altar then was the symbol of sacrifice as well as of progress. It was just because of their quick apprehension of this fact and all that it meant to humanity that our friends in France were able to give us so wonderful a sympathy and support in the hour of trial. He proceeded:—

"We owe to the French people and their rulers, and I wish to emphasize it in this our chief pulpit, a great debt of gratitude for the dignity, beauty, and pathos with which they have invested a national tragedy and lessened a national sorrow. It is in such moments of true and generous sentiment that we understand that those national antagonisms and jealousies which men often think of as permanent and ineradicable are ready to give way before the fundamental brotherhood of the human spirit. Is it, then, too much to hope that this drawing together of two great peoples may be a real step on the long path which will ultimately lead to the peace of the world? The French Prime Minister has just said that if a similar disaster happened to France on British soil there would be the same manifestation of popular feeling, and that that might be accepted as evidence that behind political and economic differences there persisted as between the two countries a profound feeling of real friendship . . . a devotion to a common ideal of human brotherhood. If that is so, and we trust it is, then the sacrifice of those brave men whom we mourn to-day will surely not have been in vain."

WOMAN'S SUICIDE FROM CLIFTON BRIDGE

DESPERATE STRUGGLE WITH TWO MEN

An unknown woman about 35 years of age committed suicide by throwing herself from Clifton Suspension Bridge, Bristol, shortly after midnight on Saturday, notwithstanding desperate efforts by two men to restrain her. The woman's body has not been recovered.

Mr. Grieve, 20, of Burwalls-gardens, Leigh Woods, was passing over the Suspension Bridge about midnight on Saturday when he saw a woman about midway across gazing down into the river. Thinking it unusual at such a late hour, he asked if he should see her safely across. She replied that she was all right, and, though feeling uneasy in mind, Mr. Grieve went on home. Still uneasy, he called his father, and together they went to the bridge. It appeared to be deserted, but on reaching the middle they were horrified to see the woman climbing to the outside of the rails with a sheer drop of 240ft. into the river beneath her. She seemed to be making up her mind for the last leap when they seized her. She struggled furiously for nearly a quarter of an hour, resisting their efforts and entreaties and saying "It will be better for my husband." The two men could not get sufficient grip of the woman over the spiked railings to lift her back, and as they grasped again at her clothing she seemed to slip through it and disappeared into the darkness below. A moment or two later a heavy splash was heard in the darkness. Search was made afterwards by the police for the body, but in vain, and it is thought that it was carried away by the outflowing tide.

Obituary

MR. HARRY WILLIAMS

A LINK WITH THE OLD NAVY

The death has occurred at Plymouth of Harry Williams, Chief Inspector of Machinery, Royal Navy, retired, who was not only the senior officer of his rank—now abolished—in the Service, but was also believed to be the oldest surviving officer of the engineer branch of the Navy. He was 98 years of age.

The late Chief Inspector entered the Royal Navy as an assistant engineer in May, 1852. At this time, and until 1856, members of the engineer branch were distinguished by special buttons on their coats, which bore the device of a beam engine surmounted by a crown. He early saw active service during the war with Russia. In the Vulcan, a steam troopship of 350 horse-power, he served in the Black Sea in 1854-55, and was present at the taking of Sebastopol, for which he received the Crimean and Turkish medals and Sebastopol clasp. From 1857 (in which year he was promoted to engineer) to 1861 he served in China in the gun vessels Clown and Algerine, and on this station saw more fighting during the second war with China. He was present at the capture of Canton and the Taku forts, and also at the destruction of pirate strongholds and armed stockades. Promoted to chief engineer in July, 1861, he next served from March, 1863, in charge of the machinery of the screw corvette Archer, on the West Coast of Africa, and on his return was appointed to the screw frigate Forte, of 2,364 tons and 400 horse-power, at Sheerness. She later became flagship in the East Indies, with Williams as her chief engineer. After a period in the Resistance, Coastguard ship at Birkenhead, the late officer served as chief engineer of the Pearl, screw corvette, flagship on the Australian Station, from 1873 to 1877. While there he was recommended to the Admiralty, in August, 1875, by Commodore Goodenough for meritorious service. From 1877 to 1881, when he was promoted Inspector of Machinery, he was on the staff at Portsmouth Dockyard, "for service in floating factory," and in May, 1882, he became Superintending Engineer at Hong-kong yard, where his work received special commendation from the Admiralty. In 1884 he was promoted to Chief Inspector of Machinery—now known as Engineer Rear-Admiral—and in the following year was appointed chief engineer of the Devonport Steam Reserve, where he served until October, 1889. This was his last service, as he retired on November 1 of the same year.

After retirement he wrote many papers on subjects connected with his profession, and was a leading authority on naval engineering progress. He was the author of a volume entitled "The Steam Navy of Great Britain," which he dedicated by permission to Admiral H.R.H. the Duke of Edinburgh. From 1893 he served as a J.P. for Devonport, and in May, 1911, was awarded a Greenwich Hospital pension for good service on the active list.

SIR JOHN BUCHANAN

A Reuter message from Cape Town announces the death of the Hon. Sir John Buchanan, formerly a Judge of the Supreme Court of Cape Colony and a prominent figure in the educational and philanthropic life of South Africa.

Ebenezer John Buchanan was born in 1844, the second son of Ebenezer Buchanan, Town Clerk of Pietermaritzburg, Natal. At the age of 25 he was entered as a student of the Inner Temple, and in 1873 was called to the Bar, practising first in the Supreme and Vice-Admiralty Courts of Cape Colony. In 1877 he was elected member of the House of Assembly for Worcester, and two years later he was serving in the Transkei War as extra A.D.C. to the Governor and Commander-in-Chief. In 1880, Mr. Buchanan, after acting for a time as Attorney-General of Griqualand West, was raised to the bench of the Supreme Court of Cape Colony. For many years he was Acting Chief Justice, and as such presided over the Legislative Council of the Colony. After the South African War Sir John Buchanan—he was knighted in 1901—was appointed President of the Special Tribunals (Treason Court), and of the War Claims Compensation Review Commission. For many years he was a member of the Council of the University of the Cape of Good Hope, and from 1901 to 1905 was Vice-Chancellor. Branches of the Red Cross and kindred societies also found in him a warm and active supporter. His wife died in 1922, but he leaves three sons and a daughter.

MR. JAMES FALCONER

Mr. James Falconer, who died last Thursday at his residence, The Croft, Micheldever Station, Hampshire, was widely known and greatly respected in agricultural circles. For 25 years he was a member of the Council of the Royal Agricultural Society, and among other public offices he filled with ability and acceptance was that of chairman of the Farmers' Club. In the past few years failing health restricted his activities, but he was present at the last Council meeting of the R.A.S.E. before the vacation at the end of July, when he showed his wonted interest in the business of the meeting of council and committee meetings.

Mr. Falconer preceded his farming enterprises in Hampshire by a remarkable career of investigation and adventure in different parts of the Empire and other oversea countries. He left his native Angus when still young and found his way to Australia by a devious and hazardous route, planned and purposely protracted to give him an insight into the agricultural methods and classes of production in young and progressive countries. Mr. Falconer was a keen observer, shrewd and discerning in his interpretation of things, and prudently courageous in his efforts to put into practice the lessons he had gleaned in an exceptional career of practical inquiry. It was always interesting and instructive to hear him relate his experiences in sugar planting and other similar businesses in the countries he visited, and finally to learn of his enterprises in Australia.

When many years ago Mr. Falconer returned and settled at Micheldever, he was resolved to test in England the value of the knowledge he had acquired abroad, especially in the use of labour-saving mechanical appliances. The 3,000 acres of light land he bought or rented at Micheldever was mainly arable, and this gave him the opportunity to put into practice the ideas that had impressed him during his extensive and diversified travelling and farming abroad. The methods he introduced into Hampshire were wisely adjusted to the requirements of the local conditions, the double-furrow plough drawn by three horses being a notable innovation.

The independence of mind and courage in expressing his views which characterized Mr. Falconer in public debate had a valuable counterpart in the initiative that marked his farming enterprises. Although he brought many new methods into the district and, by example, induced others to modify their systems, he described his achievements with the modesty that stamps the broad and tutored mind, and altogether he belonged to the type of progressive and intelligent farmer that has won for British farming the high reputation it has established, often under exceptional difficulties, in the annals of international attainment.

MR. ROY HORNIMAN

Mr. Roy Horniman died at his house, 17, Stanley-crescent, W.11, on Saturday at the age of 62. Fiction and the stage were the chief occupations of a full life, but many other interests, from transport to the protection of animals, roused his enthusiasm and drew his indefatigable pen to their service.

Robert (Roy) Horniman was born at Southsea, a son of Paymaster-in-Chief William Horniman, R.N. He was educated there and at Bruges, and when nearing his twenties went on the stage. He played a number of parts at various London theatres, but his dramatic interests ran rather to authorship and management, and for a time he was tenant and manager of the Criterion Theatre. His first play, *Judy*, was produced at the Prince of Wales's in 1899, and was followed by many other comedies, some of them from the French or German, and others adaptations of English novels, such as *Idols*, from W. J. Locke's novel, and *The Edge o' Beyond*, adapted in collaboration with Miss Ruby Miller from Gertrude Page's story of Rhodesian life. His own comedies, like his novels, were faithful and unpretentious little pictures of social life, springing from such ingredients as the eccentric will or other romantic and sentimental changes of fortune. In later years also he had turned his attention to the screen. An ardent champion of animals, Mr. Horniman was formerly chairman of Our Dumb Friends League and of the committee for the Suppression of Cruelties to Performing Animals, and in the first years of the War was treasurer of the Blue Cross Fund. He was also chairman of the fund which was organized to send tobacco to the Forces on sea and land.

The funeral will be at Golders Green Crematorium to-morrow at 11.30.

THE WEATHER

UNSETTLED

Meteorological Office, Oct. 12

GENERAL INFERENCE FROM OBSERVATIONS AT 6 P.M.—A depression centred north of Scotland will move away north-eastward, but a new disturbance off Western Ireland is likely to deepen and move quickly eastward. Unsettled conditions, with rain and freshening winds from a southerly or south-westerly point, will spread from the West to all districts.

Forecasts for To-day

LONDON, ENGLAND, S.E., E., MIDLANDS, E.—Winds becoming fresh to strong, southerly or south-westerly; cloud increasing and lowering, some rain; moderate temperature.

FURTHER OUTLOOK.—Some rain or showers in most districts.

SEA PASSAGES

ENGLISH CHANNEL (crossings from Southampton, Newhaven, and Weymouth).—Winds becoming strong southerly or south-westerly, stronger perhaps at times; cloudy, some rain; sea becoming rough.

STRAITS OF DOVER, SOUTHERN NORTH SEA (crossings from Harwich and Thames Estuary).—Winds becoming fresh to strong south-westerly to southerly; cloud increasing and lowering, some rain later; sea moderate, becoming probably rough; local fog early.

IRISH SEA.—Strong southerly or south-westerly winds, stronger at times; cloudy, some rain; sea rough; local fog early.

FLYING PROSPECTS

AIR ROUTES (London-Paris-Brussels-Cologne-Amsterdam).—Wind south-west, backing south, 5 to 10 increasing to 20 to 30 m.p.h. at surface; 10 to 20 increasing to 35 to 45 m.p.h. at 2,000ft. Fair generally at first, cloud increasing with rain spreading from the West reaching S.E. England and N. France late in the period. Visibility 500 yards locally early improving to 4 to 8 miles.

Sun rises, 6 21 a.m.; sets, 5.11 p.m.
Moon sets, 1.11 p.m.; rises, 7.55 p.m. Last quarter, Wednesday.
Lighting-up time, 5.41 p.m.
High water at London Bridge, 4.41 a.m. and 5 p.m.

LONDON OBSERVATIONS

KENSINGTON PALACE, OCT. 11, 6 P.M.—Bar., 1006.

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It is a myth to suppose that Small Women are easy to dress. Rather is the converse true. Unless clothes for the Small Woman are very carefully designed with due regard to style and proportion they are bound to be a failure. This is where Marshall & Snelgrove's Small Women Department excel; they have thought of these things, and consequently the clothes they produce on the Second Floor are all unqualified successes.

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MARSHALL & SNELGROVE

Court Circular

SANDRINGHAM, OCT. 11

The Duke of Gloucester, Colonel Evelyn and the Lady Helena Gibbs, the Marquess and Marchioness of Lansdowne, Lady Holford, and Major and Mrs. Fetherstonhaugh have left Sandringham.

The Dean of Lincoln and the Hon. Sir Derek Keppel have arrived.

OCTOBER 12

The King and Queen, the Queen of Norway, the Prince George, and the Ladies and Gentlemen in attendance were present at Divine Service in Sandringham Church this morning.

The Reverend Arthur Fuller (Domestic Chaplain to The King) officiated, and the Dean of Lincoln preached the Sermon.

The King presented his medal for general proficiency at the King Edward VII. School, King's Lynn, to Mr. George David Anderson, who was introduced into His Majesty's Presence by Mr. C. J. L. Wagstaff, the Headmaster.

Lieut.-Colonel the Lord Alastair Innes-Ker (Equerry in Waiting) was in attendance.

The Queen of Norway, attended by Miss Von Hanno, and Mr. and Mrs. George Ponsonby dined with The King and Queen this evening.

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, OCT. 12

The Prince of Wales, attended by Major J. R. Aird, was present at the dinner of the Spanish Club this evening.

The Duke and Duchess of Bedford expect to return to Woburn Abbey early next month from Scotland.

The Marquess and Marchioness of Lansdowne will return to 20, Mansfield-street to-day.

The Earl and Countess of Meath and Lady Maureen Brabazon have taken 23, Warwick-square, S.W.1, until December. (Telephone, Victoria 8531.)

The Earl and Countess of Rosebery will return to 38, Berkeley-square to-day from Scotland.

Lady Patricia Miller returned to 29, Oxford-square on Saturday from Ireland.

Viscount and Viscountess Goschen, who returned to London at the beginning of this month from Scotland, are in residence at Seacox Heath, Hawkhurst, Kent. They will return to London on October 27.

Viscount Dunedin will return to 42, Lower Sloane-street to-day from Scotland.

Lady Rose Leveson-Gower will return to 100, Park-street to-day from Scotland.

Lord and Lady Nunburnholme have sold 7, Gloucester-square, and their permanent London address in future will be 27, Bryanston-square, W.1. (Telephone, Ambassador 2022.)

Lord and Lady Carson will return to 5, Eaton-place on October 20 from Cleve Court, Minster, Thanet.

Lord Balniel has returned to 1, Bryanston-place from Scotland.

Marshal of the Royal Air Force Lord Trenchard and Lady Trenchard will arrive at Dancer's Hill House, Barnet, on Wednesday on their return from New York.

The Hon. Sir Malcolm and Lady Macnaghten returned to London yesterday from Ireland

Colonel Sir Harold and Lady Zia Wernher returned to London yesterday from Sweden.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Gilbert and Lady Heathcote will return to 18, Lowndes-square on October 21 from Bighton Wood, Alresford.

Sir Courtenay and Lady Leucha Warner returned to 34, Grosvenor-gardens on Thursday from Brettenham Park, Ipswich.

Sir John Latta returned to 12, Portman-square yesterday from Harrogate.

Sir Coleridge Kennard is lying seriously ill in Paris, and cannot deal with correspondence.

Mme. Galli-Curci has arrived in London and is staying at the May Fair Hotel.

Mr. Basil Ionides and the Hon. Mrs. Ionides have returned to 49, Berkeley-square, W.

Mrs. Curran Gadsden, having let Aragnia House, Onslow-gardens, is at present residing at 34, South Molton-street, Mayfair, W.

Mrs. Chalmer, the wife of Commander A. R. Chalmer, R.N. (Retd.), Little Flemington, Gollanfield, Inverness-shire, gave birth to a son on Saturday last.

The Mid-Kent Hunt ball will be held at the Corn Exchange, Maidstone, on Friday, January 2, 1931.

The Bicester and Warden Hill Hunt ball will take place on Friday, December 5, at Kirtlington Park.

At a committee meeting held at 144, Piccadilly on October 8 it was definitely settled that the *Trois Petits Concerts Intimes*, which are being organised by Lady Gatti in aid of the London Foot Hospital, would be held on November 24, 25, and 26 at 144, Piccadilly. Tickets to be 12s. 6d. each, or 30s. for the series. These may be obtained from the secretary, 144, Piccadilly.

The Heartsease Guild Sale will take place (by permission of Lord Rayleigh) at 69, Cadogan-square on October 28 and 29, from 12 to 6.

DINNER
THE SPANISH CLUB

The Prince of Wales, attended by Major J. R. Aird, was present at a dinner at the Spanish Club, Cavendish-square, which was held last night in celebration of the 438th anniversary of the discovery of the New World by Christopher Columbus. The Spanish Ambassador presided, and after the dinner a dance was held in the ballroom.

Among others present were:—

The Brazilian Ambassador, the Argentine Ambassador, the Chilean Ambassador, the Venezuelan Minister, the Cuban Minister, the Mexican Minister and Mme Ortiz.

Sir Charles Bedford, Señor Don Fernando Ilmo. (President, Spanish Club), Señora D. Bethencourt, Ilma., G. H. Brown, Mrs. Brown, Miss E. Brunciesky, Mgr. Batt (Bishop of Cambysopolis), M. Calderon, Mrs. Calderon, Miss E. Campo, C. Campo (Consul Columbia, Bristol), Dr. Horacio Carisimo (Chargé d'Affaires, Paraguay), José da Cam (Attaché, Spanish Embassy), Ernesto Chacon (Consul-General of Ecuador), D. Diaz de Costo, E. Diaz de Costo, J. F. F. Cubr, James Cunningham, Mrs. Cunningham, Eduardo Dasis (Consul for Spain), Sir Hugh Dawson, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Deakin, J. Fernandez, Miss Finch, R. Forns (Secretary, Spanish Embassy), Coronel José Franco, Mme. de Franco, Jaime Garson, Enrique Gaspar (Consul-General for Spain), Gabriel Gonzales Gordon, F. de Haro, S. A. Harts, Mrs. Harts, Miss Audrey Hart, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Hendriks, H. A. Hoog, Mrs. H. A. Hoog, J. F. Howlett, Mrs. Ivole.

C. Jauraldo, Miss A. V. Jaurralde, Mr. and Mrs. N. R. Jaurralde, A. Jaurralde, Colonel E. L. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel George Joseph, Captain T. A. Joyce, Mrs. T. Joyce, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Laurenson, J. M. Lara (Cuban Legation), Peter Lenak, Miss M. H. Lenak, Mr. and Mrs. E. Lloyd, J. M. Marchesi (Spanish Embassy), Jose Martin, Antonio Martinez, L. W. Masters, M.P., Jose Mayorga, Raul Meier (Consul-General for Cuba), Alfredo Michelsen (Chargé d'Affaires, Colombia), Miss Elsie Milnes, Santiago Monet (Chilean Embassy), H. E. W. Morgan, Mrs. Luisa Maria Morgan, José Navarro, Alberto Obrecht (Naval Attaché, Chilean Embassy), Mme. de Obrecht, Sir Arthur and Lady Page, Dr. A. E. Pastor, Juan Pastor (Naval Attaché, Spanish Embassy), Miss Zoë Patterson, Miss Olga Patterson, C. Potter, W. C. Pritchard, Mrs. Pritchard, A. Renard (First Secretary, Chilean Legation), Mme. de Renard, José A. Rey, J. Rimenez, L. Roca Togores (Secretary, Spanish Embassy), Rodrigo Ruiz, Rear-Admiral Javier Salas (Spanish Royal Naval Commission), Luis Sanchez, Mrs. D. Sanchez, Emilio Sanz, Tovar (Counsellor, Spanish Embassy), Jack Scott, José Stantic, Mrs. Stantic, Mrs. J. Tancent, Dr. Harry Thomas, Miss Edith Thomas, Lieutenant-Colonel A. Torres Mieres (Military Attaché, Spanish Embassy), E. B. Troughton, I. J. Tyler, M. Urriolagoitia (Chargé d'Affaires, Bolivia), P. Utrera, Laurence Venn, Miss Villegas, Fernando Valdes (Secretary, Spanish Embassy), Lieutenant-Commander Rupe Webb (Lazaro (Spanish Royal Commission), and Mrs. E. G. Yair.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

CAPTAIN E. L. PURCELL GILPIN AND MISS THOMAS

The marriage arranged between Captain Eric Lethbridge Purcell Gilpin, 13th D.C.O. Lancers, and Aileen Norah Clinton Thomas will take place, in Calcutta, on November 15.

MR. M. CHAMPION-JONES AND MISS PRINGLE

The engagement is announced between Montagu Champion-Jones, R.E., elder son of Lieutenant-Colonel D. Champion-Jones, D.S.O., R.E. (retired), and Mrs. Champion-Jones, of Westgrove, Wellington, South India, and Beatrice Helen (Betty), eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Pringle, late of the Mysore Mine, South India.

THE REV. J. MARYON-WILSON AND MISS WANKLYN

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between the Rev. John Maryon-Wilson, of Great Canfield, Essex, and Miss May Wanklyn, only daughter of Mr. Alec Wanklyn, of Napier, New Zealand.

MR. F. B. AIKIN-SNEATH AND MISS E. RUDLOFF

The engagement is announced between Francis Brian Aikin-Sneath, of 3, Roxborough-park, Harrow, only son of Mr. F. Aikin-Sneath and the late Mrs. F. Aikin-Sneath, and Elisabeth, daughter of Herr and Frau Bernard Rudloff, of Celle, Germany.

MR. G. P. S. THEOBALD AND MISS B. FARMER

The engagement is announced between Mr. Guy P. S. Theobald, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Theobald, 21, Elm Park-gardens, S.W.10, and Betty, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Farmer, 3, Princes Gate-court, S.W.7.

MR. I. H. BOWHILL AND MISS DURHAM

The engagement is announced between Ian Home Bowhill, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bowhill, Morelands Grange, Loan, Edinburgh, and Elizabeth Mabel, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Robertson Durham, 18, Rothesay-terrace, Edinburgh.

MR. E. W. LEE AND MISS K. M. GRAY

The engagement is announced between Eric Willoughby, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Lee, of Hunstanton, and Kathleen Mary, youngest daughter of Captain and Mrs. C. E. Gray, of Hunstanton.

MR. M. MORRIS AND MISS F. ABELSON

The marriage arranged between Mr. Maxwell Morris, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. David Morris, of 15, Greenaway-gardens, Hampstead, N.W., and Freda, daughter of Mr. Seymour Abelson, of 7, Cannon-place, Hampstead, N.W., will take place at the Liberal Jewish Synagogue, St. John's Wood-road, N.W., on Thursday, October 16, at 12 noon.

The marriage between Mr. J. C. Ambrose and Miss Tibbetts will not take place.

MARRIAGES

MR. A. H. KELLY AND MISS OAKES

The marriage took place at Holy Trinity, Brompton, on Saturday of Mr. Arthur Hamilton Kelly, 1st Battalion, The Essex Regiment, youngest son of Lieutenant-Colonel T. J. P. Kelly and Mrs. Kelly, of Bedford, and Miss Georgina Apphia Mabel Oakes, only child of Mrs. Saurin, of The Abbey, Penally, Pembrokeshire, The Rev. H. S. Sard officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her uncle, Colonel W. J. Ainsworth, wore a gown of parchment-coloured satin, with a train to match. Her veil of old point lace was held in place by a coronet of pearls and orange-blossom, and she carried a Victorian posy of white flowers. Miss Betty Macandrew was the only bridesmaid. She wore a chiffon dress of pervenche blue, with a velvet coatee to match. She had a silver lace cap, and carried a Victorian posy of forget-me-nots and pink roses, tied with silver ribbon. Mr. C. S. Mills, 1st Battalion, The Essex Regiment, was best man. No reception was held, owing to bereavement in the bridegroom's family, but among those present at the church were:—

Mrs. Kelly, Major and Mrs. Saurin, Lady (Alfred) Stephens, Miss Stephens, Miss Violet Stephens, Lady Nawnes, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Bulkley, Mrs. D. G. Fitzgerald Moore, Mrs. J. M. Lindsay, Colonel and Mrs. Ainsworth, Miss Ainsworth, Mrs. Chipling, Mr. and Mrs. W. King, the Misses King, Miss F. Reeves, Mr. R. W. Littlehales, Miss Beavan, Mr. and Mrs. MacPherson, Miss Bencroft, Mrs. Howard, Mrs. Hodge, Howard, Mrs. Woodhouse, Miss Weeks, Miss Humphreys, Mr. W. J. Reade, Mrs. Basil Edwards, Mrs. Rickman, Miss Poynder, Mrs. D. Estridge, Miss Nevill, Mrs. Herbert Hope, Mrs. George McKechnie, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Earle, Miss Scott, Captain N. Upton, Mrs. Frank Oliver, Mrs. Moody, Mrs. Lionel Rayner, Mrs. Ian Howden, Mr. and Mrs. Corsi, Mrs. Bellinden, Mrs. Bartlett, Miss Keser, Colonel and Mrs. Borton, Mrs. Pase, Miss Faulkner, Miss Flavell, Mr. John Tilling, Mrs. Carolin, Miss Holland, Mr. and Miss Gwydyr Jones, Major Pollock, Mrs. Gerald Maxwell, Mrs. N. A. Williams, Mrs. Charles Perkins, Captain Douglas Hill, Mrs. Reginald Maffet, and Miss Hall.

MR. E. C. ORMOND AND MISS N. E. MAGOR

The marriage took place on Saturday at All Saints', Springfield, Chelmsford, of Mr. Charles Ormond, son of the Hon. Mr. Justice and Mrs. E. W. Ormond, Penmaendyfi, Machynlleth, North Wales, and Miss Nancy Magor, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Magor, Springfield Lyons, Chelmsford. The Bishop of Chelmsford officiated, assisted by the Rev. R. C. Collwyn Hargreaves (rector of Springfield).

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of ivory panne velvet with a long full train of the same material lined with ivory and gold chiffon brocade. Her long tulle veil was held in place by a hand-beaded gold head-dress, and she carried a sheaf of auratum lilies and lilies of the valley tied with gold gauze. Master David Wigan was the trainbearer, and there were also eight grown-up bridesmaids—Miss Lorna Magor and Miss Prudence Magor (sisters of the bride), Miss Shirley Magor, Miss Ruth Pugh, Miss Annette Pugh, Miss Isobel Sellar, Miss Joan Glass, and Miss Lucy Stewart. They wore dresses of ivory chiffon velvet with gold rope halo head-dresses and gold shoes. They carried sheaves of golden lilies. Mr. Gilbert Simon was best man, and a reception was afterwards held at Springfield Lyons, when among the guests were:—

Mr. R. B. Magor, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Magor, Major and Mrs. W. Philip Magor, Miss M. R. Magor, Miss W. Magor, Mr. and Mrs. Cedric Carr, Captain and Mrs. C. Leatham, Lieutenant-Colonel F. M. Sandys-Lumsdaine, Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Champion Russell, Major and Mrs. Wetherall, Colonel and Mrs. James Colvin, Colonel and Mrs. Beresford-Peirse, Lady Willcocks, General Sir George and Lady Barrow, Lieutenant-General Sir Alfred and Lady Bingley.

The Hon. Mr. Justice and Mrs. E. W. Ormond, Mrs. H. E. Ormond, Mrs and Miss Macnair, Mrs. Sellar, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Pugh, Mrs. Corfield, Mrs. Hervey Dunn, Mrs. A. J. Pugh, Major and Mrs. H. O. Pugh, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. C. Pugh, Lady Evans and the Misses Evans, Colonel L. P. Evans, Mr. R. T. Greer, Colonel and Mrs. Clifton, the Marquess of Graham, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Ballard, Mrs. Macpherson, Sir Robert and Lady Watson Smyth, Major and Mrs. Cubitt, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Hills, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Jones, the Misses Bannister, The Bishop of Chelmsford and Mrs. Wilson, Sir James and Lady Adam, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs W. Boulton, the Misses Ruggles-Brise, Colonel Howard Bury, Mr. E. R. Colman, Sir Claude and Lady Champion-de-Crespigny, Sir Bertram and Lady Cubitt, Colonel and Mrs. Cullen, Brigadier-General R. B. Colvin and Lady Gwendoline Colvin, Sir Robert and Lady Carlyle, Major Sir George and Lady Dolby, Mr. and Mrs. W. Newnham-Davis, Mrs. Wyndham Portal, and Mr. Forsythe, Mrs. Glass, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Gepp, Major and Mrs. G. G. Gold, the Misses Gold, Mr. J. Gold, Mr. and Mrs. Grimston, Mr. and Mrs. Ogilvie-Grant, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Hanway, Major Colonel and Mrs. C. P. Holroyd, Mr. and Miss Collingwood-Hope, Colonel and Mrs. Hilder, Colonel and Mrs. Eustace Hill, Colonel and Mrs. R. Sparrow, Mrs. Reginald Hill, the Hon. Arnold and Mrs. Henderson, Mrs. Hanbury, General Sir Alfred and Lady Knox, Mr. and Mrs. Levick, Mr. and Mrs. Looker, Captain and Mrs. Motion, Colonel and Mrs. Nash, Canon and Mrs. Parsiter, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Pym, Mrs. Christopher Parker, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Pilkington, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Quarrell, Mrs. Rennison, Mr. C. E. Ridley, the Misses Ridley, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Russell, Lord and Lady Rayleigh, Mr. Justice and Lady Rowlatt, the Hon. Mrs. E. Strutt, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Strutt, the Hon. Mrs. Stirling, the Misses Sparrow, Mr. and Mrs. Swire, Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Trevor, Major and Mrs. de H. Tufnell, Major and Mrs. Maitland Tabor, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Round, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. M. Tritton, Captain and Mrs. Vnett, Miss Osborne, Mr. and Mrs. W. Herrick Woodward, Mr. P. Warburton, Brigadier-General and Mrs. J. T. Wigan, Sir John and Lady Stanley, Sir Frederick and Lady Willis, Mr. Justice and Lady Roche, Lord Justice Greer and Lady Greer, Mr. Justice and Lady Swift, Admiral and Mrs. Ballard, Colonel and Mrs. Stuart Low, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Owen, Lord and Lady Atkin, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Pearson, Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Eve, Mr. and Mrs. Ap Griffiths, and Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Hills.

CARDINAL HLOND

Cardinal Hlond, Archbishop of Poznan and Primate of Poland, arrived in London on Friday night, and was met at the station by the Polish Ambassador, and by Cardinal Bourne, with whom he is staying as guest.

On Saturday night the Polish Ambassador gave a dinner in honour of Cardinal Hlond, at which Cardinal Bourne, Archbishop Goodier, and the Spanish Ambassador were present. Yesterday morning the pontification of the new Polish Church in Devonshire-street, Islington, N.1, took place, and was solemnized by Cardinal Hlond. His Eminence intends to stay in England for several days.

The Earl of Derby will preside at the annual dinner of the United Associations of Great Britain and France, which will be held at Grosvenor House, Park-lane, on Thursday, November 13. The principal guests will include the French Ambassador and Mme. de Fleuriau and Viscount and Viscountess Hailsham.

CHANGES IN THE TEMPLE

AFTER THE LONG VACATION

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

To-day the 10 weeks of the Long Vacation come to an end and the new legal year begins. There flickers in the hearts of many members of the Bar a feeling, as yet no stronger than a faint hope, that this period will one day be shortened. But though this vacation still retains its length, it would be surprising if it passed without some changes being made in the Inns of Court. Among other things wear and tear must be remedied.

The greater part of August and September—when the Temple is almost deserted—offers unhampered occasion to carry out alterations and repairs. Perhaps some carved and worn stone is replaced, causing the uninitiated to raise murmurs of protest which are stilled when it is discovered that the stone was not old, but a comparatively recent addition which has failed to stand the test of time. Or it may be that the crumbling stonework of a gracefully-fashioned well is reinforced with cement; or, again, the black dust of London is removed from the outside woodwork and a gay coating of paint put on, brightening the old-world atmosphere of the Temple courts.

Of the alterations and repairs carried out this year, a great improvement has been made to the entrance to the Middle Temple Hall, but no change will be more gladly welcomed than the fixing of electric light in the numerous staircases of the Middle Temple buildings. The chambers have long been fitted with electricity, but the staircases have had to rest content with gas. The position of the new fittings will prevent their being broken, and no more will a disappointed litigant, a busy barrister, or his hurrying clerk bang into a glass globe or smash the incandescent mantle, leaving a dim and wind-tossed flame behind; no more will footsteps need to stumble round a bend in the stairs feebly lit by the broken lamp. If the new lights have not the brilliance of flood-lighting, like the windows of the hall, they are clear, adequate, and consistent.

With the change will also come a change in the lessening performance of their particular duties by the small but familiar knot of men who, with lighted sticks, began, as the daylight waned, or a grimy fog descended, to light the numerous lamps and to climb innumerable stairs. Innovations may often destroy the charm of places like the Temple, but the present innovation will rouse no regrets.

FUNERALS

REAR-ADMIRAL G. H. HEWETT

The funeral of Rear-Admiral G. H. Hewett, of The Cot, Beech-grove, Alverstoke, took place on Saturday at Abbotsham Churchyard, North Devon, in which parish he formerly resided. The Rev. E. S. De Courcy-Ireland officiated. The chief mourners were Miss Hewett (daughter), Miss L. Hewett and Miss F. Hewett (sisters), and Mr. C. H. Hewett (brother). Others present included:—

Major Thackwell, Major Cowper, Mrs. Vivian, Mr. R. B. L. Johnston, Mr. A. H. Goring Banks and Mr. Cecil A. Smith (representing the Union Club, Westward Ho!), Mrs. H. P. E. Bassley, Major W. Ascott, Mr. R. Blackmore, and Mr. R. B. Blackmore.

LADY FREMANTLE

The funeral of Lady Fremantle took place at Golders Green Crematorium on Saturday, the Rev. Herbert Trundle officiating. The chief mourners were Admiral Sir Sydney Fremantle (husband), Mr. David Fremantle (son), Commander and Mrs. Claris (son-in-law and daughter), Mr. Alan Fremantle (brother), Sir Selwyn and Lady Fremantle (brother and sister-in-law), Captain Giles Sebright (son-in-law), Mr. D. F. Yate-Lee, Mrs. D. F. Yate-Lee, jun., the Hon. John Fremantle, Mr. Ronald Fremantle, Miss Fremantle, Lieutenant-Colonel F. E. Fremantle, M.P., and Mrs. Fremantle, Colonel the Hon. Arthur Brodrick, Mr. R. Fremantle, Mrs. George Thesiger, and Commander Charles Fremantle. Others present included:—

Lady Hall, Lady Henderson, Mrs. Wyatt Rawson, Mr. L. H. Fullen, Miss Goodridge, and Captain E. S. Bailey.

COLONEL J. P. BUSH

The funeral of Colonel James Paul Bush, D.L., for Gloucestershire, and for many years chief police surgeon of Bristol, took place at Bristol Cathedral on Saturday. The officiating clergy were the Dean of Bristol, Canon Fletcher, and the Rev. E. T. R. Johnston. The chief mourners were Mrs. Paul Bush (widow), Miss Bush (daughter), Commander Bush (son), Brigadier-General Bush, Mr. R. E. Bush, Mrs. Ireland Wright, Miss A. Bush, Dr. and Mrs. Myles, Major Claude Bush, Mrs. Tucker, Captain and Mrs. R. A. Bush, Mr. Fitzroy Bush, Miss Shuckburgh, Miss Reynolds, and Miss E. Wright. Among others present were:—

Sir Ernest and Lady Cook, Sir Adam Block, Mr. Mervyn King, Mr. R. A. Fox, Mr. C. E. Barry, Mr. Egbert Cadbury, Professor Buckmaster, Professor Rayner, Dr. C. K. Herapath, Dr. Hardy Kingston, Dr. D. A. Alexander, Dr. J. A. Nixon, Dr. Alfred Rutherford, Mr. Richardson, Cross, Dr. Ormerod, Dr. Charles, Dr. Watson Williams, Dr. Newnham, Dr. Deorp, Dr. Dolborn, Dr. R. C. Clarke, Dr. Leonard Lees, Dr. Freeman, Mr. Rendle Short, Dr. Norman Burgess, Dr. Carwardine, Dr. Fleming, Mr. L. C. Danger, Dr. Parsons, and Dr. Stratham.

Last Post was sounded by buglers of the 6th Battalion, The Gloucestershire Regiment.

MR. T. P. LEGG

The funeral of Mr. Thomas Percy Legg took place on Saturday at Scarborough. The chief mourners were Miss Millie Legg, Miss Evelina Legg, Miss Clara Legg, and Miss Julia Legg (sisters), and Mr. Cecil Legg. Among others present were:—

Sir Charlton Briscoe, Mr. A. E. Edmonds, Mr. Frank Potter, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Berry, Mr. A. Mosley, Mr. A. F. B. Pinder, Dr. J. H. Thornley, Major and Mrs. Whitaker, Mr. J. Armstrong, Mr. M. Armstrong, Mrs. F. M. Smith, and the Misses Smith.

A memorial service was held on Saturday in the chapel of King's College Hospital, of which Mr. T. P. Legg was senior surgeon. It was conducted by the resident chaplain, the Rev. W. J. White, and the Lesson was read by the chairman of the hospital, Lord Gorell. The large congregation included:—

The Dowager Viscountess Hambleden, Viscount Hambleden, Bishop E. S. Talbot, Sir Holburn Waring (representing the Royal College of Surgeons and the Royal Society of Medicine), Sir D'Arcy Power (representing the Medical Society of London), Mr. C. H. Fagge, Mr. L. B. Rawlins, Mr. H. S. Clogg, Mr. Russell Howard, Mr. Gwynne Williams, Mr. E. Rock Carling, Mr. A. E. Webb-Johnson, Mr. C. H. S. Frankau, Mr. C. Max Page (members of the Court of Examiners of the Royal College of Surgeons of England and the Royal Society of Medicine), and Mr. H. H. Rew (director of examinations), Professor Wyllie (representing the principal of King's College), Lady Briscoe, Mrs. Arthur Edmunds, Colonel John Murray, Mr. Arthur Evans, Colonel Hugo, Dr. Willoughby Lyle (Dean of King's College Hospital Medical School) and Mrs. Lyle, Mr. Ernest Playfair, Mr. H. A. T. Fairbank, Mr. Yates Bell, Dr. Drake, Dr. Cecil Hughes, Mr. A. M. H. Gray, Mr. Harold Edwards, Dr. R. H. Williams, Dr. Raymond Crawfurd, Mr. H. J. D. Buston, Dr. Terence East, Colonel J. H. Stanley, Mr. M. S. Mayou, Dr. Creed, Dr. Graham Hodgson, Mr. W. T. Gordon, Mr. Zachary Cope, Mr. V. P. Negus, Mr. Donald W. Ross, Mr. W. A. Pile, Dr. Douglas Firth, Dr. Andrew Turner, Dr. Charles, Dr. Burridge, Mr. R. C. Banner, Dr. G. F. Still, Mr. C. W. M. Hope, Miss Sully (Florence Nightingale Hospital), Mr. J. B. Hunter, Mr. A. C. Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Wakeley, Mr. and Mrs. John Everidge, Mr. W. I. Daggett, Mr. and Mrs. W. Offiatt, Dr. Arthur Whitfield, Dr. Charles Newman, Mr. V. Warren Low, Dr. A. A. Richards, Dr. J. L. Livingstone, Miss M. A. Willcox (sister matron), and Mr. C. E. A. Bedwell (house governor).

MR. W. H. FRIZELL

A funeral service for Mr. W. H. Frizell was held on Saturday morning at St. Mary Abbot's, Kensington. The Bishop in Hokkaido (nephew) and Canon Edwin Brook-Jackson (vicar of St. Mary Abbot's) officiated. The chief mourners were:—Mrs. Frizell (widow), Mr. and Mrs. van Praagh (son-in-law and daughter), Brigadier-General Wellesley, Mrs. Wilkinson (sister), Miss Wilkinson, Mrs. Peter Denny and Mrs. Traill (sisters), Miss Alex Frizell, the Rev. Bernard Pim, Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Frizell, Captain A. O. B. Traill, and Mrs. Gordon Walsh. Others present included:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Archibald Denny, Lady Phillips, Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Snow, the Rev. W. N. Pakenay, Mrs. J. Somerville, Mrs. Kemp Welch, Miss Naish, the Misses Fuller Maitland, Mr. R. H. Bland, Mrs. Gordon Farquharson, Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Macfadden, and Mr. N. W. Bear.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

MRS. LOCKER-LAMPSON

A memorial service for Mrs. Oliver Locker-Lampson was held last night at the Russian Church, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W. The Russian choir, the Don Cossacks, under M. Jarov, sang a Russian requiem. Among those present were:—

Commander Locker-Lampson, Mr. Sabline, formerly Russian Chargé d'Affaires, Violet Duchess of Rutland, Lady Manners, Countess Hotden, Lady Stadd, Mr. Shane Leslie, and Mr. A. Onou, former Russian Consul-General.

Mr. A. Stanley Grant, solicitor, of Aldermanbury, has been appointed Clerk of the Ward of Cripplegate Within in succession to the late Mr. C. W. Sawbridge, and not of Farringdon Within, where Mr. W. A. Plunkett has been Ward Clerk for the past 34 years.

HUNT AND COUNTY BALLS

THE SEASON'S LIST

We publish below a list of forthcoming Hunt, County, and Service balls. The list will be revised and repeated every Monday until further notice.

NOVEMBER 7.—The Suffolk Hunt ball, the Athenaeum, Bury St. Edmunds (Embassy band).
The South Berks Hunt ball, the Calcot Golf Club, near Reading.

NOVEMBER 28.—85th (East Anglian) Field Brigade, R.A. (T.A.), Wallsgrove House, High Beech, near Epping (by permission of Lieutenant-Colonel and the Hon. Mrs. E. N. Buxton).

DECEMBER 5.—4th Royal Sussex Regiment annual ball, the Drill Hall, Horsham.
Middlesbrough Territorial Officers' annual ball, the Town Hall, Middlesbrough (Clifford Essex band).
Bicester and Warden Hill Hunt ball, Kirtlington Park.

DECEMBER 12.—Stow ball (Heythrop Hunt), Stow-on-the-Wold.
The Atherstone Hunt ball, Newnham Paddox, Rugby (by permission of Viscount and Viscountess Feilding) (Newman's band).
Petworth ball.
South Notts Hunt ball, Orton Hall, Nottinghamshire (by invitation of Captain and Mrs. H. G. Sherbrooke) (Conri Tait's band).

DECEMBER 18.—The Staffordshire County Infirmary ball, the County Buildings, Stafford.

DECEMBER 19.—The Hampshire Hunt (H.H.) ball, the Guildhall, Winchester (Embassy band).

DECEMBER 30.—Montgomery County ball, Town Hall, Welshpool (Newman's band).

DECEMBER 31.—The Tiverton Hunt ball.
The Taunton Vale and West Somerset Hunt ball, Taunton (Newman's band).
Avon Vale Hunt ball, Town Hall, Trowbridge.

JANUARY 1.—The Kidderminster and District General Hospital ball, Town Hall, Kidderminster (Newman's band).
West Herts Hospital ball, Ashridge House, Berkhamsted (by permission of the Trustees of the Bonar Law Memorial College and of Major-General Sir Reginald and Lady Hoskins).

JANUARY 2.—The Beaufort Hunt ball, Westonbirt School, near Tetbury (by permission of the governors).
The Devon and Somerset Staghounds' Hunt ball, the Metropole Hotel, Minehead.
The Royal Berkshire Hospital ball (Clifford Essex band).
The Hambledon Hunt Club ball, the Guildhall, Winchester (Pilbeam's band).
The Mid-Kent Hunt ball, Corn Exchange, Maidstone.

JANUARY 6.—The Eridge Hunt ball, the Pump Room, Tunbridge Wells.
The Middleton Hunt ball, Birdsall House, Malton (by permission of Lord and Lady Middleton).

JANUARY 7.—The Berwickshire Hunt ball, Manderston (by permission of the Hon. Lady Miller).
The Devon County ball, Poltimore (by permission of the Headmistress) (Newman's band).

JANUARY 8.—Glamorgan Hunt Club ball, the Pavilion, Cowbridge (Newman's band).
The Dorset Hunt ball, the Corn Exchange, Dorchester.
The Westmorland County ball, Town Hall, Kendal (Newman's band).

JANUARY 9.—5th Battalion, The Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire Regiment (T.A.) Officers' annual ball, the Drill Hall, The Lane, Ashburnham-road, Bedford.
The Hurworth Hunt ball, Rounton Grange.
County of Gloucester Territorial ball, Victoria Rooms, Clifton, Bristol (Clifford Essex band).

JANUARY 13.—The Monmouthshire Hunt Club ball, the Rolls Hall, Monmouth (Pilbeam's band).
Craven Hunt Club, Corn Exchange, Newbury.

JANUARY 14.—The Fernie Hunt ball, the Assembly Rooms, Market Harborough.

JANUARY 16.—The Pytchley Hunt ball, the Town Hall, Northampton.
The Cotswold Hunt ball, the Town Hall, Cheltenham.

CHRIST'S HOSPITAL, HORSHAM

PRINCE OF WALES TO OPEN NEW BLOCK

The Prince of Wales, president and chairman of the Council of Almoners of Christ's Hospital, will open to-morrow a new block of science workshops and a new quadrangle at the school at Horsham. These additions have been built and equipped by the Council of Almoners with the assistance of gifts from the City Corporation, the City Livery Companies, the William Dunn trustees, and private benefactors. The buildings and the quadrangle were designed by Mr. Sydney Tatchell, F.R.I.B.A.

The object which the Council of Almoners has in view is the provision of facilities for education in scientific agriculture, so that boys who display a talent for natural science may be encouraged to become research students, of whom there is an urgent need not only in Great Britain but particularly in the Dominions. In thus widening the field of scientific education and providing fresh opportunities for boys to qualify themselves to respond to the call of Empire, Christ's Hospital is again the pioneer among the public schools of England.

The new science workshops are erected on a piece of hitherto unused ground to the south of the library. The opportunity has been taken to lay out a new quadrangle, of which three sides are formed by the new block on the east, the library on the north, and the east classroom block on the west, respectively, leaving the south side open. The new buildings are designed to form a respond as far as possible to the east classroom block, part of the original scheme carried out when the school was built.

THE NEW BUILDINGS

On the ground floor are two entrances and staircases, a science library, workshops for special scholars and for practical mathematics and zoology, and preparation and store rooms. On the upper floors are a lecture theatre accommodating 120 students, workshops for botany, agriculture, geography, and geology, with masters' and preparation rooms adjoining. An extensive flat roof is provided over a portion of the building for experimental work under glass. Essential features of the structure are simplicity in planning and construction and the provision of ample light and space for boys and masters. Due consideration has been given to the provision for future scientific developments.

The quadrangle has been designed to provide opportunities for the study and development of aquatic plants. For this purpose a central water pool is planned with canals divided by rills into pools of varying depths and supplied with running water. To emphasize the main axial line of the new quadrangle a flèche has been added to the roof of the library. By the generosity of the Amicable Society of Blues (an association of old scholars founded over three centuries ago) three stone seats have been provided in the "Quad," and, as a centre fountain and ornament in the pool, a reproduction in cast lead of Verrocchio's "Boy with a Dolphin." Lear masks as water spouts at each end of the canals and a sundial placed on the central stone-flagged paths have also been given by the society.

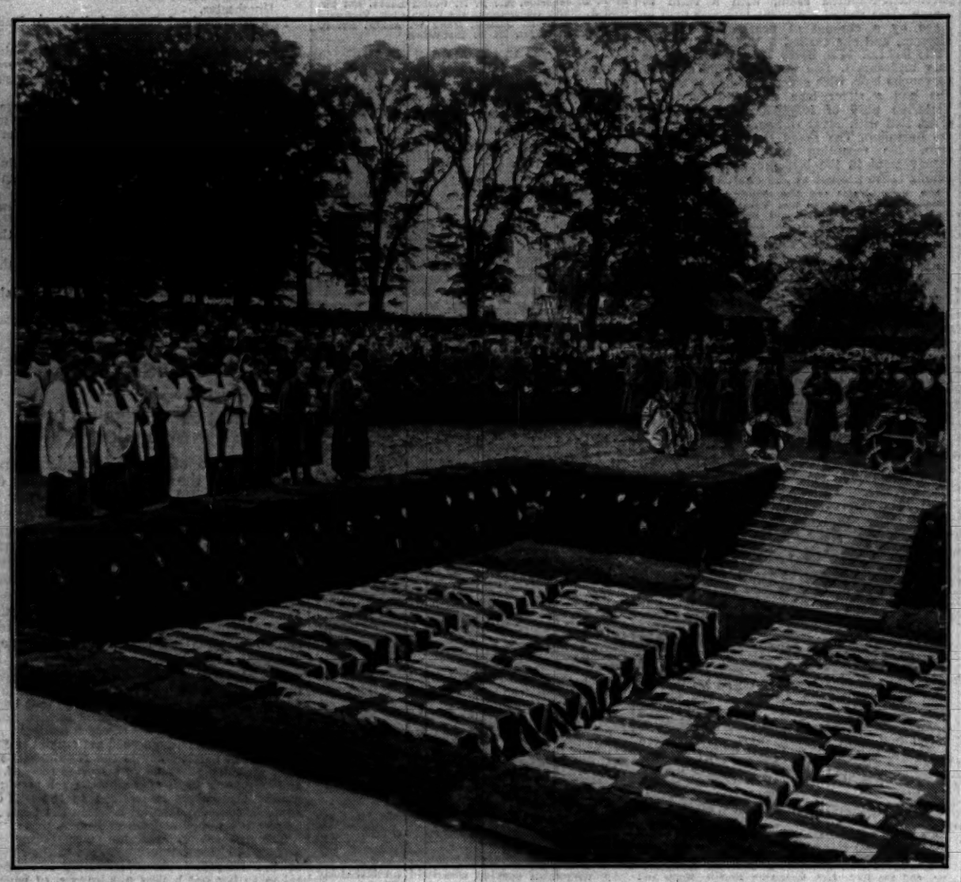
SERVICE DINNER

4TH DIVISION DINNER

LAST TRIBUTES TO THE VICTIMS OF THE R 101 DISASTER

THE GRAVESIDE AT CARDINGTON.—The victims of the R 101 disaster were laid to rest in the peaceful country churchyard at Cardington on Saturday afternoon. In the morning an official tribute to the dead was paid in London, when the bodies were taken from Westminster Hall to Euston. Our photograph shows the scene at the graveside as the coffins were carried by men of the Royal Air Force from the tenders to the grave.

DISTINGUISHED MOURNERS.—Among the distinguished mourners were Sir Charles Dennistoun Burney, the designer of the R 100, who is seen on the left of the above group, and Dr. Eckener, the Commander of Graf Zeppelin (second from the right).



THE CEREMONY at the graveside was simple but impressive. After the burial service a firing party fired three volleys, and this was followed by the sounding of the Last Post and Reveille. The Bishop of St. Albans is seen with other clergymen at the graveside, and on the extreme right, in front of the firing party, is seen the King's wreath.

FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVES.—Some of the Attachés and representatives of foreign Powers who walked in the procession through London. With the Prime Minister and members of the Cabinet were the Prime Ministers from the Dominions.

IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE.—All along the route of the procession from Westminster to Euston crowds gathered to pay a last tribute to the dead of the R 101. The coffins were borne on Army wagons, each being covered by a Union Jack surmounted by flowers. Above may be seen the procession passing through Trafalgar Square, and a part of the large crowd present at this point.

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is the most complicated (we believe) of any kind of commercial undertaking, and requires most careful and intelligent detail management. Such we undertake to give to Selfridge's with its 235 separate departments and its acres of floor space, and, incidentally, we thoroughly enjoy every day in which we play at this great game called Business.—*Copyright.*

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Made from full dark skins with a handsome collar and cuffs of natural American Skunk. Price

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Post Free.

FUR SALON, SECOND FLOOR.

On Right

Natural Pony is Very Popular

In Natural Ponyskin with a handsome collar of Sable Squirrel. Very light in weight, and available in Black or Brown. Price

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Post Free.

FUR SALON, SECOND FLOOR.

Opening of Winter Sports Section

FASCINATING Mannequin Parades showing the newest Winter Sports Fashions and Fancy Dresses will be held in the New Centre Section, Fourth Floor, at 12 noon from to-morrow until Friday 17th October. Tickets of admission, which are free, of course, are obtainable from "Information," Ground Floor. This year this department is more than ever fully equipped to deal with every problem connected with the most attractive of Winter Holidays. In addition to all clothes and equipment Selfridge's Winter Sports Service includes the booking of hotel accommodation, train tickets in advance, seat reservation, etc. For those who are enthusiasts of Ice Rink Skating there is also a section attached to this department and specially devoted to the attention of everything connected with its needs.

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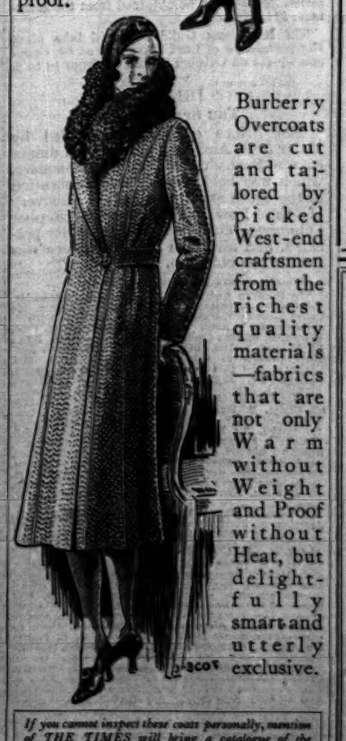

Burberry Overcoats are cut and tailored by picked West-end craftsmen from the richest quality materials—fabrics that are not only Warm without Weight and Proof without Heat, but delightfully smart and utterly exclusive.

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750 SETTEES AND LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS, some covered Morocco Leather, Tapestry, Rich Silk, Hide, &c., removed from a large West End Club and Hotel. A large quantity covered Plain Art Reps, all being of excellent quality and in all cases equal to new. Small Lounge Easy Chairs offered at £14 each, several in Real Hide £3 5s. each. Large Club Lounge Chairs £4 17s. 6d. to 12 Gns. Well made soft spring Chesterfield Settees, 5 Gns., and a large quantity of Chesterfield Settees, with Loose Pillow Backs and Seats, ranging from £7 10s. to 25 Gns.

THE MAGNIFICENT DINING ROOMS, LOUNGES, LIBRARIES AND HALLS comprise a wonderful collection of all periods. Early Tudor, Queen Anne, Chippendale, Hepplewhite, Adams, and Sheraton in Oak, Mahogany, and Walnut; Complete Dining-room Suites, comprising Sideboard, Set of Chairs and Dining Table, being offered for 10 Guineas set; whilst the more elaborate suites range from 25 Guineas to 300 Guineas, many of these exquisite sets having cost over treble the price now asked to clear. Special attention is called to a quantity of Cottage Wheelback Chairs offered at 5s. 9d. each.

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DICKINS & JONES "Accessory Week"

¶ "Le costume complet!" is a note which Paris is emphasizing throughout the Autumn mode, so Dickins & Jones have organized "Fashion Accessory" Week.

¶ And we have made it not only a fashion event, but a money-saving event, too. During this week you will be able to discover the new blouse, the new shade in hosiery, the right glove and the Paris-inspired shoe—and then buy them AT SPECIALLY REDUCED PRICES!

"FANNY." Overblouse in rich quality Crêpe de Chine. The V neck is finished with a loose bow, and the fronts are charmingly arranged with hand-embroidery holes. Can also be worn as tuck-in blouse. In Ivory Beige, Champagne, Grey and Navy.
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Blouses, First Floor.

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¶ A new Semi-Sports Model in real Crocodile (dark shade) with low leather heel and hard wearing soles. Sizes and half sizes 3 to 8. For just six days it can be obtained at the amazing

SPECIAL WEEK PRICE OF 21/-

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TENNYSON AND PALGRAVE

COMPILING THE 'GOLDEN TREASURY'

The part played by Tennyson in the making of Palgrave's "Golden Treasury" was acknowledged by the anthologist in his dedication of May, 1861. "Your encouragement," he writes, "given while traversing the wild scenery of Treryn Dinas, led me to begin the work; and it has been completed under your advice and assistance." Details of this assistance, and some of the words of the advice were recalled (a little inaccurately, it now seems) by Palgrave over 30 years later. He included them in an account written for Hallam Tennyson's life of his father. Notes of Tennyson's opinions on the single poems were, however, apparently pencilled by Palgrave in 1861, in the bound manuscript of "The Golden Treasury," sent to the printers and kept by him on its return. He gave it on February 12, 1894, "to my very dear child Annora," and last Saturday the Trustees of the Museum accepted it as a gift from Miss Palgrave.

The manuscript can be identified by Palgrave's autograph notes upon the fly-leaf; his own signature comes above the dates October '60-May '61, and below are the names of his collaborators, "A. Tennyson, T. Woolner, G. Miller." Their good offices are described in a long note in Palgrave's hand.

In putting the book together, all poems which appeared at all available or likely were gone through after my selection by George Miller and Thomas Woolner, sometimes alone, but perhaps oftener in courts of poetry held here and elsewhere. The mass thus diminished but retaining all that stood near admission were gone through by Alfred Tennyson during 10 days at Xmas '60 at Farringford. He read almost everything twice over generally aloud to me. The book as it stands fairly represents his taste, and his opinion was the final verdict: but so severe and strict was his judgment that if the scheme of the book had been his, it would probably have held less.

This statement is dated June, 1861, and a further note follows: "Some few poems were added after Tennyson's recension, but about most I knew that he would have approved."

How Palgrave's judgment was in practice guided we learn from symbols and sentences in the outer top corner of each page of text. The views of the sculptor, Woolner (whose name was given as one of the judges of these "Courts of Poetry" in Palgrave's contribution to Hallam Tennyson's book), and of George Miller (a critic otherwise unidentified) are usually brief and not infrequently disregarded. Tennyson's comments, which range from a bare "P" (print) to ecstatic reminiscence or brisk condemnation, are usually accepted, and followed even when Palgrave himself believed a passage "not truly poetry" or "too slight by far." Among the poems which Tennyson is seen to have first suggested or thus insisted upon are Nash's "Spring" (the Anthology's opening lyric), Wyatt's "And wilt thou leave me?" Marvell's Horatian Ode ("first shown to me by A. Tennyson, who had long admired it and read it to Carlyle"), Collins's "Passions," and Wordsworth's sonnet "To a Distant Friend."

Lyly's "Cupid and Campaspe" Tennyson calls "one of the most elegant things in English"; the "Silver Tassie" he "reckons Burns's best song." To "Lycidas" he gave three stars: "he would not hear of the book unless it had this, the 'Allegro,' and 'Penseroso' and Gray's Elegy—how often he has read it aloud to me and how admirably!" The Elegy (so we read later in the manuscript) Tennyson "would unfeignedly prefer to his own poetry." Of Lovelace's poem to Lucasta, too: "A. T., after reading this, said with perfect seriousness, 'I would rather have written this than all I have written'—he admired its gallant, high-hearted tone so greatly." He suggested, however, an emendation: "A sword, a *lance*" for "a sword, a horse." Palgrave remarks with regret: "The original edition gives no warrant for this improved reading of his."

Palgrave's text was actually taken, as notes in the upper left-hand corner of his pages show, from many sources; Chalmers' collected poets or even Chambers's Encyclopaedia served for passages copied by his own hand or that of an amanuensis, while for the later poets pages are often torn bodily from nineteenth-century editions and grangerized into the manuscript. Tennyson suggested a number of corrections, conjecturing, for example, in Lodge's "Rosaline," "Her breasts are *globes* of heavenly frame" for "robes," while Palgrave himself adopts the reading "orbs." Often the Laureate wished to make wider changes. Thus, upon a passage of Campbell, he remarks: "A harsh line—how one wishes one could have Tom Campbell and Burns in the room just to point out a few such blemishes—they would have understood them in a moment." A suggested emendation to Shelley, on the other hand, "A. T. held quite superfluous—poets are not bound by such rigid rules of rhyme."

He curtailed several poems on Tennyson's advice, and it is from Shelley's stanzas "Written in the Euganean Hills" that Tennyson obelizes the lines "When a king in glory rides, &c.," with the criticism: "When Shelley comes to such passages, he seems to me to *burst*." Palgrave 30 years later attributed the reference of this judgment to another poem, similarly altering Tennyson's remark on Burns and Campbell, and more seriously changing the mood of another judgment made here on Cowper's "Poplars."

Tennyson's judgments can be traced from this manuscript to many notes printed in editions of "The Golden Treasury," quite apart from the bland and well-known correction of "Stout Cortez." The extent of his influence was evidently greater than had been supposed, even from Palgrave's references, but it was not all-powerful. We find that the Laureate pleaded in vain for Marvell's "The Lover" (evidently "To his Coy Mistress"), and for omissions to balance the selection, while Miller and Woolner affected the choice (if at all) at a stage of sifting earlier than this manuscript's formation. There was, we learn, one further censor, MacMillan, the publisher, who expelled from the title-page, from the back of the contents, and from the beginning of each part, Greek and Latin quotations, chosen by Palgrave so that "they would give the book a learned look." From the first printed edition all the "learned look" is absent. Subsequently Palgrave got his wish, but only so far as one quotation—from Euripides's *Hypeipyle* fragment.

CALL TO ABOLISH O.T.C. GRANT

CAMPAIGN AGAINST MILITARY TRAINING

This week a manifesto protesting against the military training of youth and conscription, and urging its incompatibility with the renunciation of war through the Kellogg Pact, is being published simultaneously all over the world. The National Council for Prevention of War states that the manifesto has been signed in America by Professor John Dewey; in Germany by Dr. Einstein and Thomas Mann, in Austria by Professor Freud, in France by Romain Rolland and Victor Marguerite, in India by Rabindranath Tagore.

The manifesto is to be made the beginning of a co-ordinated campaign against the military training of youth and conscription, which in this country will be conducted by the National Council for Prevention of War, and will be concentrated upon the abolition of the State grant for Officers Training Corps. The following are signatories to a letter supporting the campaign:—

C. G. Andrews, Clare Annesley, M. Chrisell Ashby, J. H. Badley, Anna Barlow, James Barr, M.P., Edmund Blunden, E. W. Birmingham (the Bishop of Birmingham), A. Fenner Brockway, M.P., A. Barratt Brown, J. B. Castle, G. D. H. Cole, A. E. Maurice Browne, G. Cove, M.P., A. Ruth Fry, Gerald Gorgard, W. G. Cove, M.P., A. Ruth Fry, Gerald Gorgard, W. G. Cove, M.P., A. Ruth Fry, Gerald Gould, John W. Graham, Donald Gray, Aldous Huxley, Siegfried Sassoon, Hewlett Johnson, Geoffrey Mander, M.P., Henry Nevinson, F. W. Norwood, William Orpen, Eleanor Rathbone, M.P., Lewis Richards, Bertrand Russell, Siegfried Sassoon, H. M. Swanwick, Tavistock, H. M. Tomlinson, R. P. Tutberville, M.P., Percy Watson, H. G. Wells, J. H. Whitehouse, Leonard Woolf, and Basil Yeaxlee.

NIGHT FLYING WITHOUT LIGHTS

The Air Ministry has issued a warning that Royal Air Force aircraft will be flying between 6 and 10 o'clock at night without lights between October 13 and December 21 in the neighbourhood of Croydon air port. The area affected is bounded by straight lines joining Chelsfield, Addington, (approximately four miles east of Croydon), Oxted, Sevenoaks, and Chelsfield. Over this area the aircraft will not show navigation lights above 5,000ft.

MR. GRAHAM ON THE HOME MARKET

TARIFFS NO REMEDY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT

Mr. Graham, President of the Board of Trade, speaking in Edinburgh on Saturday night, said that the Government, in view of present unemployment, would do everything to develop the home market. They must recognize, however, that whatever happened they would always depend to a very large extent on export trade.

Much of the unemployment lay in the industries immediately associated with exports. He was satisfied that there was no remedy whatever in tariffs, and even less in any form of fiscal retaliation by the United Kingdom. Under the Coal Mines Act he believed that by regulating the production and placing of coal on the home market on a remunerative level as regarded the pithead price they would strengthen the whole position of the industry for the purposes of oversea competition.

The iron and steel industry contended that if it had complete prohibition of the 3,000,000 tons of foreign imports with the guarantee of that additional production at home it could reduce the cost of output to such an extent as to lead to no increase of price in the home market. He was very doubtful whether such a result could be achieved and, in any event, what the industry demanded was a virtual prohibition of the importation of those goods into this country. That could not be promised without the danger of an adverse reaction on shipbuilding and the engineering trades.

The underlying problem was whether by reorganization they could reduce the costs of production so as to avoid any attack on wages and the standard of life on the one hand, and regain the export trade on the other. If the reorganization were faithfully and drastically applied, if the artificial, financial, and other elements in those industries were squeezed out, and if all the sections interested put their best into the task, he was satisfied, on recent investigation, that those combined results could be attained.

"WORLD VOICE OF GREAT BRITAIN"

MR. LEES-SMITH ON WIRELESS TELEPHONY

Mr. LEES-SMITH, Postmaster-General, speaking at the Birmingham Civil Service annual dinner, on Saturday, said that the most important discussions at the Imperial Conference were not those on Imperial preference but on the great constitutional issues as to the future political connexion between this country and the Dominions. The Post Office had a large part to play in the future in Imperial questions, for it was by those services of the Post Office, with its letters and telephone messages, that the discussions between the different countries in the Empire would in future be carried on.

The latest work of the Post Office was in the Imperial sphere, and consisted in the development of a series of wireless telephone services, by which conversations in the human voice would be conducted with the Dominions. Through the wireless station at Rugby the Post Office conducted a wireless telephone service between London and New York which carried far more messages than any other commercial telephone service in the world. We were now pushing on with a system by which the same services provided to New York would be provided to the Dominions and the other chief countries of the world. Last May we opened a direct service to Australia—the longest telephone link in the world—and arrangements were being made to extend that service to New Zealand at an early date. Canada was at present served *via* New York, but we were arranging to open a direct service within a few months.

At Rugby there was an aerial system pointing to the United States of America. A few yards, and there was a section plotted out in which there would be an aerial system pointing to Canada. A few yards in the other direction, and there was a system pointing to South Africa. A few more, to India; a few more, to Australia. In that way, when the system was complete, the world voice of Great Britain would speak from Rugby not only to the Dominions but to all the more important countries of the earth.

As a result of the link supplied by the wireless service between London and New York, the British end of which had been built up by the Post Office engineers, a subscriber to the telephone in Vienna could now speak to a subscriber in Montreal, and a subscriber in San Francisco could speak to a subscriber in Stockholm, provided the messages went through Rugby. That was, we had secured for this country the central position in the system of long-distance telephone services of the world, and enabled the subscriber to a British telephone to communicate by conversation with 90 per cent. of all the telephone subscribers anywhere on earth.

This work had been quietly and without advertisement carried through by the staff of the Post Office, who had received little but criticism and detraction for their reward, but whose patriotism and enterprise had created a new service for the nation.

MR. ALEXANDER ON FISCAL CHANGES

Mr. A. V. ALEXANDER, First Lord of the Admiralty, speaking at Selby on Saturday night, said that there was overhanging them the dreadful spectre of unemployment, and it was plain that the Tory game was to stampede the country and say that the Labour Government were responsible for it. Here was a world depression, and any man or woman who by pen or voice accused them of it was either a fool or a knave. He claimed that the Government had done what they could in the circumstances, and more than any Government in modern times. It was in circumstances like this that they were having an attempt made, when the Imperial Conference was being held in London, to stampede the country into a drastic change in their fiscal system.

SIR JOHN SIMON ON NEED OF CONFIDENCE

Sir JOHN SIMON addressed meetings at Gomersal and Oakenshaw, Yorkshire, on Saturday. He said that he had just been travelling in Canada and the United States of America, and one could not but be struck with the evidence of progress and the indications of prosperity there. In America, however, they had long lists of unemployed, and they also had their trials and difficulties. But there was no doubt that they had got the confidence which was the best of all qualities for facing and overcoming difficulties. That was what we had to have here. The essential things which had made this little land get through its difficulties in the past were still here among us—the character of our people, the most practical, the most determined, the most kindly character of any nation in the world.

SIR H. SAMUEL'S "GOOD NEWS"

Sir HERBERT SAMUEL, speaking at Darwen on Saturday night, said that he had that day heard a little "good news," but he did not know how far it would be fulfilled. He had learned from a very reliable quarter that there were signs of improvement in the demand for cotton goods from India. There had been more inquiries within the last few days than for some time past. Further, from a very high quarter in India, he had heard that there was a marked improvement in the political situation.

PERSIAN ART TREASURES

FIRST CONSIGNMENT ARRIVES

The first consignment of the treasures of Persian art for the International Exhibition at Burlington House in January and February arrived in London on Saturday. The Baharistan, which is berthed at Bellamy's Wharf, Rotherhithe, sailed from Abadan on September 14 with 27 packing cases containing works of art among its cargo. A special police guard took charge of these cases at the docks and will have them in custody until Tuesday, when they are to be handed over to the Royal Academy. Two further consignments of treasures will arrive by ship during the next five weeks. The names of these ships are not divulged.

An officer of the Baharistan said on Saturday that the crew believed the cargo to consist entirely of dates. The cases were sent from Teheran to the Persian Gulf in four aeroplanes because of the danger to so precious a freight from brigands if carried overland. The nature of the treasures was described in *The Times* of September 13.

A labour exhibition was opened in BRUSSELS yesterday by the King of the Belgians, who was accompanied by the Queen. His Majesty unveiled there a monument dedicated to the "Glory of Labour," the work of the late Constantin Meunier.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

GIFTS TO TRINITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN

Mr. EDWARD JOHN FRENCH, of St. Ann's, Donnybrook, Dublin, solicitor, who died on April 12, left unsettled personal property in England and the Irish Free State valued at £43,553. The testator left:—

To Trinity College, Dublin, "as a token of my love and affection for the college, my Charles II. two-handled porringer, formerly on loan to the National Museum," and £600 to found two exhibitions in classics and history respectively, tenable at Trinity College, Dublin, open to all boys who have been members of Shrewsbury School and open to girls who have been members of Howells School, Denbigh, for at least two years preceding the end of the term in which the examination for such exhibition is held, such exhibition to be tenable for such period as the board of the college shall determine; and he stated:—

"Should none of my daughters have any taste or wish for them," then he left to the Royal Society of Antiquaries of Ireland all books relating to coins and medals and antiquaries, and any books and pamphlets relating to Ireland, which Charles McNeill or any other member of the council deputed for the purpose may consider useful for the society's library, and "I should like my coins to be sold and not given to a museum, so that others may have the like pleasure that I have had in collecting them"; and he left:—

£25 to Trinity College Mission, Belfast; £25 to Trinity College Mission, Chota Nagpur; £25 to the Social Service Tenements Society, Trinity College; £25 to Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital; £25 to St. John's House of Rest; £50 to the vicar of St. John's, Sandymount; £10 to the vicar of St. Mary's, Donnybrook, for parish purposes; £25 each to Thomas and Lizzie Mooney, "who have been so long connected with our family"; £25 to Anthony Saunders; and £10 each to Kate Smith, Margaret Lennon, and Ellen O'Connell, if in his service at his death; £100 to William Coe; £50 to William Edgar; £100 to Janet Jeffares; £60 to Ethel Jeffares; £25 to Josephine Keating; £20 to Thomas Tumney; and £15 to Annie Dixon, if in the service of his firm at his death.

Mr. AIMÉ FERDINAND PITEL, of Wintons, Park Hill-road, Croydon, and of 5, Lothbury, E.C., stockjobber, a member of the Stock Exchange since 1884, who died on August 7, aged 75, left £95,909, with net personalty £94,952. He gives:—

£50 to his head clerk, Shine; £100 to Levy, chauffeur, if still in his service.

Miss SOPHIA HARRIOT BARING-GOULD, of Box Grove House, Guildford, daughter of the late Rev. Charles Baring-Gould, rector of Lew Trenchard, Devon, died on August 9, aged 84, leaving £73,046, with net personalty £65,448. She gives:—

An annuity of £100 to her chauffeur, Jonathan Kite; £100 each to H. Denyer and C. Toms, if still in her service.

Miss CAROLINE MAUD JAMES, of Abbey-road-mansions, St. John's Wood, N.W., and of Fortfield, Grove Park, Weston-super-Mare, who died on July 23, left estate of the gross value of £49,608, with net personalty £46,306. She left:—

£50 to the Rev. Langford James, "and I hope but not so as to create any legal trust that he will use the same for the benefit of the Holy Cross Church, Cromer-street, King's Cross."

£500 to the Holy Family Homes, Church House, Deans-yard, Westminster, the income to be used for the benefit of St. Margaret's Home, Weston-super-Mare.

COMMANDER HAROLD NEWALL WATSON, R.N. (retired), of Pondtail Lodge Bungalow, Guildford-road, Fleet, who died on May 17, has left £53,982, with net personalty £52,842.

Miss MARY ANN EHRETIA MILTON, of Inverness-terrace, Bayswater, W., and Horsebrook House, Calne, Wilts, who died on July 30, has left property of the value of £7,290, with net personalty £7,263. She directed:—

That her body should be cremated "and the portraits of Ella Sinclair Allen, Blanche Power, Mary Burgess, and Dame Millicent Fawcett be burned with me, and that my relatives do not go into mourning for me, who have had a good and pleasant life, full of interests which make it well worth living. I only regret not being able to do more for the great causes in which I have been interested."

She gives:—

£100 to the National Union of Societies for Equal Citizenship; 400 shares in the Sun Ray Centres Company, or £100, to the Elizabeth Garrett Anderson Hospital; £50 to the South Paddington Divisional Labour Party, and £10 to the Women's Section; £40 as the executors may decide to "one or two persons who have been specially kind to me in my later days."

DR. WILLIAM SIMPSON FERW, of Newton Abbot, chief medical officer of Princetown Convict Prison from 1881-1903, who died on August 28, left £18,263 gross, with net personalty £18,203. He left:—

£100 to the Edinburgh Royal Infirmary "in memory of happy days"; £100 to Dr. Barnardo's Homes; £100 to the rector and churchwardens of Wolborough, Devon, the income to be applied in keeping in order the grave of Isabella Frances Hay in that churchyard and the general upkeep of the said churchyard; £100 to Newton Abbot Hospital and Dispensary; and the residue of the property in trust for his wife during widowhood, and then equally between Edinburgh Royal Infirmary and Dr. Barnardo's Homes.

Mr. FREDERICK HAZELTON CURTIS, of Inverness-terrace, Bayswater, W., who died on July 19, aged 72, left £6,474, with net personalty £4,980. He left:—

£500 and 10,175 Preference shares of £1 each in Curtis and Co. and one-fourth of the residue to George William Hedges; £100 to his chauffeur, Jesse Stapleton, if in his employ.

Among other latest wills are the following:—

	Gross value
BERRY, Lieutenant James Thomas, R.N. (retired) (69), of Humber-road, Blackheath, S.E. (net personalty £1,020)	£1,880
CAVE, Mr. Arthur Wilson, M.A. (73), of Banbury-road, Oxford, for 37 years headmaster of the City of Oxford School (net personalty £9,554)	9,735
HOARE, Mr. Frank (62), of Belsize-lane, N.W. (net personalty £11,809)	21,667
HOWIE, Dr. John Lindsay, of Newlands-road, Glasgow (personal estate)	8,856
JOHNSON, Brigadier-General Charles Edward (Indian Army, retired) (69), of Russell-street, Bath (net personalty £11,342)	11,903
LINN, Mr. John Brown (50), of Dawson-place, Bayswater, W. (net personalty £3,321)	15,695
LITTLEJOHN, Mr. Thomas Pirsted, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., of Canford, Imperial-avenue, Westcliff-on-Sea (net personalty £13,369)	13,456
MAITLAND, Mrs. Caroline Helen (84), of Cambridge-street, Paddington, W., widow of Colonel Eardley Maitland, R.A., C.B. (net personalty £2,446)	5,204
O'BRIEN, Lieutenant-Colonel Aubrey John, C.I.E., C.B.E. (59), of Neville-street, Onslow-gardens (net personalty £2,657)	2,808
RENDELL, Mr. William George (79), of Faversham-road, Catford, S.E., formerly in the silk trade (net personalty £16,492)	17,226
SIMONDS, Mrs. Mary Elizabeth (73), of Audleys Wood, near Basingstoke, widow of Louis de Luze Simonds (net personalty £19,718)	22,896

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS

The King has approved the appointment of the Rev. COSBY HUDLESTON STOKES, rector of Kynnersley and Preston Wealdmoors, Shropshire, to the rectory of Epworth, Doncaster, vacant as the result of an exchange of benefices between Mr. Stokes and the Rev. W. A. Gough, rector of Epworth, Doncaster.

The Rev. A. M. STANTIN, rector of Brinklow (Warwickshire), has accepted the offer of the vicarage of Studley, in the same county.

ORDINATION IN YORK MINSTER

The Archbishop of York ordained the following in York Minster yesterday:—

DEACONS.—G. J. Jenkinson, Leeds Univ., B.Sc., and Coddesdon Theo. Coll. (licensed to the curacy of Bolton Percy); A. J. Mear, Bishops' Coll., Cheshunt (to Holy Trinity, Goodramgate, in the city of York).

PRIEST.—O. F. Forrest, Egerton Hall Theo. Coll., Manchester.

NOTES

The Rev. H. G. Elton, vicar of Littleworth, Berks, from 1922, is resigning the benefice.

The Southwark Diocesan Conference will meet at the Chapter House, Southwark, on November 4 and 5.

The Bishop of Oxford consecrated on Saturday a new church, dedicated to St. Mary, at Terriers, a rapidly developing portion of High Wycombe. The church, designed by Sir Giles Scott, is the gift of Mrs. Field, widow of the late Rev. F. F. Field, formerly of Hazlemere.

PLAQUE UNVEILED TO FOUNDER OF EMPIRE DAY

In the presence of a large congregation at Ottershaw Church, Surrey, yesterday, Lord Meath unveiled a bronze plaque to the memory of his father, the founder of Empire Day. The dedication service was conducted by the Bishop of Guildford, and those present included Lord Ardee, Lady Maureen Brabazon, Lady Meriel Brabazon, Lady Mary Holt, Mr. O. Brooke, Sir William Wayland, M.P. (chairman of the Empire Day Movement), Lord and Lady Camrose, Lord Charnwood, Sir Michael and Lady Whitley, Lady Rankin, Lieutenant-General Sir Edmond Elles, Sir Maurice De Bunsen, and the Hon. James and Mrs. Borthwick. The plaque, which was presented by the Royal Empire Society, bore the Meath arms and the earl's portrait in relief with the inscription, "Reginald, twelfth Earl of Meath, Founder of the Empire Day Movement, 1841-1929. To him the British Empire was a goodly heritage to be fashioned like unto a city of God." In his address the Bishop said Lord Meath's conception of Empire was service—enduring and ceaseless service. They would do wrong to Lord Meath and the occasion if they did not dedicate themselves to such service.

The Biggest Sensation in the Tobacco Trade for 10 years!

The fall in the price of Virginian tobaccos following the slump in America has been averaged by the manufacturers and passed on to the consumer in the only practical way.

ARMYCLUB CIGARETTES

20 for 10½D

SIZE & QUALITY UNCHANGED

ISSUED BY CAVANDERS LTD., LONDON

SANDHURST, the usual 10 for 6d. size (Plain or Cork-tipped)
10-~~6d.~~ 5½d. 20-~~1/-~~ 10½d. 50-~~2/6~~ 2/2

CAMBRIDGE MAGNUMS No. 3
20-~~1/6~~ 1/- and pro rata

THE SIX MAJOR POINTS

The Major definitely guarantees the following six major points:

1. The same high quality 100% old Virginia
2. The same high quality pure paper
3. The same high quality packing
4. The same care in manufacture
5. The same full length and weight
6. ONLY THE PRICE IS REDUCED

The Waring Quality and Value

BOOK OF THE EVENT sent post free on request.

WARINGS.....

GREAT Household Event.....TO-DAY

The most important Furnishing Event in the Kingdom

and Daily: 9 to 6

THIS is an Event now soundly established in the public estimation. It presents the occasion at the opening of the Season for buying all the practical requirements for the house at prices showing a decided and genuine saving. It is therefore regarded as a great economy event.

FURNITURE
HOUSE LINENS
FABRICS
CARPETS & RUGS
BEDSTEADS
BEDDING
EASY CHAIRS
CHINA & GLASS
SILVERWARE
BATHROOM & ELECTRICAL REQUISITES
CUSHIONS
IRONMONGERY

BLV.3. CARVED OAK BOX STOOL
24in. long, 16in. deep, 18in. high. Usual price £4.2.6.
Special Event Price £3.12.6

BLV.4. RUSH SEAT LADDER-BACK ARMCHAIR
heavily constructed. A very serviceable chair.
Special Event Price 38/6

BLV.5. SMALL CHAIR, to match. Special Event Price, each 28/6

BLV.6. DRESSER, in Oak, fitted with two drawers in under part and shelves in back, 3ft. 6in. wide, 6ft. 2in. high. Usually £12.15.
Special Event Price £11.5

WARINGS

Deansgate, MANCHESTER — OXFORD ST., W. *Waring & Gillow Ltd.* — Bold Street, LIVERPOOL

Agriculture

BRITISH CROPS

"THE TIMES" SPECIAL REPORTS—IV.*

CRITICAL POSITION OF ARABLE FARMERS

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

Perusal of the reports received from several hundred correspondents, representative and enlightened farmers and landowners throughout Great Britain, concerning the farm crops at the end of September or beginning of October, has been a melancholy proceeding. There have been years in which conditions and prospects have improved as the season advanced; this year the uninterrupted movement has been definitely and pronouncedly in the opposite direction. At the end of June, when the estimates for our first reports for the season were prepared, the situation was considered fair and, in places or in sections, even reassuring. The remarkable weather records during the past three months have changed all that so completely that only in a few localities, and in respect to unimportant branches of the industry in its national aspect, has the midsummer position been maintained. From the middle of July to the second week of October—with the exception of the tropical spell late in August and two brief intervals last month—the weather has been extremely adverse for the classes of work that had to be undertaken in that time, mostly concerned with the harvesting of corn and late hay.

1930 AS BAD AS 1879

We have had before comparisons with 1879, of unhappy memory, but some of the older farmers, whose experience goes back over the past half-century, touching more or less intimately the misfortunes of that sunless and rainy summer, state with convincing emphasis that 1879 was no worse than 1930 in its effect upon the harvest. I have vivid personal recollections of '79, but only in a local or narrow sense; 1930 is brought under my notice in a wider and more impressive respect, and the authoritative testimony before me warrants the conclusion that, outside a few areas in Kent and other southern counties, the position is lamentably acute. What promised to be good crops have been damaged or destroyed, and several cautious and competent men, not given to exaggerate either their reverses or their successes, describe the effects of the protracted and dripping harvest as heart-breaking as well as financially disastrous. If the crucial monetary question were less prominent, the results of the persistent rains and mists and the absence of considerable sunshine and drying winds would still have been very serious, but with the state of the markets worse even than that of the harvest fields—as again prominent men affirm—the lot of the arable farmer in particular is critical to the point of despair.

The figures for Great Britain in the first table below show that the estimates of all three cereals for October are the lowest in the six years covered by the comparisons. Equally remarkable, and probably without parallel, is the general reduction of wheat in Division I. compared with September. The unimportant farming county of Middlesex alone touches or exceeds the modest figure of 80. The premier corn-growing counties have suffered with extreme severity.

DOLEFUL REPORTS

Extracts from the reports of correspondents, all of known and unquestionable repute and competence, will best depict the position for those who wish to procure first-hand information.

LEICESTERSHIRE.—"This, in this neighbourhood, is the worst harvest since 1879. Many hundreds of acres of hay are still ungathered, and in the later districts fully 70 per cent. of the corn is growing and rotting in the fields. Many farmers will have no saleable corn. The loss per arable acre will exceed £5." Reference to live stock is relevant concerning a county largely grass. The writer proceeds:—"Cattle bought in in the spring at from 50s. to 58s. per cwt., are selling out at 43s. to 48s. per cwt., and the worst are to come. Sheep have paid well, in spite of the depression in the wool trade. Many dairies of milk are unsold." Concluding, the correspondent says:—"Half my remaining arable (only 120 acres) will go down to grass next year, and I have paid off already eight men, others will follow, and my labour bill each week will come down from £70 to under £50. I cannot go on paying wages out of capital."

Other quotations:—"Although I have been pessimistic the whole season, I am now more so than ever" (Essex). "Until 8th. Swithin's all crops looked A1. Heavy rains and sunless days spoilt everything, and samples and quality are bad. Sugar content of beet is 2 per cent. below that of last year" (Isle of Ely). Lincolnshire has been very badly affected, especially on the Wolds, where much of the spring corn was still out and damaged, "thousands of acres out getting blacker and blacker every day." "Corn 50 per cent. down in price, and nearly 50 per cent. down in yield" (Norfolk). "Going from bad to worse. We look like having a shocking winter" (Norfolk). "A poor yield and worse prices" (Berks). "Most miserable time can remember for 40 years" (Northants).

"Many farmers have lost heart, due to the deplorable prices, and now also for milk!" (Somerset). "I never remember my forecast for July so reversed by the unusual season as it has been this year" (Herefordshire). "I do not think the situation for arable farmers has been so serious for 35 or 40 years" (Worcs). "The most disastrous season I ever remember in over 40 years. On September 30 am carting clover-oats into the manure yard, damaged and grown and rotten with wet" (Notts). "It will be impossible to employ men during the winter months owing to there being no money. This year will finish arable farming in East Yorks" (East Yorks). "Rain and yet more rain has washed away any hope that remained to arable farmers" (Durham).

A CHEERLESS OUTLOOK

The tone and terms of the general comments quoted indicate the nature of the estimates and results respecting the individual crops. It is unnecessary, therefore, to elaborate the gravity of the records. Let it suffice to say that wheat, except in Kent chiefly, is yielding poorly and often as yet threshing is impracticable; barley has been badly injured in many of the principal barley-growing districts, especially north of the Wash; oats also are frequently matted and sprouted in stook; beans are usually good; sugar-beet is sometimes the best crop of the year, but the percentage of sugar is low; potatoes are good in quantity, but disease is plentiful and creating alarm in many districts; mangolds have grown well, and turnips that survived the "fly" also have responded freely to the moist, close weather. Hay is an exceedingly variable quantity, if usually bulky, on account of the damage suffered in making; and grass is abundant if not normally nutritious, judged—as in Leicestershire—by the progress of the cattle and sheep. Hops have been allowed "to blow away" in large quantities, and other intelsively grown crops have fared no better.

The governing factors have united in opposition to the agricultural industry. Every branch of it has been affected adversely, and, with the markets filled with the surpluses of other countries, dumped, subsidized, or produced more cheaply in consequence of longer working hours and lower wages than are legally permissible in this country, the position and outlook are about as cheerless as could well be imagined.

SCHEDULE SHOWING THE CONDITION OF PRINCIPAL CROPS IN GREAT BRITAIN ON OCTOBER 1 AND SEPTEMBER 1, 1930, COMPARED WITH THE FIVE PREVIOUS YEARS, AND THE TEN YEARS' AVERAGES (1920-29) AT THE SAME DATES:—

—	Wheat		Barley		Oats	
	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Sept. 1
1925	92·48	92·06	88·95	84·95	87·11	86·69
1926	90·23	93·54	91·9	94·06	90·92	95·43
1927	86·87	90·17	84·72	89·01	84·31	90·14
1928	92·36	92·75	93·79	94·13	93	91·41
1929	95	93·27	94·89	92·72	91·56	90·84
1930	84·85	89·67	81·62	86·25	83·84	87·94
Ten years' average	91·16	92·39	87·32	88·32	87·74	88·79

—	Beans		Potatoes		Roots (except mangolds)	
	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Sept. 1
1925	90·18	90·27	92·96	91·06	77·53	77·04
1926	86·3	86·19	85·27	88·91	91·06	93·26
1927	86·87	90·93	83·24	89·3	85·81	87·84
1928	94·25	95·85	94·5	95·36	91·25	93·95
1929	78·12	80·94	91·45	91·88	75·25	84·86
1930	90·35	92·77	87·6	91·7	82·48	80·13
Ten years' average	84·03	85·65	87·38	88·46	83·5	85·45

SCHEDULE SHOWING THE CONDITION OF PRINCIPAL BRITISH CROPS ON OCTOBER 1 AND SEPTEMBER 1, 1930

Divisions	Wheat		Barley		Oats	
	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Sept. 1
I.—E. & N.E. Counties:—						
Bedford	75	85·81	78·7	87·6	84·1	87·4
Cambridge	71	69·3	83·2	69·2	88	81·7
Essex	75	85	79·2	86	85	87·6
Herts	75	83·2	90	74·7	100	80
Hunts	72·5	75	72·5	81	82·5	85
Lincoln	77·7	85	74·2	78·1	77·2	80·3
Middlesex	85	97·5	80	90	85	95
Norfolk	77·3	79·2	73·3	76·9	82	82·4
Suffolk	73·8	81·9	75	80	84·2	87·6
Yorks., E. Riding	75	90	80	80	77·5	81·7
Average	75·93	83·1	78·61	80·35	84·55	80·35
II.—S.E. and Mid Counties:—						
Berks	79·4	84·9	83·9	83·3	85·6	85·1
Bucks	82·75	84	81	83·5	90	88·8
Hants	78	90·3	80·5	83·3	80·2	86·6
Kent	92·8	96·7	93·2	93·5	91·5	94
Leicester	73·2	86·8	68·7	84	70·5	80·4
Northants	79·2	90·3	75	86·9	73·3	85·7
Notts	82	95·7	73·8	91·2	71·1	90
Oxford	82·3	86·2	85	86·7	91·7	92·3
Rutland	78·3	91·7	73·3	85	86·7	91·6
Surrey	86·7	87	85	87·5	85·7	86·7
Sussex	88·4	91·6	91	91	84·6	78·8
Warwick	75·5	84	77	88	77·8	85
Average	81·54	89·27	80·45	87·16	82·72	87·17
III.—Mn. & S.W. Counties:—						
Cornwall	88	91·7	88	90	94	95
Devon	90·3	93·7	75	81·2	81·7	92·5
Dorset	83·3	85	79·3	80	80	86
Gloucester	82·8	89·8	80·3	90·7	85·5	90·1
Hereford	85·6	90	79·7	91·6	84·7	95·5
Monmouth	95	92·5	90·7	95	90·3	91·2
Shropshire	90	93	59	72·2	60	81·6
Somerset	85·8	89·8	80·5	85	88·3	88·7
Wilts	87·7	89·2	79	89·7	80	90·2
Worcester	82	95	77·5	86·3	76	86
Average	87·35	90·57	79·55	85·87	82·95	89·08
IV.—N.W. & N. Counties:—						
Cheshire	92·5	98·7	—	95	82·5	92
Cumberland	90	90	95	90	85	85
Derby	86	84	75	77·5	86	85·3
Durham	91·7	95	81·4	86·7	78	85
Lancashire	97·7	96·7	99·3	98·3	96·2	97·5
Northumberland	86·4	94	76·4	85	81·2	89·2
Stafford	90	94·2	81·25	91	83·2	94·6
Westmorland	100	95	91	94·5	97·7	100
Yorks., N. Riding	90	89·2	82	86·3	77	77·3
Yorks., W. Riding	80	91·7	80	83·3	70	77
Average	90·43	92·86	84·7	88·76	83·88	88·31
Average of:—						
England	83·81	89·95	80·83	85·53	83·52	87·37
Wales	93·4	95·3	86·45	91·6	88·75	93·1
Scotland	90	95	85·15	89·6	84	89·9
Great Britain	84·85	89·67	81·62	86·25	83·84	87·94

—	Beans		Potatoes		Roots (except Mangolds)	
	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Sept. 1
I.—E. & N.E. Counties:—						
Bedford	88	89·5	84·7	84·7	74·6	79·8
Cambridge	97	89·5	85·4	87·7	87·5	82·5
Essex	95·7	94	93	89·7	88·3	85
Herts	—	101·7	90	90	50	31·7
Hunts	97·5	95	90	85	85	100
Lincoln	89·6	92·8	86·2	92·2	90·8	83·6
Middlesex	85	90	90	90	90	90
Norfolk	94·5	91·2	87·5	85·3	89·2	93
Suffolk	90·8	90	94	96·7	92·5	84·3
Yorks., E. Riding	95	83·3	75	80	65	73·3
Average	92·57	92·4	87·38	89·03	79·29	76·42
II.—S.E. & E. Mid. Counties:—						
Berks	90	89·2	86·2	89	80	71·7
Bucks	89·7	85·8	93·6	92·7	83·6	81
Hants	85	92·5	81·2	75	92·2	76
Kent	96·2	100	88·4	94·5	91·1	94·2
Leicester	79·5	85	75	88·8	80·5	85·8
Northants	93	90·7	96·2	96	84	82·1
Notts	86·7	92·3	88·3	90·2	71	80·7
Oxford	91·7	93·3	81·7	85	78·8	78·3
Rutland	86·7	97·5	91·6	92·9	78·3	90
Surrey	—	—	81·7	86·7	72·5	62·5
Sussex	97·7	96·7	91·4	92·4	77·2	72
Warwick	89·2	87·8	86·2	90·7	82	65
Average	87·76	92·44	86·79	90·02	81·14	74·62
III.—W. Mid. & S.W. Counties:—						
Cornwall	—	—	78	85·8	88	93·2
Devon	100	90	95	89·5	95	85·2
Dorset	—	90	80	86	75	62
Gloucester	93·7	98·7	85	100·7	81·7	82
Hereford	88·4	95	90·4	88·7	75·8	67·5
Monmouth	95	95	87·3	81·2	75	68·7
Shropshire	93·2	94·2	88·3	97	73·3	71
Somerset	79·6	93	83·3	85·4	83·3	75
Wilts	—	87·5	90	90	68·7	72·5
Worcester	87·5	91	82	92	76	83
Average	90·79	92·71	86·83	89·02	78·98	79·02
IV.—N.W. & W. Counties:—						
Cheshire	—	100	92·5	99·5	87·5	95·7
Cumberland	—	—	85	90·7	86·7	88·3
Derby	100	100	87·5	81·7	90	85·3
Durham	90	90	85·3	88·7	58·6	63·7
Lancashire	—	—	90·2	97·5	96·5	98·2
Northumberland	86	89·5	92·2	100	76·6	67·6
Stafford	90	95	93·7	95	91·2	97·3
Westmorland	—	—	90·2	98·3	95·2	97·6
Yorks., N. Riding	95	96	80	83	82	72·7
Yorks., W. Riding	80	90	75	86·7	75	75
Average	90·17	93·41	87·76	92·51	81·83	82·23
Average of:—						
England	90·22	92·74	87·19	90·29	80·21	77·32
Wales	90	92	88·67	100	90·17	88·2
Scotland	90·83	93·4	89·4	96·6	90·55	92·3
Great Britain	90·35	92·77	87·6	91·7	82·48	80·13

1930	Hops				
	July 1	Aug. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Expected yield Oct. 1
Kent	95·6	98·5	95	92·5	Cwt. 15·2
Sussex	88·3	89	82·5	78·3	11
Hereford	91·7	82·5	93	91·6	10·5
Worcester	90	95	95	94	13

—	Mangolds		Grass		Sugar Beet	
	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1	Sept. 1
Division I.	90·12	89·58	102·05	100·86	93·39	92·65
Division II.	90·33	88·91	107·49	104·05	92·89	93·18
Division III.	89·97	90·25	107·1	102·97	94·53	94·29
Division IV.	88·55	89·28	104·63	101·12	91·54	92·04
Wales	96	95·8	109	101·5	95·75	95·5
Scotland	93·4	95·3	96·13	94·9	90·33	96
Gt. Britain	91·27	91·1	104·05	101·07	93·99	94·44

SCHEDULE SHOWING ASCERTAINED AND EXPECTED YIELDS PER ACRE OF PRINCIPAL CROPS IN GREAT BRITAIN ON OCT. 1, 1930, COMPARED WITH THE FIVE PREVIOUS YEARS AT THE SAME DATE:—

	Wht.	Barley	Oats	Potatoes	Mangolds	Swedes and Turnips
	Bshls.	Bshls.	Bshls.	Tons	Tons	Tons
1925	32·54	33·6	45·15	6·98	24·29	16·72
1926	32·35	35·07	49·00	6·07	26·13	19·07
1927	31·77	33·63	43·21	6·02	21·51	16·41
1928	34·93	37·67	46·83	7·04	22·77	19·83
1929	36·25	38·09	47·76	7·15	21·49	15·04
1930	31·35	32·58	43·36	6·60	22·41	16·56

SCHEDULE SHOWING ASCERTAINED AND EXPECTED YIELDS PER ACRE OF PRINCIPAL BRITISH CROPS ON OCTOBER 1, 1930:—

Divisions	Wht.	Barley	Oats	Potatoes	Mangolds	Swedes and Turnips
	Bshls.	Bshls.	Bshls.	Tons	Tons	Tons
I. Bedford	27·3	33·2	45	9	25	17·5
Cambridge	27·4	32·2	49·6	7·1	22·6	15
Essex	27·7	29·2	39·7	5·5	20	8
Herts	32	40	48	8	22	15
Hunts	31	31	42	7	15	—
Lincoln	26·3	27·2	41·3	5·9	19·8	13
Middlesex	39	23	39	9	29	12
Norfolk	27·6	29·6	43·3	4·6	18	12
Suffolk	25·3	27·5	45	5·1	19·3	12
Yorks., E. Riding	34	32	48	6	15	13
Average	27·86	30·71	42·49	6·72	19·37	14·15
II. Berks	30·5	30·3	40·3	6·7	24·7	13
Bucks	29·2	29·2	41	5·5	28	19·5
Hants	24·6	29·3	39·7	6	22·5	15
Kent	35·8	40·1	50·4	6·6	28·2	17
Leicester	27·5	35	33	7·3	19·7	14·7
Northants	29·3	29·7	41·3	6·6	27	15
Notts	29·3	29·5	46	6·4	17·5	11·6
Oxford	27	31	39·5	5·5	27	20·3
Rutland	29	28	36	6	15	8
Surrey	28	30	36	6	18	—
Sussex	31·2	37·2	40·2	6·5	29·4	19·2
Warwick	26·3	29·5	43·7	7·5	25	27
Average	29·2	32·19	42·24	6·63	24	16·63

* The earlier reports appeared on July 7, August 11, and September 8.

(Continued at foot of next column)

FARMING NOTES AND COMMENTS

AUTUMN SOWING

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

The drilling of winter cereals has been begun, but it will not be general until towards the end of the month or in November. Early sowing of oats, wheat, barley, and beans of the hardier winter kinds is advocated, but the enthusiasm with which farmers were urged to plant early has abated considerably since it was recognized that drilling, like other operations, had to be adapted in time and method to the circumstances of the season. There may be appreciable advantages in early drilling, but there is no guarantee that the resulting crops will surpass those sown some weeks later. Seasons determine the issues, and occasionally the later crops have excelled, so that if average experiences have advised early drilling it would be wise to sow as early as circumstances will permit. At the same time, November sowing has been proved preferable to October sowing in many southern and western districts. In a matter of this kind the wisest counsel is that derived from personal experience with soil, climate, and general local conditions.

HARVESTING SUGAR BEET

The future of sugar beet growing in this country will depend largely upon the success of efforts to reduce the cost of production. Farmers are steadily gaining experience in the cultivation of the crop, and it is increasingly clear that the fullest benefit possible will have to be obtained from the use of suitable mechanical contrivances in the lifting of the crop and in other operations if the business is ever to prosper on its own earning capacity. For that reason trials of the kind that will be conducted at the Norfolk Experimental Station, Sprowston, Norwich, on October 16 and 17 merit serious attention. The machines that will take part in the demonstrations include those designed for lifting, topping, and cleaning, and English, French, and German contrivances will be seen at work. Other machines also will be on view, and the sugar beet trials carried out at the station will be available for inspection.

SMALL-HOLDINGS

In view of Dr. Addison's proposals to risk repetition of the numerous and costly failures with small-holding ventures, it is interesting to read what Mr. C. S. Orwin says in his new book, "The Future of Farming" (Oxford, the Clarendon Press). The author has been a bold critic of existing English systems and a careful student of Continental methods and experiences. He writes:—"The enthusiasm for the small-holdings movement springs, as a rule, not from the agricultural labourer or the Labour leader, but rather from the politician, thinking of a stable population and from the doctrinaire land reformer, arguing from false premises." Respecting Denmark, Mr. Orwin says:—"To suggest that Denmark's achievement may serve as a model for English farming is to wonder why the efficiency of the camel trains of the desert has never been realized by the directors of English railways." Mr. Orwin also quotes from a German report on the economic status of the small-holder in a district where 98 per cent. of the farmers are peasant proprietors. The quotation reads:—"In most cases the farmer was found to earn less than his own paid labourer, and in all cases less than the wage of an ordinary industrial worker. To secure this reward the average farmer and his wife both worked at the rate of over 10 hours a day, Sundays included."

PUZZLING FARMING FIGURES

An Essex correspondent, who claims to be "a reasonably competent farmer," gives details of his experiences with crops and prices last year and this. He farms 120 acres, 87 arable. In the year ended Michaelmas, 1929, his wheat yielded 12 sacks an acre, which was sold at 43s. a quarter (two sacks) on the farm, equal to £12 18s. an acre. This year the return has been eight sacks an acre and the price 30s. a quarter on the farm, equal to £6 an acre. Beans at seven sacks to the acre last year sold at 53s. a quarter; this year 35s. is the price. This year four acres of picking peas left £2 12s. 6d. over the cost of picking and marketing. The same crop last year, on the 1929 figures, would have left £80 clear. Many of his neighbours, he adds, found they had paid £1 an acre to get rid of the crop. Potatoes, oats, and barley have been in proportion, and, most significant of all, poultry have served him no better. He had increased his production sold 55 per cent., but the increase in their gross receipts was only 8 per cent. The small-scale farmer is as badly affected, or worse, by market and crop uncertainties as others.

SWEET MAIZE

A correspondent who had noticed the prosperity of a hardy variety of sweet or sugar maize (corn) when travelling in the State of Maine (U.S.A.), conceived the idea of procuring seed of the strain for trial in England. The result, he states, has fully confirmed his belief that this particular breed of sweet maize might be developed in the Isle of Wight and in other favoured parts of the South of England. The experimental acre he grew this year was a gratifying success, and has given him a vegetable which is regarded as a great delicacy in the American States, and which he has proved to be equally acceptable here, when grown under suitable conditions. The past summer, as our correspondent remarks, was not exceptionally adapted for a crop of this kind, and yet the maize flourished and ripened to his complete satisfaction. The Ministry of Agriculture enabled him to obtain the right kind of seed from Maine, and the Department of Agriculture of Maine also assisted in the essential task of making a wise selection of seed. This experiment, he suggests, might be worthy of emulation by those suitably situated for growing the crop.

RISK OF OVER-DOING SHEEP

The danger of over-doing the sheep business is not overlooked. It is recognized that concentration upon lamb and mutton may bring about reduced values; but the position and outlook have been subjected to careful inquiry and study by experienced farmers and butchers, and the result appears to warrant unabated confidence in properly adjusted sheep production. On grassland in particular there are strict limitations to the multiplication of sheep without incurring injury to health of both the land and the animals, but up to the limits of reasonable stocking of permanent grass with this class of animal it is believed that sheep will justify the trust that economic conditions have directed in their favour. At the same time there must be bounds to the capital that can wisely be sunk in sheep, and prices at the recent sales suggest that the fullest measure has been reached, especially when wool is likely to lend poor support in swelling the revenue from the pursuit.

AN EXPERIMENT IN FRANCE

In August last year Mr. Alfred Mansell was commissioned to form a flock of Shropshire sheep for Mme. de Bourbon, Seine-et-Oise, France. The results of the first year's operations have been entirely encouraging. The foundation stock were chosen from leading English flocks, an English shepherd was engaged to manage the sheep, and systems of cropping, such as the growing of thousand-headed kale, were introduced to provide fodder as required. Both the sheep and fodder crops were new to the district, and both have excited general interest, all the more so that success has marked the enterprises. The original flock is to be kept pure, but rams bred in it are to be used increasingly for crossing with the ewes of the country. Preliminary trials in this direction have proved exceedingly instructive, and the interest they have aroused suggests that the innovation may have far-reaching effects upon sheep-farming in the area.

III. Cornwall	27	30·7	38	4·83	27·5	15
Devon	32	35	55	8	30	18
Dorset	29·5	30	47	4	—	15
Gloucester	27·6	27·8	37·2	7·25	24·4	16·8
Hereford	33·4	30	45·4	8·2	24	17·7
Monmouth	33	30	53	6·5	32·5	14·5
Shropshire	27·9	22	39·4	7·3	24	14·2
Somerset	32·7	24·7	55	5·9	27·8	13·8
Wilts	31·3	27	40·2	5	26·5	14
Worcester	31	30	45·7	6·75	25·7	12·7
Average	30·31	30·52	44·49	6·37	26·93	15·17
IV. Cheshire	32	—	52·5	10	22·5	22·5
Cumberland	—	—	48·7	6·3	21·3	23·3
Derby	25	25	44	5·65	20	9·8
Durham	30	30·2	36·2	5·5	19·7	11·6
Lancashire	37	36	40	6	14	16·5
Northumberland	38·5	36	40	6·4	19·5	15
Stafford	31·5	30	39	7	19·5	15·7
Westmorland	50	42·5	45	8	25·7	27·3
Yorks, N. Riding	34·5	37	43	5·5	20	10·75
Yorks, W. Riding	30	32	40	6	27	18
Average	34·28	33·99	42·64	6·44	20·3	17·09
Average of:—						
England	30·41	31·74	42·99	6·50	22·45	15·74
Wales	27·6	32·88	39·75	5·84	18·4	13·44
Scotland	39·14	37·74	48	7·34	22·3	20·55
Gt. Britain	31·55	32·58	43·36	6·60	22·41	16·56

—	Beans	Sugar Beet	—	Beans	Sugar Beet
	Bshls.	Tons		Bshls.	Tons
Division I.	32·52	9·49	England	32·55	9·62
Division II.	33·27	9·08	Wales	—	13
Division III.	32·41	10·95	Scotland	35·7	9·83
Division IV.	32	8·97	Gt. Britian	32·78	9·53

LIVE STOCK SALES

190GNS. FOR SHORTHORN COW

Pure-bred Dairy Shorthorns from the herd of Mr. Alfred Luckin were offered at Orfold, Wisborough Green, Sussex, on Friday, by Messrs. John Thornton and Co.; 47 head brought in £1,777 13s., with an average price of £37 16s. 3d. There were several outstanding animals in the selection, and Mr. E. U. Gillate, who is forming a new herd at Plumpton, acquired most of them. Orfold Jessy 2nd, which won three prizes at the last London Dairy Show, changed hands at 190gns., paid by Mr. Gillate, who also gave 78gns. for Orfold Fancy 13th, a seven-year-old, which has gained several awards, including first for milking trials at Manchester Royal Show. Other females went to Mr. Gillate at 45gns., 41gns., and 40gns. Mr. Frank Willoughby, Hailsham, Sussex, took Orfold Jessy at 50gns., and Sir Mark Collet, Bt., Kemsing, Sevenoaks, obtained Orfold Gentle 18th at 48gns.

At the English Guernsey Cattle Society's sale, conducted by Messrs. John Thornton and Co., at Reading, on Wednesday, 65 head from various breeders brought in £2,927 8s., with the really good all-round average of £45 0s. 9d., 36 cows and in-calf heifers having an average of over £55. The Thornton Challenge Cup for the best female was awarded to Mr. Geoffrey Lawrence, K.C., for Jump Farm Milkmaid, a heifer which sold at the top female price of 85 guineas to Miss Hambling, Yoxford Hall, Suffolk. Mrs. Sutcliffe Pyman's Norsebury Flora, a four-year-old cow, also brought in 85 guineas, the buyer being Mr. F. Suffield, Badby Lodge, Daventry. Mr. C. F. Dixon's Arvilla des Menages, a heifer imported from Guernsey, and newly calved, went at 80 guineas to Lord Glendyne's representative, who was also the last bidder at 70 guineas for Jump Farm Dewdrop, a three-year-old from Mr. Lawrence's herd. Various other females sold well, but the leading price of 120 guineas was for Mrs. B. V. Yorke's yearling bull, Slogan of Woodlands, now in Mr. W. A. Argent's herd at Rusper, Sussex.

The late Mr. H. N. Kenning's herd of tuberculin-tested Dairy Shorthorns, together with his small flock (No. 201) of Ryeland sheep, were dispersed last Monday at Wappenbury, Leamington Spa, by Messrs. John Thornton and Co. The total realized for 55 Shorthorns was £1,819 13s., an average being registered of £33 1s. 8d. The stock bull, Pencoyd Milkman 8th, made the highest price, his breeder, Mr. T. P. Preece, of Leominster, buying him back at 100 guineas. Among the females was the freshly calved Debdale Darling 6th, which Mr. John Crowe acquired at 72 guineas. Other prices for cows or heifers included 68 guineas and 60 guineas (twice). There was a quite remarkable demand for the Ryeland sheep, and 43 head averaged £6 8s. 3d.; one pen of two-shear ewes made no less than £12 per head from Mr. J. Booth, a similar lot going at the rate of £11 10s. to Mr. J. N. Russell; while ewe lambs realized up to 87s. each for two pens, both secured by Mr. Russell.

The last collective sale of the year at Kingham, Oxon, of pure-bred Dairy Shorthorns was held by Messrs. John Thornton and Co. on Thursday, when, as a whole, the animals were not quite up to the usual high standard associated with this sale yard; altogether 59 head changed hands, averaging £39 7s., with a sale total of £1,672 13s. Major Miller Mundy's eight-year-old cow Plaspower Darlington 2nd made the top price of 50 guineas from Mr. G. H. Thomas, Charlton Kings, Cheltenham. Mr. Tom Bowden, of Basingstoke, bought Mr. John Charnley's Thurnham Lady Ringlet, four years old, for 48 guineas, and Mr. Joseph Charnley's Thurnham Bonny Lady for 43 guineas, and the best price for a bull, of 33 guineas, was given by Mr. H. A. Raven, Wimbish, Saffron Walden, for Mr. T. A. Rose's dark roan yearling, Churchill Dairyman.

LORD RADNOR'S RED POLLS

There was an excellent trade for Red Poll cattle at Longford Castle, Salisbury, on Thursday, when a selection of 40 head from Lord Radnor's herd realized £1,542 9s., with the good all-round average of £38 11s. 3d. Longford Conductor, a yearling bull of rich dark colour, went at 78 guineas, the best price of a good sale, to the herd of Mr. R. Mostyn Williams, Horfield, Bristol; the calf, Longford Duke, was acquired at 62 guineas by Mr. M. Hill, a buyer from South Africa. Among the females, Longford Columbine 2nd, a six-year-old cow, which gained two fourth prizes at last year's Royal Show, brought in 65 guineas from Captain R. D. Shaw, Long Buckley, Rugby, who also claimed Longford Lingerer 3rd, a beautiful heifer, at 57 guineas; another of the attractions was Longford Ruby 5th, which realized 61 guineas. Messrs. John Thornton and Co. were the auctioneers concerned.

Under the auspices of the Gloucestershire, Herefordshire, and Worcestershire Milk Recording Societies, a show and sale of pedigree and non-pedigree cattle took place at Gloucester on Friday, the auctioneers being Messrs. Harry Hobson and Co., acting in conjunction with Messrs. Bruton, Knowles and Co. There was a very good trade for freshly-calved cows, and, altogether 59 head averaged £28 19s. The top price of 40 guineas was paid on three occasions; first, for Mr. T. P. Preece's first prize heifer, Pencoyd Butterfly II., and subsequently for a young cow and a heifer from Mrs. Gwynne Holford's herd. On the same day, Messrs. Hobson and Co., and Bruton, Knowles and Co., were jointly concerned in the sale of 36 non-pedigree Guernsey young cows and heifers, the property

THE MOTOR INDUSTRY

I.—OPPORTUNITY FOR EXPANSION

(BY OUR MOTORING CORRESPONDENT)

On Thursday the Motor Exhibition at Olympia will open.

Modern manufacture in this country becomes more and more a question of escape from tradition, and of the use of up-to-date plant. Signs of progress are to be seen in the comparative healthy state of the car and commercial vehicle industry in a time of severe general depression in the producing trades. Many burdens have been imposed upon the industry since the War, some needlessly and unjustly, but the British maker has never ceased to offer better value year by year—improved design at lower price—and herein lies the secret of his being able in the main to weather the economic storm so far. Future welfare, even existence, must depend more and more upon export—upon the manufacturer's efforts and upon the amount of legitimate encouragement which might well be expected of any Government which was British enough to prefer the employment of its own people to the stimulation of the markets of foreign nations without adequate return.

The American motor industry, though suffering from a natural reaction after a long period of excessive prosperity and speculation, still serves as an example to the rest of the world in the art of production, and shows how production and absorption can be fostered and developed to the general well being by a breadth of fiscal view not yet generally found in this country. America does all she can to increase her export of motor-vehicles, especially since it is now recognized that, apart from the very large annual replacement home market, expansion needs in the country are no longer what they were. In every motor-producing country export looms ahead with greater significance. Our own engineering supremacy in the nineteenth century arose from the fact that it was largely British brains, British money, and to a certain extent British labour which built the railways of the world. It is impossible for us now to obtain an equivalent position with motor-vehicles, but at least our industry could, with greater and more broad-minded encouragement and continued and more intensive efforts on its own behalf overseas, satisfy the needs of the Empire.

In Europe there is a total of cars and commercial vehicles of 4,737,446, in Asia of 499,281, in Oceania of 788,282, and in Africa of 318,954, while the number in America is 28,588,277. This gives a grand total of the world's motor-vehicles of nearly 35 millions, a number which is eloquent enough to warrant no further emphasis. The totals, as percentage, of the world are Europe 13.6, Asia 1.4, Oceania 2.3, Africa 0.9, and America 81.8. In the British Empire the total of motor-vehicles is 3,856,746, and in other countries 31,075,494, which makes respective percentages of 11 and 89.

America has been fortunate for a long time in having a wealth of statistical information which has been of great use to motor manufacturers there, and especially in export, and the Society of British Motor Manufacturers and Traders have during the last three or four years helped our industry in a somewhat similar manner. In the latest returns, the growth of British motor production, within its rather confined limits, is well shown. In 1909 there was a total of some 11,000 motor-vehicles produced. In 1913 this rose to 34,000, in 1923 95,000 —composed of 71,396 private cars and 23,604 commercial vehicles—in 1928 the total was 211,877—comprised of 165,352 private cars and 46,525 commercial vehicles—while the output in 1929 was 238,805, made up of 182,347 private cars and 56,458 commercial vehicles.

In the following figures, which show the growth in the numbers employed and the wages earned, references are to all persons directly employed, including management and so forth, in the construction and repair of motor-vehicles, cycles, and aircraft, and in the manufacture of parts, accessories, and tires for the same in Great Britain, and the last two years given include Northern Ireland. In 1911 the numbers employed were 66,000, in 1921 165,000, in 1926 the total was 238,920, while in 1929 this had risen to 271,325. The average earnings of all skilled and unskilled men were, for example, in 1914 40s. 10½d. a week, in 1926 76s. 3½d. a week, and in 1929 (March), 81s. 6d. a week. One of the great difficulties in motor manufacture here has in the past been in its seasonal nature, and export should be able to lessen the drawback, while the policy of some manufacturers in making structural alterations in their chassis throughout the year and that of the majority of others in announcing their new season's programmes well in advance of the Motor Show, have undoubtedly shortened the dead period.

The following index of production of electricity indicates the trend of motor production at monthly intervals, and the figures, supplied by the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, are compiled from statistics published by the B.E.A.M.A. Economic and Statistical Department. The horse-power of engines returned in the Census of Production Schedules for 1924 for the cycle and motor trades amounted to 52,056, while motors driven by purchased electricity of a horse-power of 142,101 were included in the return. As was pointed out in the 1926 edition of "The Motor Industry of Great Britain," published by the S.M.M.T., our motor industry has reached a high degree of electrification, so that the variations in the consumption of electrical power by motor firms affords a fair indication in activity in motor manufacture. In the south-west Midlands area 91 per cent. of the total electrical energy generated is consumed by industrial undertakings. I have included below the year 1924 for comparison with 1927, 1928, and 1929.

INDEX OF PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY

(South-West Midlands)
Monthly Average, 1924=100

—	1924	1927	1928	1929
January	123	150	175	210
February	122	139	169	223
March	115	137	172	193
April	104	131	147	180
May	105	136	153	163
June	98	122	144	172
July	97	121	134	168
August	88	117	118	150
September	107	141	147	174
October	119	149	166	203
November	137	171	193	224
December	122	180	189	210
Average	111 (Basis)	141	159	189

In 1923 there was a road mileage in England and Wales of 152,409, and in Scotland of 24,911, making a total of 177,320. The respective figures in 1926 were 153,289, 25,072, 178,361, while the totals for 1929 were 153,851, 25,244, and 179,095. In 1923 the mileage of Class 1 was 23,229, making a percentage of the total mileage of 13·1, while the miles of Class 2 were 14,739, making the Class 2 percentage of the total mileage 8·3. In 1926 Class 1 and 2 totals were 24,552 and 15,624, the percentages having risen to 13·7 and 8·7. In 1929, out of the total mileage of all roads of 179,095, there were 25,528 miles of Class 1 and 15,747 of Class 2. These last two totals brought the percentages up to 14·3 and 8·8 respectively.

The figures showing the total capacity of the motor transport here now available for the carriage of goods and passengers are interesting and illustrate development. The total horse power of cars in use in the United Kingdom in 1927, 1928, and 1929 amounted respectively to 11,197,030, 12,342,154, and 13,408,580, and the average horse powers for the three years were 14.00, 13.71, and 13.43. The three yearly totals of the horse power of new cars registered were 2,154,568, 2,176,780, and 2,237,215, with average horse powers of 13.34, 13.49, and 13.21. The total useful load of commercial vehicles in use in Great Britain, excluding steam and electric, was, in 1927, 8,878,958cwt., in 1928 9,638,129, and in 1929 10,198,274, with respective averages of 31.99, 32.00, and 31.30. For these three years the total useful loads of new commercial vehicles registered were 1,015,059, 1,118,185, and 1,548,757, with averages of 28.61, 29.89, and 29.11. The total in 1929 applying to steam vehicles was 978,847cwt., with an average of 114cwt.; the useful load of new vehicles was 56,850, with an average of 117.95. The four equivalent groups of figures for electric vehicles were 110,163cwt., 64.76cwt., 3,406cwt., and 39.15cwt. Finally, there are the figures for the total seating capacity of hackney vehicles in use in the United Kingdom, and for 1927, 1928, and 1929 the amounts were 1,387,668, 1,491,892, and 1,614,874 with averages of 14.07, 15.32, and 16.21. The three totals for seating capacity of new vehicles registered for the same three years were 205,671, 236,821, and 236,405, with averages of 21.89, 23.35, and 22.12.

STATISTICS AND COMMERCE

ADDRESS BY MR. HENRY CLAY

The significance and value of statistics in commerce was the subject of an address by Mr. HENRY CLAY to the Northern Council Conference of the Incorporated Association of Retail Distributors at Scarborough on Saturday.

Mr. Clay dealt particularly with the index figures calculated from statistics relating to the retail trade, in which the Bank of England and the association are cooperating. Business men to-day, he said, had a growing appetite for statistics and spent immense sums of money, especially in America, on providing statistical services. The industrial trader, so far as the experience given him by his own business was concerned, knew all there was to be known about the course of trade and the prospects to be anticipated. But everybody's business was subject to influences outside its own control. Indexes should provide a rough standard of achievement by which individual firms could assess their performances. The difference between a successful and an unsuccessful business man lay often in the greater accuracy of the former's guesses. Statistics were no substitute for judgment. Their use was to check and discipline the judgments on which in the last resort business decisions depended.

Mr. Clay thought that no great improvement was likely in trade generally until the bottom had been reached in commodity prices. He thought the present world depression was the result of a series of attempts to hold prices up by restricting production in only a part of the field in which production was possible.

A SURREY MANSION

Surrey property three miles from Guildford, the modern mansion known as Snowdenham Hall and 250 acres, is for sale by Messrs. John D. Wood and Co. (Berkeley-square). Last year over £10,000 was spent on improvements. The mansion and 70 acres would be sold separately, but the price of the land is so low that probably a buyer would prefer to take the entirety.

The Estate Market

SALES THIS WEEK

EXECUTORS' OFFERS

Lois Weedon House and 226 acres, a modern residence in the Queen Anne style, within easy reach of Banbury and Brackley, will be sold, at the Mart to-morrow, by Messrs. Wilson and Co. (Mount-street), by order of executors. Many thousands of pounds have been recently spent in improving the property, which is in a good hunting country.

A Sussex freehold, Shovelstrode Manor, 57 acres at Forest Row, awaits an offer on Wednesday, through Messrs. Curtis and Henson. Cowper's poem on the tithe dinner at Stock has helped to make that Essex parish known. Executors have instructed Messrs. Maple and Co., Limited, to sell The Plantation, a property of 35 acres, of which seven go with the house, 14 are pasture, and 14 are orchards, containing 2,000 apple and plum trees and 5,000 blackcurrant bushes. The land has building frontages near two golf courses, and it is two miles from the steeplechase course on Galleywood Common, near Chelmsford. Long leases in Brondesbury and Ealing are for sale. Clapham and other South London lots will be submitted by Messrs. Douglas Young and Co. A City warehouse in Milton-street and Pimlico premises are prominent in Messrs. Ferris and Puckridge's list; and a Hampstead leasehold, and ground-rents in Plumstead, in that of Messrs. Britton, Poole and Co.

Kent coast licensed premises in Sandgate await an offer on Thursday, through Messrs. Fleuret, Haxell and Vine and Messrs. C. Hebden Phillips and Son. Reversions accruing on lives 80 years of age are for sale by Messrs. H. E. Foster and Cranfield. Ashtead sites will be sold by Messrs. Daniel Watney and Sons, and nearly six acres in the centre of Sutton and nine acres in Banstead are for sale by Messrs. Morgan, Baines, and Clark; and two Hampstead-road freeholds by Messrs. White, Berry and Taylor. Mr. Leslie Raymond offers Golders Green leaseholds. A large modern block in Great Portland-street, Clerkenwell, East Ham, and Holborn premises are for auction by Messrs. Kinghan and Lakeman. Messrs. S. H. Davids and Co. have to sell Barbican, Soho, and Brondesbury investments.

The origin and use, first for home defence and then for the suppression of smuggling, of Martello towers along the coast from Hythe to Beachy Head are described in Mr. Alfred J. Burrows's "Kentish Estates Journal," the Ashford register of Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley. Attempts to convert some of these relics into seaside dwellings have not been very successful. The walls are too thick and the situations too exposed for the towers to be really suitable for residence.

AUCTION SUMMARY

PROPERTY (TOWN, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY) SALES THIS DAY

Auctioneers	Place of Sale	Description
Wilkinson, Son, and Welch	Old Ship Hotel, Brighton (2.0)	Freehold Property
Harding and Son	5, Hall-place-gardens, St. Albans (3.0)	Freehold Property

FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, &c. SALES THIS DAY

Protheroe & Morris	67, Cheapside, E.C. (12.0)	Bulbs
Wootton and Son	57, Elton-avenue, Hampstead, N.W. (12.30)	Contents of the Residence
Messrs. Foster	"Fairstead," Copse-road, Wimbledon, S.W. (1.0)	Contents of the Residence
Hampton and Sons	Alford House, Prince's-gate, Hyde Park, S.W. (1.0)	Furniture, Carpets, &c.
H. E. Harmer	6-7, Old Bond-st. (2.30)	Rare Postage Stamps
Garrett, White, and Pollard	Golden Cross Hotel, Strand, W.C. (—)	Contents of the Hotel

Mails and Shipping

OUTWARD MAILS

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES

Mails will be dispatched from London to the destinations shown.

The times given are the latest hours for posting at the General Post Office, King Edward-street, London, E.C.1. In some of the district offices collections will be closed earlier.

NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.
6 P.M.—To Brazil (Para and Manaos)†, Faroe Islands, Iceland, Peru (Iquitos)*, West Coast of Africa (French Equatorial Africa (Gabon), French Senegal and Sudan, French Guinea, Ivory Coast, French Togoland, Dahomey and French Cameroons).

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY)

NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.
6 P.M.—To China (all parts)*, Dutch East Indies, Egypt, Palestine and Syria, Straits Settlements*, West Coast of Africa (Belgian Congo (ex. Katanga) and French Middle Congo)†.

FULL LIST OF DISPATCHES

In the following table are shown the main oversea mails, other than daily, including those set out above, to be dispatched shortly from London:—

Destination	Postings at G.P.O., London	
ARGENTINA, BOLIVIA, CHILE (exc. North), PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY: B. Star (Andalucia Star)	Oct. 17	7.30 a.m.
B. Star† (Andalucia Star)	Oct. 17	6 p.m.
Nelson (Highland Princess)	Oct. 18	7.30 a.m.
Nelson† (Highland Princess)	Oct. 18	6 p.m.
Ital. pkt. (Giulio Cesare)	Oct. 21	6 p.m.
ASCENSION AND ST. HELENA: U.-Castle (Durham Castle)	Oct. 16	7.30 a.m.
AUSTRALIA (Adelaide, &c.) AND ALL EASTERN STATE CITIES: Air Mails‡	Oct. 16	7.30 p.m.
AUSTRALIA: Orient (Orama)	Oct. 16	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Mooltan)	Oct. 23	6 p.m.
BAHAMAS, BERMUDA, PERU (exc. Iquitos): Vis N.Y. (Olympic)	Oct. 16	2 a.m.
BRAZIL (Rio, Santos): B. Star (Andalucia Star)	Oct. 17	7.30 a.m.
(Rio, Santos): B. Star† (Andalucia Star)	Oct. 17	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Nelson (Highland Princess)	Oct. 18	7.30 a.m.
(Rio, Santos): Nelson† (Highland Princess)	Oct. 18	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Ital. pkt. (Giulio Cesare)	Oct. 21	6 p.m.
(Para, Manaos): Booth† (Stephen)	Oct. 13	6 p.m.
(exc. Rio, Santos): Du. pkt. (Geiria)	Oct. 22	8 p.m.
(exc. Rio, Santos): Du. pkt.† (Geiria)	Oct. 23	6 p.m.
CANADA (New Brunswick, &c.): Direct (Montcalm)	Oct. 16	2 a.m.
(exc. New Brunswick, &c.): Via N.Y. (Olympic)	Oct. 16	2 a.m.
(Quebec City, &c.): Direct (Duchess of Bedford)	Oct. 17	6 p.m.
(Quebec City, &c.): Via N.Y.† (Berengaria)	Oct. 17	8 p.m.
(exc. Quebec City, &c.): Via N.Y. (Berengaria)	Oct. 17	8 a.m.
(all parts): Via N.Y. (Adriatic)	Oct. 18	6 p.m.
(Mag. Post) (all parts): Direct (Montcalm)	Oct. 15	5.30 p.m.
(Mag. Post) (all parts): Direct (Duchess of Bedford)	Oct. 17	5.30 p.m.
CANARY ISLANDS (Las Palmas): Via Madrid and Cadiz (all parts): U.-Castle (Durham Castle)	Oct. 15	7.30 a.m.
CENTRAL AMERICA (B. Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), CUBA AND MEXICO: Via N.Y. (Olympic)	Oct. 16	7.30 a.m.
CEYLON: Orient (Orama)	Oct. 16	2 a.m.
P. & O. (Mooltan)	Oct. 16	6 p.m.
CHINA (all parts): Via Siberia* (all parts): Holt* (Aeneas)	Oct. 23	6 p.m.
(Hong-kong, S. China): Via Suez and Bombay (Rampura)	Daily	Noon
(all parts): Via Vancouver (Duchess of Bedford and Emp. of Japan)	Oct. 14	6 p.m.
COLOMBIA (Buenaventura): Gulf (Cherry Branch)	Oct. 16	6 p.m.
COLOMBIA (exc. S. Maria), CHILE (N.): Via N.Y. (Olympic)	Oct. 15	6 p.m.
(S. Maria): E. & P. (Circassia)	Oct. 16	2 a.m.
COOK AND SOCIETY IS.: Via 'Frisco (Duchess of Bedford and Maunganui)	Oct. 16	7.30 a.m.
Via 'Frisco† (Berengaria and Maunganui)	Oct. 17	6 p.m.
COSTA RICA: Via N.Y. (Olympic)	Oct. 17	8 p.m.
DUTCH EAST INDIES: Du. pkt. (M.V. St. Aldegonde)	Oct. 14	6 p.m.
Du. pkt. (M.V. St. Aldegonde)*	Oct. 15	1.30 p.m.
P. & O. (Rampura)	Oct. 16	6 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Dar-es-Salaam and Lindi): Fr. pkt. (Chambord)	Oct. 15	6 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika): P. & O. (Rampura)	Oct. 16	6 p.m.
ECUADOR: Gulf (Cherry Branch)	Oct. 15	6 p.m.
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND SYRIA: Ital. pkt. (Esperia)	Oct. 14	6 p.m.
Ital. pkt. (Esperia)	Oct. 15	9 a.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) AND SUDAN: Ital. pkt. (Vienna)	Oct. 15	6 p.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said): Ital. pkt. (Vienna)	Oct. 16	9 a.m.
EGYPT, CYPRUS, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: F. & O. (Rampura)	Oct. 16	6 p.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: Air Mails‡	Oct. 18	6 a.m.
FALKLAND IS.: Via M'video (Highland Princess)	Oct. 18	7.30 a.m.
FAROE IS.: Via Bergen (Lyra)	Oct. 15	6 p.m.
FIJI: Via 'Frisco and N.Z. (Duchess of Bedford and Maunganui and Niagara)	Oct. 17	6 p.m.
Via 'Frisco & N.Z.† (Berengaria)	Oct. 17	8 p.m.
GUIANA (Br.): Du. pkt. (Costa Rica)	Oct. 18	6 p.m.
GUIANAS (Br., Fr., and Du.): Fr. pkt. (Guadeloupe)	Oct. 18	6 p.m.
ICELAND: Via Bergen (Lyra)	Oct. 15	6 p.m.
INDIA, ADEN, PERSIA (exc. North) (Abadan, Bushire, Mohammerah) AND SEYCHELLES: P. & O. (Ranpura)	Oct. 22	2 a.m.
INDIA, IRAQ, PERSIA, AND PERSIAN GULF: Air Mails‡	Oct. 13	6 p.m.
IRAQ, PERSIA (Abadan, Bushire, and Mohammerah): P. & O. (Rampura)	Oct. 18	6 p.m.
JAMAICA: Via N.Y. (Olympic)	Oct. 16	2 a.m.
JAPAN: Via Siberia*	Daily	Noon
Via U.S.A. (Olympic)	Oct. 16	2 a.m.
MADAGASCAR: Fr. pkt. (Chambord)	Oct. 15	6 p.m.
MADEIRA: U.-Castle (Edinburgh Castle)	Oct. 17	11.30a.m
MAURITIUS: Fr. pkt. (Chambord)	Oct. 15	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Ber. de St. Pierre)	Oct. 20	6 p.m.
NEWFOUNDLAND: Via Canada (Montcalm)	Oct. 16	2 a.m.
Via Canada (Duchess of Bedford)	Oct. 17	6 p.m.
Via N.Y.† (Berengaria)	Oct. 17	8 p.m.
Via N.Y. (Adriatic)	Oct. 18	6 p.m.
(Mag. Post): Via Canada (Montcalm)	Oct. 15	5.30 p.m.
(Mag. Post): Via Canada (Duchess of Bedford)	Oct. 17	5.30 p.m.
NEW ZEALAND: Via 'Frisco (Duchess of Bedford and Maunganui)	Oct. 17	6 p.m.
Via 'Frisco† (Berengaria and Maunganui)	Oct. 17	8 p.m.
PERU (Iquitos): Booth† (Stephen)	Oct. 13	6 p.m.
Du. pkt. (Geiria)	Oct. 22	8 p.m.
Du. pkt. (Geiria)	Oct. 23	6 p.m.
PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA: U.-Castle (Edinburgh Castle)	Oct. 17	11.30a.m
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST AFRICA (Union Provinces, Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Bechuanaland, &c.): U.-Castle (Edinburgh Castle)	Oct. 17	11.30a.m
SOUTH AFRICA (Port Elizabeth, East London, Durban, &c.): Air Mails*‡	Oct. 14	6 p.m.
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS: Holt* (Aeneas)	Oct. 16	6 p.m.
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SIAM, FRENCH INDO-CHINA, NORTH BORNEO, &c.: P. & O. (Ranpura)	Oct. 16	2 a.m.
UNITED STATES: W. Star (Olympic)	Oct. 16	Noon
Fr. pkt.* (Ile de France)	Oct. 17	2 a.m.
Ger. pkt.* (Europa)	Oct. 17	8 p.m.
Cunard (Berengaria)	Oct. 18	6 p.m.
W. Star (Adriatic)	Oct. 18	7.30 a.m.
VENEZUELA: Du. pkt. (Costa Rica)	Oct. 18	6 p.m.
Via N.Y. (Adriatic)	Oct. 18	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Guadeloupe)	Oct. 20	6 p.m.
WEST COAST OF AFRICA: Belgian Congo (exc. Katanga) and Fr. Middle Congo: Bel. pkt. †Anversville)	Oct. 14	6 p.m.
Fr. Equatorial Africa (Gabon), Fr. Senegal and Sudan: Fr. pkt. (Canada)	Oct. 13	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Florida)	Oct. 13	6 p.m.
French Guinea: Fr. pkt. (Canada)	Oct. 13	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Ade)	Oct. 16	6 p.m.
E.D. (McGregor Laird)	Oct. 18	2 a.m.
Sierra Leone, Liberia, Gold Coast, Nigeria, Br. Togoland, Br. Cameroons: E.D. (Addax)	Oct. 22	2 a.m.
Ivory Coast, Fr. Togoland, Dahomey, Fr. Cameroons: Fr. pkt. (Canada)	Oct. 13	6 p.m.
Fernando Po and Sp. Guinea: Via Madrid and Cadiz	Oct. 16	7.30 a.m.
WEST INDIES (Leeward): Via N.Y. (Olympic)	Oct. 16	2 a.m.
(Barbados, &c.): Du. pkt. (Costa Rica)	Oct. 18	7.30 a.m.
(Trinidad, &c.): Fr. pkt. (Guadeloupe)	Oct. 20	6 p.m.

* Correspondence to be forwarded by this route must be specially so addressed.
‡ Air fee is 4d. per oz. in addition to the ordinary postage.
† Air fee is 3d. per half oz. in addition to the ordinary postage.
§ Air fees, to be prepaid by ordinary postage stamps in addition to the ordinary postage and registration fee, if any, are as follows:—

To Egypt and Palestine, &c.	2d per half oz.
,, Iraq	3½d. ,,
,, Persia and India (Karachi)	5d. ,,
,, India (Delhi, Bombay and S. India)	7d. ,,

An Air Mail label should be attached.
‖ Letters and post-cards only.

DISPATCHES OF PARCEL MAILS

Parcel mails will be dispatched to the destinations shown, the times given being the hours for posting at the General Post Office. TO-DAY, 11 A.M.—To Fiji (direct). TO-MORROW, 9 A.M.—To Bolivia (by direct ship to Mollendo), Bulgaria, Chile (all parts) (direct), Cuba, Greece (by sea, direct), Honduras Republic (Pacific side), Panama (Canal Zone and Republic), Nicaragua and Salvador, Peru (exc. Dept. of Loreto) (direct), Turkey (by sea direct). 11 A.M.—To British Honduras (via Jamaica), Guatemala (by sea direct), Guatemala (via Jamaica). 1.15 P.M.—To Ascension and St. Helena, Egypt, Palestine, Sudan and Syria (via France), India (via France), Iraq and Persia (via France and Desert Motor Service), Malta, Nyasaland, Portuguese East Africa, Rhodesia (via Beira). 6 P.M.—To Bahamas and Bermuda, Bolivia (via U.S.A.), Chile (all parts) (via U.S.A.), Mexico (via U.S.A.), West Indies (Leeward Islands) (via U.S.A.).

INWARD MAILS DUE

Letter mails are expected from the following countries and will probably be delivered in London as shown:—
TO-DAY.—Egypt, Sudan, India, Straits Settlements, Malay States, North Borneo, Philippine Islands, Hong-kong, Sarawak, Siam, Australia and Ceylon, by ss. Mantua. Jamaica, by ss. Cavina. Jamaica, by ss. Jamaica Planter. U.S.A., by ss. Lapland. Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika, by ss. Bernardin de St. Pierre. South Africa and Madeira, by ss. Saxon. China and Japan, via Siberia. Canada, by ss. Doric. TO-MORROW.—Sierra Leone, Gold Coast and Nigeria, by ss. Abs. Trinidad, Windward Islands and Guiana, by ss. Cryssaor.

LINERS EXPECTED

The following table shows the approximate times at which, according to the latest information available, incoming liners are expected at home ports:—

TO-DAY

ABA (H.D.), from West Africa; Plymouth, 2 p.m.
ADRIATIC (W. Star), from New York; Liverpool, 8.30 a.m.
CITY OF GUILDFORD (Ellerman), from Calcutta; London.
CRYNSSEN (R.N.S.), from Port Limon; Plymouth.
SAXON (U.-Castle), from South Africa; Southampton, 6 a.m.
SCYTHIA (Cunard), from New York; Liverpool.

TO-MORROW

BERENGARIA (Cunard), from New York; Southampton.
CHRISTIAAN HUYGENS (N.R.M.), from Batavia; Southampton.
CITY OF LINCOLN (Ellerman), from Bombay; Liverpool.
CITY OF WORCESTER (Ellerman), from Far East; London.
GUILDFORD CASTLE (U.-Castle), from South Africa; London.
KATORIA MARU (N.Y.K.), from Yokohama; London, a.m.

FORTHCOMING SAILINGS

Particulars of forthcoming sailings of liners from this country will be found in the companies' announcements on page 2.

MOVEMENTS OF LINERS

(FROM OWNERS AND LLOYD'S)

ABERDEEN
HERMINIUS .. For Ldn., left L'pool 11th.
THERMOPYLES .. For Newcastle, left L'pool 10th.

ABERDEEN AND COMMONWEALTH LINE
FERNDALE .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Colon 10th.
HOSKINS BAY .. For Brisbane, left Pt. Said 10th.

AFRICAN
DIEDO .. For W. Africa, left Hamburg 9th.
EGBA .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Madeira 11th.

AMERICA-LEVANT LINE LIMITED
BOSNIA .. For Smyrna, left Constantinople 9th.
BOTHNIA .. For Catania, left Naples 9th.
RIVER ORONTES .. For Alexandria, left Oran 9th.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
MINNETONKA .. For Ldn., left N.Y. 11th.
MINNEWASKA .. For N.Y., left Gravesend 11th.

BENNINGES
BEN LINE
.. For Far East, left Ldn. 11th.

BLUE FUNNEL
ANCHISES .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Pt. Said 9th.
ANTENOR .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Dalny 9th.
AUTOLYCUS .. For Ldn., left Yokohama 8th.
AUTOMEDON .. For Ldn., left Colombo 9th.
HECTOR .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Singapore 9th.
IXION .. For Vancouver, left Hong-kong 8th.
MACHAON .. Fm. Hong-kong, arr. Singapore 8th.
MELAMPUS .. For Ldn., left Pt. Sudan 8th.
PERSEUS .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Penang 9th.
THESEUS .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Hong-kong 8th.
TELEMACHUS .. For Penang, left Singapore 9th.

AVILA STAR
BOOTH
.. For W.C. Africa, left Lisbon 9th.

BRITISH AND AFRICAN
BENGUELA .. For Mollt., left Quebec 10th.
CALUMET .. Fm. Montreal, arr. Glasgow 11th.

BULLARD, KING
UMVUMA .. Fm. Tyne, arr. Las Palmas 10th.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
BRAEMERDALE .. For Ldn., left Montreal 10th.
BRAEMERELL .. For Montreal, left Gravesend 11th.
DUCHESS OF ATHOLL .. For Montreal, left Greenock 11th.
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD .. Fm. Montreal, arr. L'pool 11th.
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Montreal 11th.
DUCHESS OF YORK .. For L'pool, left Montreal 10th.
EMP. OF RUSSIA .. Fm. Bremerton, arr. V'couver 9th.
MONTCALM .. Fm. Montreal, arr. Ldn. 10th.

CLAN LINE
CLAN ALPINE .. For Chittagong, left Calcutta 11th.
CLAN MACBRAIN .. Fm. N.Y., arr. B. Aires 10th.
CLAN MACBRIDE .. Fm. Glasgow, arr. Mobile 10th.
CLAN MACGILLIVRAY .. For K. Ldn., left L'pool 11th.
CLAN MACVICAR .. Fm. Malabar, arr. Galle 11th.
CLAN MURRAY .. For Chittagong, left L'pool 11th.
CLAN SINCLAIR .. For Chittagong, left Tuticorin 10th.
IMMINGHAM .. For Glasgow, left Newport 10th.
HESSENFELS .. Fm. Malabar, arr. Dunkirk 11th.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE
INDIANA .. For Seattle, left Tokyo 8th.
LA BOURDONNAIS .. For Bordeaux, cld. Vigo 11th.
MARYLAND .. Fm. N. Orleans, arr. Houston 10th.
MISSOURIEN .. For Talcahuano, cld. Mollendo 11th.
MISSOURI .. For Havre, left Boston 11th.
PARIS .. For Havre, left N.Y. 10th.
ROCHAMBEAU .. For Havre, left N.Y. 10th.

COSULICH LINE
VULCANIA .. For Trieste, left N.Y. 8th.

CUNARD AND ASSOCIATED LINES
CUNARD
ANTONIA .. For N.Y., left L'pool 11th.
AQUITANIA .. For N.Y., left 8thmts. 11th.
AUSONIA .. Fm. Montreal, arr. Plymouth 11th.
CARONIA .. For N.Y., left 8thmts. 11th.
ANCHOR-DONALDSON
LETITIA .. For Clyde, left L'pool 11th.
COMMONWEALTH AND DOMINION
POST AUCKLAND .. For Sydney, left Brisbane 11th.
POST CINCONIA .. Fm. Sydney, arr. Ldn. 10th.
POST PIRIE .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Philadel. 10th.
POST WELLINGTON .. For Australia, left Middlesbrough 11th.

DONALDSON
ATHENIA .. Fm. Halifax, arr. Glasgow 9th.
CORCORDIA .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Amsterdam 9th.
CORTONA .. For Glasgow, left Montreal 10th.
CRANLEY .. Fm. Botwood, arr. Mobile 9th.
GRACIA .. Fm. Vancouver, arr. Seattle 9th.
SALACIA .. Fm. Cardiff, arr. Swansea 9th.

ELLERMAN AND BUCKNALL
CITY OF CARLISLE .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Tanga 9th.
CITY OF CHRISTCHURCH .. For Calcutta, left Philadel. 10th.
CITY OF HARVARD .. Fm. Philadel., arr. Bombay 10th.
CITY OF PERTH .. Fm. Antwerp, arr. Hamburg 10th.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL
CITY OF BOMBAY .. For Baltimore, left Norfolk 10th.
CITY OF CARDIFF .. For Calcutta, left Zanzibar 11th.
CITY OF MANDALAY .. Fm. Dairen, arr. Shanghai 11th.
CITY OF NAGPUR .. Fm. Tees, arr. R'dam 11th.
CITY OF RANGOON .. For Yokohama, left M'selles 10th.
CITY OF SHANGHAI .. Left Bombay 10th.
CITY OF VALENCIA .. For M'selles, left N.Y. 10th.
CITY OF VENICE .. For L. Marques, left E. Ldn. 10th.
CITY OF WINDSOR .. For Al'ndria, left Malta 9th.

FURNESS LINE
KIOTO .. Fm. Rosario, arr. Ldn. 11th.
BARONESS .. For Constantinople, left Salonica 9th.
DROMORE .. Fm. N.Y., arr. Ldn. 12th.
INCEMORE .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Philadel. 10th.
LDN. CORPORATION .. For N.Y., left Gravesend 11th.
LDN. EXCHANGE .. Fm. Boston, arr. St. John's 9th.
NEWFOUNDLAND .. For B. Aires, left Gravesend 11th.
PRINCESS .. For B. Aires, left Gravesend 11th.

GERMAN AFRICAN LINES
TANGANJIKA .. For Hamburg, cld. Las Palmas 10th.
UBENA .. For Beira, left Delagoa B. 11th.
UBUNDI .. For W.C. Africa, cld. Algoa B. 11th.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA
ALBERT BALLIN .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. N.Y. 11th.
ALBERT VOGLER .. For Chile, cld. Callao 10th.
AMASIS .. Fm. Valparaiso, arr. Antofagasta 10th.
BAYERN .. For Hamburg, cld. Las Palmas 9th.
EUPATORIA .. For Santo Domingo, left Kingston 9th.
HINDENBURG .. For Moji, left Singapore 10th.
ISERLOHN .. For Hamburg, left B. Aires 10th.
MECKLENBURG .. Fm. Bremen, arr. Hankow 10th.
MILWAUKEE .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. N.Y. 11th.
NEW YORK .. For N.Y., left 8thmts. 11th.
RUHR .. For Hamburg, left Valparaiso 11th.
SAARLAND .. Fm. Bremen, arr. Chinwangtao 10th.
SCHWARZWALD .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. Valparaiso 11th.
STASSFURT .. For Hamburg, left Fremantle 11th.

HAMBURG SUD AMERIKA
ANTONIO DELFINO .. For Hamburg, left Lisbon 11th.
CAP ARCONA .. For B. Aires, left Boulogne 11th.
CAP POLONIO .. For Hamburg, left Santos 11th.

HARRISON
ACTOR .. Fm. Pt. Natal, arr. Las Palmas 10th.
DESIGNER .. Fm. Calcutta, arr. Ldn. 11th.
PATRICIAN .. For Pt. Natal, left Gravesend 11th.
RECORDER .. For Demerara, left L'pool 11th.

HENDERSON
ISBRAWADDY .. For Pt. Said, left Shields 10th.
KEMENDINE .. For Rangoon, left L'pool 11th.

HOLLAND-AMERIKA
MAASDAM .. Fm. R'dam, arr. Havana 9th.
STATENDAM .. For R'dam, left N.Y. 11th.

LAMPORT AND HOLT
BRUTERE .. Fm. B. Aires, arr. Clyde 10th.
DELAMERE .. Fm. Rosario, arr. B. Aires 10th.
DRYDEN .. For L'pool, cld. Las Palmas 9th.
NASMYTH .. Fm. Villa Constitucion, arr. Teneriffe 10th.
RAEBURN .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Rosario 10th.
SHERIDAN .. For N. Brazil, left N.Y. 10th.

LEYLAND
DAY

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Bankers to the Government in Kenya Colony and Uganda.

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.2

Subscribed Capital	£4,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£2,000,000
Reserve Fund	£3,000,000

BRANCHES

Aden	Lahore	Eldoret	Kenya Colony, British East Africa
Amritsar	Madras	Kisumu	
Bombay	Mandalay	Mombasa	
Calcutta	Newara Eliya	Nairobi	
Cawnpore	Rangoon	Nakuru	
Chittagong	Steamer Point, Aden	Entebbe	Uganda
Cochin	Tuticorin	Jinja	
Colombo	Zanzibar	Kampala	
Delhi	Dar-es-Salaam	Tanganyika Territory	
Kandy	Tanga		
Karachi			

The Bank conducts every description of banking business.

Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application; interest payable 30th June and 31st December.

Trusteeships and Executorships also undertaken.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

Head Office: Crosby Square, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.3.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£480,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,000,000

BRANCHES:

BOMBAY	BAGHDAD
CALCUTTA	BASRA
KARACHI	AMARA
MADRAS	KIRKUK
COLOMBO	MOSUL
SINGAPORE	BAHREIN

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Chairman,
J. S. HASKELL, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman,
SIR JAMES LEIGH-WOOD, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G.
JAMES H. BATTY, Esq.
G. BISHOPP-MANLEY, Esq.
EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq.
SIR PERCY WILSON NEWSON, Bt.
SIR THOMAS J. STRAGHAN.

The Bank issues Drafts, Telegraphic Transfers and Letters of Credit, purchases, grants advances against or collects Bills of Exchange, and transacts Banking and Agency Business in connexion with the East. Deposits are received for one year and for shorter periods at rates which can be ascertained on application. On Current Accounts interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances. F. H. SUTTON, Manager.

CHARTERED BANK of INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA

38, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.2.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.

CAPITAL	£3,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£4,000,000

Chief Manager: W. E. PEARSON.
Managers: R. BRUCE and G. MILLER.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Akyab	Hong-kong	Rangoon
(Malay States)	Ipoh	Saigon
Amritsar	Ipoh	Semarang (Java)
Bangkok	Karachi	Seremban
Batavia	Klang	Shanghai
Bombay	Kobe	Singapore
Calcutta	Kuala-Kangsar	Sourabaya
Canton	(Perak)	Taiping (F.M.S.)
Cawnpore	Kuala-Lumpur	Tavoy
Cebu	Kuching	(Lower Burma)
Colombo	(Sarawak)	Tientsin
Dairen (Man-churia)	Madras	Tokyo
	Manila	Tongkah (Bluskat)
Delhi	Medan	Tsingtao
Haiphong	New York	Yokohama
Hamburg	Penang (Peking)	Zamboanga (Philippine Islands)
Hankow	Penang	
Harbin	Peshawar	

The Corporation grant drafts payable at the above Agencies and Branches, buy and collect Bills of Exchange, issue Letters of Credit and transact general banking business connected with the East.

Deposits of money are received on terms which may be ascertained on application, and on current accounts interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances, provided they do not fall below £200. The bank is prepared to undertake Trusteeships and Executorships.

THE MERCANTILE BANK of INDIA LIMITED.

Head Office: 15, Gracechurch-street, London, E.C.3.

Capital Authorised	£3,000,000
Capital Paid-up	£1,650,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	£1,446,506

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
J. M. Errie, Esq. (Chairman).
Sir Thomas S. Catto, Bart. (Deputy-Chairman).
Patrick F. Shaw, Esq. J. O. Robinson, Esq.
Charles J. Hambro, Esq. W. H. Shelford, Esq.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

India, Burma and Ceylon: Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Howrah, Galle, Karachi, Rangoon. Madras, Delhi, Simla, Kandy.		China: Hong-kong, Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Sourabaya.	Shanghai.
Malaya: Ipoh, Singapore, Penang, Kuala Lumpur, Kuantan, Kota Bharu, Kuala Kmi, Kuala Lipis.		Siam: Bangkok. Mauritius: Port Louis.	

NEW YORK AGENCY .. Bank of Montreal.

TRUSTEE & EXECUTORSHIPS UNDERTAKEN AT HOME AND IN THE EAST.

Enquiries from merchants regarding shipments to the East and the special facilities available are invited.

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

(Incorporated in the Colony of Hongkong. The liability of members is limited to the extent and in manner prescribed by Ordinance No. 6 of 1929 of the Colony.)

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	$50,000,000
ISSUED AND FULLY PAID UP	$20,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS—	
STERLING	$8,500,000
SILVER	$9,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$20,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
J. A. PLUMMER, Chairman.
Hon. Mr. C. G. S. MACKIE, Deputy-Chairman.

W. H. BELL	Hon. Mr. J. J. PATERSON
A. H. COMPTON	T. H. PEARCE
R. LANDER LEWIS	T. H. B. SHAW
O. MOSKIN	J. P. WARREN

CHIEF MANAGER: V. M. GRAYBURN.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Chefoo, Colombo, Dairen (Dalny), Foochow, Haiphong, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkew (Shanghai), Ipoh, Johore, Kobe, Kowloon, Kuala Lumpur, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manila, Moukden, Muar, Nagasaki, New York, Peiping (Peking), Penang, Rangoon, Saigon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sungei Patani, Tientsin, Tokyo, Tsingtao, Yloilo, Yokohama.

COMMITTEE IN LONDON.
Sir Charles Addis, K.C.M.G., Chairman.

A. H. Barlow.	The Rt. Hon. Lord Revelstoke.
D. G. M. Bernard.	
C. A. Cassebeer.	Sir George Sutherland.
Sir George Macaulay Troup, G.B.E., K.C.B., K.C.M.G.	A. M. Townsend.
	C. F. Whigham.

MANAGERS IN LONDON.
Sir Newton Stabb, K.B.E., H. D. C. Jones.
Sub-Managers: R. M. Paddell.
Accountant: A. Monour.

9, GRACECHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.3

BANK of NEW ZEALAND

Incorporated with Limited Liability in New Zealand by Act of General Assembly 29th July, 1861.

Bankers to the New Zealand Government.

London Office: 1, Queen Victoria St., E.C.4.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, £7,561,536

Paid-up Capital as at 31st March, 1930	£5,958,313
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	£4,173,150
	£11,031,360
Aggregate Assets at 31st March, 1930	£54,774,540

Negotiates and Collects Bills of Exchange, Grants Drafts on its offices in New Zealand, Australia, Fiji, and Samoa. Remittances made by telegraphic transfer.

ROBERT MILL, Manager.

Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

FEATURES OF TRADE RETURNS

BRAZILIAN EXTERNAL DEBT

The trade returns for September are disappointing. They show a considerable decrease both in imports and exports as compared with last year, which is mostly accounted for by the fall in prices. The small decrease as compared with August has no significance, for both in 1929 and 1928 the September figures were smaller than those for August. Indeed, the falling off in September was less marked than in the two previous years, and this may indicate that the decline is slackening. The present month should show a seasonal increase on the September figures. Imports last month amounted to £78,651,726 compared with £98,416,222 in September, 1929, a decrease of 20 per cent., which corresponds with a decrease of 17.7 per cent. in wholesale prices. Compared with August the decrease is £1,253,637. Exports were £48,134,015, compared with £61,840,255, but compared with August the decrease was only £985,123, whereas in September last year the decrease was £10,224,951. Exports of British goods were £42,740,637, against £55,104,257 in September, 1929, a decrease of 22.4 per cent. Re-exports decreased from £6,735,998 to £5,393,378. For the nine months imports amounted to £785,193,510, a decrease of £111,959,750 on the same period of 1929, and exports were £508,793,840, a decrease of £119,055,196, of which £102,295,775 is in exports of British goods. Thus the visible adverse trade balance for the nine months is £276,399,670, against £269,304,226 last year.

German Credit and Hitler

The rumour circulated from Geneva that Dr. Luther, the Governor of the Reichsbank, had informed the board of the Bank of International Settlements that Germany was unable to meet her obligations under the Young Plan may be dismissed as being without foundation. It is true that Hitler and his party have produced an exchange crisis in Germany, for since the elections there has been a minor flight from the mark which has necessitated the shipment of substantial amounts of gold, chiefly to France and Holland. For the purpose of checking the flight and strengthening its gold reserves the Reichsbank has raised its discount rate from 4 to 5 per cent., and is seeking to raise a two-year credit for $125,000,000. Thus the whole of Germany is paying for the follies of the Hitler party. Germany, in common with other countries, is suffering from general world depression, which tends to restrict her exports, but there is nothing arising from that situation to warrant the suggestion that she is unable to fulfil her obligations under the Young Plan. The special difficulties which have arisen owing to the flight from the mark are the outcome entirely of the elections, and there is no reason to suppose that the necessary foreign credits will not be forthcoming, provided that the Government's financial plan for balancing the Budget is carried through, and that the Hitler party is held in check by the other parties and not allowed further to undermine confidence in Germany, or to embarrass those who are trying to restore the country's credit. No doubt Germany's financial problems form one of the subjects which are being discussed by the bankers at Basle. One of the best reasons for the existence of the Bank of International Settlements is that it provides opportunity and machinery for the discussion by central banks of such questions.

Gold and Prices

Quite a number of readers have shown their deep interest in the problem of gold and prices, but considerations of space unfortunately prevent the publication of their letters. One correspondent reminds us that gold was chosen as a basis for currency because of its relative scarcity, and thinks that the only real danger to the gold standard would arise if, like silver, its supply became redundant. He suggests that it has always appeared that gold would become too scarce, and that there was not less danger of scarcity in the nineteenth than in the twentieth century. Sir Henry Strakosch, in a letter published in another column, contends that there is no difference between a fall in prices brought about by monetary change and that caused by a change in the supply of commodities and services. But we would remind him that in a memorandum published in November, 1928, he showed very graphically that when the gold value of currency is reduced—as was the case when the gold value of the franc was reduced from 10d. to 2d.—the basis of all contracts is altered. Debtors secure an uncovenanted advantage at the expense of creditors, since prices rise and thus creditors are paid off with less gold and less commodities. Similarly if the gold value of a currency is increased, say, from 10s. to 20s., prices fall and creditors gain at the expense of debtors. That is to say, if production remains unaltered the proportion of the total supply of purchasable things which goes to creditors is greater when the gold value of a currency is increased and that of debtors correspondingly lessened, while the contrary happens when the gold value of a currency is reduced. Sir Henry's memorandum, however, made it equally plain that if prices fall, not in consequence of any monetary manipulation or change but solely because commodities are produced in greater abundance, both creditors and debtors benefit. That is a difference which we venture to suggest is all important.

Maladjustment of Prices

Fortunately gold does not control wealth production, but the mere fact that a person has produced something does not entitle him to currency. It is only when a product has been sold that the producer becomes entitled to money from the purchaser. This is one of the fundamental principles of sound banking. A bank never incurs a bad debt through financing a commodity which has been sold, though it may through financing a commodity which is put into a warehouse to await the appearance of a buyer. A market to which producers brought, say, double the quantity of goods for exchange that they brought the week before would not necessarily require double the quantity of currency to effect their exchanges, provided they were all willing buyers and sellers. Difficulty would occur only if some of them refused to give double the quantity of their own products in exchange for double the quantity of others. In other words, it is maladjustment of prices which is the cause of much trade depression. Present experience points to the fact that the human fault of asking too much and giving too little is a more potent cause of depression than any defect of the gold standard. Stability of prices of all commodities in all and any circumstances is an impossible ideal, since it would be necessary first to fix and standardize every changing element in nature. Stability of prices in general could only be attained by engineering a rise in prices to offset falls in other prices and vice versa. Even if such were desirable it would obviously be an extraordinarily difficult scheme to operate, partly because it would have to include every sort of purchasable thing. But it seems doubtful whether the world would be better off if, owing to a fall in commodities, credit were manufactured and used, perhaps contrary to the aims of the central banks, to raise the prices of, say, securities to false heights.

Brazilian Finance

Anxiety over the political situation in Brazil and the extent and character of its repercussions upon trade and the country's relations with her external creditors have constituted a new addition to the City's current perplexities. It can only be hoped in the interests both of Brazil and of the rest of the world that the conflict will be short and decisive, for nothing could be more damaging to the best interests of the Republic than an indeterminate and long-drawn-out campaign. As will be seen from the reports published on another page, the situation has become a little clearer and more reassuring. The last few years have been for Brazil a period of economic stress, owing mainly to the fall in the values of coffee and other of the country's principal exports. The situation is one that has been resolutely tackled by the existing administration, and any check given at this stage to its measures of retrenchment and reform must have serious consequences for Brazilian credit.

The External Debt

According to figures compiled at the end of December last, the external debt of the Federal Government of Brazil amounted to £148,828,066, requiring a service for the current year of £11,429,251. Great Britain's share of this debt was by far the greatest of the three creditor countries, as will be seen below:—

	External Debt	Service for 1930
	£	£
Issued in London	104,117,162	7,571,688
Issued in Paris	13,270,487	682,032
Issued in New York	31,440,417	3,175,531
	£148,828,066	£11,429,251

In addition, there are the debts of the States and of the Coffee Institute, which on the same date were shown to amount to £93,737,000. Relative to population and natural resources, this debt is not onerous, but allowance has to be made for the fact that the country is still in a comparatively undeveloped state and that the fall in the price of her staple articles of export has in recent years caused a severe contraction in the surplus of exports over imports—in other words, the balance available for meeting the claims of foreign creditors. After being as high as £26,766,000 in 1924, the surplus of exports fell year by year until in 1928 it was only £6,757,000. In 1929 there was a recovery to £8,178,000, and for the first half of 1930 an excess of exports was reported of £7,715,000, against only £1,080,000 for the first half of 1929, a reduction in the actual total of exports of £7,888,000 being accompanied by a reduction of as much as £14,523,000 in imports.

Revenue and Expenditure

Under the presidency of Dr. Washington Luiz, successful efforts have been made at attaining Budgetary equilibrium. For 1929, the Budget showed an estimated surplus of 93,403 contos (paper currency), which compared with an actual surplus for 1927 of 25,500 contos. The estimated surplus for 1930 works out at 25,340 contos, revenue being calculated at 2,281,506 contos, and expenditure at 2,256,166 contos. According to figures published by the Central Accountants' Office of the Government, which relate to tax receipts between January and May last, the total revenue received during this period showed a diminution of 215,130 contos in terms of paper currency. Expenditure this year has, however, been rigorously curtailed, with the result that at the end of May there was actually an excess of revenue over expenditure amounting to 108,046 contos. In the light of present events, these figures make pathetic reading, for, in view of the large Vote already reported to have been made by the Government to meet expenditure in resisting the revolt and of the general dislocation that has happened in the commercial life of the Republic, a more or less severe gap between income and outgoings for the whole of the present year seems inevitable.

B.A. Western Report

The year ended June 30 was a particularly bad one for the Buenos Ayres Western Railway. A severe contraction in the cereal harvests, due to drought, led to a heavy reduction in gross receipts. Every effort, it is stated, was made by the management to curtail expenditure; but labour regulations and agreements and an acute agitation for even improved wages and conditions, accompanied by some disorder and damage to property, rendered these efforts nugatory. The company has reduced its dividend by 2 per cent., and its allowance for renewals was decreased by £125,064, while it made no allocation to reserve, compared with £100,000 for the preceding year. Even so it has been necessary to reduce the "carry-forward" from £235,371 to £67,711. A three-years' summary of results is appended:—

	Year to June 30		
	1930	1929	1928
	£	£	£
Gross receipts	4,381,349	5,275,311	5,254,998
Working expenses	3,340,493	3,457,808	3,467,704
Net receipts	1,040,856	1,817,503	1,787,294
Working percentage	76.25%	65.59%	65.99%
Difference on exchange	Dr. 76,551	Dr. 14,404	Cr. 10,812
Fixed charges	551,005	518,931	490,429
Net profit	829,579	1,449,321	1,495,677
Brought forward	235,371	230,242	178,557
Available	1,064,950	1,679,563	1,674,434
Preference dividends	129,855	129,855	129,855
Ordinary dividend	867,384 (5%)	1,214,337 (7%)	1,214,337 (7%)
To reserve	Nil	100,000	100,000
Carried forward	67,711	235,371	230,242

Crop prospects at present are stated to be much more favourable than a year ago.

Freight Index for September

The index number of shipping freight rates for September, compiled by the Chamber of Shipping, shows, at 20.24, a decline of 1.80 per cent. on the month and a reduction of 18.91 per cent. on the figure for September of last year. The European waters group index, at 23.75, is 2.64 per cent. higher on the month; the rate for the voyage from Australia to the United Kingdom, at 23.18, shows on the month an increase of 7.22 per cent.; the figure for the Argentine, Uruguayan group, at 18.02, a decrease of 8.57 per cent.; the United States group, at 16.60, a decrease of 11.98 per cent.; and the route from Canada to the United Kingdom a decrease of 11.02 per cent. to 16.06. The time charter rate for September, at 18.43, represents a rise of 12.10 per cent. on the month (due, presumably, in part, to the chartering of much tonnage for the Black Sea grain trade), but a reduction of 33.32 per cent. on the figure for September, 1929. If the average for

(Continued at foot of next column)

1913 be taken as 100 the index numbers for the first nine months of 1930 and 1929 are as follows:—

	1930	1929
January	83-59	121-97
February	80-98	139-73
March	77-56	113-12
April	83-03	111-20
May	79-12	109-95
June	79-12	109-03
July	77-01	105-18
August	83-05	104-91
September	89-50	106-67

It will be seen that the figures for the first nine months of 1930 are much below the corresponding figures for 1929, and they are also below the average for 1913. Working expenses are estimated to remain at quite 70 per cent. above the level of 1913.

MONEY MARKET

ARGENTINE PESO WEAK

Lombard-street on Saturday continued to be abundantly supplied with floating credit. For renewals the variable rate remained at 1½ per cent., while fresh money was offered at from 1½ to 1 per cent., and advances for any date in October were freely obtainable at 2 per cent. Business in discounts was very quiet, with rates virtually unchanged. The banks continued to be ready takers of November and December bills at 2 per cent., and a foreign inquiry for three months bills was again reported at 2 1-16 per cent. Among the foreign exchanges, the chief movement occurred in the Argentine peso, which fell to 37⅛d., as compared with 39 9-16d. a week ago.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent., and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).		Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).			
Day to day.	For short periods.	60 days.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
1—2	1¾—2	2 15/16—2 11/16	2 15/16—2 13/16	2 13/16—2 11/16	2¼

Discount (Treasury Bills).			(Fine Trade Bills)		
2 Mths.	3 Mths.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
2 15/16—2 11/16	2 15/16	3—3 1/32	3 1/4—3 1/32	3 1/32—4

CALLS OF THE WEEK

To-day	Ceylon Govt. 1965	4½% stk.	40%	£700,000
Wednes.	Austrian Govt. Bonds	1a. 7%	20%	£600,000
Do.	Lon. and Holyrood Trust 5% Deb. stk. ser. "A"		20%	£200,000
Do.	Skoda Works 6% Debs		30%	£750,000
Friday	Rhodesian Anglo-American 10s. shares		7s. 6d.	£225,000

NATIONAL BANK OF AUSTRIA
(000's omitted)

	Oct. 7	Inc. or Dec.
ASSETS	Schillings	Schillings
Metal Reserve	431,284	– 941
Foreign Bills	478,043	– 488
Small coin	2,925	– 53
Bills discounted, including Warrants, Loans on Mortgages and advances on Bonds	83,376	– 12,613
Federal Loan Debt	101,301	– 46
Securities	6,844	Unchanged
Buildings and Furnishings	6,910	Unchanged
Other claims and assets	538,122	– 3,531
LIABILITIES.		
Share capital of 30,000,000 gold Kronen	43,200	Unchanged
Reserve	10,272	Unchanged
Notes in circulation	951,592	– 56,144
Liabilities	145,336	+ 42,002
Other liabilities	498,405	– 3,529

Reuter.

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

The New York exchange moved against sterling, the rate falling to $4.85 13/16 and closing at $4.85 27/32, or 1/32c. below Friday's quotation. Similarly, the Montreal rate fell to $4.85⅛. European exchanges moved within narrow limits. The Paris rate closed ⅛c. higher at 123.87½f., and the Amsterdam rate rose to 12.04¾f., while the Berlin, Brussels, Milan and Zurich rates were unaltered. Spanish pesetas were again offered, the exchange rising to 48.70p. and closing at 48.60p. Further weakness developed in the Argentine exchange, the peso being offered all the morning and closing at about 37⅛d., which compares with 38¾d. on Friday. Eastern exchanges were steady.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported on Saturday:—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exchange	Oct. 11	Oct. 10
New York	6 to £	4.8666	4.85 13/32—29/32	4.85 13/32—15/16
Montreal	6 to £	4.8666	4.85 1/4—85 3/8	4.85 1/4—85 1/2
Paris	Fr. to £	124.21	123.86-123.89	123.83-123.86
Brussels	Bel. to £	35.00	34.93-34.93¾	34.93½-34.94
Milan	Lire to £	92.46	92.79-92.81	92.79-92.81
Zurich	Fr. to £	25.2215	24.99¼-25.00¼	24.99½-25.01
Athens	Dr. to £	375	374¾-375¼	374¾-375¼
Helsingfors	M. to £	198.23	1923/4-1931/4	1923/4-1931/4
Madrid	Pes. to £	25.2215	48.15-48.70	47.70-48.30
Lisbon	Escu. to £	—	108¼-108⅝	108¼-108⅝
Amsterd'm	Fl. to £	12.107	12.04½-12.05	12.04¾-04⅞
Berlin	M. to £	20.43	20.42¾-43½	20.42-20.43¼
Vienna	Sch. to £	34.583½	34.42-34.45	34.42-34.45
Budapest	Pen. to £	27.82	27.76-27.78	27.76-27.78
Prague	Kr. to £	164.2527	163 11/16-15/16	163 11/16-15/16
Warsaw	Zloty to£	43.38	43 5/16-43 7/16	43 5/16-43 7/16
Riga	Lats to £	25.2215	25.17-25.27	25.17-25.27
Bucharest	Lei to £	813.6	817-819	817-819
Constant.	Pst. to £	110	1.0251	1.0251
Belgrade	Din. to £	25.2215	273¾-274	273¾-274
Kovno	Lit. to £	48.68	48⅝-48⅞	48⅝-48⅞
Sofia	Lev. to £	673.650	668-673	668-673
Reval	E.Kr.to£	18.159	18.22-18.27	18.22-18.27
Oslo	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15 15/16-16¼	18.15 15/16-16¼
Stockholm	Kr. to £	18.159	18.09-09⅛	18.09-09¼
Copenh'g'n	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15¾-16¼	18.15¾-16¼
Alexandria	Pst. to £	97⅛	97 15/16-97 15/16	97 15/16-97 15/16
Bombay	Per rup.	1/6d.	1/5 15/32nds	1/5 15/32nds
Calcutta	Per rup.	1/6d.	1/5 15/32nds	1/5 15/32nds
Madras	Per rup.	1/6d.	1/5 15/32nds	1/5 15/32nds
Hong-kong	Per dol.	—	1/3 7/16-1/4⅛	Holiday
Kobe	Per yen	24.58d.	2/01 3/32-17/32	2/01 3/32-1/2
Shanghai	Per tael	—	1/7 1/4-1/7 3/4	Holiday
Singapore	Per dol.	2/4	2/3 7/32-15/32	2/3 7/32-15/32
Batavia	Fl. to £	12.107	12.04¾-05⅛	12.04¾-05⅛
Manila	Per dol.	24.866d.	2/0 5/16	2/0 5/16
Rio de Jan.	Per mil.	5.809d.	—	—
B. Aires	Per dol.	47.577d.	37 7/8-38 1/4	38 1/8-38⅜
Valp'so	6 to £	40	39.97	39.97
M'video	Per dol.	51d.	38⅛-38¾	38⅛-38¾
Lima	Soles to £	12.166	15.32½	15.20
Mexico	Pesos to£	9.76	10.20-10.40	10.20-10.40

† 90 days. ‡ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

	Buying Rates per £100				Selling Rates			
	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight	Cable Transfers		Demand	
On:—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
Australia*	109 16 3	110 7 6	110 18 9	111 10 0	108 10 0		108 17 6	
New Zealand	93 17 6	93 6 3	92 15 0	92 3 9	95 7 6		95 17 6	
Africa and Rhodesia	98 15 0	98 2 6	97 10 0	96 17 6	99 15 0		99 17 6	
On:—					£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
Australia*					108 10 0		108 17 6	
New Zealand					95 7 6		95 17 6	
South Africa					99 15 0		99 12 6	
Rhodesia					99 16 3		99 13 9	

*Rates for 100 London pounds.

The Bank of England announced on Saturday the receipt of £84,000 in SOVEREIGNS from abroad; the sale of £17,480 in BAR GOLD, and the export of £4,000 in SOVEREIGNS. Since Wednesday last there has been a net efflux of £47,367, as shown below:—

ARRIVALS		WITHDRAWALS	
	£		£
Oct. 9	Nil	Oct. 9— Bar gold	34,842
		Sovs.	8,000
Oct. 10— Bar gold	10	Oct. 10— Bar gold	61,055
		Sovs.	6,000
Oct. 11— Sovs.	84,000	Oct. 11— Bar gold	17,480
		Sovs.	4,000
Net efflux	47,367		
Total	£131,377	Total	£131,377

Net influx for 1930 to date, £9,511,509; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,489.

In the open market the price of GOLD remained nominally at 84s. 11½d. per oz.

The price of SILVER, on selling from China, fell 1/16d. to 16½d. per oz. for cash and forward delivery. A little speculative demand was reported.

TRINIDAD LEASEHOLDS

NO FINAL DIVIDEND

The directors of Trinidad Leaseholds, Limited, announce that they have had the preliminary profit figures for the financial year ended June 30, 1930, under consideration, and have decided, in view of the conditions obtaining in the oil industry and the necessity for conserving the cash resources of the company, not to recommend the payment of a final dividend. The report and accounts will be issued in November.

The total dividend for the year is therefore limited to the interim payment of 7½ per cent. A year ago a final dividend of 17½ per cent. was declared, making a total of 30 per cent. for the year ended June 30, 1929.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

IRREGULAR

The Stock Exchange will be closed to-day for the observance of Columbus Day.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Considerable irregularity was displayed in to-day's short session, trading being fairly active.

Realizing orders were present at the opening but were offset to some extent by a moderate accumulation of overnight buying orders, chiefly for the leading speculative issues. This resulted in a brief rally during which Steel Common reached 151, compared with 149⅞ at yesterday's close, but the rise attracted increased offerings and the whole list eased.

The action of the market indicated a disposition to take quick profits, owing to the uncertain market outlook, which the weekly mercantile reviews accentuated. They reported an improved retail trade owing to cooler weather, but admitted that there was no clearly defined betterment of industry, concluding that the economic adjustments preceding a general business recovery were not yet completed. They also drew attention to the divergence of views as to when a decisive revival in trade can be expected.

Persistent pressure against pivotal stocks, such as Steel Common, General Electric, New York Central, and American and Foreign Power, tended to unsettle the list, but there was sufficient underlying support to limit most declines to technical proportions, with a generous sprinkling of net gains elsewhere. The close was irregular.

Sales were returned at 1,725,000 shares, making 21,037,000 shares for the week, against 16,640,000 shares last week and 19,116,000 shares last year (five days).

The average price of 20 representative railroad stocks is down 6.03 on the week, being to-day 116.54, the average of 30 leading industrials fell 18.05 in the same period to 193.05, and the average of 20 public utilities shows a decline of 8.81 at 69.48. The railroad and industrials averages a year ago were 178.53 and 352.69.

Exchange	Method of Quoting	Parity	Oct. 11	Oct. 10
		$	$	$
MONTREAL on— London, cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85⅛	4.85 15/16
NEW YORK on— London, sight	£1	—	4.85 11/16	4.85 11/16
Cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85 31/32	4.85⅞
60 days' sight	£1	—	4.85 21/32	4.85 21/32
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.85⅝	4.85⅝
Seven days	£1	—	4.85	4.85
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¼	3.92¼	3.92⅝
Rome, cables	100l.	5.26	5.23⅝	5.23¼
Amsterdam, short sight	100fl.	40.20	40.29⅛	40.29
Oslo, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.75½	26.75½
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.86	26.86½
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.75½	26.75½
Prague, cheques	100kr.	—	2.96⅞	2.96⅞
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.77½	23.79
Brussels, cables	100bel.	13.90	13.95	13.95
Berne, cables	100f.	19.50	19.43⅞	19.44
Madrid, cables	100ps.	19.30	10.04	10.06
Vienna, cables	100sch.	14.07	14.11¼	14.11¼
Budapest, cables	100pen	17.49	17.50⅜	17.50¾
Belgrade, cables	100din.	19.30	1.77⅝	1.77⅝
Athens, cables	100dr.	1.29⅓	1.29¼	1.29¼
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	33.84	33.84
Rio, cables	1 mil.	32.45	9.75	9.75

RAILWAYS

	Closing Prices Oct. 11	Oct. 10		Closing Prices Oct. 11	Oct. 10
Atchison	200⅜	203½	Int. Amer.	7	6
Atl. Coast	123	125	Kansas City	52	51
B. & O.	86	88*	Louisville	111	113½
Do., Pref.	78	79*	Min., St. P.	10	10
Brooklyn			Miss. Pac.	42	42
M. T.	68⅜	69	Do., Pref.	102	101
Can. Pac.	170	171	N.Mex.1 Pf	1	1
Cent. N.J.	211	210	Do., 2 Pf.	½	½
Ches. & O.	41	43¾	N.Y. Cent.	140	145
Ch. G.W.	7⅛	7¼	Norfolk	215	217
Do., Pref.	26½	28½	N. Pacific	56¼	60
Ch., N.W.	48	49¼	Pennsylv'a	67½	68
Ch. Mil. St. P.	9	8¾	Reading	97	96
Ch. Rock. Is	78	78	S.L. & S.F.	67½	67
Del. & Hud.	150	150	S.L. & S.W.	45	46
Del., Lack.	106	107	S. Pacific	105¼	106
Erie	36	35½	Southern	70	70
Do., 1 Pf.	52	51¾	Do., Pref.	87	87
G.N., Pref.	67½	Un. Pacific	199	205
Illinois	104	104	Do., Pref.	86½	86½
Interboro'			Wabash	20	16
Rapid Tr.	28⅛	28¼	Do., Pf. A	54	50

INDUSTRIALS

Air Reduct.	101	106	Int. Nickel	18	18¼
Allied Chem.	202¼	210*	Int. Paper	104	107
Amer. Ag. Chem.	2¾	2½	Int. T. & T.	26½	27
Do., Pref.	15	14	Kennecott	27½	28
Am. Br. Bov	12½	13	Kresge S.S.	27	27
Am. and F. Power	39½	43½	Liggett & M.	88	92
Am. Can.	116½	118¼	Loose Wiles	51½	53¼
Am. Loco.	30	30½	Mack Teks.	48	47½
Am. Rolling Mills	38⅛	40½	Montg'y W.	23¼	23¾
Am.

COMPANY MEETING

GEORGE HODSMAN AND SONS (1928)

ROAD CONSTRUCTION DELAYS

EFFECT OF GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS

COMPANY'S SATISFACTORY FINANCIAL POSITION

MR. P. V. SHERWIN'S STATEMENT

The SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of George Hodsman and Sons (1928), Limited, was held on Thursday last at the Grand Hotel, Middlesbrough.

Mr. P. V. SHERWIN, chairman of the company, presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. G. H. Musgrave) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The CHAIRMAN said:—Gentlemen,—The directors' report for the financial year ended June 30, 1930, together with balance-sheet as at that date, and profit and loss account, have now been in your hands for several days, and therefore, with your permission, may be taken as read.

I have to report to you to-day upon a period ended June 30 last during which our hopes have again been deferred, and the progress of our company delayed by circumstances and conditions which have affected the entire road material industry, and which are not peculiar to our own company. There is no mystery about these facts, and you have been advised of them by means of interim reports issued by the directors on December 31, 1929, and June 30, 1930, and they are again set out in the directors' report of October 1, which accompanied the notice convening this meeting. Practically everything, therefore, that I have to say to you to-day is only by way of amplifying the information which is already in your possession.

When we met together on October 30 of last year we were able to point to increased tonnage and sales as compensation for a lower selling price per ton, which had been established for the municipal year ended March 31, 1930. The opening months of the year under review showed the increased volume of both tonnage and sales to be well maintained, although from October onwards a slight downward tendency was noticeable. This was accounted for by the season of the year and the fact that road surveyors for rural district councils were not embarking upon fresh contracts for road construction at that time, owing to the fact that, on April 1 of this year, their authority over classified roads in accordance with the provision of the Local Government Act, 1929, was being transferred to the county councils.

EFFECT OF GOVERNMENT UNEMPLOYMENT PLANS

You will remember that this time last year the country was looking to the Government to take effective measures for the relief of unemployment, and local authorities throughout the country had been asked by the Ministry of Transport to submit schemes, among other relief works, for the construction of arterial and by-pass roads, upon which a grant of 75 per cent. of the cost was promised by the Government. The immediate effect was the suspension of all road schemes which were not actually being carried out and the general review of the whole position by the authorities concerned. For example, a certain county council had just previously approved a road construction scheme in its area, involving an expenditure of about £200,000, which had to be met by the ratepayers of the county, supplemented by a grant from the Road Fund. In view of the Government proposals for the relief of unemployment, that scheme was immediately held up, reconsidered, and elaborated, with the result that a revised scheme for a more ambitious road, involving a total expenditure of approximately £300,000, was substituted and submitted to the Government, approved by them, and passed for the grant of 75 per cent. of the cost. The county in question thus secured a better, a far more expensive, road, while the cost to the ratepayers in that county was reduced to £75,000, the remainder of the necessary expenditure being met by the Government.

This is an example of what took place all over the country, following upon the announcement of the Government proposals, and you will readily understand how in these circumstances the completion of works already in course of construction coincided with a suspension of demand for road materials, other than for street repairs and surface dressings.

CAUSES OF DELAY

The Government grant, of course, was not given without conditions being imposed upon the contracts approved. One of these conditions provided that labour employed upon the work in question must be taken from any part of the country whence it came, and this provision was immediately resented by the various councils, who regarded their own contracts as for the relief of unemployment in their own areas only, and were not prepared to face the housing and other problems which would be involved in importation of labour from other parts of the country.

So these and many other difficulties arose, and arguments and negotiations between the various road authorities and the Government Departments lasted over many months before satisfactory compromises could be arrived at. In the meantime, orders for road materials were practically confined to such as might be required for local repairs and temporary surfacing.

NEW PLANT AT HIGH FORCE QUARRY

As soon as your directors were able to form a definite opinion as to the trend of affairs and the direction in which an immediate demand might be expected, steps were taken to extend the chippings plant at High Force Quarry at a capital expenditure of approximately £4,000, as a result of which, as you have already been advised, your company was able to maintain a considerable output of small whinstone chippings for use in road surfacing during the time when the demand for setts and macadam remained in abeyance. Your directors are convinced that this expenditure and other additional quarry equipment which has been installed during the past year will prove of considerable value in the future. The remainder of the plant and equipment has been maintained in excellent order and is capable of working full time whenever required.

Your company's relations with its workpeople have again been satisfactory throughout the year, and, although the business is conducted with true Yorkshire caution and economy, the good feeling existing at your company's various quarries and depôts has been maintained.

SOUND FINANCIAL POSITION

Turning to the balance-sheet, you will have observed that the diminished demand for road materials is reflected in the reduction of the amount of sundry debtors, which appears at June 30 as £22,149, against a figure at the end of June, 1929, of £39,222. On the other hand, cash at bank and in hand is increased from £9,811 to £13,060, while stocks are slightly lower than the previous year at £22,184, as compared with £22,942. On the other side of the balance-sheet the amount due to creditors, including reserve for income-tax, amounted at the end of the year under review to £12,347, as compared with £17,327 on June 30, 1929. In view of the stocks in hand, and having regard to the fact that your company is normally out of pocket to the extent of two to three months' wages before proceeds of sales are received, the financial position of your company may be regarded as eminently satisfactory, and we may still congratulate ourselves upon being in a position to take advantage of considerable increases in demand as soon as they manifest themselves.

A sum of £3,500 has been applied to depreciation on plant, machinery, and equipment, which your directors regard as sufficient in the circumstances.

The extensions to our Ipswich plant mentioned in our last report are now completed, at a cost of approximately £1,200. This gives us additional storage and enables us to cope with orders (particularly in the Southern Counties) more quickly than in the past.

MORE FAVOURABLE PRICES

I come now to the question of selling prices, and it is encouraging to be able to report that the basic prices for both dry and tarred slag, which are fixed on or about April 1 in each year for the following municipal year, were raised in April last from 4s. 6d. per ton to 5s. 6d. per ton for 2½in. dry slag and from 7s. 6d. to 10s. per ton for 2½in. tarred slag, with other sizes in proportion. The basic price for whinstone chippings, which has been stable for some years now, has been maintained.

Although owing to the temporarily reduced demand these increases have not materially affected the accounts to June 30 last, which we are now considering, you will appreciate that they should exert a favourable influence, from a revenue point of view, during the ensuing financial year. An important factor making for stability of prices in the future is to be found in the fact that, for the first time in history, all the leading slag producers have combined in an association for their mutual benefit and with a view to preventing unfair methods of competition throughout the industry.

HOPES FOR THE FUTURE

In conclusion, I would remind you of the hopes which I held out last year of greatly increased business when the Government road programme is in full swing. We have been disappointed so far owing to the many protracted delays which are common knowledge, but the anticipated demand for the road materials which your company produces must materialise at some time, and, although I am not going to prophesy again, I personally think that the time of waiting is nearly over and that when it is over our joint managing directors will not be found wanting in making the most of better conditions. The three months which have passed since June 30 have already shown a welcome improvement.

FURTHER INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

It is the intention of your directors to issue a further interim report at the end of December so that shareholders may know how affairs are developing.

I beg to move that the directors' report and accounts as audited to June 30, 1930, be received and adopted.

I will ask Mr. Coxhead to second the motion, after which I shall be pleased to reply to any questions.

Mr. H. COXHEAD seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

The retiring director (Mr. H. Coxhead) and the auditors (Messrs. Thorne, Lancaster and Co., London, and Messrs. Barron and Barron, York) having been re-elected, the proceedings terminated.

CONTINENTAL BOURSE QUOTATIONS

PARIS, Oct. 11.—The Bourse remained closed to-day.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 11.—Closing quotations:—6% Dutch, 1922, 103¾ (previous, 103⁹⁄₁₆); 5% Dutch, 104⅜ (103⅝); 2½% Dutch, 66 (66¼); Peruvian, 5½ (5¼); Peruvian 4% Dom. Pref., 34½ (34¼); New York Ontario, 7⅞ (7¾); United States Steel, 149¼ (147⅝); Union Pacific, 204 (203); Royal Dutch Petroleum, 355 (353¾); Anaconda, 75 (71⅝); Deli Batavia Rubber, 47 (46); Deli Batavia Tobacco, 281 (275¼); Deli Mij., 276¼ (275¼); Amsterdam Rubber, 95 (96); Margarine Unie, 229 (225½); Philips Lamps (Eindhoven), 296½). Exchange on Berlin, 58.97 (58.96); London 12.04⅞ (12.04⅛); New York, 2.48 (2.47¹⁵⁄₁₆); Paris, 9.72¼ (9.72¼).

BERLIN, Oct. 11.—Closing quotations:—Deutsche Erdoel, 55.25 (previous, 53.50); Dynamit Nobel, 58.50 (60); Kali Industrie Kassel, 120.75 (120); Salzdetfurth, 245.50 (250.50); Rheinbraunkohlen, 169.50 (169); Rhein. Westfael. Elekt., 143.50 (144.75).

Reuter's quotations:—German Loan Liquidation Debt, 5.50 (previous, 6); Mexican Consols, 20.60 (21); Reichsbank, 201.50 (204.37); Berliner Handels Gesellschaft, 126 (126.25); Commerz and Privat Bank, 113 (113.12); Darmstadter and National Bank, 151.25 (151.50); Deutsche Bank and Disconto, 110.25 (111); Dresdner Bank, 109.50 (110.50); Gelsenkirchen Bergwerke, 90 (87.50); Harpener, 84.50 (81.75); Allgemeine Elekt. Ges., 106.25 (107.25); Farbenindustrie, 126.25 (126); Farbenindustrie 6% Debt, 99.50 (98.75); Hamburg-Amerika, 77 (72.50); Norddeutsche Lloyd, 72 (73.50); A.E.G., 52.50 (50.75); Vereinigte Stahlwerke, 61 (59); Svenska Tandsticks, 192.50 (190.25); Polyphon, 140 (141); Siemens and Halske, 168.75 (171); Schuckert, 121 (122.10); Ford Motors, 195 (198). Exchange on London, 20.43 (20.42½); Paris, 16.487 (16.48⅝); Amsterdam, 169.55 (169.53); New York, 4.20½ (4.20⅝). Short term (30-55 days), 5% (4⅞–5); long term (55-90 days), 5% (4⅞–5); call money, 5½–6 (5⅝–6⅜).

VIENNA, Oct. 11.—Closing quotations:—Gar. Oest. Voelkerbund (Austrian Issue), 105.60 (previous, 105.70); Donau-Save-Adria, 10.65 (10.50); Prag, 88.50 (89.05); Oest. National Bank, 512 (512); Wiener Bank Verein, 17.50 (17.50); Oest. Credit Anstalt, 47.20 (47); Ungar. Allg. Credit Bank, 80.50 (81); Niederoest Eskompte, 159.10 (159); Donau-Dampfschiff., 18.25 (17.50); A.E.G. (Union), Elekt. 19.05 (19.90); Oest. Brown Boveri, 141 (141); Oest. Siemens Schuckert, 164.20 (165); Oest. Salgo Tarjaner Steinkohlen, 42 (41.15); Oest. Alig. Kohlen, 538 (539); Oest. Alpine Montan, 20.50 (19.75); Berg and Huttenwerke, 600 (580); Feltan and Guilleaume, 187 (186.10); Galiz Karpathen Petroleum, 2.95 (2.15); New Austrian State Loan, 1930, 95 (95.60). Exchange on Amsterdam, 285.91 (285.98); London, 34.45 (34.44½); New York, 689 (688); Paris, 27.80 (27.80½).—*Reuter.*

MILAN, Oct. 11.—Closing quotations.—Exchange on London, 92.80 (previous, 92.79½); Consolidato 5% 90.65 (90.50); Banca d'Italia, 1,555 (1,547); Banca Commerciale, 1,413 (1,410); Banca Nazionale di Credito, 100 (100); Banco di Roma, 109 (109); Credito Italiano, 750 (751); Cosulich Navigazione, 89 (89); Meridionali, 999 (990). Navigazione Generale, 503 (501); Cantoni Coasta, 590 (590); Soie Chatillon, 252½ (251); Snia Viscosa, 37 (36); Ilva, 219 (219); Monte Amiata, 168½ (167); Montecatini, 202 (202); Fiat, 226 (223½); Adriatica, 202 (199½); Edison, 659½ (659½); Unione Esercizi Elettrici, 765½ (765¼); Terni, 385 (384); Consorzio Mobiliare Finanziario, 748 (745); Adamello, 274½ (275).

ANGLO-SOUTH AMERICAN BANK

INCREASE IN ADVANCES

The financial results, together with the dividend and proposed allocations, of the Anglo-South American Bank for the year ended June 30 were announced in our issue of October 8. The full report and accounts are now available, and chief interest lies in the balance-sheet, the leading items of which are shown in the subjoined table, together with those of the previous two statements:—

—	June 30, 1930.	June 30, 1929	June 30, 1928
	£	£	£
Deposits	49,814,504	50,583,213	49,341,126
Bills payable	3,299,628	2,994,261	2,641,161
Bills for collection	3,326,447	3,456,380	4,897,147
Acceptances, &c.	9,402,610	8,333,132	6,155,473
Cash in hand and at short notice and balances with subsidiary banks	7,997,376	9,483,506	7,744,007
Investments*	9,365,193	9,180,290	11,198,643
Bills receivable	9,020,126	9,238,026	10,199,389
Advances	31,410,974	29,575,472	28,490,367

* Excluding those in subsidiary and foreign banks.

Deposits show an unimportant reduction. There has been a further increase of nearly £3,000,000 in advances, and the ratio of this item to deposits has risen during the year from 56·3 per cent. to 63·1 per cent.

MINING NEWS

MORE TIN DREDGES CEASE PRODUCTION

Following the recent announcement by the Tin Producers' Association regarding the suspension of 10 additional Malayan dredges, the association announces that 11 further dredges and three tode mines have ceased production for an indefinite period:—Larut Tin Fields, Limited (four dredges); Kopah Tin, N.L. (one dredge); Kampong (Siam) Tin Mines, N.L. (one dredge); Rompheon Dredging, Limited, N.L. (one dredge); Thabawaikit Tin Dredging, Limited (one dredge); Kampong Kamunting Tin Dredging, Limited (two dredges); and Uh Yam Tin Dredging, Limited (one dredge). The tode mines are Wheal Kitty Tin, Limited, Polbigey Tin, Limited, and Union Miniere du Haut Katanga.

BROKEN HILL PROPRIETARY.—The report for the four weeks ended October 5 states that at the iron and steel works, Newcastle, N.S.W., the coke ovens produced 18,187 tons of coke, 925,500 gallons of tar, and 311 tons of sulphate of ammonia. Blast furnace (No. 2) produced 19,045 tons of pig iron; the open hearth 21,497 tons, the blooming mill 20,230 tons, and the 28in. mill 12,486 tons. The aggregate production of the 18in., 12in., and 6in. mills was 7,078 tons. The rod mill produced 3,074 tons, and the steel foundry 1,432 tons. There were shipped 43,799 tons of ironstone.

LAKE VIEW AND STAR.—The mill treated in September 7,666 tons of company's ore and 6,762 tons of tributers' ore; revenue, £16,925; working expenses, £14,000; development, £451; profit, £2,584. This is exclusive of premium, which is estimated at £2,000. Capital expenditure on development of Chalfers and Horseshoe leases, £7,022; capital expenditure on plant and machinery, £1,091.

LAKE VIEW AND STAR.—September return:—Tons of 2,000 pounds mined, 7,564. Tons of black tin recovered, 82.83lb.; black tin recovered per ton of ore milled, 24.5lb.; tons of arsenic recovered, 90; estimated profit, £6,978. Development totalled 403ft., 1,600ft. Level.—The west drive on the Rosers Lode (North Branch) was extended 36ft. to a total of 624ft., in ore carrying 45·7lb. black tin per ton over a width of 6ft. The west drive on the North Lode was intersected in the main crosscut and advanced 45ft. to a total of 218ft., in values averaging 11·3lb. black tin per ton over a width of 6ft. The 11.30 level drive on the Morning Lode was extended 49ft. to a total of 1,158ft., in ore assaying 28lb. black tin per ton over a width of 8ft.

MOUNT ISA.—Weekly Progress Report.—Mount Isa. Diamond drilling:—Hole B11 from 1,038ft. to 1,117ft. Core assayed lead 19 per cent., zinc 11·1 per cent., silver 2·9oz. Drifts, crosscuts, &c.:—Total, of which 1,098ft. was in Lode Leakage drive. New Guinea Goldfields.—Location No. 2.—W. drift advanced 19ft., total 1458ft., assay 140z., width 31in. Location No. 3.—Main drift advanced 27ft., total 58ft., assay 91z., width 56in., last width not reported to date width of 6ft. assay from No. 2 sills on vein and sunk 45ft., at depth of 40ft. Crosscut started and reported to date width of 6ft. assay 20z. 9dwt. Other notes:—At Location No. 22 the winze was started on the new vein in ore assaying 35z. 17dwt. per ton. Leakage drive, 11,583 tons, produced 2,000 tons. Mill:—During September mill treated 1,583 tons, produced 167 tons concentrates and 360 tons lead concentrates.

DACIA ROMANO PETROLEUM SYNDICATE.—Production for September 7,054 tons, this being the company's share. Mining under temporary restrictions. Five rigs drilling. Number 10 Pleasi is in production, giving eight cars per day.

COMPANY RESULTS

BUENOS AYRES WESTERN REPORT

Canadian Bank of Commerce.—Quarterly dividend of 3 per cent. and a bonus of 1 per cent. for the period ending November 30, payable December 1. The distributions a year ago were the same.

Benger's Food.—Interim dividend for the six months ended September 30, 1930, on the Ordinary shares at the rate of 9d. per share (3¾ per cent.), free of income-tax, payable November 1 (unchanged).

Austin Reed.—Interim dividend for the half-year ended August 20 of 6 per cent. on the Ordinary shares, less tax, warrants to be posted on October 31. A year ago a dividend at the same rate was declared, but the capital was smaller, a free bonus of one new share in five having since been distributed.

SADLER AND CO.

The directors of Sadler and Co., manufacturing chemists and tar distillers, report that the balance at the credit of profit and loss account for the year ended June 30, including the undivided balance brought forward, is £9,962. It is proposed to pay a dividend of 5 per cent. for the year (against 7 per cent.), which absorbs £6,550, leaving £3,411 (against £6,881) to be carried forward. Meeting, October 20.

BALKIS

The report of Balkis, Limited, for the year ended August 31 states that the remaining instalment due on the issue of Deferred shares having been paid, the issued capital is now represented by £117,000 Ordinary stock and £23,400 in £1 Deferred shares. The profit for the year amounted to £5,185 (against £3,540). A dividend of 5 per cent. is proposed (against nil for each of the four preceding years), payable on November 2, and the carry-forward is increased from £7,339 to £8,191. It is intended in future to pay the dividend on the stock half-yearly—namely, on May 1 and November 1. Investments are shown at £112,536; a valuation shows in the aggregate a surplus on this figure. Meeting, October 20.

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY

Gross earnings of the South Indian Railway Company in the 12 months ended March 31 were Rs. 6,08,61,822 (against Rs. 5,47,52,511) and working expenses Rs. 3,61,71,221 (against Rs. 3,09,13,813). Net earnings thus amounted to Rs. 2,46,90,601 (against Rs. 2,38,38,698). The company's share of surplus profits for the year is Rs. 5,85,471, and an adjustment of arrears for the years 1919-20 to 1929-30 amounts to Rs. 2,14,771, making a total of Rs. 8,00,242. Deducting Rs. 1,26,081 reserved for Indian taxation, there remains a balance of Rs. 6,74,161, which at rates of exchange averaging 1s. 5·79176d. has realised £49,977. In addition to the guaranteed interest of 5 per cent., for the half-year to June 30 last, an interim dividend of 2 per cent. from the surplus profits was paid on July 1, and the board now recommend that, for the year 1930, there be paid from surplus profits, on January 1 next, a final dividend of 2½ per cent., making, with the guaranteed interest of 5 per cent., a total payment for the half-year ending December 31 next of 4¼ per cent. The total distribution for the year is therefore 8 per cent. (unchanged). Meeting, October 22.

CAROLINA TEA OF CEYLON

Profits of the Carolina Tea Company of Ceylon for the year ended June 30 last were £28,630 (compared with £38,184 in the preceding year), to which is added £9,365 brought forward, making together £38,004. The sum of £2,000 is again written off the estates cost account for depreciation; £4,000 (against £600) is placed to reserve for taxation; £4,000 (against £6,000) is placed to general reserve, and £2,000 (against nil) is carried to rubber contingencies reserve. After allowing for the Preference dividend it is proposed to pay a final dividend on the Ordinary shares of 10d. per pound, making 15d. per cent. for the year (against 30 per cent.), leaving a balance of £9,723 to be carried forward. The balance-sheet shows that expenditure on factories, buildings, machinery, and clearings during the year amounted to £9,850. The crop of tea harvested was 1,405,672lb. (against 1,430,445lb.), or 15·07lb. per pound was 10·41d. (against 10·30d.), the net price per pound being 15·11d. (against 16.12d.), and the net profit per pound 4.70d. (against 5.82d.). The rubber crop was 229,717lb. (against 224,318lb.), and the net average price realised was 6.785d. per pound (against 8.67d.). The net profit realised was £350. Meeting, October 22.

ARGENTINE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

The net revenue account of the Argentine Great Western Railway Company for the year ended June 30 shows that the amount payable under the working agreement with the B.A. and Pacific Railway Company was £831,000, to which is added the amount payable for management expenses, £16,380 (against £16,863), and interest received on investments, £6,134 (against £6,005), making together £853,514, against £853,868 last year. The charge against £576,000, and after allowing for the interim dividend of 2½ per cent. on the Five per Cent. Preferred and Ordinary stocks, it is proposed to pay a balance dividend of 3½ per cent. on these stocks, making 6 per cent. for the year respectively (the same). The report states that the number of passengers carried was 2,447,366 (against 2,481,201), while total goods and live-stock traffic amounted to 1,835,433 tons, a decrease of 275,034 tons, or 13·03 per cent. Cereal traffic amounted to 87,311 tons, a decrease of 31,547 tons, or 26·54 per cent. Vine product traffic was 725,096 tons, a decrease of 73,477 tons, or 9·08 per cent., and potato traffic 38,157 tons, a decrease of 13,884 tons, or 26·69 per cent. Exports of cereals amounted to 99,578 tons, against 101,629 tons. Meeting, October 29.

PREMIER OIL AND FINANCE

The accounts of the Premier Oil and Finance Company for the 12 months ended March 31 show a loss on working of £10,420, and a sum of £7,287 brought forward there remains a debit balance of £2,483 to be carried forward. In their certificate to the balance-sheet the auditors state that they are of opinion that a reserve should have been made in respect of depreciation on investments and other assets which they consider of doubtful value. The directors state that an opportunity has occurred for the formation of a new company to acquire the assets of the Premier Oil and Finance Company and those of Globe Oilfields, Limited, on the basis of one fully-paid share of each new company for every six existing shares of the Premier company. The directors recommend the adoption of the scheme, and state that subject to its being carried through some of the chief creditors have undertaken to postpone or waive throughout the amounts due to them, and to accept shares of the new company in lieu of the remaining one-fourth. With reference to the position regarding Indo Burma Oilfields (1920), Limited, the directors add, the Globe company did not complete its agreement with that company, but negotiations have for some time been in progress for the formation of a company in Burma to work the Indo Burma Company's areas. When the final details have been arranged the Globe company will receive an interest in the Burma company. Meeting, October 20.

GAINSBOROUGH PICTURES (1928)

The report of Gainsborough Pictures (1928) for the 14 months ended June 30 states that the period covered by the accounts has been one of abnormal difficulty. The company had to contend not only with the change over from silent pictures to talking and sound pictures—which entailed the closing of the studios for four months for conversion to sound studios, and the consequent suspension of the production programme—but also with the delays and disorganisation caused by the fire which broke out at the company's studio in January last. This fire destroyed the sound studios which had just been completed and again seriously interfered with the company's programme of talking pictures. The reconstruction of certain pictures referred to in the last report was duly completed, but by the time they were put on the market there was a large increase in the supply of all-talking films, which had its effect on the values of synchronised silent films. The directors consider that the value of such films and undistributed silent films should be dealt with drastically, and have therefore decided to write down the book value of films by £50,000. The profit and loss account for the period under review shows a favourable balance of £7,985, after crediting a balance from trading account of £11,107 and adding interest and bank deposits, £227 brought in and deducting £8,000 for the dividend on the Ordinary shares at 8 per cent. per annum paid for the half-year to September 30, 1929, and after deducting also the £50,000 written off film productions (reducing their balance-sheet valuation to £83,402), there is a debit balance at profit and loss of £49,807. No directors' fees were paid during the period, and the directors have waived their rights thereto. In their certificate to the balance-sheet the auditors state that no depreciation has been written off furniture, fittings, plant, machinery, and equipment. The directors state that the reconstruction of the studios at Islington after the fire is progressing, and production is actively proceeding in one section. Meeting, October 20.

BUENOS AYRES WESTERN RAILWAY

The report of the Buenos Ayres Western Railway Company for the year ended June 30 last states that the gross receipts amounted to £4,391,949 (against £5,275,811), and working expenses to £3,340,693 (against £3,457,806), leaving net receipts of £1,040,686 (against £1,817,563). There was a loss on exchange on remittances of £76,531 (against £14,404). The working expenses amounted to 76.35 per cent. of the gross receipts (compared with 65.55 per cent.). To the balance of £964,124 there is to be added rentals and annuities, &c., together amounting to £307,355, and the balance brought forward of £235,371 making a total of £1,506,851. After allowing for price charges, Preference dividends and interim Ordinary dividends there remains a balance of £501,408 (compared with £1,029,378). It is proposed to pay a final dividend on the Ordinary shares of 2½ per cent., making 5 per cent. for the year (against 7 per cent.), leaving to be carried forward £67,711. In the preceding year £100,000 was placed to general reserve and the report states that the cause of the severe setback in revenue are applicable to drought at a critical period which seriously damaged the wheat crop and considerably reduced the yield from linseed, barley, maize, and other cereals, while livestock traffic also diminished owing to the poor condition of the animals. Following upon these local conditions came the world-wide slump in the price and demand for all produce, which further reacted upon Argentina. Every effort was made to curtail expenditure, but labour regulations and agreements, and an acute agitation for even improved wages and conditions, accompanied by some disorder and damage to property, rendered these efforts nugatory. To meet the above conditions the charge for renewals was decreased by £125,064. The report continues:—"Crop prospects at present are much more favourable than they were at this time last year. If fair average crops are gathered, the directors believe that Argentina, and the undertakings connected with the company's welfare, will speedily recover from the ill-effects of the most bad season." Meeting, October 21.

MONEY RATES AT HOME AND ABROAD

—	Bank rate	Market discount rate	Call money
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
London	3	2⁹⁄₁₆–2⅝	1-2
New York	2½	2-1⅞	Nominal
Paris	2½	1⅝–1¾	1¾
Berlin	5	5	5½–6½
Swiss Bank places	2½	1½	—
Milan	5½	5½	—
Amsterdam	3	1½	¼
Brussels	2½	2½	½

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKETS

WHEAT LOWER

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—The Cocoa, Coffee, Sugar, Silk, Rubber, Metals, and Burlap exchanges were closed to-day, and all U.S. markets will be closed on Monday to observe Columbus Day.

WHEAT.—The cash market was easy and 1½c. to 2½c. lower. No. 2 red winter, 92½c.; No. 2 amber durum, 81½c.; No. 2 hard winter, 86½c.; No. 2 Manitoba, 80½c. MAIZE easy, 2½c. down. No. 2 mixed, 98c., f.o.b., New York. OATS easy, 1c. lower. White clipped, 46c., f.o.b., New York. RYE easy at 1½c. decline. No. 2 Western, 56½c., f.o.b., New York. BARLEY nominal. No. 2 malting unquoted.

FLOUR was steady and unchanged.

DAILY GRAIN MOVEMENTS (THOUSANDS)

—	To-day	Same day last yr.	This week	This season	Last season
Wheat (bushels):					
Receipts, Western	931		6,359	246,718	258,076
Do., Atlantic	512		1,760	49,886	42,913
*Exports, ditto	44		1,582	43,967	28,415
Maize (bushels):		Holiday			
Receipts, Western	389		2,458	54,077	61,596
Do., Atlantic	20		110	1,360	1,437
*Exports, ditto	—		—	—	—
Flour (barrels):					
Shipments, Westn	93		692	9,852	7,577
Receipts, Atlantic	74		440	6,459	5,958
*Exports, ditto	20		116	1,496	1,005
Oats (bushels):					
Receipts, Western	302		2,128	50,252	66,899
Do., Atlantic	20		91	1,488	2,371
Exports ditto	—		14	23	—

* From New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans.

LARD was barely steady at 10c. decline. Prime Western steam, $11.85; middle West, spot, $11.65.

COTTON on the spot closed 15 points higher at 10.45c. The futures market opened steady at 11 to 13 points advance on shorts covering, favourable advices from Liverpool, and buying by spot and trade interests. Later in the session prices fell back under realizing in sympathy with grain and securities, but rallied again on the renewal of covering purchases, the market closing steady at 10 to 15 points net gain. New Orleans spot middling advanced 8 points to 10.23c., and the futures market closed steady at 5 to 11 points above previous final values. The current week's port receipts are expected to be about 550,000 bales.

New York Futures	Closing Range To-day		Prev. day	
October	10.27	10.27	10.17	10.17
November	10.40	10.40	10.28	10.28
December	10.55	10.55	10.40	10.40
January	10.63	10.63	10.50	10.50
	New Contract			
October	10.32	10.32	10.20	10.20
November	10.40	10.40	10.26	10.26
December	10.53	10.53	10.40	10.39
January	10.61	10.61	10.50	10.50
February	10.73	10.73	10.60	10.60
March	10.85	10.83	10.73	10.70
April	10.92	10.92	10.79	10.79
May	11.02	11.01	10.89	10.88
June	11.09	11.09	10.94	10.94
July	11.21	11.18	11.07	11.05
August	11.18	11.18	11.05	11.05

	To-day	Week	Season	Last season
Receipts at ports	60,000	60,000	3,188,000	2,709,000
Exports Gt. Bta.	Nil	Nil	210,000	224,000
Exports Cont., &c.	35,000	35,000	1,340,000	1,108,000

WOOL.—The market is generally quiet, with fine sorts less active and prices of some lines slightly easier, though very steady elsewhere, due to the belief that the outlook does not warrant further concessions. Goods are somewhat more active, with a call for suitings and overcoatings. Territory fine staple is quoted 73c. to 75c. per lb., against 75c. to 77c. last week.

COPPER.—After showing fair activity and a rather firmer tendency in the early part of the week the market relapsed into dullness again, the depression in the security market and the weakness elsewhere causing the withdrawal of buyers. There were reports of offers at below the quoted price, but the leading producers showed no anxiety to sell. The quotation for electrolytic remained at 10c. per lb. throughout the week for domestic spot delivery and for export, spot and Nov., f.o.b.

TIN.—This market has again suffered a severe decline following the sharp falls in London and the weakness of the Stock Exchange. Persistent offerings found very few buyers, even at the lowest levels. Friday's prices were the worst of the week and represented a fall of nearly 3c. for the period, spot being quoted 25.30c., against 28.00c. a week ago, and Nov. 23½c., against 28.10c.

SPELTER has also had a weak market, especially towards the close of the week when the East St. Louis price was reduced to 4.10c. per lb., against 4.22½c. per lb. last week for spot and November.

LEAD was another metal to suffer from the depressing surroundings, almost daily reductions being made in the spot price, which was finally quoted 5.10c. per lb., against 5.35c. a week ago.

TINPLATES have met with only moderate demand at the recently reduced prices, buyers failing to see any encouragement in the situation. Prime makes are quoted $5 per box.

PIG IRON.—The publication of the production figures for September showed a low record since 1924 and the number of furnaces in blast indicated a further decrease. This indication of limited supplies failed to stimulate any important buying movement, but the price level was fairly steady. Number 2 foundry on Eastern Pennsylvania markets is still quoted $18.50 per ton.

STEEL.—Declines in the ingot output and reduced mill operations indicated the continued cautiousness of buyers. This was ascribed in part to renewed price uncertainty and until this is removed no important increase is considered likely. Bessemer steel rails are unchanged at $42 per ton.

COTTON OIL closed steady. Crude spot, 6.12½c. (nominal); yellow spot, 7.50c. bid. Refined futures were unchanged to 8 points higher. Oct., 7.50c.; Dec., 7.54c.; March, 7.43c.; May, 7.53c.

TALLOW was unchanged. Extra, loose, 4½c., extra, in tierces, 5½c. per lb., f.o.b. New York.

PETROLEUM.—Pennsylvania crude standard grades were unchanged at $2.25 to $2.30 per barrel. GASOLENE.—New York, for export, in cases, cargo lots, U.S. motor specifications, deodorized unchanged at 17.65c. per gallon.

TURPENTINE was steady, 1c. down at 41c. to 42c.

JACKSONVILLE, Oct. 11.—TURPENTINE was steady at 36c. bid.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 11.—TURPENTINE was firm at 35½c. to 36c. ROSIN.—Grade F, $4.12½; grade K, $4.17½; grade WW, $6.60.

DULUTH, Oct. 11.—LINSEED futures closed easy at 3½c. to 3⅝c. decline. Dec., 175c.; May, 181½c.

TOLEDO, Oct. 11.—CLOVERSEED closed steady and unchanged. Cash, 15.50; Dec., 15.75.

WINNIPEG, Oct. 11.—WHEAT opened easy and ⅛c. to ¼c. lower on a renewal of commission house selling, chiefly influenced by reports of favourable crop progress in both Argentina and Australia. The decline was temporarily checked by complaints of unfavourable weather in sections of the Prairie Provinces with further indications of a falling off in the interior movement, but selling pressure was resumed, support being discouraged by the absence of export interest and the downward reaction at Chicago. The close was easy at a fall of 2⅛c. to 3⅛c. Oct., 89⅞c.; Dec., 71⅞c.; May, 77⅞c. OATS closed easy at 1c. to 1⅛c. decline. Oct., 30½c.; Dec., 30c.; May, 34½c. BARLEY futures closed easy and ⅞c. to 1c. lower. Oct., 27⅛c.; Dec., 29⅛c. LINSEED futures closed easy, 1c. to 2¼c. down. Oct., 128c.; Dec., 125c.

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—WHEAT opened easy at ⅛c. to ¼c. decline with realizing influenced by lower markets in the North-West and Winnipeg and favourable weather in the South-West. A rally afterwards, due to the decreasing crop movement in the North-West and South-West together with rumours of export buying, was followed by another decline on a withdrawal of outside support, the weakness of maize, and the easiness of the Stock Exchange. The close was easy at a fall of 1⅛c. to 2⅛c. Dec., 77⅛c.; March, 81½c.; May, 83⅛c.; July, 84½c.

MAIZE closed easy at a loss of 3c. to 3½c. Dec., 79c.; March, 80c.; May, 82½c.; July, 83⅛c. OATS closed easy, 1½c. to 1⅝c. lower. Dec., 36½c.; March, 38½c.; May, 39½c. RYE.—No. 2, cash, nominal. Futures easy at a fall of 1⅛c. to 2⅛c. Dec., 43½c.; March, 53⅛c.; May, 53⅞c.

PROVISIONS closed barely steady, with lard 12½ points to 15 points lower and pork 12½ points higher to unchanged. Cash lard fell 10 points to 11.45. Closing prices:—Lard, Dec., 10.40; Jan., 10.30; May, 10.45; pork (dry-salted clear bellies), Oct., 13.62½; Jan., 12.25; May, 12.50.

BACON was easy at 25 points decline. Hogs weak; light descriptions were 60 to 40 points and heavy sorts 35 to 25 points lower. Receipts at 15 principal Western centres, including Chicago, since March 1 total 15,329,000, against 16,562,000 for a similar period last year.

Bacon, fat backs, 12-14lb.	Light	Heavy
To-day	11.50	9.00 to 9.45	9.40 to 9.75
Previous day	11.75	9.00 to 9.50	9.75 to 10.00
Last year	..	Holiday	..

Hogs	Receipts	To-day	Previous day	Last year
Western		33,000	10,000	..
Chicago		44,000	22,000	Holiday

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

COAL TRADE REPORTS

GRAIN AND FARM PRODUCE

LONDON (THE BALTIC EXCHANGE), Oct. 11.—WHEAT.—The cargo market opened steady in sympathy with the better North and South American closing advices, and sellers were inclined to raise their prices, but there was no response from buy

Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

From the National Station a variety entertainment, relayed from Manchester, will be broadcast at 7.45 this evening, among the performers being Bransby Williams, Stainless Stephen, Norah Blaney, and Horace Kenney.

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for to-day, October 13, are as follows :—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME. — 1,148kc. (261.3m.) 193kc. (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30** :—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. **10.45-11** :—Boys and Girls at Work. 4—Camps and Holidays, by Dame Katharine Furse. **12** :—Organ Recital, relayed from Southwark Cathedral; Hector M. Hall (tenor). **1.15** :—National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus), conducted by Warwick Braithwaite, relayed from the National Museum of Wales, from Cardiff. **2** :—East Anglian Herring Fishing Bulletin. **2.10-2.25** :—For the Schools: French Reading—Some Fables (La Fontaine), by Mlle. Camille Vière. **2.30-3** :—Children of Other Days: The Middle Ages. 4—From Squire to Knight, by Miss Rhoda Power. **3.5** :—Stories for Younger Pupils. 4—Cuhan and Niamh of the Golden Hair (Gaelic), by Miss Rhoda Power. **3.20** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **4.15** :—Vivien Lambert (mezzo-soprano); Sonia Moldowsky (violin); Roy Ellett (pianoforte).

5.15 :—Children: Selections from Mendelssohn's Songs Without Words, played by Cecil Dixon; The White Gaff of the Immortal Highway (H. Mortimer Batten); The Black Spot, being the second of the episodes from Treasure Island (Robert Louis Stevenson). **6** :—Poetry of To-day—7, Read by Mr. V. C. Clinton Baddeley. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.35** :—London Stock Exchange Report and Fat Stock Prices for Farmers. **6.40** :—Pianoforte Music of Chopin, played by Virginia McLean. **7-7.20** :—New Books, by Mr. Desmond MacCarthy. **7.25** :—The Novels of Thomas Hardy—5, by Mr. Basil Willey.

7.45 :—Bransby Williams (actor comedian); Stainless Stephen, Yorkshire comedian; Norah Blaney; Horace Kenney; Foden's Brass Quartet, supported by the Northern Wireless Orchestra, conducted by T. H. Morrison, relayed from the Seventh Manchester Radio Exhibition, City Hall, Manchester. **9** :—Weather; News; Shipping Forecast and New York Stock Market Report. **9.20** :—Topical Talk. **9.35** :—B.B.C. Orchestra, conducted by Malcolm Sargent: Daisy Kennedy (violin). **11** :—Band, from Ciro's Club. **11.15-12** :—Orchestra, from the Ambassador Club.

LONDON NATIONAL PROGRAMME.—1,148kc. (261.3m.).

11-11.30 :—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound). **12-2** :—National programme. **2.10-3.20** :—National programme. **5.15-11** :—National programme.

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—(842kc.) (356.3m.).

10.15 a.m. :—National programme. **11-11.30** :—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision). Vera Goring Thomas (soprano); Mervyn Lambert (baritone). **12.30** :—Eileen Wright (violin); Margaret Albu (pianoforte). **1** :—Orchestra from the Piccadilly Hotel. **2-3** :—Midland Regional programme. **3.20** :—National programme. **5.15** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—B.B.C. Orchestra, conducted by Joseph Lewis; Joan Coxon (soprano); Maurice Cole (pianoforte). **8** :—French Talk, by M. E. M. Stéphan. **8.30** :—Regional News. **8.35** :—Gershom Parkington Quintet; Evelyn Arden (soprano). **9.35** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **10.15** :—Weather; News. **10.30** :—Band from Ciro's Club. **11.15-12** :—Orchestra from the Ambassador Club.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—(626kc.) (479.2m.).

12 :—London Regional programme. **2-3** :—Lozells Picture House Orchestra; Harold Parker (xylophone solo). **5.15** :—Children: More Puppy Dog Tales—Mr. President Bulldog, by Margaret Madeley; Tony will entertain: Brambles, a Talk by Jessie Bayliss-Elliott; Harold Parker and his Xylophone. **6** :—London Regional programme. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—Seaside Snapshots, a Summer Holidaysia by F. Morton Howard, presented by Dorothy Summers, Gladys Colbourne, Mabel Prance, Charles Herbert, Harry Hastings, Herbert Lees, Mason and Armes and the Midland Studio Orchestra, directed by Frank Cantell. **7.25** :—The d'Alton Instrumental Quartet. **8** :—London Regional programme. **8.30** :—Midland News. **8.35** :—Midland Studio Orchestra, directed by Frank Cantell; Seymour Dossor (tenor). **9.35** :—London Regional programme. **10.15** :—Weather; News. **10.30-11** :—London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **3.15** :—For the Schools: Nature Study—Professor J. Ritchie; Nature and Her Ways, The Science of Fruitfulness and its Meaning. **3.30** :—The Octet, Ernest Bell (flute), relayed from Edinburgh; Allan Ramsay (tenor), from Glasgow. **4.45** :—Glasgow programme. **6** :—Local programme. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Scottish News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **12** :—Organ from the Classic Cinema. **12.30-1** :—Gramophone Records. **2.15-3.20** :—National programme. **3.20** :—The Octet, Ernest Bell (soprano); Clifton Hellwell (pianoforte). **4.30** :—The Romano Rhythm Boys, relayed from the Plaza, Belfast. **5** :—Carrolina Taylor (violoncello). **5.15** :—For the National programme. **9.15** :—Scottish News. **9.20** :—National programme. **9.35-11** :—The Orchestra; Elsie Griffin (soprano); Kingsley Lark (tenor).

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.10-11** :—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **1.15-2** :—National programme. **3** :—Welsh Interval Programme. **4** :—Welsh Interval programme. **5.15** :—Children's Hour: Welsh Folk Songs, relayed from the National Museum of Wales. **7.10** :—National programme. **8.15** :—Children. **8** :—Dr. Percy Buck (Leader) and National Orchestra of Wales. **9.15** :—West Regional News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

4.30-5 :—Time, Weather, Stock Report, and Gramophone Records. **6** :—Time Signal, Weather, and Gramophone Records. **6.15** :—Children's Hour. **7** :—Gramophone Records. **7.20** :—News. **7.30** :—Time and Irish Lesson. **7.45** :—Travel Talk. **8** :—Concert by the Station Orchestra; Rilla Dunn (contralto); the Station Orchestra; Marcus Maddle (baritone); Celtic Music by the Station Orchestra; the Caledonian Male Voice Choir; Ceilidhe Music. **10.30** :—Time, News, and Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **3.15** :—Aberdeen programme. **3.30** :—Nature Study Programme. **5.15** :—Glasgow programme. **9.15** :—Scottish News, from Edinburgh. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

GLASGOW (752kc.) (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **3.15** :—Aberdeen programme. **3.30** :—The Octet, Ernest Bell (flute), relayed from Edinburgh; Allan Ramsay (tenor). **4.45** :—Band, relayed from the Plaza Palais de Danse. **5.15** :—Children. **6.15** :—Edinburgh programme. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Scottish News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc.) (376.4m.).

LEEDS (1,500kc.) (200m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.10** :—National programme. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **7.45** :—Bransby Williams (actor comedian); Stainless Stephen (Yorkshire comedian); Norah Blaney; Horace Kenney; Foden's Brass Quartet, supported by the Northern Wireless Orchestra, conducted by T. H. Morrison, relayed from the Seventh Manchester Radio Exhibition, City Hall, Manchester. **9** :—National programme. **9.15** :—North of England News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **1.15-2** :—National programme. **2.10** :—National programme. **3.15** :—Cardiff programme. **5.15** :—National programme. **9.15** :—West Regional News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—**LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), BRADFORD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.10** :—National programme. **5.15** :—Children's Hour. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—North of England News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are Greenwich Mean Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated :—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ 1 (349m.), 1kw.—Time Signal and News. **12** :—Trio (piano, violin, 'cello). **1** :—Interval. **3.30** :—Literary Programme. **9** :—Chimes, Weather, and Exchange. **9.5** :—Humorous Review of the Week's Events in Verse. **9.30** :—Concert of Sardanas. **10** :—News. **10.4** :—Orchestral Concert of Spanish Music. **11.15** :—Gramophone Records.

BELGRADE (443m.), 2kw.—:—Concert of Chamber Music. **8** :—Recital of National Songs with Guitar Accompaniment. **8.30** :—Time and News. **8.45** :—Quartet Concert. **9.45** :—Variety Programme relay.

BERLIN (Konigswusterhausen) (1,635m.), 26kw.—3.10 :—See Berlin (Witzleben). **4.30** :—Talk: Rumanian Folk Music, with illustrations. **5** :—Talk on Health: The Relative Value and Use of Food. **5.30** :—Talk: Travel Talk: Modern Religeonen. **6** :—Hungarian and English Lessons. **6.30** :—Agricultural Talk. **6.55** :—Weather for Farmers. **7** :—Programme from Hamburg. **9.15** :—Gramophone Records. **9.25** :—News.

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 1.5kw.—3.30 :—Concert: Paris Waltz (Artidi); Romance (Tchaikovsky); Selection from Madame Butterfly (Puccini); Kathe Dorsch (Grimfeld); Symphonic Poem, Einsame Nacht (Simon); Hungarian Potpourri, Mazzer—Vor (Pir); Lebhaftmarsch (Oberst-Heimond). **4.45** :—Concert by the Station Orchestra. **6.45** :—Stories for Young People. **7.15** :—Talk: English Parliamentarism. **7.40** :—Talk: Everyday Legal Problems. **8.5** :—Guitar Recital. **8.30** :—Labour Market Report. **8.35** :—Topical Programme. **7** :—Concert of Choral and Wind Instrument Music from the Cleo Concert House. **8** :—News and Sports Notes. **8.10** :—Young Poets of other lands—America; Reading from the Works of H. S. Kronberg, with Introductory Talk, followed by Short Literary Review. **9** :—Weather, News and Sports Notes, followed by Tziganc Music from Budapest.

BERNE (403m.), 1kw.—6.20 :—Time and Weather. **6.30** :—Literary Talk: Ramuz and his Works. **7** :—String Quartets (Beethoven)—(a) in F minor, op. 95; (b) in G major, op. 18 No. 2; and (c) in E flat major op. 127. **8.30** :—Orchestral Concert. In the interval at **9** :—News and Weather.

BRATISLAVA (278m.), 16kw.—6.20 :—Suite, Roma (Bizet). **7** :—Pianoforte Recital, followed by Programme Notes. **7.30** :—Gramophone Records. **8** :—Programme from Prague. **9.15** :—Programme Announcements. **9.20** :—Programme from Moravska-Ostrava.

BRESLAU (325m.), 2kw. and GLEIWITZ (259m.)—6 :—Weather. **6.2** :—Concert of Light Music. **7** :—Weather. **7.2** :—Talk by Dr. W. von Grumbkow. **7.30** :—Over Four Thousand Mountain Adventures in Story. **8.30** :—Recital of Songs. **9.10** :—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes and Programme Announcements. **9.35** :—Talk on the Theatre. **9.50** :—Answers to Technical Queries.

BRUSSELS (508.5m.), 1kw.—6.30 :—Gramophone Concert. **7.30** :—Le Journal Parlé. **8.15** :—Gramophone Records. **8.20** :—Yvette (Guilbert) Programme. **8.30** :—Symphony Concert. In the interval, Topical Review. **10.15** :—News.

BRNO (342m.), 2kw.—6.15 :—Programme from Prague. **6.40** :—Cabaret Programme. **8** :—Programme from Prague. **9.15** :—News and Theatre Notes. **9.40** :—Programme from Moravska-Ostrava.

BUDAPEST (550m., 23kw.—6.10 :—The Letter Box. **6.45** :—Talk (to be announced). **7.15** :—Two One-Act Plays. **8.15** :—Gramophone Concert, followed by Concert from the Café Oetende.

COPENHAGEN (281m., 0.75kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m., 10kw.—2.35 :—Concert of Wind Instrument Music; Reading in the interval. **4.40** :—Exchange, Market, and Fish Prices. **4.50** :—Talk in German. **5.30** :—English Language Lesson. **5.50** :—Weather and Time Signal. **6** :—Time Signal. **6.35** :—Agricultural Talk. **7** :—Town Hall Chimes. **7.2** :—A Play (Harald Simpson, translated into Danish by Holger Rördam). **7.20** :—Concert of Historic Overtures, from Monteverdi to Beethoven. **8.30** :—Reading of Anecdotes. **8.45** :—News and Report of the Workers' Radio Society. **9.3** :—Concert of Old Operetta Music.

CRACOW (344m., 1.5kw.—7 :—Talk from Warsaw. **7.15** :—Talk: New Books. **7.30** :—Concert and Talk from Warsaw. **9.15** :—Gramophone Records. **9.50** :—News, and Dance Music from Warsaw. **11** :—Bugle Call from the Tower of St. Mary's Church.

FECAMP (226m.), 1kw. 8.30 :—Market Prices and Local News. **9** :—Concert—Selections from "Boris Godounoff" (Mousorgsky); Paysage (Hahn); Selection from Boris Godounoff (Mousorgsky); Paysage (Hahn); Selection from Prince Igor (Borodine); Recitatives from Tannhäuser (Wagner); Berceuse from Sadko (Rimsky-Korsakoff).

FRANKFURT (390m.), 1.5kw., and CASSEL (426m.).—6.50 :—English Language Lesson. **7.15** :—Concert by the Roth-Quartet—Third String Quartet (Laszlo Laitha); Serenades and Love Songs (F. Malipiero); Seventh String Quartet (Milhaud). **8.15** :—Fiedra, tragedy in five acts (Racine, translated by Friedrich Schiller). **9.45** :—News, Sports Notes, and Weather.

HAMBURG—Call ha (in Morse) (372m.), 1.5kw., and BREMEN (315.8m.), FLENSBERG (218m.), HANOVER (546m., KIEL (252.2m.).—6 :—See Königswusterhausen. **6.30** :—The Carpenter and his Work, wireless picture (Weichfield). **6.40** :—Exchange, Market Prices, and Weather. **7** :—Concert of Popular Operatic Music. **8** (from Hanover) :—Programme in Commemoration of the 300th Centenary of the Electress Sophia of Hanover. **9** :—Weather, Political Announcements, Sports and Miscellaneous Notes. **9.20** :—Dance Music.

HILVERSUM (296m., 0.8kw. After **5.40 p.m.** on **1,071m., 7.40 a.m.** till close down :—Programme of the Algemeene Vereeniging Radio Omroep (A.V.R.O.). **7.40 a.m.** :—Time Signal. **7.41** :—Gramophone Records. **9.40** :—Time and Hymn Service. **10** :—Gramophone Concert. **11.40** :—Time and Military Band Concert followed by Selections by the Wireless Orchestra; in the intervals, Tenor Solos. **2.10** :—Trio Concert. **2.40** :—Organ Recital. **3.40** :—Gramophone Records. **4.10** :—Children. **5.10** :—Concert by the Rotterdam Orchestra. **6.55** :—Weekly Book Talk. **7.25**—Gramophone Records. **7.41** :—A News Item. **8.25** :—Ballad Concert. **9.40** :—Weather and News. **9.55** :—Gramophone Records. **10.10** :—Orchestral Concert. **10.40** :—Gramophone Records.

HUIZEN (1,875m., 8.5kw.—7.55 a.m. till close down :—Programme of the Christian Radio Society (N.C.R.V.). **7.55-9.10** :—Concert. **10** :—Service for Hospitals. **10.40** :—Bible Reading. **11.10** :—Gramophone Records. **11.40** (in the interval) :—Police Notes. **12.10** :—Organ Recital (from the Concertgebouw in Amsterdam. **1.25** :—Gramophone Records. **1.40** :—Programme for Schools: The Bazaar Quarter of Cairo. **2.15** :—Gramophone Records. **2.55** :—Dress-making Lesson. **3.25** :—Gramophone Records. **3.40** :—Service for Hospitals. **4.40** :—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. **6.10** :—Gramophone Records. **6.25** :—Talk: The Twentieth of October, 1930, in connection with the Fiftieth Jubilee of the Free University at Amsterdam. **6.40** :—Lesson in Christian Philosophy. **7.25** :—Police Notes. **7.40** :—Time Signal. **7.41** :—Gramophone Records. Talk: The Visibility of Stars by Daylight. **8.20** :—Concert (contd.). **8.50** :—Talk on the Stars (contd.). **9.10** :—Concert (contd.). **10.40** :—Gramophone Records.

LILLE (1,053m.), 5.4kw., and HEILSINGFORS (221m.).—6.5 :—Violin Recital. **6.30** :—Talk (to be announced). **7** :—Rautatievaunussa—Play (Fanny Vuorinen). **7.15** :—Orchestral Concert.

LANGENBERG (473m.), 17kw., and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (227m.) ; COLOGNE (227m.) ; MUNSTER (337m.), 4 :—Economic Report; Weather, and Sports Notes. **4.15** :—Spanish Lesson. **4.40** :—Talk: Impressions of a Journey to Silesia—Silesian Problems. **7** :—Orchestral Concert. **7.55** :—First General News. **8.5** :—Concert by the Dortmund Chamber Orchestra.

LEIPZIG (253m.), 2.3kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—6.30 :—Men and their Callings—Talk with a Male Nurse. **7** :—Symphony Concert, by the Leipzig Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Sir Thomas Beecham; the Hebrides Overture (Mendelssohn-Bartholdy); Brize Fair (Vaughan Williams); Symphony No. 34 in C major (Haydn); Heldenleben, op. 40 (R. Strauss). **8.30**:—Gramophone Records. **9**:—Time and Weather; News; Sports Notes; and Concert and Dance Music from the Lincknechen Bad, Dresden.

MADRID (Unica Radio)—Call EA.7T (424m.), 2kw.—7 :—Chimes; Exchange; Market Prices; Topical Review—Old Variety Programme, followed by Concert of Opera Music; Selections from Luisa Miller (Verdi); Manon Lescaut (Puccini); Manon (Massenet); I Pagliacci (Leoncavallo); Tannhauser (Wagner); Lohengrin (Wagner); Carmen (Bizet); Gioconda (Ponchielli). **8.15** :—Bull-fighting Results. **8.25** :—News.

MILAN—Call 1MI (501m.), 8.5kw.—Relayed by TURIN (273.2m.), and GENOA (389.6m.).—5.20 :—Announcements and Brief Report of the Royal Geographical Society. **6.30** :—Light Music. **7.15** :—Giornale radio; Weather. **7.30** :—Time Signal. **7.32** :—Review of Reviews. **7.40** :—Comedy Programme. **8.15** :—Programme to be announced, followed by Dance Music from the Cova Restaurant. **10 (in the interval)** :—Giornale radio. **10.55** :—Economic Report.

MORAVSKA-OSTRAVA (263m.), 11kw.—6.15 :—Programme from Prague. **6.40** :—Programme from Brno. **8** :—Programme from Prague. **9.15** :—Programme and News. **9.30** :—Programme from Prague. **10.30** :—Dance Music.

MUNICH (533m., 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (344m.) ; KAISERSLAUTERN (276m.) ; NURNBERG (294m.).—6.30 :—Report on Foreign Affairs. **7** :—Gramophone Concert. **7.45** :—Reading from the Works of Knut Hamsun. **8.20** :—Concert. Divertimento for String Quartet in C major, op. 33 No. 3 (J. Haydn); Quintet in G major, op. 18 No. 2; and (c) in E flat major op. 127. **8.30** :—Orchestral Concert. In the interval at **9** :—News and Weather.

BRATISLAVA (278m.), 16kw.—6.20 :—Suite, Roma (Bizet). **7** :—Pianoforte Recital, followed by Programme Notes. **7.30** :—Gramophone Records. **8** :—Programme from Prague. **9.15** :—Programme Announcements. **9.20** :—Programme from Moravska-Ostrava.

BRESLAU (325m.), 2kw. and GLEIWITZ (259m.)—6 :—Weather. **6.2** :—Concert of Light Music. **7** :—Weather. **7.2** :—Talk by Dr. W. von Grumbkow. **7.30** :—Over Four Thousand Mountain Adventures in Story. **8.30** :—Recital of Songs. **9.10** :—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes and Programme Announcements. **9.35** :—Talk on the Theatre. **9.50** :—Answers to Technical Queries.

BRUSSELS (508.5m.), 1kw.—6.30 :—Gramophone Concert. **7.30** :—Le Journal Parlé. **8.15** :—Gramophone Records. **8.20** :—Yvette (Guilbert) Programme. **8.30** :—Symphony Concert. In the interval, Topical Review. **10.15** :—News.

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BUDAPEST (550m., 23kw.—6.10 :—The Letter Box. **6.45** :—Talk (to be announced). **7.15** :—Two One-Act Plays. **8.15** :—Gramophone Concert, followed by Concert from the Café Oetende.

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CRACOW (344m., 1.5kw.—7 :—Talk from Warsaw. **7.15** :—Talk: New Books. **7.30** :—Concert and Talk from Warsaw. **9.15** :—Gramophone Records. **9.50** :—News, and Dance Music from Warsaw. **11** :—Bugle Call from the Tower of St. Mary's Church.

FECAMP (226m.), 1kw. 8.30 :—Market Prices and Local News. **9** :—Concert—Selections from "Boris Godounoff" (Mousorgsky); Paysage (Hahn); Selection from Boris Godounoff (Mousorgsky); Paysage (Hahn); Selection from Prince Igor (Borodine); Recitatives from Tannhäuser (Wagner); Berceuse from Sadko (Rimsky-Korsakoff).

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LILLE (1,053m.), 5.4kw., and HEILSINGFORS (221m.).—6.5 :—Violin Recital. **6.30** :—Talk (to be announced). **7** :—Rautatievaunussa—Play (Fanny Vuorinen). **7.15** :—Orchestral Concert.

LANGENBERG (473m.), 17kw., and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (227m.) ; COLOGNE (227m.) ; MUNSTER (337m.), 4 :—Economic Report; Weather, and Sports Notes. **4.15** :—Spanish Lesson. **4.40** :—Talk: Impressions of a Journey to Silesia—Silesian Problems. **7** :—Orchestral Concert. **7.55** :—First General News. **8.5** :—Concert by the Dortmund Chamber Orchestra.

LEIPZIG (253m.), 2.3kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—6.30 :—Men and their Callings—Talk with a Male Nurse. **7** :—Symphony Concert, by the Leipzig Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Sir Thomas Beecham; the Hebrides Overture (Mendelssohn-Bartholdy); Brize Fair (Vaughan Williams); Symphony No. 34 in C major (Haydn); Heldenleben, op. 40 (R. Strauss). **8.30**:—Gramophone Records. **9**:—Time and Weather; News; Sports Notes; and Concert and Dance Music from the Lincknechen Bad, Dresden.

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MILAN—Call 1MI (501m.), 8.5kw.—Relayed by TURIN (273.2m.), and GENOA (389.6m.).—5.20 :—Announcements and Brief Report of the Royal Geographical Society. **6.30** :—Light Music. **7.15** :—Giornale radio; Weather. **7.30** :—Time Signal. **7.32** :—Review of Reviews. **7.40** :—Comedy Programme. **8.15** :—Programme to be announced, followed by Dance Music from the Cova Restaurant. **10 (in the interval)** :—Giornale radio. **10.55** :—Economic Report.

MORAVSKA-OSTRAVA (263m.), 11kw.—6.15 :—Programme from Prague. **6.40** :—Programme from Brno. **8** :—Programme from Prague. **9.15** :—Programme and News. **9.30** :—Programme from Prague. **10.30** :—Dance Music.

MUNICH (533m., 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (344m.) ; KAISERSLAUTERN (276m.) ; NURNBERG (294m.).—6.30 :—Report on Foreign Affairs. **7** :—Gramophone Concert. **7.45** :—Reading from the Works of Knut Hamsun. **8.20** :—Concert. Divertimento for String Quartet in C major, op. 33 No. 3 (J. Haydn); Quintet in G major, op. 18 No. 2; and (c) in E flat major op. 127. **8.30** :—Orchestral Concert. In the interval at **9** :—News and Weather.

OSLO (1,071m., 70kw., and FREDRIKSSTAD (346m.) ; HAMAR (458.7m.) ; NOTODDEN (447m.) ; PORSGRUND (453m.) ; RJUKAN (447m.).—6.15 :—Weather and News. **6.30** :—German Language Lesson. **7** :—Time Signal. **7.2** :—Violin Recital. **7.30** :—Review of Books. **8** :—Pianoforte Recital. **8.35** :—Weather and News. **8.50** :—Topical Talk. **9.5** :—Programme of Recitations.

PARIS (Eiffel Tower)—Call FL (1,445m.), 15kw.—7.16 a.m. :—Time Signal (32.5m.). **9.26** :—Time Signal (2,650m.). **5.45** :—Le Journal Parlé. **6** :—Amusement Guide. **6.15** :—Talks, Time Signal, and News. **7.10** :—Weather. **7.20** :—International Programme. Gramophone Concertos (Dr. Falla-Mouton); Recherche de Vlale (Alenis-Salabert); Selections Granados-Salabert), (a) Villa-Nova, (b) Andaluza, (c) Rondalla Aragonesa; Soir d'été sur la Terrasse (Turina-Chapelier); Les Mains Closes (Chapelier); El Amor y la Muerte (Granados); Pianoforte Solo, Selections (Turina-Chapelier), (a) Le Chemin de la Alhambra, (b) Night in the Bay of Cadiz, (c) Garden of Murcia, (d) Sevillana; Danse (?) March of the Tin Soldiers, (g) La Mosquee, (h) Moorish Song, (i) Miramar, (j) Juegos; Sevilla (Albeniz-Salabert). **10.55** :—Time Signal (32.5m. **10.26** :—Time Signal (2,650m.).

PARIS (Poste Parisien) (328m.), 1.2kw.—9 a.m. :—Picture Transmission. **8.45** :—Gramophone Records; Talk and News :—Concert :—Trio (Offenbach); Pianoforte Solo, Etude from Le Feu des Fleurs (Delibes); Ballet Music from La Glaneuse (Fourdrain); Au soir (Dupont); Second Suite, La Fête chez Thérèse (Hahn); Clarinet Solo, Canzonetta (Saint-Saens); Ballet Music from Versailles (Lemarty); Waltz from Monsieur L'Amour (Lattes); Ballet Music from Agnes, dame galante (Février); Berceuse (Blement); Joyeuseté (Blement); Danse ronde (Chansonde). **9.30** :—Concert.

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m.), 17kw., 12.30 :—Gramophone Concert. In the intervals at 1, Exchange Quotations and News; and at **1.30** :—Exchange Quotations. **2** :—Exchange; Market Prices. **3.30** :—Exchange Quotations. **3.45** :—Orchestral Concert. **4.55** :—News and Exchange Quotations. **6.30** :—New York Exchange Rates. **6.35** :—Agricultural Report and Racing Results. **7** :—Talk.—The Organization of the League of Nations. **7.30** :—Literary Readings. **7.45** :—Commercial Prices, Economic and Social Notes and News. **8** :—Mol. Par (Ladislas) by H. Denis D'Ines and his Company, in the interval at **8.30** :—Sports Review. **9.15** :—Press Review, News, and Time Signal. **9.30** :—Concert.—Pianoforte Solos, (a) Carillon dans la Rue (Vuillemin), (b) Souhaits de jeune fille (Schmidt), (c) Intermezzo (Sporck); Songs; Sonata for Piano and Violin (Parsy).

PRAGUE (487m.), 8kw.—4.15 :—News. **4.20** :—Talk.—The Reminiscences of an Actor. **6.40** :—Programme from Brno. **8** :—Orchestral Concert. **9** :—Time, News, and Sports Notes. **9.15** :—News, Theatre and Programme Announcements. **9.20** :—Programme from Moravska-Ostrava.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m.), 75kw. Relayed by NAPLES (432m., and PALERMO (566m.).—6.45 :—Giornale radio; Announcements and Sports Notes. **7** :—Exchange, Weather, News and Press Review. **7.30** :—Time Signal. **7.35** :—Concert of Light Vocal and Instrumental Music. **8.5** :—News.

STOCKHOLM—Call SASA (436m.), 75kw., and MOTALA (1,346m., 40kw., BODEN (1,200m., GOTEBORG (290m., HORBY (267m., OESTERSUND (770m.), SUNDSVALL (542m.).—5 :—English Language Lesson, relayed from Jonkoping (292m.). **6.30** :—Old Italian Music. **7** :—Talk on Sport. **7.30** :—Recital of Songs. **8** :—Two Piano Talk. **7.45** :—Talk—Why do People speak different Languages; Relayed from Sundsvall. **8.40** :—Reading. **9** :—Chamber Music relayed from Goteborg.

STUTTGART (505m.), 1.5kw., and FREIBURG (570m.).—6.50 till close down :—Programme from Frankfurt. **9.45** :—Programme Announcements and News.

TOULOUSE (Radiopasde du Midi) (385m.), 8kw.—6.55 :—Selections by an Argentine Orchestra. **7.30** :—News. **7.45** :—Accordion and Mandoline Solos. **8** :—Concert of Operetta Music. **8.30** :—Evening Concert. **9** :—Fashion Notes. **9.5** :—Variety Concert. **10.5** :—Military Band Music. **10.15** :—North African News. **10.30** :—Symphony Concert. **11.15** :—Accordion Solos. **11.30** :—Light Music. **11.45** :—Concert by a Viennese Orchestra.

VIENNA (516.3m.), 20kw., and GRAZ (352.5m.), INNSBRUCK (283.5m.), KLAGENFURT (453.2m.), and LINZ (345.8m.).—6 :—Talk.—Is Photography an Art? **6.30** :—Time, Weather, and Programme Announcements. **6.35** :—Orchestral Concert—Overture. Rienzi (Wagner); Waltz, Tranquillonen (Jos. Strauss); Selection from Hérodiade (Massenet); Violin Solo, Polonaise brillante in A major (Wieniawsky); (Goldaerchens Brautwerbung (Amanolda); Potpourrie, Pikante Blätter (Komzak). **7.20** :—Tenor Solos, Recitative, La Navarraise, Irrie Drunn (song in two acts (Massenet), followed by News, Dance Music, and Programme Announcements.

OTHER FOREIGN STATIONS

The following stations will also broadcast varied programmes, beginning at the times stated :—

KATOWICE (408.7m.), 10kw.—10.40 a.m.
KONIGSBERG (276m., 3kw.—5.30 a.m.
LAUSANNE—Call HB2 (480m., 0.5kw.—5.45 a.m.
**LYONS (Radio Lyon) (286m.,

TOWN HOUSES
(Continued from Page 22)

HYDE PARK-CORNER.—Tiled hall; artistic COTTAGE; five rooms, kitchen, and bath. Small premium for good lease.—BERRYMAN and Co., 181A, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 7234.
£185 P.A.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—Attractive little HOUSE; two reception, four bed rooms, small garden; suit business for lease, &c.—BERRYMAN and Co., 181A, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 7345.
£200 P.A.

FIVE MINUTES PARK.—To be LET for Autumn season.—Delightful HOUSE overlooking garden square; two reception, five bed rooms, two bath rooms; painted walls; parquet floors, &c.—BERRYMAN and Co., 181A, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 7345.
12 GNS. PER WEEK.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE; overlooking Gardens.—Ladies' artistic HOUSE to be LET, FURNISHED; two reception, four bed rooms, bath room, &c.—BERRYMAN and Co., 181A, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 7345.
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THURLOE-SQUARE (adjoining); favourite position, secluded yet close to the station.—Beautifully decorated RESIDENCE for SALE; constant hot water, central heating, parquet flooring practically throughout, panelling, tabled walls and ceilings, tiled offices; five charming bed rooms (parquet floors), principal and secondary bath rooms, three elegant reception rooms, remodelled domestic offices; inspected and highly recommended. Price £4,850.—Apply

KNIGHT & CO.,
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WITH GARAGE.
WALTON-STREET, FONT-STREET, S.W.—Tastefully FURNISHED and well-appointed HOUSE; six beds, three reception rooms, hall, &c., garden. Available mid-October for winter or year. Rent 12 guineas per week, to include garage. Bargain.—Sole Agents, ADAMS and WATTS, 28, Sloane-street, S.W.1. Sloane 6208 (three lines).

THREE OR SIX MONTHS.
WILTON-CRESCENT.—16gns. per week.—This very convenient rental will be accepted for a well FURNISHED HOUSE in this favourite position near Hyde Park Corner; nine bed, three bath, four reception rooms, and offices.—Agents,

CHESTERTON & SONS,
66, SLOANE-STREET, S.W.1.

CLOSE TO THE PARK.
Nine or 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms.
12 TO 14 GUINEAS A WEEK would be accepted for a particularly well-furnished and clean RESIDENCE in a favourite position, available at once for four to six months.—Sole Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.
£300 PER ANNUM. Rates £45. No premium.—NON-BASEMENT HOUSE, rebuilt in perfect taste; all modern conveniences; lounge hall, drawing room, three to four bed rooms, and up-to-date offices. FREEHOLD FOR SALE.
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Overlooking ornamental gardens. Entirely redecorated.
£288 PER ANNUM.—An attractive MODERN RESIDENCE to be SOLD at a price equal to this low rental. Six bed and dressing rooms, three reception rooms, and tiled offices; parquet floors, independent hot water, dinner lift, &c.—Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

GARAGES
By order of Executors.

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EXCELLENT GARAGE PREMISES, comprising double garage with two bed rooms, sitting room, kitchen, bath room, and box room. Lock-up garage in addition. Moderate rating for lease.—Sole Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James's-square, S.W.1.

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FEW FLATS ONLY REMAINING.
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ALBERT-GATE, KNIGHTSBRIDGE, S.W.—A most delightfully decorated and appointed FLAT in Mansion Block, immediately adjoining the Park; two large reception rooms, bath room, kitchen, and excellent offices; good lease (four years and four). Rent £526 per annum. Reasonable premium.—Especially recommended by Sole Agents, Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Hanover-st., Knightsbridge, S.W.1. Tel. Nos. Sloane 7141 (3 lines).

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A BEAUTIFUL FLAT, OVERLOOKING PARK. Two bed rooms, tiled bath room.
Handsome spacious reception room, square hall.
Central heating, constant hot water; parquet floors.
Fitted lavatory basins; lifts; telephone; piano.
Full and excellent service, valeting and cuisine.
Silver, linen, &c., provided.—Write Box W.1726, The Times, E.C.4, or 'phone Grosvenor 1874.

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A Charmingly FURNISHED FLAT; sitting, two bed rooms, &c.; 47s. first; restaurant in building; 21s. a week.—Ivy Hollenden House, Sloane 5090.

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ONLY £210 PER ANNUM INCLUSIVE, NO PREMIUM.
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UNFURNISHED.
SLOANE-STREET (off).—3 bed, 2 recep. £250 p.a.
CADOGAN-PLACE (by).—5 bed, 2 recep. £300 p.a.
EATON-SQUARE (by).—4 bed, 2 recep. £200 p.a.
No premiums.
FURNISHED.
KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—5 bed, 2 recep. 12-14gns. Bargain.
Do., 4 bed, 2 recep. 10gns. Bargain.
SLOANE-STREET.—4 bed, 2 recep. 8gns. Bargain.
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CHESHAM-PLACE.—SERVICE FLAT; large reception room, two good bed rooms, bath room, central heating; reasonable rent to include service.—Agents, BERRYMAN and Co., 181A, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 7345.

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WHITEHALL COURT, S.W.1.
Two large reception rooms, three good bed rooms, service room, bath room. Recently redecorated; perfectly appointed. Special circumstances render the Disposal of Lease necessary. No premium.—Apply Estate Office, Whitehall Court, S.W.1. Victoria 3160.
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£500. KENSINGTON (Near Gardens).—Choice Mansion Flat, with constant hot water and lift; lease and fittings, £500.—Agents, DRAKE and RUCK, 39, Alfred-place, South Kensington (opposite Station).

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SLOANE-STREET.—Beautifully FURNISHED FLAT in modern mansion building to be LET for few months; three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, kitchen; 10gns. per week.—Agents, MARLER and MARLER, 35, Sloane-street, S.W.1. Sloane 3234.

£150 PER ANNUM.
SOUTH KENSINGTON.—A very attractive SECOND-FLOOR MANSION FLAT, with three bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, and bath room; lift; tenant pays rates, about £50 per annum. Small sum for fixtures, &c.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

ONLY £325 PER ANNUM INCLUSIVE, NO PREMIUM.
SOUTH KENSINGTON.—A delightful newly decorated FLAT in favourite mansion building to be LET; three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, &c.; first-class service; passenger and service lifts; all modern conveniences; garage if required.—Sole Agents, ADAMS and WATTS, 28, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

A BARGAIN.
ST. JAMES'S.—Well FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT, comprising bed room and reception room, with parquet floors, excellent bath, to be Let until 15th December at 4gns. per week.—Apply J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD.—An exceptionally light and bright MANSION FLAT; five bed, bath, two reception rooms, &c. Rent £450 per annum.—Agents, ANSCOMBE and RINGLAND, 8, Wellington-road, St. John's Wood, N.W.8.

TO be LET, KNIGHTSBRIDGE; seven rooms; well FURNISHED; plate, linen; 42 guineas per month.—Apply Sloane 5458 or Croydon 1080.

UNFURNISHED FLAT to be LET, KNIGHTSBRIDGE; rent reduced £410; seven rooms, two w.c.s, bath room; fittings cheap.—Particulars from Sloane 5458 or Croydon 1080. View any time.

WESTMINSTER.—Excellent MANSION FLAT to be LET Unfurnished; four bed rooms, two reception, kitchen, and bath room. Rent only £350 per annum. No premium. Lift. Also one with three bed rooms, &c., £275. Moderate sum for fittings.—Apply CHAS. V. STEVENS and Co., 56, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Vic. 4808.

UNFURNISHED SERVICE FLAT.
Two large reception rooms, three good bed rooms, service room, bath room. Recently redecorated; perfectly appointed. Special circumstances render the Disposal of Lease necessary. No premium.—Apply Estate Office, Whitehall Court, S.W.1. Victoria 3160.
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A Rare opportunity to SECURE charmingly FURNISHED MANSION FLAT in WESTMINSTER; two reception, two bed rooms, kitchen, bath room; piano, telephone. Accept 5 gns. per week.—Recommended by Sole Agents, ROBINS, SNELL and TERRY, 125, Victoria-street, S.W.1. (Vic. 8881.)

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Commanding the most beautiful views in Town.
A Modern FLAT, with central heating, constant hot water, and passenger lift; two bed rooms, beautiful bath room, oak panelled drawing room, dining room, and kitchen. Parquetry flooring in principal rooms. Long lease at £324 per annum inclusive. Fittings, &c., £150. Mayfair 8022 (Extn. 1).
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In one of London's finest modern buildings.—A beautiful FLAT, high up and facing gardens, close to Hyde Park on the north side; four bed, two bath, two reception rooms, &c.; all the latest labour-saving devices; long lease at £650 per annum; reasonable premium.—Sole Agents, H. LIDDINGTON and Co., 87, Duke-street, Grosvenor-square. Mayfair 0737.

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6 GNS.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—Well-FURNISHED MANSION FLAT; two bed, bath, two reception, kitchen, constant hot water. Rent 7gns., any period.—GLAZIER and SONS, 49a, Knightsbridge. Sloane 2006.

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LEASE for SALE, KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—Beautifully FURNISHED seven-roomed FLAT; two years to run and furniture £1,255.—Sloane 5458 or Croydon 1080.

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MEWS FLAT, off Park-lane. Rent £175. Premium for lease, fixtures, fittings; two bed rooms, large sitting room, bath room, kitchenette, recently decorated throughout.—Write Box E.1993, The Times, E.C.4.

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MOST attractive well FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT in favourite building. The accommodation comprises drawing room with parquet floor, dining room and library, four bed rooms, bath room. Sixth floor. Passenger lift; constant hot water and excellent service. Rent 15gns. per week for immediate possession.—Recommended by the Agents,
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Occupying second and third floors; passenger lift; delightful rooms.
Four excellent bed rooms, two bath rooms, domed lounge, unusually spacious drawing room, dining room, modern kitchen, and offices.
Parquet floors; heating; constant hot water; liveried door service.
Rent £1,250, including rates, &c. No extra. Lease if required.
ELLIS and SONS,
31, Dover-street, Piccadilly, W.1.

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and beautiful outlook directly over Regent's Park are features in one of the best FLATS in a first-class modern building close to BAKER-STREET Stations. Two handsome reception rooms (oak floors). Six bed rooms, two bath rooms (one tiled). Pantry, kitchen, &c.; electric power.
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Furnished for any period.
High-class Restaurant. Cuisine specially catered for. Apply MANAGER, KENSINGTON PALACE MANSIONS, De Vere-gardens, London, W.8.
Telephone: Kensington 3875 (10 lines).

SLOANE-STREET.—Beautifully FURNISHED FLAT in modern mansion building to be LET for few months; three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, kitchen; 10gns. per week.—Agents, MARLER and MARLER, 35, Sloane-street, S.W.1. Sloane 3234.

£150 PER ANNUM.
SOUTH KENSINGTON.—A very attractive SECOND-FLOOR MANSION FLAT, with three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, kitchen, and bath room; lift; tenant pays rates, about £50 per annum. Small sum for fixtures, &c.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

ONLY £325 PER ANNUM INCLUSIVE, NO PREMIUM.
SOUTH KENSINGTON.—A delightful newly decorated FLAT in favourite mansion building to be LET; three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, &c.; first-class service; passenger and service lifts; all modern conveniences; garage if required.—Sole Agents, ADAMS and WATTS, 28, Sloane-street, S.W.1. Sloane 6208.

A BARGAIN.
ST. JAMES'S.—Well FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT, comprising bed room and reception room, with parquet floors, excellent bath, to be Let until 15th December at 4gns. per week.—Apply J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD.—An exceptionally light and bright MANSION FLAT; five bed, bath, two reception rooms, &c. Rent £450 per annum.—Agents, ANSCOMBE and RINGLAND, 8, Wellington-road, St. John's Wood, N.W.8.

TO be LET, KNIGHTSBRIDGE; seven rooms; well FURNISHED; plate, linen; 42 guineas per month.—Apply Sloane 5458 or Croydon 1080.

UNFURNISHED FLAT to be LET, KNIGHTSBRIDGE; rent reduced £410; seven rooms, two w.c.s, bath room; fittings cheap.—Particulars from Sloane 5458 or Croydon 1080. View any time.

WESTMINSTER.—Excellent MANSION FLAT to be LET Unfurnished; four bed rooms, two reception, kitchen, and bath room. Rent only £350 per annum. No premium. Lift. Also one with three bed rooms, &c., £275. Moderate sum for fittings.—Apply CHAS. V. STEVENS and Co., 56, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Vic. 4808.

UNFURNISHED SERVICE FLAT.
Two large reception rooms, three good bed rooms, service room, bath room. Recently redecorated; perfectly appointed. Special circumstances render the Disposal of Lease necessary. No premium.—Apply Estate Office, Whitehall Court, S.W.1. Victoria 3160.
WHITEHALL COURT, S.W.1.

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84 GUINEAS PER WEEK would be ACCEPTED for an excellent FLAT for six months; clean and well Furnished; modern conveniences.—Sole Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

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FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT; self-contained; bed room, bath room, large sitting room; quiet; West End; 4-5 guineas per week.—Write Box F.770, The Times, E.C.4.

HAMPSTEAD.—A FLAT near Swiss Cottage REQUIRED; three-four bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms; must be self-contained and really well FURNISHED; 6-8 guineas per week for six months.—MATCH and Co., Ltd., 14 and 15, College-crescent, Swiss Cottage, N.W.3. (Primrose 0111-2.)

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CLAPHAM PARK.—An artistic semi-detached FREEHOLD VILLA; three bedrooms, bath (hot and cold), three reception rooms; charming winter garden; kitchen and offices; large and well stocked garden; tennis.—For full particulars, and order to view apply HERRING, SON and DAW, 312, Brixton-hill, S.W.2. Tel., Streatham 0130.

TO BE LET.
DETACHED DOUBLE-FRONTED TWO-FLOOR RESIDENCE WITH GARAGE for two cars; 25 minutes Victoria, one minute Kew Gardens Station and Royal Gardens; five bed rooms, dressing room, three reception, complete offices; perfect order; walled-in garden; £200 per annum on Lease.—Full details of Sole Agents, Messrs. BREADMORE and WEBB, Ltd., Railway Station, Kew Gardens. 'Phone, Richmond 1258.

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NORTHWOOD, GATE END.
"GAIRNSIDE."—Detached MODERN RESIDENCE; four bed, bath room, two reception rooms, cloak room; excellent garden. By AUCTION on 23rd October, 1930 (unless previously sold). Solicitors, Slumman and Slumman, 1, Threadneedle-street, E.C.2. Auctioneers, STIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE, Northwood. Tele. 210.

HEALTHY HARROW. LOCAL AGENTS CLARKE and Co., adjoining Met. Station. Tele. 0219.

STREATHAM COMMON (facing).—Detached Non-basement, two floors; five beds, bath, two reception rooms, lounge; electric. £2,400.—Apply J. S. DAW, 312, Brixton-hill, S.W.2. 'Phone, Streatham 0130.

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Owns eminence. Fine views. Sunny aspect. Close to Camden and Sundridge Parks.
TO BE LET OR SOLD,
WELL BUILT and attractive RESIDENCE, long drive approach; hall, three good reception rooms, nine bed and dressing rooms, tile room, &c.
Company's electric light, gas and water.
Partial central heating. Main drainage.
Brick-built GARAGE about 200ft. by 15ft.
EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE GROUNDS shaded by fine old trees, tennis lawn, kitchen garden, flower garden, &c., in all nearly 1¼ ACRE; few minutes of station and golf.
RENT £300 P.A. PRICE £4,000.
Inspected and recommended by
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WIMBLEDON.—Exquisite position, facing ornamental gardens; double-fronted; four bed, bath, two reception, &c. Nice garden. £1,950.—Key FRANK N. BATEMAN, Ltd., 6, Broadway, 'Phone, 2800-1.

£200 PER ANNUM, NEW BARNET.—Five minutes from station; best part; high up. Detached red brick RESIDENCE in excellent order, and containing seven bed rooms, double drawing room, with parquet floor, dining room, hall, cloak room, kitchen, offices, electric light and power, radiators, telephone; detached brick and tile garage; fully stocked garden; about ½ acre. Lease, about seven years, would be sold, £3,250).—Recommended by the Agents, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

FURNISHED SUBURBAN HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

UNDER 25 MINUTES FROM TOWN.
PURLEY.
TO BE LET FURNISHED
FOR ABOUT A YEAR, a very comfortable MODERN HOUSE, containing large hall, three reception, eight bed and dressing rooms, large bath room, tiled bath, kitchen, and usual offices. Electric light and gas. Telephone. Very charming gardens of 1½ Acre, with full-size tennis court, and kitchen garden. Garage for large car. Hard tennis and hockey grounds. Moderate rent from good tenant.—Recommended by HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.44105.)

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

EASTBOURNE HOUSES.
KILLICK and DAVIES, *The Local Agents,*
THE PARK CLOSE.
EASTBOURNE. Central and best residential district.—Modern detached oak-timbered FREEHOLD HOUSE of XVth Century design; unique surroundings; two reception, four-five bed rooms, tiled bath room, kitchen, &c.; minimum enablement and modern conveniences; vacant possession.—Owner's Agents, Messrs. KILLICK and DAVIES, 95, Terminus-road, Eastbourne.

KENT.
One mile of station. 48 miles from Town.
A Charming old MOATED MANOR HOUSE; perfect repair; oak-beamed throughout; surrounded by wealth of fine oak timber in 23½ Acres rich pasture and woods; three reception, eight bed-dressing, two bath rooms, stiled dairy, kitchen, offices; own water, also electric light, heating; large garage, stabling; tennis court; byres and tithe barn, all recently restored. A sunny home in pretty peaceful spot, immediately possessed.—Mobbs gate price, or Let Furnished to approved tenant.—Phone Owner, Biddenden 12.

ANDOVER and NEWBURY (between), high up, due South, glorious views.—Attractive half-timbered RESIDENCE; three reception, eight bed and dressing rooms; electric light; central heating; outbuildings, garage, lodge, cottage; delightful grounds, hard tennis court; paddock; in all about 8 Acres; possession mid-October.—THEODOSIUS and PICKERSGILL, Newbury.

BATH, three miles South, quiet and secluded position, 450ft. above sea level and faces South.—GEORGIAN HOUSE, two floors only; four reception, 10 bed rooms; company's electric light and gas; entrance lodge and cottage; 10 acres. For SALE FREEHOLD.—Colonel Broughton, The Hall, South Stoke, Bath.

BEACONSFIELD. A. C. FROST.
Opposite Station. Householder free. 'Phone 600.

BOURNEMOUTH (Canford Cliffs).—Double-fronted Pre-War RESIDENCE; lounge hall, two reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c.; all services; garage; about quarter-acre; close to sea, shops, and golf links. AUCTION SALE 21st October.—Illustrated particulars of JOLLIFFE, FLINT and CROSS, Yelverton-road, Bournemouth.

BOURNEMOUTH.—For SALE, attractive detached RESIDENCE in Talbot Woods; every convenience; near links; three reception rooms, six bed rooms, two bath rooms, garage. Price and full particulars from REBBECK BROS., The Square, Bournemouth.

BUCKS (in unspoilt village only 40 minutes Waterloo).—Pre-War FREEHOLD HOUSE, with two reception, bath, and four bed rooms; electric light, gas, main water; large old-world garden, including tennis lawn; garage. £1,850.—OWNER (Privately, or by Auction October 14th.—Particulars of Sole Agents, GIDDYS, Windsor.

CHESHAM, BUCKS (near), on high ground.—BUNGALOW of seven rooms, bath room, &c.; garage; for SALE; low figure.—Apply PARKHOUSE and PEARSON, 150, Edgware-road, W.2. 'Phone, Amb. 1500.

CROWBOROUGH (two miles).—Unique small MODERN RESIDENCE; two reception, five bed, bath room, usual offices; garage; hard tennis court, ¼ acre garden. FREEHOLD PRICE £2,500.—CARTWRIGHTS, 38, New-road, Brighton.

BERKS AND HANTS BORDERS.
DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE; three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, bath room, two w.c.s, offices, servants' hall; all modern conveniences; garage, stabling; delightful grounds.
TAKE and PAGINTON, Land Agents, Newbury.
£3,000. 2½ ACRES.

OXSHOTT PINEWOODS.
FREEHOLD HOUSE.—Beautifully designed; four bed rooms, two reception, hall, clean staircase, usual domestic offices; garage; central heating, electric light, and power plugs throughout; ornamental garden.
PRICE £2,450.
PALSER and SON, 60, South Audley-street, W.1.

HERTS.—A few minutes from Royston Station, King's Cross, 30 minutes; unspoilt, white-brick detached RESIDENCE with a perfect outlook; lounge hall, three reception, and six bed rooms, nursery; tennis lawn; standing secluded grounds. £1,600.—Ref. No. 1,404, NASH, SON and ROWLEY, Estate Agents.

IN an orchard garden, amidst meadows and farms. Quiet little COTTAGE, with electric light, constant hot water; dining room (22ft.), lounge, three bed, bath; garage; lawn, fish pond, kitchen garden, space tennis. £1,600.
GOODMAN and MANN, Hampton Court Station.

GREAT BARGAIN. £2,800.
NORFOLK & CAMBS. BORDERS.
Amidst delightful rural scenery, convenient to village, only about nine miles Welbeck, 14 miles King's Lynn, and about 21 miles Sandringham.
CHARMING OLD-FASHIONED RESIDENCE; hall, three reception, eight bed and dressing rooms, bath room.
Electric light and modern conveniences; garage.
WELL-ESTABLISHED PLEASURE GARDENS with tennis lawn, kitchen garden, fruit trees, paddock, in all about EIGHT ACRES.
Fishing and shooting over about 1,000 acres.
HARRODS, Ltd., 63-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

NEWTON, DEVON (near Westward Ho! and Bideford).—For SALE, an old-fashioned COUNTRY HOUSE; three reception rooms, seven to six bed rooms, two bath rooms; garage; delightful old gardens; pulling and netting one mile. Low price.—Agents, HARDING and HARDING, Winchester.

QUANT OLD MANOR HOUSE, near Town, amidst delightful country surroundings; modernised with every labour-saving device; central heating, electric light, dual hot-water system, hand basins to bed rooms; latest bath room, 26ft. lounge, beer dining room, smoke room, study, 4 bed and dressing rooms, maid's room and bath room; garage, stabling, cottage; 2 acres. Owner, illustrated particulars of JOLLIFFE, FLINT and CROSS, Yelverton-road, Bournemouth.

TO BE LET UNFURNISHED,
FLEET.—Well FURNISHED labour-saving HOUSE; three living rooms, five bed rooms, two bath rooms; main services; garage; delightful garden; rental available for 12 months.
ON THE SLOPE OF THE CHILTERNS.
WELL-APPOINTED HOUSE in a beautiful position; five bed rooms with running water, studio, two living rooms; electric light; garage; terraced grounds; hard tennis court; five Acres; to be LET for winter; inspected.
NEAR GODALMING.—In charming country; three living rooms, large studio, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms; garage; electric light. Very reasonable rent.—For full particulars apply J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148.

KENT. NORTH DOWNS.
Healthy position, over 500ft. above sea level. Lovely views.
TO BE LET FURNISHED.
A Charming 15yrs.CENTURY RESIDENCE, with a wealth of oak beams, and other characteristics. Three reception, seven bed and dressing, two bath rooms.
Electric light, central heating, modern drainage; plentiful water supply; telephone.
GARAGE, STABLING, cart-buildings.
OLD-WORLD PLEASURE GARDENS, tennis and other lawns, kitchen garden, orchard, and paddock, in all about
SEVEN ACRES, OR 150 ACRES IF REQUIRED.
Very reasonable rental for winter months or longer.
HARRODS, Ltd., 63-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

CENTRAL HEATING IN EVERY ROOM.
On high ground.
BEST PART OF BUCKS.
28 minutes from Paddington.
Newly decorated; comfortable, and well-equipped house; 10 bed, four bath, three reception; hard tennis court; two garages. Golf and hunting.
FURNISHED FOR THE WINTER.
Servants, plate and linen if desired.
Highly recommended by Owner's Agents, RALPH, PAY and TAYLOR, 3, Mount-street, W.1. Grosvenor 1022.

BEXHILL & COODEN AGENTS.
GORDON GREEN & WEBBER, 3, Sea-road. Tele. 410.
BEXHILL-on-SEA.—ST. ANTHONY'S SEDGWICK-ROAD.—To be LET FURNISHED; five bed, bath, two reception rooms, kitchen; electric light, fires; 2½gns.
DEVON.—Ideal winter home.—Well FURNISHED VILLA, near sea front; every convenience; sheltered garden; garage; three reception, four beds. Low rent. Owner gone abroad.—NORRISH, House Agents, Paignton.
EASTBOURNE, Meads, high ground, detached, well FURNISHED; two reception, four bed, bath; garden; maid could remain. Available 5, 12, or 16 months; 4gns. weekly.—Apply EDGAR HORN, Cornfield-road, Eastbourne.
FURNISHED COTTAGE near CHICHESTER; four bed rooms, bath room; fitted cupb.; modern s

HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN,

SHOP AND BUSINESS PROPERTY AUCTIONEERS, LONDON AND MANCHESTER.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT. BY ORDER OF THE LIQUIDATOR.

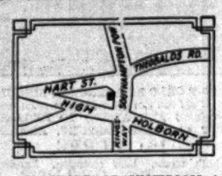
Messrs. HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN are instructed to Offer to AUCTION, on Nov. 20th

THE VALUABLE 50 YEARS' LEASE OF

17-23, SOUTHAMPTON-ROW, W.C.

ONLY 60 YARDS FROM HIGH HOLBORN.

MODERN BUILDING OF ABOUT 88ft. FRONTAGE, 90ft. DEPTH, AND 33,230 sq. ft. CARPET AREA.



FIVE MAGNIFICENT UPPER FLOORS. IMPOSING GROUND FLOOR AND LOWER GROUND FLOOR

IDEAL CENTRAL LONDON STORE, OR SHOWROOM & OFFICE BUILDING.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Stafford, Clark and Co., 1, Bush-lane, E.C.4.

CROYDON

Nos. 17 & 19, LONDON-ROAD,

TWO FREEHOLD SHOPS,

On the better side of the road near its junction with North End and in the same block as J. Sainsbury, Ltd., Maypole Dairy, &c., having FRONTAGES OF 16ft., DEPTHS OF 64ft. and each with upper part of two good floors, basement and rear entrance.

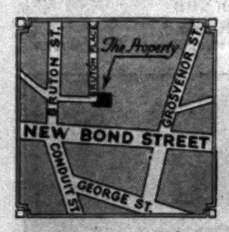
For Sale in 1 or 2 Lots, with

VACANT POSSESSION

on completion, affording ideal premises FOR TRADING OR INVESTMENT,

by Auction, at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, on October 23rd next.

Solicitor: W. W. Jackson, Esq., 56, High-street, Croydon.



14-16, BRUTON-PLACE, W.

Only a few yards from New Bond-street.

WELL-LIGHTED BUSINESS PREMISES OF 12,700 SQ. FT. FLOOR SPACE.

In ideal proximity to main thoroughfares.

FREEHOLD. WITH POSSESSION.

By Auction at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, on Oct. 23rd next.

Solicitors: Messrs. Leighton and Savory, 61, Carey-street, W.

EDGWARE

FREEHOLD SHOP PREMISES

11, PREMIER-PARADE.

Situate in the best trading position WITH MULTIPLE COMPANIES ADJOINING

Comprising large well-lighted shop, with two upper floors, yard and rear entrance.

FRONTAGE 24ft. TOTAL DEPTH 90ft. WITH VACANT POSSESSION.

By Auction, at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, on Oct. 23rd next.

Solicitors: Messrs. Steadman, Van Praagh and Gaylor, 4, Old Burlington-street, W.1.

BY PRIVATE TREATY.

QUEEN-STREET, E.C.,

just off, in the CITY FUR & SKINS AREA.

Freehold building close to the Hudson Bay Co., Ltd.

RECENTLY RECONSTRUCTED & FITTED FOR THE TRADE.

Lift. Central heating, &c.

FLOOR SPACE 3,300 SQ. FT.

FOR SALE OR MIGHT BE LET.

ORCHARD HOUSE

New Building close to the Selfridge and Gamage Stores.

ON THE CORNER OF OXFORD-STREET AND ORCHARD-STREET, W.

TWO MAGNIFICENT FLOORS TO BE LET,

together or separately.

FIRST FLOOR OF 12,000 SQ. FT.

SECOND FLOOR OF 13,300 SQ. FT.

BOTH ARE IN CLEAR SPACE AND CAN EASILY BE DIVIDED.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL LIGHTED. LIFTS. CENTRAL HEATING.

Plans and particulars from the Sole Agents below.

BY PRIVATE TREATY.

FLEET-STREET

INVESTMENT.

SUBSTANTIAL MODERN BUILDING.

Comprising shop, basement, and four upper floors. Lift, central heating, &c.

FULLY LET ON 7, 14, 21 YEARS' REPAIRING LEASES.

Existing mortgage available.

Held for 94½ years unexpired from the Cordwainers' Company.

Will be Sold to YIELD OVER 9 PER CENT.

Full particulars of the above may be had from Messrs. HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN, at their OFFICES: 27, MADDOX-STREET, LONDON, W.1, and at 44, BRAZENNOSE-STREET, MANCHESTER.

Mayfair 6710 (12 lines). Manchester Central 0794.

GORDON PRIOR & GOODWIN

GERRARD 3018.

CHARTERED SURVEYORS, AUCTIONEERS, LAND & ESTATE AGENTS,

27-28, PALL MALL, LONDON, S.W.1.

GORDON S. PRIOR, F.A.I., F.A.S.I.

F. ROGERS GOODWIN, M.A. (Oxon.) F.A.S.I.

By Order of the Trustees of Colonel B. G. Davie, decd.

THE SNITTERTON HALL ESTATE, DERBYSHIRE.

Matlock two miles. Within easy reach of Derby, Sheffield and Manchester. Surrounded by some of the most lovely scenery in England. Good social and sporting amenities.

THE SMALL ELIZABETHAN MANOR HOUSE, of great antiquarian interest, possessing one of the most perfectly preserved unspoilt stone facades in existence. Hall, cloak room, three good reception, nine bed and two dressing rooms, tiled bath room.

ORIGINAL OAK PANELLING. STONE CHIMNEYPIECES.

Main Electric Light and Water. Central Heating. Garage. Stabling. Three farms. Two cottages.

Lovely but inexpensive old-world walled gardens, pasture and woodland, in all

427 ACRES (or less).

FOR SALE. INSPECTED and RECOMMENDED by SOLE AGENTS: GORDON PRIOR and GOODWIN, 27-28, PALL MALL, S.W.1.

BLACKMORE VALE & CATTISTOCK COUNTRY.

FOR SALE.—AN ATTRACTIVE RESIDENTIAL AND SPORTING ESTATE SIX MILES SOUTH-EAST OF SHERBORNE.

THE FINE OLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE stands in the centre of an undulating Park. The rooms are well proportioned and cheerful; thousands have recently been expended upon modernization and only a relatively small staff is required. The accommodation, mainly on two floors, includes lounge hall, five reception rooms, 15 bed rooms, five bath rooms, box rooms, up-to-date offices, lavatory basins in principal bed rooms.

ELECTRIC LIGHT. CENTRAL HEATING. CONSTANT HOT WATER.

LODGE, SEVEN COTTAGES, FOUR DAIRY HOLDINGS, VALUABLE WOODLANDS.

700 ACRES. SUBSTANTIAL RENT-ROLL.

Inspected and recommended by Agents: GORDON PRIOR and GOODWIN, 27-28, PALL MALL, S.W.1.

By Order of the Mortgagees.

KESTON, KENT.

Within 2¼ miles of Hayes Village and Station, four miles from Bromley and 14 miles from London. Frequent services of motor omnibuses to all parts. The Downs Golf Course immediately adjoins.

THE FREEHOLD AGRICULTURAL AND BUILDING PROPERTY comprising

THE LEAVES GREEN ESTATE,

including

OLD HOUSE FARM, an EARLY GEORGIAN red-brick Farmhouse, fine range of farm-buildings, three COTTAGES,

452 ACRES.

RIPE FOR IMMEDIATE DEVELOPMENT.

5,500FT. ROAD FRONTAGE.

MAIN WATER and GAS available. The Ravensbourne Sewer intersects the Estate.

VACANT POSSESSION

can be obtained of any portions required for building, road-making, or for any non-agricultural purpose.

For SALE by AUCTION locally on 27th Nov. (unless previously sold privately).

Solicitors: Messrs. W. J. and J. G. Taylor, Cardigan Lodge, High-street, Newmarket.

JOINT AUCTIONEERS:—

BAXTER, PAYNE and LEPPER, OPPOSITE G.P.O., BROMLEY, KENT;

GORDON PRIOR and GOODWIN, 27-28, PALL MALL, S.W.1.

SOUTH DEVON.

"ALSTON," PLYMPTON, four miles from PLYMOUTH. An OLD-WORLD RESIDENCE, planned on two floors, containing square hall with wing staircase, four reception rooms, nine bed rooms, bath room; all main services; garage, stabling; well-timbered grounds of 14 ACRES, with "EN-TOUT-CAS" TENNIS COURT.

For SALE by AUCTION on October 30th locally (unless previously sold privately).

JOINT AUCTIONEERS:—

VINER, CAREW and CO., PRUDENTIAL BUILDINGS, PLYMOUTH;

GORDON PRIOR and GOODWIN, 27-28, PALL MALL, S.W.1.

FAVOURITE PART OF HAMPSTEAD.

A FINELY APPOINTED DETACHED RESIDENCE IN PERFECT ORDER. *Planned on two floors and containing charming hall, cloak room, three reception, eight bed rooms, two dressing rooms, fitted basins (hot and cold), servants' hall.*

GARAGE FOR TWO CARS.

CHARMINGLY LAID-OUT COUNTRIFIED GARDENS OF HALF AN ACRE.

11,000 GUINEAS FREEHOLD.

MIGHT BE LET ON LEASE.—Inspected and recommended by Sole Agents, GORDON PRIOR and GOODWIN, 27-28, PALL MALL, S.W.1.

TWO MILES EAST OF CHICHESTER.

AN ATTRACTIVE EARLY GEORGIAN RESIDENCE of toned red brick and tile, in perfect order, and containing: *Charming hall with period staircase, three reception, nine bed rooms, dressing room, two bath rooms, servants' hall. Electric Light. Central Heating. Main Water and Gas.*

COTTAGE, GARAGES, STABLING. FINE OLD GROUNDS AND PASTURE.

£4,000 FREEHOLD. EIGHT ACRES (or less).

Inspected and recommended by Sole Agents, GORDON PRIOR and GOODWIN, 27-28, PALL MALL, S.W.1.

GEORGE TROLLOPE & SONS.

(ESTABLISHED 1778.)

BROOMFIELD PARK, SUNNINGDALE.

500 Yards from Station. Close to Sunningdale Golf Course.

ARCHITECT-PLANNED HOUSES OF CHARACTER,

WITH CONVENIENT-SIZED ROOMS AND VERY PLEASING ELEVATIONS, ARE BEING BUILT ON THIS DELIGHTFULLY LAID-OUT AND WELL-WOODED ESTATE.

Four bed rooms (three with hot and cold basins), lang. lounge, dining room, cloak room, model domestic offices.

Oak flooring in Hall and Lounge. All Modern Conveniences.

HIGH-CLASS WORKMANSHIP AND FINISH. DECORATIONS TO PURCHASER'S CHOICE.

PRICES from £1,500 to £2,000 FREEHOLD.

Inspection invited. Full details from Sole Agents:—

ALEXANDER KING & GOULD, 57, Cadogan-street, London, W.1. Gerrard 6408 and 9.

GEORGE TROLLOPE & SONS, 25, Mount-street, London, W.1. Grosvenor 1553.

SUSSEX—MIDHURST DISTRICT.

IN THIS MUCH-SOUGHT-AFTER NEIGHBOURHOOD,

WITH CHARMING VIEWS OF SOUTH DOWNS.

A PICTURESQUE WELL-BUILT RESIDENCE, about 200 years old, but with modern conveniences. Approached by long drive and containing:

Ten bed, two baths, three reception, good offices; stabling; garages; cow house; lodge.

UNDULATING GROUNDS with lawns and woodland walks, walled kitchen garden, and three enclosures of grassland, in all

TWELVE ACRES.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD.

Inspected and recommended by GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1. (C.2038.)

BETWEEN LONDON AND GUILDFORD.

AN IDEAL SITUATION IN LOVELY COUNTRY ONLY 35 MINUTES OF TOWN.

GEORGIAN RESIDENCE.

Perfectly appointed and easily run. Surrounded by fine old beech trees.

Ten bed, four bath, three reception, and billiard room.

Electric light. Central heating.

Stabling Garage.

BEAUTIFUL OLD-WORLD GARDENS, paddock, &c.

SEVEN ACRES.

FREEHOLD.

Orders to view of GEO. TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1, or at their other offices. (C.1275.)

NICHOLAS (CONTINUED).

EARLY SALE DESIRED.

BERKS, AMIDST DELIGHTFUL UNSPOILT COUNTRY.

HOUSE DESIGNED BY WELL-KNOWN ARCHITECT. GARDENS LAID OUT BY A CELEBRATED LANDSCAPE GARDENER. 300ft. ABOVE SEA LEVEL.

THIS BEAUTIFUL HOUSE WAS THE SUBJECT OF AN ARTICLE IN A WELL-KNOWN JOURNAL, and contains Lounge, three Reception Rooms, a fine billiard Room (two of the Rooms panelled), 12 Bed and Dressing Rooms.

GRANDLY TIMBERED GROUNDS, SPLENDID COTTAGES, STABLING, and FARMERY.

THE WHOLE 28 ACRES.

Sole Agents, Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, STATION-ROAD, READING.

A BERKS QUEEN ANNE HOUSE.

THE BEST PROPOSITION IN THE COUNTY.

£3,650.

8½ ACRES OF GRASS.

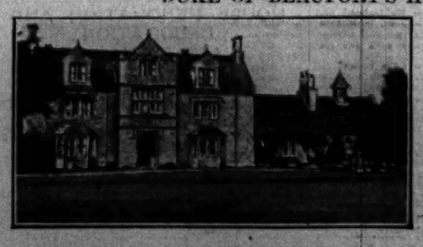
IN BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY.

ACCOMMODATION:—Three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, dressing room, two bath rooms. Electric Light. Main Drains. Main Water.

OLD GARDENS WITH WALLED KITCHEN GARDEN.

Full details of the SOLE AGENTS, Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, STATION-ROAD, READING.

DUKE OF BEAUFORT'S HUNT.



480 ACRES

UNDER £30 AN ACRE

SOUND PASTURE.

GOOD STUD FARM.

GENTLEMAN'S OLD HOUSE 8 bedrooms.

4 Cottages. Good Buildings. Just inspected by

MESSRS. NICHOLAS 1, STATION ROAD, READING.

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London."

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

GENUINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE DISCRIMINATING BUYER.

ON THE SURREY HILLS, 500 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL, COMMANDING DELIGHTFUL, EXTENSIVE, UNINTERRUPTED VIEWS.

"UPLANDS," KENLEY.

30 minutes from Town. Secluded Position.

EASILY WORKED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE in faultless order.

Lounge hall, cloak room, three reception, billiard room, loggia, eight bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices; electric light, independent hot water supply; fine garage.

Delightful inexpensive garden, full-size tennis lawn, herbaceous borders, two kitchen gardens, orchard, and copse, about

2 ACRES.

For SALE by Private Treaty at a nominal figure. If unsold, Auction October 21st next.

Auctioneers: HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

AN INCOMPARABLE GEM.

In the greatly sought-after district of Oxted.

A PERFECT HOME FOR THE CITY MAN, OR FOR QUIET RETIREMENT.

Secluded and not overlooked, but commanding fine South views.

INEXPENSIVE TO RUN, AND THE LAND IS VERY PRODUCTIVE.

Within 50 minutes by motor and 40 minutes by train from City and West End.

CLOSE TO TANDRIDGE GOLF COURSE.

"STOCKETT'S FARM," OXTED.

Beautiful old vine-clad XIVth CENTURY MANOR HOUSE. Mentioned in the History of Surrey, with exceptional quantity of old oak open fireplaces, mellow stone mullioned windows with original glazing. The rooms are lofty. The house is absolutely unspoilt, but is completely equipped with all modern conveniences and comforts. Hall, three reception rooms, 10 bed rooms, four bath rooms, servants' hall, excellent offices. Special features are two converted Oast Houses and Ball Room (45 by 23 feet), with massive beams and gallery, and old oak floor sprung for dancing.

Garage for three, stabling; three capital cottages (baths), with good gardens; electric light; Company's water; central heating; telephone; independent hot water system; modern drainage.

THIS PROPERTY IS UNIQUE

and must be seen to be appreciated. It is absolutely unspoilt and secluded, and yet is within easy reach of Town.

DELIGHTFUL OLD-FASHIONED KITCHEN AND FLOWER GARDENS, orchard and meadows, full of snowdrops and daffodils. Tennis court, kitchen garden, fine fish pond with water lilies.

IN ALL ABOUT 93½ ACRES.

PRICE FAR BELOW COST; EARLY SALE DESIRED.

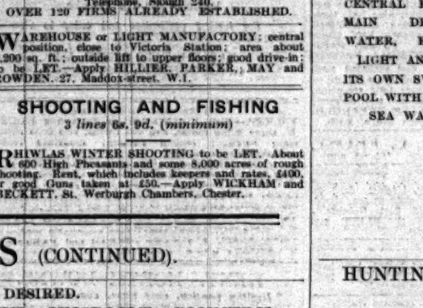
READY FOR OCCUPATION WITHOUT EXPENSE.

Inspected and strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

A RARE PROPERTY.

BEAUTIFUL SOUTH DOWNS COUNTRY,

Only five miles from Coast. Magnificent views.



For Sale at a Market Price.

Charming FREEHOLD CHARACTER RESIDENCE, replete with up-to-date conveniences and in first-rate order throughout; three reception rooms, nine bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms; central heating, co.'s water, electric light and gas; independent hot water; telephone; garage, stabling, cottage.

CHOICE PLEASURE GROUNDS, beautifully timbered, and including tennis lawn, well-stocked kitchen garden, several fine specimen trees, together with undulating parkland, in all about

10 ACRES

Good sporting facilities. Recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

About 1,000 Acres of Shooting. About three-quarters of a Mile of Trout Fishing.

AMONG THE MOUNTAINS OF

MID SOUTH WALES.

In a purely residential and agricultural district on the outskirts of an old town.

Old-fashioned, medium-sized COUNTRY RESIDENCE; lounge hall, four reception, 10 bed rooms, bath room, usual offices; stabling, two garages, outbuildings, chauffeur's quarters, lodge, and cottage; gravitation water, central heating, constant hot water, modern drainage; matured gardens and grounds, tennis lawn, walled kitchen garden, coppice, shrubbery of rhododendrons, in all about

SEVEN ACRES.

PRICE ONLY 3,000 GUINEAS.

If wanted, Parkland and a Home Farm adjoining of about 136 acres, making a total in all of about 280 acres, can be purchased.

Inspected and recommended by the Owner's Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

Delightful position amid enchanting grounds.

"BRYMPTON," DORKING,

Surrey. 300ft. up. Sand and Gravel soil. Open Views, Sunny Aspect.

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE

in splendid order, ready to walk into. Close to R.C. Church.

Lounge hall, four reception, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, good offices.

Co.'s electric light, gas and water. Main drains. Central heating throughout.

Garage two or three cars, outbuildings.

Delightful undulated grounds with tennis lawn, in all

ABOUT 2½ ACRES.

N.B.—Additional land and two cottages can also be acquired.

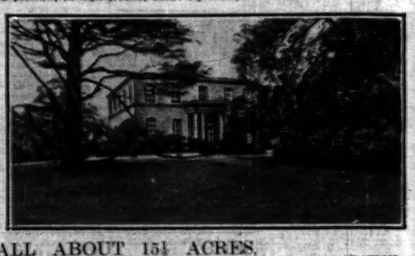
For Sale privately if unsold Auction October 28th next.

Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

IDEAL AS A PRIVATE RESIDENCE, HOTEL, CLUB, SCHOOL, OR INSTITUTION. AT A LOW RESERVE TO ENSURE A SALE.

"PENWORTHAM HALL," NEAR PRESTON, LANCS.

Delightful secluded position, on high ground, about 1½ mile from Preston.



Dignified FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, surrounded by beautifully timbered grounds, approached by long drives, and contains halls, three fine reception rooms, billiard room, 11 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices; central heating; telephone; co.'s gas and water; main drainage; garages; stabling; conservatory and outhouses; three cottages; two tennis lawns, hard tennis court; productive walled kitchen gardens, orchard, flower and rose garden, plantations and pasture.

IN ALL ABOUT 15½ ACRES,

with valuable road frontages. Extra land if required. For SALE Privately. If unsold, AUCTION October 29th, at Preston. Solicitors:—Messrs. Cunliffe, Greg and Co., 56, Brown-street, Manchester. Land Agents:—Messrs. J. W. Fair and Rea, 8, Winckley-street, Preston. Auctioneers:—Messrs. HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1; and Messrs. KENDAL, MILNE and Co., Deansgate, Manchester.

CUFFLEY.

10 minutes from the station. High up. Glorious views.

CHARMING MODERN RESIDENCE, containing hall, two good reception rooms, five bed rooms, one dressing room, bath room, complete offices.

Co.'s water. Gas. Electric light available. Good garage.

Charming garden with tennis court, fruit trees, &c., in all

HALF AN ACRE.

PRICE ONLY £1,600.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

MUST BE SOLD. PRICE GREATLY REDUCED.

NEAR BATH. SPA.

Beautiful situation, on high ground, about 25 minutes' from the City, with open views.

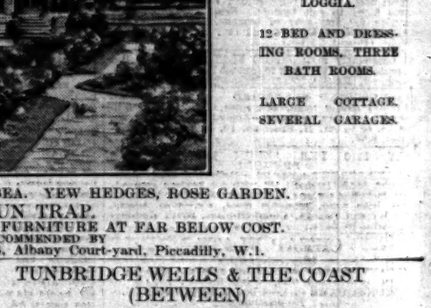
COMPACT MODERN RESIDENCE built of Bath stone and luxuriously fitted. Hall and cloak room, three good reception, billiard room, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, ample offices; oak panelling; parquet flooring; running water in five bed rooms; central heating, electric light, telephone; company's water, main drainage; rose garden, tennis court, fruit and vegetable garden, in all about ONE ACRE.

£3,500 FREEHOLD, including specified fittings. HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

AN IDEAL MODERN HOME.

OXSHOTT & COBHAM.

Retired situation; sandy soil. First-rate social and sporting district. Thirty minutes Town. Unspoilt surroundings.



Oak-panelled lounge hall, three reception, billiard room (24ft. square), 11 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices.

Two garages, chauffeur's cottage, useful outbuildings.

Automatic central-heating; electric light; modern drainage, telephone, &c.

PLEASURE GROUNDS of GREAT BEAUTY, studded with choice shrubs and trees, affording ever-changing colour, hard and grass tennis courts, garden lawn, herbaceous borders, sunk rose garden, lily pond, yew hedges, prolific kitchen garden, orchard, &c., in all about NINE ACRES.

FOR SALE, FREEHOLD,

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1. and West Byfleet.

WORTHING.

About 200 yards from the sea.

MODERN Pre-War HOUSE

of excellent construction, in a quiet road, within easy reach of the station and sea.

The accommodation, on two floors, comprises lounge hall, three reception, seven bed rooms, bath room, good offices, with servants' sitting room; easily run with small staff; large brick-built garage.

Co.'s water, electric light and gas, main drainage, telephone.

Secluded grounds, with good tennis lawn, in all

ABOUT ONE ACRE.

FREEHOLD £5,000.

Inspected and recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BEST BARGAIN IN SURREY.

HASLEMERE DISTRICT.

About 600 feet above sea level. Perfectly retired. Commanding glorious views.

ATTRACTIVE AND ARTISTIC RESIDENCE, erected by the Owner for own occupation.

Two reception rooms, gentlemen's lavatory, sun parlour, four bed rooms, bath room.

Company's water, electric light, main drainage, telephone.

GARAGE FOR TWO CARS.

Unusually pretty gardens and grounds, kitchen garden, orchard, woodland and paddock, in all

ABOUT 1¼ ACRE.

Hunting, golf, and social clubs.

Inspected and strongly recommended by the Owner's Joint Sole Agents, Messrs. BRIDGER and SONS, Haslemere, and Messrs. HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FACTORIES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

FREEHOLD WHARF on the THAMES FOR SALE by PRIVATE TREATY. Situate between London and Westminster Bridges; three good barge berths.—For full particulars (to principals only) write Owner, Box R.1534, The Times, E.C.4.

WHY PURCHASE?

NEWLY ERECTED FACTORIES TO BE

LET ON LEASE

(within 25 minutes of London). 2,000 to 32,000 square feet.

SLOUGH ESTATES LTD., TRADING ESTATE, SLOUGH. Telephone, Slough 240.

OVER 120 FIRMS ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

WAREHOUSE or LIGHT MANUFACTORY; central position, close to Victoria Station; area about 8,200 sq. ft.; outside lift to upper floors; good drive-in; to be LET.—Apply HILLIER, PARKER, MAY and ROWDEN, 27, Maddox-street, W.1.

SHOOTING AND FISHING

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

RHIWLAS WINTER SHOOTING to be LET. About 600 High Pheasants and some 8,000 acres of rough shooting. Rent, which includes keepers and rates, £400, or good Guns taken at £50.—Apply WICKHAM and BECKETT, St. Werburgh Chambers, Chester.

1, STATION ROAD, READING. 'Phone, Reading 1841.

NICHOLAS,

4, ALBANY COURT YARD, PICCADILLY, LONDON, W.1. 'Phone, Regent 0293 & 3377.

LOVELIEST HOUSE ON THE SEASHORE.

FACING THE NEEDLES. NEAR NEW FOREST. 12 MILES SOUTHAMPTON.

OAK PANELLED ROOMS. PERFECT ORDER. READY TO STEP INTO.

THE HOUSE IS PERFECTLY APPOINTED THROUGHOUT.

IT HAS COMPLETE CENTRAL HEATING, MAIN DRAINAGE, WATER, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND GAS, ITS OWN SWIMMING POOL WITH HEATED SEA WATER.

LOFTY HALL (36FT. BY 18FT.), THREE RECEPTION ROOMS, FINE BILLIARD ROOM (ALL OAK PANELLED), LOGGIA.

12 BED AND DRESSING ROOMS, THREE BATH ROOMS.

LARGE COTTAGE. SEVERAL GARAGES.

5½ ACRES OF LOVELY GROUNDS FRONTING ON SEA. YEW HEDGES, ROSE GARDEN.

WHOLE PLACE A SUN TRAP.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD WITH OR EXCLUSIVE OF FURNITURE AT FAR BELOW COST.

INSPECTED AND STRONGLY RECOMMENDED BY MESSRS. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading, and 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

HUNTING WITH THE LEDBURY AND SOUTH HEREFORD.

For SALE, the above delightful old XVII. CENTURY HOUSE, occupying a fine position on high ground, with beautiful views of the Malvern Range, and in the centre of an Estate of 200 Acres, approached by long drive.

The House has been modernized and fitted with electric light and central heating. Twelve bed rooms (several with hot and cold running water), two bath rooms, fine hall partly panelled in oak, large drawing room, dining room, panelled, and morning room; Jacobean oak staircase, polished oak floors. Stabling and garage, lodge, cottage. Two tennis lawns, kitchen garden, orchard, and paddock. Home Farm (let) of 120 ACRES, paddock and orchard, remainder arable, with prettily situated Modern House, extensive Farm Buildings and three Cottages. Net rent from farm, after deduction of tithe, £245 per annum. Possession of manor house and grounds on completion.

PRICE £8,100.—Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, ALBANY COURT-YARD, LONDON, W.1.

For Sale in consequence of death.

BETWEEN READING AND BRACKNELL.

40 MINUTES LONDON.

A BEAUTIFUL JACOBEAN MANOR HOUSE FOR SALE. Accommodation: oak-panelled hall, five reception rooms, Jacobean staircase and fitments, 11 bed rooms, two bath rooms. Exceptional repair. Electric light. Water. Gas. Main drainage. WONDERFUL OLD-WORLD LANDSCAPE GARDENS, ORNAMENTAL WATER. IN ALL NINE ACRES. GARAGES. BUILDINGS SUITABLE FOR CONVERSION TO COTTAGE. Further particulars may be obtained from MESSRS. NICHOLAS, 1, STATION-ROAD, READING.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS & THE COAST (BETWEEN)

CHARMING OLD SUSSEX FARMHOUSE.

On sandstone, about 400ft. above sea level, facing South. Wide panoramic views over delightful country. Modern comforts with old-world charm—oak beams and inglenooks. Hall, three reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, bath room, domestic offices.

Central heating. Company's water. Telephone, &c.

Garage. Cottages.

OLD-WORLD GARDENS.

Would be SOLD with FARMERY and about 180 ACRES well-watered pasture and some WOODLAND.

FREEHOLD.

Full particulars of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, ALBANY COURT-YARD, PICCADILLY, W.1.

KENT AND SUSSEX BORDERS.

IN BEAUTIFULLY WOODED UNDULATING COUNTRY.

A MOST ATTRACTIVE SMALL FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL ESTATE FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN PRICE.

Comprising: A picturesque MODERN RESIDENCE in the QUEEN ANNE STYLE, containing lounge hall, and three reception rooms, billiard room, 10 bed rooms, four bath rooms, and complete offices. Central heating. Private electric plant. Company's water.

The inexpensive pleasure grounds have been delightfully planned in a series of terraces and in addition there are rose, fruit, and vegetable gardens and orchard.

Garage and stabling, home farm, four cottages, pasture and woodland.

IN ALL ABOUT 44 ACRES.

Apply Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly W.1, and at Reading.

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